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# FINANCIALTIMES

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\*\*\*15p



NEWS SUMMARY

Back to Equities all at taking BC

> television riggers and ers whose strike action hit de broadcasts and recordof other programmes will sked by union leaders at eting today to return to

officials approved a formula nding the dispute follow-talks at the Advisory, liation and Arbitration

atrike began after a was dismissed for edly assaulting a transport Under the formula, driver will receive basic payments until a court

**⇒** sentence n cleared

: lisc jockey wbn has served five years of a life sentence the killing of a schoolgirl his conviction quashed and nce set aside by three at Court indges in London. Albert Taylor, 29, was ed following new evidence his alibi regarding a king clock at Petergh railway station. The Secretary had referred use to the Appeal Gourt.

nger chemical rebouse fire which caused worth of damage and d 13 people at Renfrew,

ind, was caused by explodrums of sodium chloratemical not classified as ao sive substance in the UK road-says a Government

nada coup

Trenada Government of Minister Sir Eric Gairey West Indies was overby a group headed by iaurice Bishop, a lawyer eads the New Jewel Move-The revolutionary forces d control after a bloodless

n quits pact

has confirmed its withil from the Gentral Treaty usation (CENTO), the - rn defence alliance for Asia, in its first move ds its intended role as a MONEY SUPPLY growth ligned nation.

ne strike ends

week-old strike by white African miners has been off in woat appeared to major defeat for the Right-mineworkers union. The rs will forfeit their nulated benefits before back to work.

nen peace bid and Sonth Yemen bava d to a complete withdrawal nops within 10 days, follow-mediation by the Arah ie. thus ending border as which began about three

5 ago. er UXB television series

a man in Rainham, Kent, ing he had a live war-bomb in his bedroom. It wploded by bomh experts. • GOVERNMENT has tlas by Gerardus Mercator, 16th century Flemish grapher, sold for over 100 at Sotheby's. Page 8 lian and Norwegian hunkilled 9.600 seals on the day of the cull off the dor coast.

# down 12 on profit-

 EQUITIES reacted to fairly sizeable profit-taking after the boom of the past week, coincid-ing with a luli in buying by the institutions. The FT Ordinary Index closed 12.7 down at 506.6, as many of the industrial leaders closed at the day's

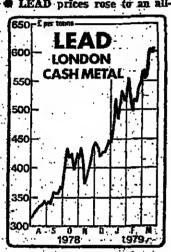
ociation of Broadcasting GILTS weakened and the Government Securities Index fell 0.19 to 72.64.

• STERLING fell 15 points to \$2.0395 but its trade-weighted index rose to 65.3 (65.0), helped by London interest rates. The dollar's depreciation narrowed to 8.3 per cent (8.4).

GOLD rose \$11 to \$2401 in

ng and until his appeal to London.

3BC against the dismissal. • LEAD prices rose to an all-



time high in London with cash lead up £6 at £605 a tonne. P.33 • WALL STREET was 632 up just before the close.

• GEC has confirmed a Soun-Eurosterling bond issue. The 10-year stock carries a coupon of 121 per cent.

.BUILDING SOCIETY net receipts for February were and the lowest for six months. The figures were however better than expected a month ago, and may mean that mortgage lending may not have to be cut back. Back Page.

Money supply growth eases

slackened during February, following large sales of gilt-edged stock. Bank lending to the private sector appears to have been buoyant, because of atrikes and the bad winter, sn it is likely that the underlying expansion of the money supply remained above the upper end of the Government's target range. Back Page, tablea Page 26

• BL has put up for sale its commercial refrigation sub-sidiary, Prestcold. The decision increases uncertainty about tha future of Prestcold's Glasgow factory which employs 900 and is sald by the company to need a cash injection of at least £8m to be commercial. Back

• TRADE union request for a public inquiry into BSC's pro-posed closure of its Bilstnn steelworks in Staffordsbire has been rejected by the Govern-ment. Back Page

nounced emergency legislation for the Scottisb courts, because of strike action by court clerical Ministers have ap pealed to civil service unions to call off thair campaign, but further action will be announced tomnrrow. Back Page

 BROOKE BOND LIEBIG reports pre-tax profits overseas down by £9m to £10.3m for the first half of 1978/79. Profits in the UK improved, and group cral Union official is the pre-tax profit for the period fell from £22.22m to £17.98m. Page 22 and Lex

# Mid-East treaty near Farm prices

peace treaty on the basis of compromise proposals hammered ont by President Carter. It could be signed as early as the end of next week but final conclusion depends on approval of the draft by the Israeli Cabinet and Parliament.

After Mr. Menahem Begin, Israeli Premier, bad agreed yesterday morning to submit the proposals Mr. Carter flew to Cairo and won acceptance of them from President Anwar Sadat of Egypt

after 21 hours of talks. Before returning bome Mr. Carter said: "I am convinced we now bave all the main ingredients of a peace treaty which will be the cornerstone of a comprehensive aettle-ment in the Middle East."

Mr. Begin was optimistic describing Egypt's agreement as "tremendons progress." He warned, however, that the Israeli legislature might still reject the

searching in Israel, It may also encounter opposition within Mr. Sadat's government. Although its terms had not been revealed last night, it is certain to be rejected by the majority of Arab States on the gounds that it will not ensure Israell withdrawai from all proposals. If it did, then his Govern-ment would resign. occupied territories or a satisfactory form of Palestinian self-determination.

Only Israeli Cabinet's approval needed now

- BY JUREK MARTIN AND ROGER MATTHEWS IN CAIRO

PRESIDENT CARTER left the Middle East last night after 10 days of extraordinary personal diplomacy, with only the appropal of the Israeli Cabinet needed for a settlement.

Mr. Carter telephoned Mr. Begin from Cairo Airport telling bim of President Sada: s acceptance. He said that Mr. Begin had uodertaken to present the U.S. proposals to his Cabinet for "at the earliest opporapproval

However, Mr. Carter did not proclaim that peace was at hand. Displaying the same caution that he has throughout his week of negotiations, he said: "We have now defined all of the main ingredients of a peace treaty between Egypt and Israel which will be the cornarstone of a comprehensive peace settlement mitted proposals to Mr. Sadat for the Middle East.'

It appears clear now that the decision will rest with affect the main body of the Israel. It is understood that Mr. treaty.

Begin has agreed to support The major questions to be Begin has agreed to support The major questions to be some, though not all, the U.S. resolved were the linkage

about a possible break in

in the rules of the EMS. He the world.

told journalists after the two-

maintain the one-for-one parity

between the punt and sterling, though in Frankfurt the punt

Sterling rose against most of

Irish punt.

bve sterling."

aterling.

his Cablnet. But his public statements imply that he expects acceptance by his colleagues. Carter had obviously

decided that at this atage there was no point in going back himself to Jerusalem, or io dispatching Mr. Cyrus Vance, Secretary of State, to be on hand for the climactic Iaraelic decision. departure Mr. Carter said: "1

dients of a peace treaty between Egypt and Israel which will be the cornerstone of a comprehensive settlement in the Middle He acknowledged that there were also other "few remaining issues" on which he had sub-

defined all of the main ingre-

currencles was fairly quiet and

though the D-mark weakened

Problems could arise if

rise on foreign exchange mar-

kets which might mean an

Gurrencies participating in-

the EMS are required to move

against each other. These rates

were set yesterday in terms of

Sharp rise in sterling

as EMS makes start

BY PETER RIDDELL, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

the link between sterling, which the currencies mostly remained

is not in the system, and the around their central rates

Mr. Jack Lyncb, the Irish slightly.

Time Ministar, warned that Ire-

Prime Ministar, warned that Ireland would cut the link hetween the two currencies if sterling in relation to the currencies of

moved outside the margin of its major trading partners, not

currency fluctuation laid down only in Europe but throughout

day EEC summit in Paris that: sterling continued its recent "If that bappens, then it's good-rise on foreign exchange mar-

The current intention is to artificial inflation of the punt'a

was fixed fractionally lower than by no more than 21 per cent

the currencies participating in a central pivot rate fixed in EMS as the trade-weighted index relation to the European Cur-

rose by 0.2 to 65.3, its highest rency Unit, a floating hasket of level since late February 1978, EEC currencies. Only Italy has

value.

and Mr. Begin. The implication was, bowever, that these dld not

proposals that he will lay before between the Egyptian-Israeli treaty and arrangements for autonomy for the people of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, on the one hand, and the pact's relationship to Egypt's existing commitments to come to the defence of other Arab States. Agreement has apparently een reached on general formulae settling

questions. The three remaining issues departure Mr. Carter said: "I are understood to be Israeli am convinced that now we have objections to an Egyptian presence in the Gaza Strip In the run-up to elections for an autonomous Palestinian authority; Egypt's willingness to sell oil from the Sinai fields after the Israeli withdrawal; and timing of establishment of full diplomatic relations, in turn closely related to the Palestinian Arab question.

At this stage it is not possible to say, given the blanket of secrecy that bas embraced these negotiations, exactly bow the outstanding issues will Continued on Back Page

per cent from its central rate is subjected to a presumption

to act to bring It hack Into line.

In practice this could lead to

central rate.

£ in New York

have

changes in domestic economic and monetary policy, or an adjustment of the currency's

This obligation could clearly

embarrassing

Government bad no control. Editorial comment Page 20,

Money markets Page 27

\$2,0380-0390|\$2,0375-0385 0.38-0,35 djs | 0.43-0.58 djs ; 0.68-0,63 djs | 0.74-0.69 djs

# Mr. Carter and Mr. Sadat

While the draft treaty seems bound to

be the cause of considerable beart-

# I'd quit

MR. MENAHEM BEGIN, the Israell Prime Minister, has called a special session of the Israell Cabinet this moraing to discuss the U.S. proposals for resolving what he described as two remaining stocking-points to the negotiations. If the Gabinet decides that

ail the problems between Egypt and Israel have been resolved, Mr. Begin says his Government will seek the Knesset's approval for the neare treaty next week. He said the Cablnet would resign if the Knesset rejected its recommendation.

STERLING ROSE sbarply yesterday against the main Continental currencies as the European Monetary System made a
but for Bank of England
belated start after a 21-month
delay. This re-opened specula
Trading in the eight EMS

and an increase of 3.1 per cent been allowed a wider margin, set initially at 6 per cent.

Under EMS rules, any country whose currency diverges by more than an average of 1.7

Trading in the eight EMS Both the Premier and his deputy, Professor Yigael Yadin, cautioned that the Gabinet vote to accept the proposals was not a formality. But Mr. Shimon Peres, Leader of the Opposition, sald he was sure the Cabinet would approve the new formula. From the tone of Mr. Begin's

words it appears that he tnn believed that after 15 mnnths of negotiation a treaty with Revot was about to be concluded successfully. Mr. Begin would not say if

he intended to recommend U.S. nroonsals to his Government quences for Ireland if the punt diverged from lts central inday. He sald he had declined rate because of fluctuations in to tell Precident Carter vocatsterling over which the Dublin day what his nosition would be because a prior declaration hy him would bind the Govern- the European Parliament.

# setback for Callaghan

BY GUY DE JONQUIERES AND MARGARET VAN HATTEM

EEC GOVERNMENT leaders Commission and not of the EEC refused yesterday to endorse heads of government. formally the principle of a He said that the French Gov-freeze on common farm prices ernment could not agree to an or the need to eliminate the across-the-board price freeze tural surpluses.

This inconclusive outcome is clearly a setback for Mr. James Callaghan, who had sought to persuade his counterparts at the idea of a total print that there was expressed by Mr. Jack the EEC summit that there Lynch, the Irish Prime Minister. moo prices for surplus commoo prices for surplus commodities until the balance between supply and demand had been restored.

He said after the meeting that be still hoped that EEC leaders also instructed their finance ministers and the Commission

He said after the meeting that be still hoped that EEC farm ministers would agree during the next few weeks on a freeze for this year. But senior UK officials suggested privately that the Government might yet have to carry ont its threat to veto any proposed farm price rise to achieve this

Despite strong British pressure, other EEC leaders refused to include in the official summit communique a key passage stressing the need to cut agricultural expenditures by eradi-cating surpluses. The state-ment also falled to back the EEC Commission's call for a "rigorous" price policy.
Instead, the final version
stated that the Community

Nonetheless, Mr. Roy Jenkins, President of the European Gom-

d'Estaing, who chaired the national Energy Agency.
meeting, publicly dissociated himself from Mr. Jenkin's reWorld Trade News, Page 7 marks, observing pointedly that they reflected the views of the

Community's mounting agricul- because the balance of supply and demand for different farm products varied widely between different EEC countries. Even stronger opposition to

But bis Danish and Italian

to study ways of encouraging greater convergence between national economies in the light of the belated launch this week of the European Monetary System. They have been asked to report on their couclusions by the next EEC summit in late

Mr. Callaghan sald he had insisted that the finance ministers should pay special attention to the relationship between member couotries' net contribution to the EEC hudgel and their relative economic strength. However, no specific reference was made to this issue

in the official communique. On employment, the leaders called for closer study to be given to improving training should merely seek to limit the schemes, increasing job opporbuild-up of surpluses through a tunities for women, and the prices policy "suited to the situation" and through efforts to adapt production to correct imbalances on certain markets. measures to belp redundant workers in bard-hit sectors, like the steel industry.

mission, said that be remained On energy, the summit called resolved to press for a price for a 5 per cent cut in EEG oi! freeze on surplus commodities consumption this year, broadly On energy, the summit called similar to the objective recently But President Valery Giscard agreed by members of the Inter-

> Editorial comment. Page 20 Parliament, Page 15

## **Backing for Premier**

BY RICHARD EVANS, LOBBY EDITOR

MR. GALLACHAN'S forthright will be prepared to become might refuse to pay its full contribution to the EEC budget unless reforms were put in band was welcomed with enthusiasm by Labour MPs yesterday.

They saw the Prime Minister's months. stance as providing a useful policy platform for Labour to occupy in the run-up to the

warning to other Common openly hostile to the EEG for Market leaders that Britain domestic political purposes anti-Marketeers were convinced yesterday that Mr. Callaghan would be forced to become even more critical in the coming Mr. Michael Foot, deputising

for Mr. Callaghan in the Commons, described the Prime general election and in the Minister's Paris statement on campaign for direct elections to the need for fundamental re-How far the Labour leadership declaration."

## Exxon gives oil supply warning

BY DAVID LASCELLES IN NEW YORK

of oil. It has warned third party customers that, as a result, it will only partially renew oil supply contracts when they fall due, and will eventually phase them out altogether.

Third party customers are companies unaffiliated to Exxon which purchase its oil. Exxon buys oil on behalf of its many subsidiaries and other affiliated operations around the world, selling the excess to third parties.

The company said the Iranian crisis had precipitated the move, but added that fundomantal changes in the com-pany's operations would have brought it about eventually.

Third party customers have

company, said yesterday that for of this month their contracts barrels-a-day supply contract the foreseeable future it will be will be renewed for only six with Exxon is believed to have company, said yesterday that for of this month their contracts net buyer rather than seller months. During that time they will get only 50 per cent of decision, though previously supplied volumea. After the six months are up, supplies will end altogether. The six month grace period was to enable customers to find new cources of supply, Exxon said

Contracts due for renewal extend right up to 1982, Exxon said, but most of the early ones are in Japan, where Exxon'a new strategy first came to light. Exxon had no figurea to indi-

cale how big the cutback would be. It estimates that 10 per cent of its oil supplies are involved. On the basis of 1977 figures, the latest available, this would amount to just over 500,000 barrels of oil a day. The recent cancellation by

EXXON, the world's largest oil been advised that from the end Britisb Petroleum of its 350,000 bean a decisive factor in the decision, though Exxon would Exxon. however, has for some

time been warning customers that it might not be able to re new supply contracts automatic ally, partly because of the nationalisation of some of its producing properties and partly because of tightening world sup plies. In the early 1970s Exxon switched from roll-over to term contracts so as to keep firmer control on its delivery commit-

Exxon has no third-party cus tomers in the UK. Petrol np 2-3p next month

Back Page America wakes up to the crisis Page 21

CONTENTS -

Television: Japan's growing incursion into the UK market ...... 20 World oil supplies: America wakes up Living standards: are Britons better off than they think? ..... 12 Swiss banking: business up, but profits squeezed ...... 29

West Germany: the secretary spies from Western methods ...... 17 Lombard: Anthony Harris on the odd summit; the appreciating pound ... 20

Share Information 36-37 Stock Markets:

INTERIM STATEMENT ANNUAL STATEMENTS Anglo Amer. Ind. Anglo Amer. Inv. 2rt. Amer. & Gen. Fairclough Const. General Mining Midland Inda.

World Trade News

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woods Pools chairman Moores is to retire for 1 reasons and become coman secretary of a Ghristian Berlin. Page 2

West German to defect to

es in pence unless otherwise indicated)

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lough Const 76 + 4	BOC 73 - 3
ae Hldgs 70 + 7	BTR 383 - 6
l Services 124 + 6	Beecbam 680 - 22
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; 159 + 10	Rytel 153 - 3
worth Benson 120 + 8	GEC
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ige 190 + 8	MFT Furniture 355 - 30
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nvests 271 + 7	Uld. Scientific 280 = 12
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EF PRICE CHANGES YESTERDAY

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Dr. Kurt Bledenkopf (left), whose secretary fied to East Germany at the weekend; Gunter Guillaume and his wife Christel, who were jailed for spying in 1974; Frau Ursel Lorenzen [second from right), a NATO secretary who defected recently; and Frau Renate Lutze, convicted of betraying secrets to East Germany.

Defections embarrass W. German Opposition

## A case of spies in odd places

parliamentarians have startled a country more used than most to being spied upon.

Police said yesterday that Fraulcio Christel Broszey, aged 31 the secretary to Herr Kurt 1 denkonf, a denuty chairmen acents in several key Bonn of the Christian Democrat party government departments, the (CDU), had gone missing. She was believed to have fled with an accomplice to Fast Germany. Only last weekend it was disclosed that Frau lage Goliath, asked is why so many revela-aged 37, who worked for Horr tions should be emerging just Werner Mary—a leading CDU expert on Eastern Europer) affairs—had turned up in East

Germany with her husband. And on the previous Tuesday, both Fran Ursula Hoefs, aged 34, who worked for the CDU and her husband were arrested ha palice on suspicion of espionage. Herr Mary confessed himself flabbergasted on learning of his secretary's activities—and information about East German intensive espionage has been the reaction is a general one, espionage activities. Herr Kurt made possible by the division of

BY OUR BONN STAFF

WEST GERMAN wbolesale

prices rose by 3.1 per cent

in February against the com-parable month last year. This

was the sharpest rise for

Several weavonal factors

fresh vegetable prices (up

were at work. They included a particularly strong increase

by 9.0 per cent) and the spree

in light heating eil prices (un

almost two years.

THE LATEST revelations of In the late 1960a and early 1970a Rehmann, the federal Attorney the country, the flood of refugees alleged espionage for the East the CDU opposed the Ostpolitik by the secretaries of some leading West German Opposition (SPD) and Free Democrat (FDP) coalitioo parties—and still remains critical of certain

While it was known that the East German Ministry for State Security had been able to place

The question being widely now, and although a direct coonection has not so far officially been drawn, it is believed that the answer has much to do with damaged. the recent defection to the West of a leading East German agent. who crossed from East to West sequently brought to West

by 9.1 per cent).

Rowever, the development

will be viewed with concern by those already forecasting

an overall increase in inflation

this year. They luclude the

Riel economic research insti-

tule which, in a report released yesterday, says it

expects an average legrease

in the cest of living this year

of hetween 3.5 per cent and

General describes the defection as the most important for

By the end of last week, on the basis of Oberstleutnant Stiller'a revelations, 22 su pected East German agents had been uncovered and ten arrested (one of wbom promptly escaped again). The other 12 were able to reach East Germany before

Herr Rebmann made it clear that investigations into other suspects were continuing. But he said that already East German spying activity in the fields of politics, economics, industry and science had been severely and enduringly

Although the tempo of dis-closure of espionage has in-Obersileutnant Werner Stiller. creased in recent weeks, spying revelations in themselves are Berlin in January and was sub- nothing new here. It is fair to say that people have become Germany, has passed on vital almost used to them. Particularly

It is mainly with the infla-

tionary danger in mind that the Bundesbank has taken

steps recenily to curb the

ls also why some in the Bundesbank and clsewhere are wary of the currency

market interventian duties

Impased by the European

monetary sstem.

increase in money supply. It

Wholesale prices up 3.1% in February

Some reports suggest that the the case cannot ye be made.

from East to West before the building of the Berlin Wall. and the ease with which one German-

apeaking agent can be placed on the territory of the other.

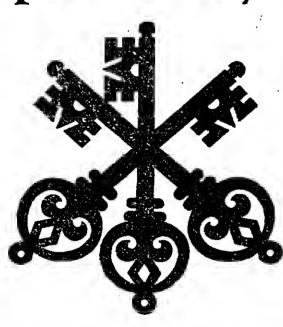
Many of the East German agents here, who are numbered in thousands, are in no position to do more than pass on small tips of doubtful usefulness. But a relatively small group are of a quite different order.

One was Herr Guenter Guillaume, the "spy in the Chancel-lery" whose arrest in 1974 was followed shortly afterwards by the reaignation of Herr Willy Brandt as head of Government. Others were Frau Renate Lutze and her hushaod wbo, with an accomplice, passed on from the Defence Ministry to the East about 1,000 documents. Revelations about this offair brought the resignation last year of Herr Georg Leber, the Defence Minister.

Among the documents were an analysis of the NATO fuel preline system, a concept for tank armament in the 1990s, and the alarm plan of the Federal armed forces. A Parlamentary committee described the dam-age wrought by the Lutzes as being, In large measure, Irre-

defection this month to East Germany of Frau Ursel Loren-zen. a German secretary at \TO headquarters in Brussels, might also present similarly serious security problems for the Alliance. On the other hand, it is officially stated that Frau Lorenzen took no secret papers with her and a final judement of

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ictal assets (and 1977): Sir 55 710 million, Customers' deposits: Total sessis (and 1977): Sir 55 70 million, Customers, deposits: Sir, 50,371 million. Capital and reserves: Sir, 52,355 million. Advanced to distomers: Sir, 52,135 million, Nationalities: 237 million, Number of stall 11,500. General Management in CH-4002 Basis. Aeschervorstadit, and in CH-2022 Zurich. Paradeolate 6 Over 170 offices throughout Switzerland. Branches in Atlanta, Bahrain. Chicago, London, New York, San Francisco, 3 figazore and Tokyo. Subsidianes, affiliated companies and representatives in over 20 other countries throughout the world.

## Tactics on steel split the Left in France

DIFFERENCES OF approach within the French Left and the trade union movement have improved the Government's prospects for heading off a major confrontation over job in the current year. losses in the steel industry.

The Communist-led CGT

confederation and its rival left-wiog body the CFDT bave failed to agree on protest tactics against the Government's plans for cutbacks in the ndustry's workforce.

Both bodies are calling for general strike in the main steelmaking regions of northern France, Lorraine and the central Loire region on March 23, but the CFDT has opted out of a potentially explosive mass march to Paris on the Union leaders failed to reach

agreement after six hours of talks on Monday. The Communist and Socialist

Parties. meanwbile. expected censure motions against the Government during an extra-ordinary aession of Parliament, scheduled to start this afternoon.

Detailed talks on France's steel reorganisation plan re-sumed yesterday between the producer. Usinor, and union representatives. M. Claude Etchegarey, the Usinor chairman installed by the Government last year, reaffirmed bis determination to close part of the company's loss-making operations at Denain, the scene of some of the most rehement labour protests.

Terry Dodsworth adds: France's current account figures last year, lifted by a surplus of FFr 7.9m (£910,450) in the fnurth quarter, amounted to FFr 18.6m. But the Ministry of the Economy underlines that the capital account deficit totalled FFr 8.6m for the

#### Mediator again delays strikes in Denmark

By Hilary Barnes in Copenhagen THE STRIKES and lock-outs which threaten to paralyse Denmark following the breakdown of collective wage negotia-tions between the TUC and the Employers Federation were postponed again yesterday by the official labour market official labour market

mediator
The TUC plans to call ont transport, dock and power workers, which will affect fuel and food distribution; the Employers' Federation intends to lock out 250,000 workers. According to the unions, negotiations have reached deadlock because the employers insisted on rea agreement which would mean wage reductions. The employers are insisting on two noints: modifications to the automatic cost-of-living wage escalator system, and an agreement which gives a wage rise this year of substantially less

than 8 per cent.
The unions estimate that with the roll-over from last year's agreement, wage drift and the cscalator their members will receive 8 per cent this year ithout any new accord. The Cabinet, which is due to

meet today, is widely expected which it will ask Parliament to pass into law, thus averting the damaging labour conflicts for

## = idish >-r Leaders agree on 5% cut in 1979 oil consumption

BY ROBERT MAUTHNER IN PARIS

THE LEADERS of the nine EEC states yesterday agreed to step up efforts to lessen dependence on oll imports and to make a substantial reduction in their combined oil consumption

At their summit in Paris, the member states undertook to adopt policies which would cut total oil consumption in 1979 by 5 per cent to 500m tonnes, 25m tonnes less than originally estimated.

They also renewed their undertaking, first made at the European summit in Bremen lest year, to reduce the level of the Community's dependence on energy imports to 50 per cent of total consumption by 1985.

The European Council's decision closely follows that of the International Energy Agency earlier this month, The West's main oil-consuming nationa then agreed to reduce their combined demand for oil on the world market by 5 per cent, or some 100m tonnes, in 1979. The 20-nation agency com-



How the EMS will work. Page 27 Pressure on Japan, Page 7

prises all the EEC member statea except France.

The communique issued after yeaterday's meeting said that the Nine would step up efforts to aubstitute coal for oil when-ever possible and to strengthen

whenever conditions permitted. taken by the Community or at national level must not, bowever, adversely affect conomic activity. They are to he aimed at the consumption of evergy by Government departments and public authorities, the heating of business and residential premises and a more rational use of petrol by motor vehicles.

The European leaders stressed that it was particularly important for the U.S. and Japan, as well as the EEC, to reduce energy requirements.

They also went further than the IEA in underlining the necessity for a dialogue with the producer countries and in sup-porting the recent Saudi Arabian and Mexican calls for rapid consultations hetween coosum-

er and producer countries.

While the IEA favours regular and close consultation with the OPEC countries, it does not consider it necessary to orga-nise a joint meeting between producers and consumers at the

## Ireland opts for $2\frac{1}{4}\%$ margin

BY STEWART DALBY IN DUBLIN

that Ireland would opt for a B per cent fluctuation hand for the per cent nuctuation than for the punt, along with Italy's lira, when the EMS got under way yesterday, the Irisb Government has gone for a 2½ per cent band and thus adhered to its plans of last December even though circumstances bave changed alightly.

The central bank announced yesterday that the limits of fluc-tuation against the Deutsche Mark, for example are DM 3.7045 and DM 3.8750. The punt will be allowed to appreciate by 21 per cent against the central rate whereupon the upper intervention point will he

The difference between Ireand and the other seven members of the system is that the country has had a longstanding parity link with sterling Ireland has said that it wants to combine mebership of the EMS with maintaining the parity for as long as is possible.

Ireland wants to do this quite simply because of trading connections. Although there has heen considerable diversifica- British Prime Minister turned meantime, the central bank is tion, Ireland still sends 47 per, out subsequently to have been allowing spot dealings on a one

tion, Ireland still sends 47 per, out subsequently to have been cent of its exports to Britain and still gets 48.9 per cent of its imports from there.

Any sharp divergence between the state of the st

THE EEC is to airlift fond and essential goods worth 3.5m units

the East African coast.

M. Jean François-Poncet, the

for wider economic aid to alleviate hardship. The move to bill, depending which way the currencies move. The Irisb trade partners to ease the transition to EMS membership. The grant element will be

£70m this year and next and £45m for three years thereafter. cut free from sterling. Exchange There was considerable surprise at the December 18 summit in Brussels that Ireland did not go for the B per cent band, given its wish to maintain a parity link. With Brltain deciding not to join EMS this would have meant that Ireland bad considerable room for staying in the EMS while maintain-

ing parity.
Irisb Government officials took into account the remark attributed to Mr. Callaghan at the time that Britain would mainain sterling within a 24 hand of the central rate. The

DESPITE LAST-MINUTE fears the two currencies in the short- enabling the Paint also to do so, term would cut export competi-tiveness or put up the import and parity to he maintained. Then sterling was on a downswing and the fear was that a plummeting pound would drag the punt out through the bottom balance especially as it bamus-ally runs a balance of payments of the EMS. Now with stering deficit. It was because of its rising, the worry is whether it balance of payments vulner-balance of payments vulner-will take the punt through that upper level. Then intervention

hecome necessary. Mr. Lynch haa squasbed this fear by saying that if the upper limit is breached the punt will controls on sterling movements through Dublin have been in place since last December 18. If the cut were made it would then be up to the Bank of England to decide whether it wanted to impose controls against capital movements of

The Irish Government i hoping that sterling will not appreciate to the stage where a break will become necessary, at least until there is a general election in Britain, after which a new government might take

## Airlift to Rwanda and Burundi

nf account (£5.3m) to Rwanda and Burundl, whose normal supply-lines have heen cut hy the fighting in Uganda. Both countries are land-locked and depend for supplies on road and rail links through Uganda to

French Foreign Minister, said the EEC Council of Ministers had instructed the Commission to charter planes to fiy in essential sumplies. M. François-Xavier Ortali. Commissioner for Ecocomic and Financial Affairs, is expected to make proposals

by Belgium, the former colonial ruler of both states. The Ministers reaffirmed disapproval of the election due to be held in Rhodesia next month

and stressed continuing support for the Anglo-U.S. plan for a settlement. They urged the maintenance of economic sanctions against Rhodesia. The meeting skirted Middle East issues. merely paying

homage to President Carter's towards an Egyptian settlement. The Council also rebuffed President Giacard d'Estaing'a proposals for a Euro-Arab- ment Corporation at African summit. The French miles north of Accra.

There is a strong groundswell

of resentment against these

President's plan to approach Community belo President Nimairl of Sudan. believed to have been initiated chairman of the Organisation of African Unity, was approved but he was given no mandate for negotiation.

Consulting award

Guthric International Planta-Guthrie Corporation, has been appointed consulting engineers to the Ghana Government to assist in the construction of a £3.5m palm oil mill. The mill, which is being financed by the World Bank, is to be built by the Gliana Oil Palm Develoy ment Corporation at Kwae, 150

## Spanish municipal election campaign begins

BY ROBERT GRAHAM IN MADRID

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SPAIN'S political parties, atill had hoped. He has frequently of which municipal services is uncertain. There are aigns digesting the results of the postponed holding them, fearing throughout Spain are in a sorry that the municipal result would state. begun a new test of electoral strength. This week campaign-ing formally opened for municipal elections due on April 3.
This will be the first

democratic municipal poll since 1933. That the municipal vote is being held in the shadow of

show an electorally damaging swing towards the Socialists and Communists.

There are over 8,000 nunicipalities in Spain, the bulk run by mayors and councillors who are appointees of the late General Franco or of Sr. Suarez. the general election is just as Municipal life under Franco was Sr. Adolfo Suarez, the Premier, given tittle attention, as a result

Like this by hand held

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local administrations, which are regarded as generally corrupt and inefficient - quite apart from their being non-elected. Sr. Snarez sought to prevent the opposition capitalizing on this by letting the general election come first and o remove some steam. The relative general election

success of the ruling Union de Centro Democratico (UCD) whose 167 seats out of 350 allowed it to form a minority government, has put the Socialists on the defensive. The main interest centres on whether Spaniards vote on national lssues differently from purely local ones.

The UCD is altempting to

fight a campaign emphasising its record as a party that knows how in govern. The Socialists and the Communists, on the other hand, are attacking conerete issues-corruntion, mads, housing and the indehtedness of large municinalities.

The Socialists need a strong showing to recoun prestice lost he their static general election performance and allow them a margin of manoeuvre with the Communists. The Communists jave been ancling for a common front to fight the municipal elections, but this has been spurned by the Socialists.

The fate of the Right-wing Coalicion Deplocratica (CT) rmuning, which made a noor showing in the general election.

FINANCIAL TIMES, published except Sundays and holidays substruction rate \$265.00 per of all Years N.Y. and at additional m

their efforts-fighting contests only in places with over to,000 inhabitants, and are fielding 3,300 and 1,800 mayoral candidates respectively.

One of CD's leading figures.

Sr. Manuel Fraga, the head of

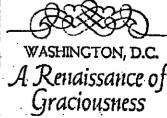
Alianza Popular, has announced that he will withdraw from the

coalition and sit independently

UCD is contesting 6.300 municinalities. The Socialists and Communists are concentrating

in Parliament.

A new alliance between the Spanish Workers Party and the Revolutionary Workers Organisation is fielding over 1,300 candidates.



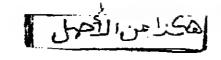
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# Swedish N-reactor plans jeopardised by geologists' report

BY WILLIAM DULLFORCE IN STOCKHOLM

GROUP of geologists has October over the nuclear issue. obably blocked the fuelling That Government had earlier more nuclear reactors in pushed through Parliament an veden, at least in the near ture. Their action comes less dependent on the power coman a week after the Swedish panies being able to demonovernment had submitted to strate that radioactive waste irliament a new programme could be safely stored. r the completion of 12 nuclear

Seven out of eight geologists his Centre Party, did-not accept sterday rejected the power the power companies report mpanies claim that waste that rock storage was secure. iclear fuel could be safely red deep in a Swedish rock that the companies shou further boles in the soft said the rock formation area they had selected. Is sound but not large enough. It was widely accepted that these extra drillings would examine the drillings underken by the power companies the Sternoe area to prove at radioactive waste encapsued in glass could be stored rock at a depth of 500 metres. ie geologists disapproved of methods used, found the mher of drillings to be sufficient but did not exclude possibility that other edish rock formations could

the State Nuclear much bigger efforts are needed spectorate meets later this to build an ordinary oil store onth to decide whether it in rock," he said.

If authorise the fuelling of Mr. Ola Ullsten the Prime eden's seventh and eighth Minister, said be would wait for clear power stations, now idy for operation, the report ll be on the table.

adequate for the storing of

present situation is declined to comment on a ked to the travails of the matter which is likely to be a re-party Coalition Governmajor issue in the September which broke apart last general election.

pressure to devalue

Act making the activation of

The former Prime Minister,

Mr. Thorbjoern Faelidin, and

In a compromise, if was agreed that the companies should drill

further boles in the Sternoe

Now, however, it has been rejected by the geologists. The implication of their report is

that 100 or more holes would

have to be drilled before a firm

Mr. Faelldin said yesterday

that the geologists had confirmed his suspicions. "1

bave been wondering how a few

holes should be enough to find

a safe storage space for this

dangerous waste material, when

Mr. Ola Ullsten, the Prime

the decision of the State

Nuclear Inspectorate Board

Other leading politicians also

decision could be taken.

By Metin Munir in Ankara

**Ecevit** 

resists

THE VEHEMENT opposition of Prime Minister Bulent Ecevit to the devaluation of the Turkish lira is an important obstacle to imple-mentation of Western plans to salvage-the Turkish economy. diplomats here.

The lira was devalued by 30 per cent a year ago. and its cross rates bave been adjusted several times, but the disparity between its official and unofficial rates has grown enormously. Officially, the pound sterling fetches The Istanbul hlack market is selling at TL100.
Mr. Ecevit is reportedly

planning to apply multiple rates to the lira—offering a blgber exchange rate to expatriate workers and tourists—but he is refusing to expatriate devalue.

Politically, devaluation is one of the most difficult decisions for any Turkisb The public is government. acntely sensitive to the changes in the parity of the lira, and considers devaluation depreciation of national

Having lost much of the prestige which brought him to power 14 months ago on a tidal wave of popular acclaim, Mr. Ecevit hopes to avert the blow his government may receive as a result of devalnation. He also faces a critical party convention in May and an even more important Senate election in October.

Mr. Ecevit believes, too, that devaluation would make no economic sense now, according to his aides. The economy, be considers ls existing in an atmosphere of artificial scarcity resulting from the foreign currency famine of 1977. Industry is functioning at half its normal capacity because of the drop in imported capital goods and raw materials. There is no exportable surplus which a devaluation could activate.

must improve industrial output before it considers devaluation. Devaluation without any adequate reserves to back it np would make exports more and

He reasons that Turkey

expensive and increase inflation: already 70 per cent. Mr. Ecevit bimself blames the depreciation of the lira on rumours generated in Western capitals. WEST GERMAN AID POLICIES

## Issues confused by rivalries in Bonn

MR. ROBERT MCNAMARA, trod a delicate path between the spectre of criticism and approval of West discomfort. German aid policies during his Malthoefer, visit to Bonn last week. West Minister, underlined the point Germany, he said, was an earlier this month. "If you important and active participant want to allocate 0.7 per cent of in multi-lateral aid projects, and the GNP to official development in multi-lateral aid projects, and the sid," he told a Frankfurt relations between Bonn and the aid," he told a Frankfurt World Bank were good. But he andience, "it is the German relations between Bonn and the world Bank were good. But he andience, "it is the German made it clear that he considered people who have to pay for it, through DM 10bn (£2.65hn) gramme to be far too low.

Germany certainly seems to have a case to answer. In 1977, its official aid programme fell to 0.27 per cent of gross national product (gnp) from 0.31 per cent the previous year. According to aid officials, the 1978 figure looks like being only marginally better. This is so despite Bonn's publicly declared approval of the internationally agreed target of 0.7 per cent of gnp-a level which already has been attained by a number of countries.

West

Although Mr. McNamara studiously avoided direct criticism during hls visit ("I'm just talking facts. that's all "), Bonn has come under consider-able fire from aid authorities, its West European neighbours. Third World countries and domestic pressure groups.

A Dutch delegate at a meeting Organisation the Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), for instance, recently claimed that it was hard for him to justify Germany has also contributed high aid expenditure to to United Nations and EEC aid Holland's electorate, when schemes, as well as regional economically-strong countries like West Germany, Japan and the U.S. lagged behind. Holland, like Norway and Sweden has reached the 0.7 per cent level and the average contribution from OECD countries hovers around the 0.35 per cent mark principal aid donor. -still well above the

German aid allocation.

West German politicians fend Bundesbank study which President of the World Bank, off domestic critics by raising seemed to kill, or at least wound, two birds with one Herr stone. The study analysed West the Finance Germany's balance of payments with less developed countries (LDCs). It served simultaneously to dull some of the criticism of Bonn's hefty current accounts surplus and to demonstrate that its assistance to does not end with the official aid programme.
The study showed that Bonn worth of extra taxes. The message hit home and, as aid

has run a current account deficit officials hinted last week, it cannot have made the job of with non-oil producing LDCs between 1975 and 1977 and had the German Development Aid also been a net exporter of capital to them. "At the beginning of the 1970s," the Ministry any easier. Bonn adopts Iwo major lines of defence towards foreign study says, "roughly DM 2bn criticism. In the first place, gross of short or long-term it stresses its contribution to capital had flowed each year multilateral aid projects. It is from Germany to developing likely, for instance, that Bonn countries, but hetween 1974 and will agree to increase its capital 1976 this transfer of funds

allocation to the World Bank expanded to

and the International Develop-ment Association (IDA). Mr. annually. Thus a \$1.4bn current account McNamara is currently seeking to double the Bank's capital base from \$40bn to \$80hn. surplus with non-oil producing LDCs (excluding those Eurocountries classified as Germany, as one of the princideveloping) in 1974 became a pai members of the Bank, approves and is likely to step up its share, although the exact

DM

Nearly all of the turnaround occurred because of changes in visible trade-exports barely increased while imports from the Third World rose by 51 per ceot. The Bundesbank argues that the combination of private payments and the official aid programme during the period

Critics, both in West Ger- projects were underway. many and overseas, believe that this is misleading. The between aid efforts, especially as it is increasiogly being asked to pay more because of the reluctance of the U.S. to act as the West's to do with altruism. The acid test of a country's willingness

sector investment in the led to an element of discrimination against the least developed countries of the Third World. Countries like Upper Volta and Mali rarely attract significant amounts of private investment —bnt Germany has not hiked the official aid allocations to compensate for this.

Left-wing critics in Germany believe that a political ideology underpins this tendency, arguing that a stable investment climate—one of the primary conditions for the granting of aid—is too often equated with the "stable" political situation in repressive regimes.
The German authorities deny

political motives in the selec-tion of potential aid recipients but there are clearly exceptions. Concern over Turkey's position in the Western alliance, for instance, Germany to play a leading role in organising an emergency aid

package. Sometimes, too, the economic rationale of aid leads to serious and unforeseen political repercussions. The raising of aid to Somalia (after the Mogadisbu raid) at a critical period in Ethiopian/Somali relations resulted an a deterior-1974-77 averages out at a alion of relations with Addis respectable 1.1 per cent of GNP. Ababa where other German aid

This apparent confusion large volume of imports simply political aims of foreign aid, reflects West Germany's and the small size of the officer dependence on raw materials- aid budget itself, seems to stem it is the third largest consumer from administrative and politiin the world—and has nothing cal rivalries in Bonn, For to do with altruism. The acid example, only days after Herr Matthoefer had warned about

programme which can stay relatively immune from the shifts in the business climate.

The large share of private target. Herr Offergeld made it clear that "financial-political country's overall aid effort has factors" were the restraining force.

> The Development Aid Ministry (officially known as the Ministry Co-operation) from its inception has been something of a political football. Dr. Konrad Adenauer, West Germany's first Chancellor, cobbled it together from bits of the Foreign and Economics Ministries to create a portfolio for an extra minister in his last Cabinet. Herr Ludwig Erhard, the then Economics Minister, insisted, however, that the new ministry should not have final control over capital aid. This division of responsihility has survived until the present day and clearly has led lo conflicts of interest and the whittling away of the aid

The principal stimulus for the reinforcement of the development Aid Ministry appears to be the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) meeting which opens in Manila in May. Preparatory talks for the meeting began in Geneva this week. The UNCTAD meet-ing will discuss the "common fund" scheme to stahilise commodity prices hut Third World countries are also expected to complain about the German. U.S. and Japanesc aid programmes.

Bonn seems to be anxious to avoid the aid issue, deflecting attention from the central question of how to secure future raw material supplies.

Chancellor Schmidt's clean sweep in the Aid Ministry seems to be a recognition that the ald Bonn's second line of defence to help the Third World, it is the domestic costs of raising the issue and raw material prices was demonstrated by a recent claimed, must be the official aid level, Herr Rainer Offergeld, are linked;

## Finland move on liquidity

BY LANCE KEYWORTH IN HELSINKI

ich can freeze up to FM 2.5bn 00m) of funds from the nestic money market in a cial account in the central

unt, raising the proportion ceptibly in the past few months:

E BANK of Finland and the in steps as the situation requires entry's deposit banks bave up to a total of 5 per cent of reed on a cash reserve system the banks' deposit portfolio. The frozen reserve will

attract an interest that is 1 per cent units less than the basic interest rate. The sim is to agreement, which will vent the money market from rain in force until further becoming too liquid: The large ce, enables the central bank current account surplus in 1978 order the deposit banks to and the appreciable import of a certain percentage of their foreign capital have eased the osit inflow into this special domestic financing market per-

## European MPs protest at large-scale staff increases BY JOHN HUNT, PARLIAMENTARY CORRESPONDENT, IN STRASBOURG

increase its own 1979 budget by could fill after June. a further £19.7m, malnly to pay for staff increases in preparation for the directly elected Parliament, came in for strong criticism in Strasbourg yester-

It would add 107 permanent and two temporary posts to the parliamentary Secretariat. addition; there would be 18S

THE PROPOSAL that the blocked posts which the larger the proposal to appoint three which is responsible for former Christian Democrat European Parliament should directly elected Parliament extra deputy directors general administration, had persuaded Prime Minister of Italy, was re-

figure has not yet been agreed.

Similarly, the IDA fund which finances 50-year, interest-

free credits to the least

developed countries also needs

to he topped up with fresh capital and Bonn, again, is will-

development banks. These con-

tributions are an important

part of Bonn's overall official

ing to do so.

Mr. Tam Dalyell, Labour MP for West Lothian, pointed out that there had already been staff increases in June and October last year. The current proposals would mean that 500 new posts had been created in the past 12 months, an increase of one third.

He was particularly critical of Bureau of the Parliament, Earlier, Sig. Emilio Colombo, elections take place.

for committees, general services and administration.

This is more or less to advance the careers of certain individuals, rather than to meet be said. functional needs," This is exactly the sort of thing we criticise the Commission for doing."

Labour,

the budget committee to accept already been made.

elected Parliament might decide Lord Bruce of Donington, to fill all the hlocked posts and abour, thought that the "create a vast empire."

clected as president of the Parliament. Among those reelected as vice-presidents were A more cautious line was Mr. Michael Shaw, Servative MP for Derhy West, Conservative MP for Scarborough. Nevertheless, he was concerned that the directly of whom are standing for the standing f directly-elected The president and vice-presi-

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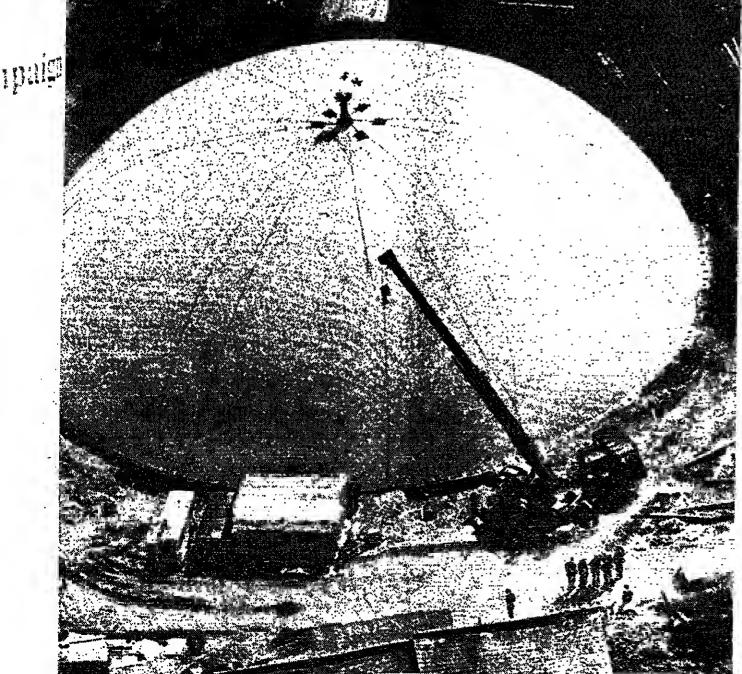
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## Vietnam builds up border forces

as northern border in the wake front line. the continuing slow and meliculous Chinese withdrawal. Victnamese forces have seriously ginally reduced the Vietnamese namese regime are being sent in About half the 20,000 main- challenged the Chinese with force units which began moving north several days and on Vietnam's overtaxed transport systems have come from Cambodia, analysis here say. The remainder are being redeployed

from the South.

retreat. Hanoi is preparing for a pro- premier, have taken advantage The Chinese are continuing to with China, the analysts believe.

material back towards the expect Chinese forces to occupy Chinese border while leap small but strategic strips of

## Kosygin presses Desai to support Asia policy

BY K. K. SHARMA IN NEW DELHI

Mr. Alexei Kosygin, the Soviet Prime Minister, cut short his talks with Mr. Kosygin, demonfour of Soviet-aided projects to strated his independence of capitalism have been "rebabili- will be seen as economists return to New Delhi a day views and to that extent has tated" at a national conference specialising in the credit busi-earlier for an additional round tried to show that notwithstand- which at the same time pro- ness and their decisions will be ni talks with Mr. Murarii Desai, ing the friendship treaty with the Indian Prime Minister, Russia, India is making its own yesterday. He is trying to judgments. There are mainr secure the support of the Indian differences not only on south-Government fur the Soviet view east Asia but also on the of events to south-east Asia. nuclear non-proliferation treaty

Another round of talks will which India refuses to sign on he held today before a joint the grounds that it is statement is issued. But it was learned that Mr. Kosygin is finding the going heavy in persuading India to back the Suviet line. Mr. Desai is unwilling in particular to recognise the new regime in Camhodia unicss Vielnam gives au assurance that s troops will withdraw from that country soon.

Mr. Kosygin has been npenly attacking China since his arrival here last Friday but his Indian hosts have conspicuously avoided association with such butright condemnation. This is partly because the Indian government feels that ex-pression of such hostility does pot help in realising whatever common objectives Moscow and Kosygin's current visit, is to be New Delhi may have—in this signed today. This is much case withdrawal of Chinese wider in scope than thought treops-but also because Delhi originally and is said to cover a dnes not want to amagonise China totally.

FIETNAM IS heavily reinforcing fragging farward units from the border terrain, which, Peking soldiers who have served up to claims, are in dispute. No signs exist that the Redeployment has only mar- camps under the new Viet-

drawal, which. Hanol complained recently is taking too long. But both sides are continuing longrange artillery exchanges and sporadic fire along the line of

longed military confrontation move large numbers of men and The Victnamese, it is thought,

Mr. Desai has, during his

This apart, the Soviel-Indian

An agreement on supply of

600,000 tonnes of Soviet crude

to India in exchange for an

equivalent value of Indian rice

amount of rice has not been

specified but it is known that

Russia has demanded payment

on the hasts that its crude will

The agreement on long-term

economic co-operation, which is

the main purpose of Mr.

be priced at OPEC rates.

talks have gone well and there

has been agreement on most

of China had been noted.

was signed yesterday

discriminatory.

persistent raids and altacks in Battambang and Siem Reap rovinces. that China is trying to conquer Former South Vietnamese and dominate all of Indo-China. provinces.

> China's bankers ordered to obey economic laws

military presence estimated at work in Cambodia, military

nearly 20 divisions, in Cambodia. analysts say.

Other uolts, which have spent a

long time in the front line in

Western Cambodia, are being

rotaled Forces Inval to Pol

Pot. the former Khmer Rouge

of this turn-over to launch

BY DAVID DODWELL

posed sweeping reforms in the banking system.

recently in Peking, were told that future policies, particularly toan policies, should be in atrict accordance with economic rather than political laws.

Bankers were told that they could reintroduce variable interest rates at their own other issues. The Russian view discretion, and should lend to. industry only where it was wellorganised, well-managed and credit-worthy.

"Only in this way can enterprise make every cent count, criticised for borrowing much spend, wisely and economically. and put their overstocked materials to good use." the conference report said, according to

the New China News Agency. Until the return to power of Deng Xiaoping. China's hanking system was under strict political control. Enterprises won loans because of their ideological correctness rather than their cconomic rectitude. But China's hankers, who will "experimenrange of economic activities in Tally" he given official titles again have now been instructed Tokyo.

CHINA'S DOMESTIC hankers, to resist resolutely any political once the epitome of hourgeons pressures put on them. They capitalism, have been "rebablli- will be seen as economists

respected as such.

three years, in re-education

Nn evidence is seen that China

is massing an invasion force

along its common horder with

Laos, as Hanoi, Moscow and

Diplomats here suspect the

allegations may be intended to reinforce the Vietnamese charge

Vientiane bave claimed.

The conference studied plans Branch managers of the to increase interest paid on People's Bank of China, who met 'savings, a move aimed at attracting more funds for China's socialist modernisation. It also considered plans to

reopen the Agriculture Bank of China, a major source of funds for the country's communes. It has been reported recently that some communes are in serious financial difficulties, with huge dehis and little-prospect of re-paying loans raised in the recent

communes more than they were capable of repaying. If the Agriculture Bank is reopened, a major task will be to sort out these problems, and tighten up procedures for lending to communes.

Dearer Chinese oil

China plans to raise its crude oll prices by an estimated 5 per cent for the April-June period. the newspaper Yomluri said yesterday, AP reports from

#### Japan maintains assistance to Hanoi

By Richard Hanson in Tokyo

THE FLOW of Japanese cconomic aid to Vietnam has continued despite its actions in Cambodia and it appears the pledges made for the next fiscal year from April 1 will also he carried out, according to the Foreign Hinistry.

When the Victnamese took part in the overthrow of the Pnl Pot government in Phnom Penh at the end of 1978 and early 1979, statements by Japanese officials were widely interpreted as implying a possible freeze on ecohomic aid. This was not the case. and Foreign Ministry spokes-

men note now that they never officially said there would bea freeze on the credits and grants promised when Mr. Nguyen Duy Trinh, Vietnamese Vice-Premier; visited Japan last year.

The aid promised by Japan for the next fiscal year includes Y10bn in credits. Y4hn in grants and a loan of 150.000 tons of rice. For the present year, Y14bn in aid has been disbursed or is in the process of being dis-

The Japanese government has been able to do relatively little in response to both the Victuamese invasion of Camhodia or the Chinese invasion oî Vietnam.

hursed.

It is likely that any role that Japan could play in mediating in the disputes in Indochina will go no further tban the statements already made to both sides urging an end to the fighting, immediate withdrawal on both fronts and a warning that third parties, i.e. the Soviets, not intervene.

## Iran budgets on monthly basis pending inquiries

BY ANTHONY McDERMOTT IN TEHRAN

an extensive review of defence and development projects has diture will be \$4.4bn. been completed, Mr. Ali Akbar Moinfar, Minister of State for Pianning and Budget Organisation, announced. The fiscal year starts next Wednesday.

against a background of prolonged political and economic is likely too that the balance confusion. This has meant, for of payments deficit calculated that the National last July by the Central Bank Iranian Oil Company and the at \$0.9hn for 1978-79 may have Government of Dr. Mehdi Bazargan have yet to establish: long-term levels of oil productinn and income.

Oil income in 1978-79 was to have totalled \$20.7bn, but could be \$5bn less. NIOC announced vesterday that oil production had reached 2.am harrels a day: Budget. This was an increase of which about 700.000 b/d goes of one quarter over the year year's production averaged an estimated 5.2m b/d.

stances change, monthly expen-

Because of the time lag in oil payments it is likely that the Government will be operating initially at a considerable deficit The tast olf payments in early Planning for the coming March and February, were well fiscal year is taking place down and those m January were only half the normal level. It

> risen to \$3bn. Mr. Moinfar said that studies would, concentrale on two areas in particular. The armed forces and defence expenditure would he radically reorganised. In 1978-79 it totalled 39.9bn or a visible 19 per cent of the Budget. This was an increase

> A large proportion of military contracts have either been cut

THE IRANIAN Budget for total expenditure of the 1978-79 the large-scale military housing 1979-80 is to be drawn op Budget. That amounted to projects which surround Tehran initially oo a monthly basis until \$52.400 so that until circum-would be reallocated for schools and civilian housing.

The development plan for the years 1978-83, of which details have never been made public, is being extensively studied with a view to pruning the more grandiose projects. capital intensive schemes in atomic energy, defence, steel production and communications.

Mr. Moinfar said that construction of law-cost housing for lower income groups would be a priority. The Ministry of a priority. The Ministry of Housing and Development has anounced plans to build 200,000 units, 40,000 in the capital, before the end of the 1979-80 year.

This amounts to icss than half ' the annual plans of the Shah's regime which regularly hull; only about 50,000 mails a year.

The activities of Government companies, 80 per cent of which. are running at a loss, according estimated 5.2m b/d.

Contracts have either been cut are funding at 2 loss, according Expenditure for the 12 back or are subject to review. to Mr. Moinfar, are also to be months is to be based on the Mr. Moinfar said that some of reviewed.

## Purge moves into higher gear

BY ANDREW WHITLEY IN TEHRAN

THE PURGE of senior members: also begun making private Ja afarian and others as "polinof the Shah's regime moved representations. into higher gear yesterday with the first batch of executions on mainly political as against pseudo-judicial grounds.

Eleven men were executed here, and one in the provinces, bringing the total of political deaths" in the past month to 42. Sixteen others have executed for moral

infringements. Control over the arrests and executions ia out of the hands of Dr. Mebdi Bazargan's moved away from only affecting Government but official spokes those who committed visible men are reacting increasingly defensively to domestic and

international criticism...

On Monday, the International Commission of Jurists issued ts second warning to Iran scores. within a fortnight.

included five members of the security forces. Also among them were two senior newsmen

one of whom had been the chief ideologue of Rastakhiz, the Shah's single party. Another was the only religious figure in the old Parliament,

Gholamhossein Daneshi, who had vocally supported the Shab The executions have clearly

those who committed visible "crimes" during the opposition movement—SAVAK officials, martial law administrators, senior military men-to include the settling of old political

thin a fortnight.

Also yesterday, Mr. Amir Long a scourge of legal Entezam a deputy Prime Miniscommission protested strongly lengthily justified the execu-at the way the executions are tion of Mr. Mahmoud Jafariau, being carried out. Transan former head of the Government human rights groups have news agency. He described Mr. have news agency. He described Mr. national funds.

cal criminals, traitors to the The 11 executed in Tebran oation, and elements corrupting the earth.

These latest deaths have brought new fear to a large section of Tehran's wealthy middle already concerned at nightly arrests and a ban on

foreign travel. The Government yesterday took its first aerious steps towards halting the executions. Madani, Gen. Ahmen Defence Minister, who is considered a liberal, said the Government had "asked the Ayatoliah Khomeini to declare a general amnesty for all remaining followers of the

Under the old regime, many people had shouted pro-Sbah slogans, or had helped the Government, he added. These peopte should be pardoned. The exceptions were those who had committed mass killings and murder, or bad misappropriated

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## U.S. Yemen aid reassures Saudis

BY DAVID BUCHAN IN WASHINGTON :

THE SWIFT U.S. military res. The U.S. would shortly send official Saudi complaint South Yemenl forces inlo North

said that fighting has eased. the Arabian sea and of two this is partly because the large U.S. air force radar planes to Saudi Arabia, which supports North Yemen. the moment reached a military stalemate with North Yenen. and because Arab League mediators have to some extent constrained both sides.

The unexpectedly strong U.S. U.S. State Department officials have craft carrier Constellation to

ponse to the fighting in Yemen about 70 military instructors to Department officials under-has reassured Sauci Arabia that North Yemen to train its forces stand, however, that Saudi the U.S. is still able and willing in the use of the large amount Arabia may for reasons of to back its Arab friends, of U.S. weapons already there public relations with the rest officials here believe. It has or on their way, the Defence of the Arab world, want to disalso helped slem the advance of Department disclosed. tance itself slightly from the

reaction to the Yemeni conflict Department officials reject Troops of the Russian and has met with criticism from the Monday's criticism by repre-Cuban-supported South Yemen Saudt Press and the U.S. sentative Les Aspin that if the Government still occupy a size Congress. This response has Carter Administration want to able area of North Yemen. But included despatch of the air show it can still get tough to support of its remaining friends in the Middle East; Yemen is the wrong conflict to choose.

supports North Yemen.

But the State Department insist that every move, except despatch of the Constellation, of these are directly involved was taken with Saudi-approval. in the direction of South and that it has received no Yemeni military operations;

#### Ghana's banks re-open with new currency

By Our Fereign Staff

BANKS IN Ghana re-opened yesterday to exchange old Cedi currency notes for new ones in a move officially said to be designed to cut off illegal currency holdings outside the country and to strengthen the by reducing

Under an order issued by the Ghanaian Central Bank, all hanks were closed on Monday and reopened from yesterday until March 26 to exchange uld hank notes for new ones. All land, sea and air approaches to the country were reported to have been closed for the change-

that for bank notes outside the Cedls 5 for old Cedis 10.

## Israelis buzz Beirut as Carter completes mission

ISRAELI FIGHTER planes vesterday criss-crossed Lebanese vesterday criss-crossed Lehanese has added to the werries of skies as Palestinian guerrillas Lehanese officials who are trying reported that their positions in and around the town of security breakdown after Saudi Nahatiyeb in Southern Lebanon Arabia withdraws its troops were shelled hearly by Israeli from the Arab League deterrent artillery.

fighter planes crashed the sound barrier causing sonic booms over south Lebanese cities.

The exercise was regarded as a show of force at the end of President Carter's Middle East mission. Palestinians sald Israel may be preparing for action against Southern Lehanon.

Reports reaching London said Many believe the Israelis have that for bank notes outside the yet to retaliate to the unsuccess-banking system, holdings of up ful attempt by the guerrillas to to Cedis 5,000 would be ex-carry out an operation in the changed at a value of new Jordan Valley. Four guerrillas Cedis 7 for old Cedis 10, were killed by an Israeli patrol Amounts in excess of Cedis in the valley on the day Presi-5,000 would be valued at new dent Carter arived in Jerusalem

The Israeli air activity ber

Three jets swooped over The Saudi decision was Beirut and flew northward drawing ground fire from Palestinian but the actual withdrawal was and Syrian positions. Other suspended for a while to give President Elias Sarkis and his Government time to find substi-

Yesterday the commander of the 1,200-man Saudi battalioo received orders from Riyadh to pull nut not later than tomorrow morning.

The Christlan militias were reported to have been alerted to take over the Saudi positions if substitute forces are not

secured. ft is thought that army units may move thlo Satidi positions by loday to head off the occupa-

## Economic stimulus in S. Africa

BY QUENTIN PEEL IN JOHANNESBURG

clear indicator of an expan-sionary budget due at the end Real disposable incomes have of the month. The move means stagnated for the past two years, because of its traditional that between R250m to R350m (U.S.\$295m to U.S.\$413m) will be available in the form of ex-

panded bank credit. over the past year, bankers say remains slack. While some of

THE DECISION by the South trouble keeping within their stimulation to economic activity. African Reserve Bank to raise credit cellings, other institutions probably in the form of cuts in commercial banks' credit ceil- have kept well below them. ings and reduce its liquid asset. Many businesses are still operatrequirements is seen here as a ing at a fraction of their utili-

> and last year's 3.5 per cent incame largely from savings. which cannot long he austained.

In spite of the gradual revival to the South African economy ment by Senator Owen Horwood. Thus in spite of the committhe Minister of Finance, in a the larger banks have had will have to provide appreciable 1979.

probably in the form of cuts in direct taxation and relief from the existing loan levy. The impact of the Iranian

reliance on Iranian crude, has crease in consumer spending forced many economists to reassess their predictions for the caming year. In particular, the 30 per cent increase in the price of petrol and other petroleum products could seriously that husiness demand for bank conservative fiscal and monetary dampen growth prospects, which credit for new fixed investment policy, observers are now virtu- most observers previously put at ally unanimous that the budget- 3.a per cent to 4 per cent for

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\*Stand-alone computerised accounting systems.

## Grenada coup ousts Gairy

of Prime Minister Sir Eric capital in 1973, said that if Sir Gairy was overthrown yester. Eric was extradited, he would day by a group calling itself the be put on trial to face charges including murder, fraud and the New Revolutionary Government "trampling of the democratic and headed by Mr. Maurice rights of the people. Bishop, a 34-year-old lawyer.

opposition New Jewel Move were quite safe and welcome ment, said the coup was to remain in the island-state hloodless and took only a which became independent after few hours. The revolutionary 200 years of British rule in forces, whose strength and 1974. source of arms he did not disclose, had overrun the barracks of the Grenada Defence Force and police and hurned them to the ground, and taken over the radio station within half an

Apparently tipped off, Sir Eric flew to New York on Monday and is expected to try to whip up international support there. Mr. Bishop, however, io-idicated that he would seek Sir Eric's extradition and warned against any ioternational inter-

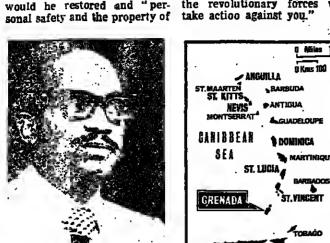
"The criminal dictator Eric Gairy, apparently sensing that the end was near, yesterday fied the country, leaving orders for all opposition forces, especially the people's leaders, to he massacred." Mr. Bishop, considered a left-wing moderate in the Caribhean, said in his first radio hroadcast as New Government

Mr. Bishop, whose father was

THE GRENADA Government cal disturbance in the Grenada

The new Prime Minister de-Mr. Bishop, leader of the clared that foreign residents

"All democratic freedoms" as "a symbol of surrender—or would he restored and "per- the revolutionary forces will



Venezuela

Government-controlled station, now calling itself Radio Free

Grenada, that there had been

no resistance to the revolution.

He called on police stations throughout the 133 square-mile

island and its two small depen-

dencies of Carriacon and Petit

Martinique to raise white flags

Sir Eric Galry-out of the country when coup took place.

Mr. Bishop said that several former Cahinet Ministers had individuals would be protected," he declared. An unidentified "Commander been arrested. Senior police of the Revolutionary Forces' officers and about 100 policesaid in a hroadcast over the men had been placed in "pro-

tective custody." The New Jewel Movement, comprising mostly young Left-wing lawyers and intellectuals. was formed seven years ago and quickly won widespread public support to challenge Sir Eric's Grenada United Labour Party. which had been in power since

The policies of Mr. Bishop's new Government are likely to reflect the Left-wing stance of its members. Mr. Blshop and several of his associates have identified strongly with Third World causes and bave expressed admiration for the and bave Cuban revolution.

But for the moment they will be more concerned with reviving an economy based on tourism and the export of bananas and cltrus. The realities of managing the affairs of such a small, impoverished island-state will probably override ideological dogmatism in the immediate

By 1974, Sir Eric had led Grenada to fill independence from Britain. Since then, bis popularity, and that of his Government. ernment, has waned noticeably. Internationally, he has been viewed as something of a comic character.

## **AFL-CIO** launches bid to halt pay, price policy

BY JOHN WYLES IN NEW YORK

Organisations yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated launched its hid to maim President Carter's pay and are supported to the arguments that the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments that the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments that the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments that the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments that the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments that the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments that the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments that the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments that the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments that the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments that the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments that the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments that the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments the sult yesterday dent of the AFL-CIO, repeated his arguments the sult yesterday dent yes the sult yes the yesterday dent yes the sult yes the yesterday dent yes the ye dent Carter's pay and prices policy by secking a court ruling outlawing the use of Govern-rather than moderating prices ment sanctions against com- and illegal because the exisnanies which breach the voluntence of sanctions made it

The AFL-C10 and nine of its affiliated unlons filed a suit in a 1974 legislation setting up the Washington district court seek-ing a ruling that the withdrawal of Government contracts from recalcitrant companies la illegal, and an injunction to prevent However, the Justice Depart-federal procurement officers ment reportedly advised the from implementing the policy. The notice of sanctions was borrowed directly from the courage compliance with the approach adopted by the British guidelioes was permissible un-

was unfair to working people, biased in favour of pay restraint mandatory. Congress specifically vetoed mandatory controls in Council on Wage and Price Stability which is responsible for running the wage price

programme. However, the Justice Depart-White House that the use of government contracts to en-

## Federal mediators step into crucial truck talks

BY OUR NEW YORK STAFF

into the crucial trucking indusconfront the key issue of compliance with the Carter Administration's voluntary pay guide-

Mr. Wayne Horvitz, director of the service, called the two sides together for talks yesterday afternoon ln Florida to mark the start of an exercise fraught with dangers The trucking industry would

like to settle within the guide-lines allowing average pay and benefits increases of 7 per cent Government which was voted der government procurement guidelines busting deal and spelled nut for the first time accepted the proposals and down by the Hoges of Commons statutes and would not violate. Would like the policy rewritten last week and was turned down signed an agreement to the last Novem's the 1974 legislation. To the this possible, while the hy the employers on Monday, effect.

OFFICIALS OF THE Federal Federal mediators are under Mediation Service yesterday some covert Government pres-made a predictable entrance sure to encourage a settlement within the guidelines. But they try pay talks as the employers dare not sacrifice their tradi-and Teamsters Union started to tional independence

The present three year contract covering 300,000 truck drivers expires on March 31 hut at the moment the Teamsters are keeping everyone guessing about the possibility of a strike if there is no agreement by the deadline. By yesterday the odds appeared tilted towards deadlock since the union seems to have deliberately pitched its demands well above anything allowed by the guidelines. what

a year, but is reinctant to take union's claim for pay and a stand which would risk a benefits increases would cost national strike. The Teamsters vary from 35 per cent to 55 per have set their sights on a cent. The claim was formally cent. The claim was formally

## 'at near maximum'

By David Suchan in Washington

THE U.S. economy was operating at near maximum capacity in the second half of last year, with excessive demand pushing prices up, according to a confidential International Munetary Fund staff report on the world tie outlook

The report was sent in Finance Ministers at the Fund's interim committee meeting here last week. The implication of the EuF study, which no some points

is critical of the Carter Administration's policy-making, is that the Administration's pay and price guidelines are less pertinent in curbing inflatinn than fiscal and monetary restraint, to reduce demand in an economy in danger of overheating.

The report claimed that the present U.S. unemployment rate—which was 5.7 per cent in Fehruary, and actually falling silghtly over the last three months - corresponds to full employment, because there is very tittle extra output potential in U.S. industry, fund officials confirmed.

The report saw signs of nptimism this year in some areas of the economy and agreed with the Carter Administration's prediction that the U.S. current account deficit should fall sharply in 1979. But inflation was still very warrying, the study added.

#### Sao Paulo's metal-workers out on strike

By Rik Turner in Sao Paulo MORE THAN 200,000 metal workers in Greater Sao Paulo's major industrial zone, the ABC have gone on strike rather than accept proposed wage rises of 63 per cent and 57 per cent (depending on wage earned on April 1, 1978) made by the Sao

Paulo Employers' Federation (FIESP), during seven hours of negotiations on Monday. The unlons in Santo Andre, Sao Bernardo and Sao Caetano from which the ABC takes its name, decided to go on strike from midnight on Monday, while 29 other unions from the interior- of Sao Paulo State accepted the proposals and

## U.S. running Work slows on Japan-Iran joint chemicals venture

BY RICHARD C. HANSON IN TOKYO

ment and the committees under needed to continue construction Knomeini apparently threatens cent complete. Khomeini apparently threatens to hold up work on the multi-hillion dollar joint Japan-Iran decisions to be made by the

the control of the Ayatoliah on the project which is 85 per

petrochemical plant in Bandar national petrochemical company, Shahpur. the Iranian pariner in the

The Japanese side of the Work is continuing very to resolve joint venture, led by Mitsul has slowly. At present there are 450 progress.

CONFLICTS OF authority in been unable to obtain working Japanese workers at the project Iran between the official Govern- permit visas in employees site compared with 3,500 at lts peak All 1,500 South Korean workers have returned bome. Until roadblocks are cleared work will be kept to a minimum. The president of one Japanese partner company, Iran Chemical Development, Mr. Toshikani Yahiro, is now in Iran and has asked his Iranian counterparts to resolve the problems hlocking

## India renews liberal import plan

INDIA'S LIBERALISED import generation—as well as allow trade deficit of more than policy announced last April is industries to modernise. Rs 10bn (£650m). policy announced last April is industries to modernise. to continue for at least one more year although the annual by the Commerce Ministry to announcement of the policy will have worked well, although some be delayed by a month and be Indian manufacturers of capital

intended to fill gaps in the is expected to lead to the finan-economy—for example in power clai year 1978-79 ending with a shortage.

The experiment is considered made now in May, according to the Commerce Minister. Mr. Mohan Dharia.

The main liberalisation was in the import of 14 categories of capital goods and this was intended to fill game in the inverted to lead to the finance.

This is not considered to be serious mainly because it is a planned trade gap and because the fall in exports is caused by factors such as the drop in the value of the duliar, falting world and coffee and the deliberate policy of the government not to permit exports of items of which

## China team visits Malaysia

BY WONG SULONG IN KUALA LUMPUR

Li Chiang, the Chinese External

Malaysia and Singapore, arrived soap, and there is a potentially in Kuala Lumpur yesterday for vast market if the Chinese could be convinced to use palm Trade between the two coun- oil for cooking.

MALAYSIA IS to press China tries has been \$300m (£150m)

to take more Malaysian goods during the past two years, with during the current visit of Mr.

Li Chiang, the Chinese External Malaysia is particularly keen ment promotion mission com-Trade Minister.

for China to take more rubber prising senlor government and palm oil. The Chinese curment trade team to Thailand, malaysia and Singanora arrived. resentatives to Europe from April 15 to 29. The mission will visit London and Manchester, Munich and

## Britain remains 3rd biggest NZ supplier

BY DAI HAYWARD IN WELLINGTON

Zealand last year were almost halance on invisible transactions for butter. NZ\$600m (£319m), making the of shipping freight rates, insur-UK the third higgest supplier with NZ\$852m and Australia NZ\$254.5m.
with NZ\$655.7m. The UK s to New Zealand, after the U.S.

Zealand . to NZS1.320m. Only the U.S., with huying NZ750m of mainly agri-NZ\$1.380m earned more from cultural products last year. Of major export commodity earn

ance and other payments of New Zealand dairy industry is

However invisible and other of New Zealand's total imports were worth NZ\$241m-of which earnings hoosted UK earnings during 1978 and is New NZ\$212m came from sales to Zealand's major export market Britain.

BRITISH EXPORTS to New . Britain had a favourable mostly lamh - and NZ\$212.9m

The vital importance of the British hutter market to the shown by the fact that total The UK supplied 20 per cent New Zealand butter exports

Meat remains New Zealand this NZ\$306m was for meat - ing NZ\$977m in 1576.

# leve made vou an A



## ent EEC again urges Japan to buy more manufactures

BY MARGARET VAN HATTEM IN PARIS

rried by the sharp rise in an's trade surplus with the nmunity, yesterday urged t the Japanese market be ed goods from the EEC. wer the past five years ount (\$1.3hn) to 5bn units

BY JOHN LLOYD

C HEADS of Government, units of account (\$0.3bn). Trade relations between Japan and the Community continue to be seriously out of balance, to the detriment of the latter," the Government leaders ned to imports of manufac-said in their final communique after their two-day summit. ver the past five years. They laid stress on current an has, on average, exported talks with the Japanese Governper cent more to the EEC ment on bilateral trading in the imported from it relations, which they hoped n it has imported from it relations, which they hoped in this period its trade sur would help open up the Japanese. is has risen from 1bn units of market to EEC goods. Over the past three years, the

Poland to boost coal output

While Poland uses coal to

meet some 85 per cent of its energy needs and is unlikely to expand its oil and gas imports from the Soviet Union, the

authors of the article make it

clear that the more than 40m

countries are an important parner of foreign currency

power station coal down to prices close to those of Folish, Australian and South African

EEC in U.S. chemicals protest

of European manufacturers' ownership of technology...
The EPA has refused to guarantee confidentiality at any

European - produced.

TURE PRODUCTION levels be 210m tonnes, and say that a Poland's coal mines appear "extensive investment" will

t exports to non-communist. Supplies of relatively speap ntries—mainly to Western Polish coal to the EEC members' ope — would rise only power stations is a major factor.

htly from 23.9m tonnes in inhibiting agreement and an a to 25m tonnes by 1985. energy package by the Council owever, in an article in the of Ministers which would sub-

POSED U.S. environmental detailed information about the

lations on chemicals could production of American chemi-angle foreign trade and cal imports that are not already to import that are not already to import that are not already to import that are not already to the Council of Euro-constitute a "deep invalion"

U.S. Environmental information it might receive ection Agency that the inder the proposed regulations would bit The European manufacturers pean chemical producers believe that information and the regulations, they produce and the working

would require highly conditions at their plants cou

have been revised upwards, continue.

resy Agency estimated that tonnes of exports to both Com-duction of hard coal in munist and non-commingsist and would reach a level of countries are an important m tonnea a year by 1980, and garner of foreign currency.

move which will increase

orts of Polisb coal and make

eement on a subsidy for coal

duced within the European

ast year, the International

hely from 23.9m tonnes in

rent issue of "World Coal,"

fessora Szlarski, Dudek and

czmer of the Polish Mining.

mate the 1980 production to

Metallurgical Academy

Z y sue cameron, chemicals correspondent

Chemical Manufacturers'

presentatives of CEFIC a public hearing held by

amunity more difficult.

Japanese exports, which is concentrated in a fairly narrow labour - intensive sectors. In view of the present recession in European steelrelated industries, such as shipbuilding, ball-hearings, and electronic goods, together with high unemployment (6m unemployed in the EEC), the Commission has consistently called for corrective measures.

But it has always insisted that these should involve less protec-tionism on the part of the account (\$6,3bn). In 1970, Commission has become increas- Japanese rather than increased surplus was a bare 0.2bn ingly disturbed by the growth of EEC curbs on Japanese imports.

The UK, the largest coal pro-

ducer in the EEC, would be the

principal beneficiary of auch a

scheme, and will again attempt

to gain approval for it this year.

However, it seems unlikely that

a package—which also contains

proposals to amend oil refinery

policy upacceptable to the UK-

will be agreed in the near

• The EEC Commission has negotiated and initialled under

the GATT Multifibre Arrange-

ment (MFA) an agreement with Poland on trade in textiles and clothing. The agreement pro-vides for Poland to restrain at

agreed levels exports to the EEC of certain textile products until the end of 1982. It is similar to

negotiated with other low cost

supplying countries in 1977 and

is effective from January 1, 1979.

therefore be made available to

their competitors under the U.S.

Freedom of Information Act. They also fear, that the

regulations would become a

non-tariff barrier to trade with

told the public hearing that the EPA was "applying U.S.

jurisdiction in an improper way

to all countries. They demanded that the EPA should

The CEFIC representatives

will

future.

## Toyota hit by rising U.S. prices

he United States are likely to decline by 10 per cent this year compared with 1978, mainly because of their increasing prices, officials said in Tokyo, eccording to AP-DJ. A spokesman for Toyota

Motor Sales said the company, Japan's largest vehicle pro-ducer, would ship about 500,000 cars to the U.S. this year. The target is 70,000 short of l'oyota's U.S. exports in 1978. Due to the ven's rise, it has

difficult for us to keep up our

becoming increasingly

exports to the U.S. and some slowdown has become inevitable," a spokesman said. Toyota has raised the U.S. prices of its cars nine times since the summer of 1977, pushing up the present prices an average of 39 per cent from August. 1977, industry officials

#### New car for UK

Daihatsu \_ Motors. a motor nanufacturer within Toyoto Motor Group specialising in smaller size cars, has announced its plans to introduce its 1,000 cc Cbarade in the UK market from this aummer. For the first year, the company plans to export 600 yehicles. Daihatsu has begun to expand rapidly in Europe and exports of the started at the beginning of this

#### Project finance

Hill Samuel Project Finance has arranged two sterling loans to support contracts awarded to Francis Shaw (Manchester) for he supply of £3.2m of tyre rubber reclaim and car door seal manufacturing equipment to Yugoslavia. The funds, backed by the Export Credits Guarantee Department, are heing made available by Hill Samuel Vojvodjanska Banka.

#### **Draglines**

Thomas Smith of Rodley, eeds—a unit of NEI Clarke Chapman Cranes—has obtained an order from Agrocomplect, the Bulgarian agricultural engineering authority, for 10 draglines for use on the Sheiyamiyah and Suwaira irrigation projects in They Iraq. The order, which includes demanded that the EPA should spares, was obtained in competi-recognise European chemical tion with Italian and French testing rules as valid for manufacturers and is worth

#### **NIGERIAN TRADE**

## Lagos takes tough line on imports

BY MARTIN DICKSON, RECENTLY IN LAGOS

vacant berths can now be seen in the Lagos port complex and only a handful of vessels are waiting in the roads off the Nigerian capital for permission to enter harbour. Suddenly, the port congestion

problems of Lagos have disappeared, at least for the moment. It is a development which graphically underlines the sharp drop in Nigeria's import volume in recent months, particularly since the Government'a introduction of its controversial system of pre-shipment inspec-

The slower flow of imports results from balance of payments difficulties which last April forced the Nigerian overnment to take some tough hudget measures. Severe curbs were placed on imports; certain goods were banned and many more placed under licence. The Government also announced that it planned to introduce a system of pre-shipment inspec-tion for imports, to guard against over-invoicing, but gave no details then about when or how this would be introduced.

By the latter half of last year the import curbs were beginning to bite, particularly since the Government adopted a very strict approach to the issuing inspection was introduced with N20,000.

of licences. For example, UK far too little notice and that These concessions should exports to Nigeria, which were this, coupled with administra ameliorate supply problema for

FOR THE first time in years, worth £104m last July, were tive bottlenecks at the Lagos badly needed spare parts and down to £70m hy December.

bottlenecks in the scheme also produced a sharp reduction in materials for Nigerian industry. during Nigerian January and February. According to a spokesman for the Nigerian Ports Authority, the Lagos port complex discharged 415,249 tonnes of imports in January, down 15 per cent on December and nearly 28 per cent on the previous January.

At the end of February, there were only some 10 vessels awaiting to enter Lagos's two ports -Apapa and Tin Can Islandcompared with between larger numbers previously. Shipping lines have cancelled many sailings to Nigeria and have been carrying reduced tonnages on

The port authorities believe it will be another two to three months before traffic picks up. if the teething problems of preshipment inspection are settled, and they regard this as a valuable breathing space in which to carry out overdue repairs to equipment and to dredge harbour channels.

Others are not so sanguine. There have been repeated complaints both inside and outside Nigeria that pre-shipment inspection was introduced with

uncertainties and ing effect on the flow of importa, including some raw

> It seems that it is still-too early to assess how SGS is carrying ont its mandate to inspect goods for price, quantity and quality. At present, complaints centre on the rate at which the Central Bank is processing the so-called Form M, through which Nigerian importers must now apply for foreign exchange. Submission of Form M is the first stage in the process of acquiring a clean pre-shipment inspection bill of health.

> In response to complaints, the Government has allowed two concessions. Firstly, it delayed by a month (until the end of January) the introduction of the inspection process. Secondly, it announced recently that goods worth less than N10,000 (£8,300) would be exempt from inspection and that Forms M for such goods could be processed by the importer's own

And while the Central Bank will continue to process Form M for items worth more than N10.000, it is in practice exempting from inspection goods valued at not more than N20.000.

end, are having a most unsettl- some small quantities of raw imports. It remains uncertain how long the pre-shipment scheme will take to overcome its problems.

But whatever the outcome. the scheme is regarded by the Government as a very necessary part of its armoury of import control measures. The main reason for the inspection process is to present over-invoicing for it was badly cheated by un-scrupulous dealers during its

heady oil hoom years. But the introduction of the Form M system should also Government monitor the country's foreign exchange commitments and sensitively than before.

With imports now cut sharply back, and with oil production currently running at record levels. Nigeria seems to be over the very worst of its external difficulties.

However, foreign exchange reserves are still uncomfortably low, and with the full effects of higher oil production yet to trickle through to the depressed domestic economy, there is unlikely to be any early improve-ment in the country's international trading position.

Redifon flight

simulator

## **GM** threatens Chile over car plan

BY ROBERT LINDLEY IN BUENOS AIRES:

ALBERT BUCHANAN, the manager of General Motors assembly plant in Chile, is threatening to sue the Pinochet government if it puts into effect plan which would appreciably educe import duties on cars. President Augusto Pinochet

has announced that legislation is under consideration which would permit the importation of any automobile of a value of less than £1,250 on the payment of only 10 per cent in customs dnty plus 20 per cent of added value. Vebicles of higher value would have progressive tariffs applied to them, and moreover used vehicles could be imported, something which now is prohibited.

It has been pointed out in official spheres that such new legislation would bring down the prices of automobiles now costing between £4,000 and £5,500 in Chile by as much as '50 per cent. After 15 years of

the prohibition, regime permitted the importation of new automobiles, most men in Chile say that

study would reduce customs tract with the Chilean Govern-

duties gradually, from the present 115 per cent to 105 per ditions would not be changed cent this year to arrive within for 10 years.

Pinochet four years at 75 per cent. Automotive industry spokesof them Japanese or Brazilian would be a change in made, rules of the game," legislation now under Buchanan says that GM's con-

Germany by 8.3 per cent to

Kr 16.9bn. Exports to the UK

exports to Sweden fell to 2.0 per

cent to Kr 8.4bn while imports

from Sweden rose by 1.7 per

## Danish export markets

BY HILARY BARNES IN COPENHAGEN.

FOR THE second year running, in 1978 rose by 21 per cent to Germany has become the largest Kr. 11.09bn and imports from Germany has become the largest market for Danish exports, displacing the UK from the rose by 10.9 per cent to Kr 9.39bn and imports by 6.9 per cent to Kr 9.32bn. But position it has held for most of this century. However, the UK pushed Sweden out of the second place which it held in

Danish exports to Germany cent to Kr 10.62hn.

for Braniff By Michael Donne. BRANIFF, the U.S. international airline, has ordered a

Boeing 747 flight simulator from Redifon Simulation, of Crawley, Sussex.
Together with two Boeing 727 simulators built by Redifon, this brings to £8m the investment

by Braniff in flight training equipment. A fourth simulator may be acquired in the future. Captain Dale R. States, Braniff's staff vice-president, flight training, says that the airline can now carry out training more effectively in simulators on the ground than in the air. The alrline uses Boeing 727s

exclusively on its widespread U.S. domestle network, and has three 747s for international use with another eight on order. Rediton Simulation is a member of the Rediffusion organisation.

you calletuse.

the U.S.

foreign suppliers.



Marsh accuses some

hostile to industry

SIR RICHARD MARSH, the Right-wing Galiskellite Lahou

Minister I was responsible for

pushing the nationalisation of

views on economics to a point

where I worry about the Left-

wing tendencies of Professor

Milton Friedman and Sir Keith Joseph, I still believe It was the

years old and nobody could

seriously believe it could be

returned to the private sertor

concentrate on policies designed

to last longer than the period between elections."

managerial skills of British Steel and the responsible atti-

about the enormous dangers of

playing politics with crucial sectors of the British Industry.

Benn's more infamous remarks,

'Government is far too im-portant to be left to the politicians."

Mr. Derek Peters, the asso

ciation's president, said the industry's export orders for

1978 were double those for

1977. In real terms the figure for 1978 was exactly double the

Quoting figures based on

reports received from members

Mr. Peters put total steelwork

export orders taken in 1978 at

tonnes tworth nearly compared with 37,141

average for 1971-75,

£50m).

Constructional steel

export boost urged

CONSTRUCTIONAL; steelwork consider financial support for

"To plagiarise one of Mr

Applauding the technical and

The corporation was now 10

right decision."

Dangers

MPs of being

FINANCIAL TIMES REPORTER

former Labour Minister, yester-day spoke out against the "popular British sport of boss

bashing" and criticised some

MPs for ignorance and hostility

towards industry and iodus-

Sir Richard, chairman of the

lron and Steel Consumers'
Council, was speaking to the
British Constructional Steelwork Association, on the forthcoming general election and

what he described as the dangers of playing politics with crucial sectors of British

He said: "There is no doubt

io my mind that the views of a large proportion of Members of

Parliament about industry and

industrialists are conditioned by

a destructive compendium of mind-boggling ignorance and inexplicable hostility."

Foreign competitors who wanted to knock British indus-

try could find the most con-

sistently damaging ammunition in the columns of Hansard.

This is particularly true of

the nationalised industries in general and the Steel Corpora-tion in particular."

"This must be the only indus-trialised country in the world

where purely pragmatic argu-

ments for or against the public

ownership of sectors of industry

are elevated to the ultimate in

party political controversy: I know of no industrialised society that does not find it expedient, and sometimes essen-

tial, to acquire control of cer-

tain areas of the economy for

purely practical reasons.
"It is paradoxical that as a

BY JAMES McDONALD

the industry's sector working

party, set up hy the National

sidered exporting only when the

should campaign to convince

manufacturing industry of the

advantages of new, well designed industrial buildings

and that constructional steel-

work companies, many of whose premises are more than 50 years

changes in public expenditure.

old, should examine their own

industry.

Paradoxical

## Metal Box set to shut plant and sack 560

has told workers at its Ports- company's paper and plastics Commonwealth Affairs. mouth plastic film factory that division. it plans to close the plant in September with the loss of 560 lieved to have been losing up joos and to concentrate producto £100,000 a year in recent tion at its Speke plant on years despite a turnover of

However, the unions at Ports cult market conditions. mouth bave suggested an alternative strategy to keep open the plant-which makes plastic wrappings and laminates for of production and perbaps profood packaging—with the loss vide 50 more jobs, of only 70 jobs.

firmed details of its closure for producing advanced lamiproposals. It said they had been made necessary because of severe competition from overseas at the lower end of the plastic film market and the slower-than-expected growth in frozen and packaged foods keep the plant open, with 70 after the economic recession.

unions in January and it is viable, understood that there have The understood that there have The plan bas been sent to heen two meetings since be-management and Mr. Frank tween union representatives Judd MP for Portsmouth North

BY LYNTON McLAIN

London yesterday.

or three times.

the Institution said.

Britain's roads.

this wioter will cost local authorities up to £100m in remedial work, the Institution

of Municipal Engineers said in

Snow damage has cost Indivi-

dual councils an average of £1m

over the winter. Large councils

face bills approaching £2.5m.

Those in the areas worst

affected by heavy snow and ice

spent up to six times their

snow-clearance budgets by two

may cost £100m

THE METAL BOX company and hoard members from the

The Portsmouth-factory is beabout £4.7m, reflecting the diffi-

The move to Speke, where there are about 200 employees, would involve some expansion

The company said It had been decided to keep the Speke plant Yesterday the company connates. They are more profitable than the unsupported plastic films at the lower end of the market.

The seven unions at Portsmouth say that their plan to voluntary redundancies, would Proposals to close the Ports- save £450,000 in wages alone month plant were put to the and ensure that it remained

and Minister for Foreign and

Mr. Judd has forwarded copies of the alternative plan to other Ministers, including Mr. Alan Williams, Industry Mioister. The unions hope to discuss their proposals with menibers of the main Metal Box board at a meeting on March 23.

The alternative job-saving strategy is likely to attract Govvernment interest hecause Portsmouth's unemployment is above the national average and well above that for the South-

Metal Box announced pre-tax profits in the first half of 1978 of £31.37m, up a quarter on a turnover of £453.6m. Home profits during the same period were £22m on a turnover of £305m. In December the company announced plans to dismiss 400 workers in four of the com-pany's UK can factories. Once

again it blamed a fall in overall demand for canned food and beverages, together with stiffer

## Telegraph Winter road damage

spent on repairs instead of

The snow and ice caused surpotholes, but the Institution is worried about the more serious damage to budget for clearing snow. Most foundations and drainage. Many local authorities exceeded their roads will have to he relaid.

snow-clearance budgets by two Mr. Shirrefs, who is also the

Lelcestershire county engineer Money that had been allocated and surveyor, said that snow for road improvements would have to be spent on repairs, Mr. ploughs damaged reflectors and white lines on road verges.

More than 39,000 tons of salt William Shirrefs, president of bad been used on the county's

The dry summer of 1977 and roads, more than double the the two harsh winters that folquantity for the whole of the lowed it severely damaged 1977-78 winter. The county budget allowed for £360.00 for winter maintenance.

But Government reductions in roads expenditure had added to the difficulties, Mr. Michael Hawkins, the Devon County Expenditure so far-had been £875.000 and a further £100,000 Hawkins, the Devon County was expected to he spent by the Council surveyor said. Cuts of end of the financial year. per cent a year bad been Road damage in the Strathimposed for the three years clyde Regional Council area is since 1975 as part of the Government's public expenditure. Over half of that has been spent on unclassified roads, with The cuts were stopped for the £581.000 for motorway and

DAMAGE TO Britain's roads Government White Paper on Public Expenditure called for a rise of 2 per cent in spending

on roads. The councils have called on the Government for a further rise to replenish road budgets

improvements.

clutch and altering the position

of a lever next to the gear shift.

suns and Colts are a little vague

about how many of the new

models they hope to sell this

many will be shipped from

take a "prudent" view of the

Frnm Europe corres the new

marque from last year's 16,143 to a record 20,000 in the UK in

The importers, Volkswagen (GB), a Lonrho subsidiary, also

look for Volkswagen sales to jump from about 56,000 to 63,000 in Britain this year.

for the least expensive LS model

The new Audi 80 is notice

The importers of both Dat-

current financial year and the trunk road repairs.

**Up-market Datsun** 

launched at £9,000

launched in the UK today, and provides yet another indication of how Japanese manufacturers enables the driver to select

are developing a more up-market either the hest performance or image for their vehicles, as well economy by depressing the

and five-speed gearboxes. Dat. Japan, in view of the manufac-

The company aims to compete Audi 80, which, the importers ith the Jaguer range by equinmaintain, should lift sales of the

importers milsi make o greater, ably larger than the car it require on the cars they sell if replaces, and is priced at £4,650

only the impossible range GLX and £5,200 for the GLS. Main

33,600.

The new Colt is technically the BMW "3," series; Lancia interesting in that it is the first Beta; Vauxhall Carlton:

interesting in that it is the first Beta: Vauxhall Carlton; from the company in have a Triumph Dolomite; Saab 99;

will be sold here, at competitors in the UK are likely

frontwheel-drive and Alfa Romeo Alfetta.

BY OUR MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENT

19,000 DATSUN car is engine.

image for their vehicles, as well

The Datsun 280ZX is a new

versing of what the group claims is the world's hest-selling

sports car. There are two styles,

a two-sealer emine at £8,103 and

sun says that the two-seater with

driver only can reach a top

with the Jaguar range by equin-

ning the cars with electronic fuel injection, electronic igni-

Another Japanese car new to British roads, the Colt 1400, known in Japan as the "Mir-ace" is also bunched today. But,

the numbers are to be restricted.

tion, power steering and electric 1979.

spred of 127 niph, covering from UK market.

2 to 80 mph in 15 seconds.

From Euro

The cars have 2.8-litre engines

as charging more for them.

a four-seater at £9,000.

wardows as standard.

## price freeze order laid

PARLIAMENTARY Order freezing the cover price and advertising rates of the Daily Telegraph until October 15 was laid vesterday by Mr. Roy Hat-tersley, Prices Secretary.

The Order is the second to be made after a Price Commission investigation into a company's proposed price rise.

Last week the Commission

recommended in a report to Mr. Hattersley that the Daily Telegraph should he allowed a 1p cover price rise hut that further increases for both cover price and advertising rates should be prohibited until October.
The Telegraph refused to give a formal undertaking to accept

this restriction, thus forcing Mr. Hattersley to lay an Order before Parliament.
In nine other cases where the

Commission has recommended price restrictions following an investigation, the company con-cerned has agreed to accept the restrictions.

The Ever Ready company sias previously subject to an Order after refusing voluntarily to agree to the restrictions.

#### Manx £1 coin goes on sale in London

By Colleen Toomey THE lise of Man's new £1 coin which is changing hands among collectors for up to £5 is on sale in London at face value. Demand for the coin first issued last year, bas been so great that a special issue mark ing 1,000 years of the Tynwald. tte island's parliament. has heen For this week only, it will be

available in London through nine hureaux de change.

The coin, nicknamed, "the round pound" on the island. was introduced to be used alongside the Manx £1 note, just as the authorities circulate a

Mr. William Dawsnn, the Manx Treasurer, said yesterday: "The demand for the coin in the island is overwhelming and some clients bave bought 50 at

About 250.000 coins were issued last year. In the special issue, 50,000 new coins have been struck and another 10,000 are expected today to cope with The coins are not legal tender

#### Change of name in panel meters:

BRITISH PHYSICAL Laboratories of Radlett, Herts, is introducing digital panel meters to its range of precision analogue meters. At the same time, the company is changing its name to Racal-BPL BPL joined the Racal Elec. 86 per cent increased their pany Comparisons, 81 City tronics group in 1974. assets and 68 per cent their Road, London EC1, £36.80.

companies should regard export-ing as a regular part of their development, particularly in business. computer - aided design and That recommendation is from estimation. . It asks for a continued search

for means of improving facili-ties of the Export Credits Economic Development Council, which says that although in the past many companies have con-Guarantee Department, extending the coverage of the Market Entry Guarantee Scheme and of home market has heen de maximising UK ladustry's compressed love-term growth in mercial henefit from the many cases depends on increas country's aid programme, Improved competitiveness in

Its industrial strategy report bome and export markets and rescue in April, 1975.

recommends that more commends that more comm mannawer into finding new primary concern of the sector opportunities abroad. It adds that the industry The party's export steering roup has explored several

group means of helping the industry. to increase exports and it will be reporting to the party in detail this year: Two-thirds of the industry's

output goes into industrial huilding, mostly in the UK, and the The industry should give home market absorbs almost highest priority to its education nine-tenths of the industry's and promotion programmes to total output. In the export convince designers and specifiers market, which takes about 12 of the advantages of steel com- per cent of output, there is keen pared with concrete in construc- competition from developed and some developing countries.

Last year the industry was The report egain urges the Last year the industry was Government to avoid sudden still producing about 200,000 tonnes less than in 1974, the last

It repeats its request for a 100 peak year, per cent depreciation allowance. The rep The report estimates for industrial buildings.

The working party also asks the Government urgently to 1.3m tonnes achieved in 1974.

## Metal fabricating grows but profits are 'poor'

ALTHOUGH THE metal liabilities; of the quoted, 100 per fabricating industry is expanding, profitability is poor, according to a figure survey of 364 companies in the sector.

All six quoted companies in future of our economy will have the survey, and 64 per tent of the 358 unquoted, increased turnovers to a two-year period. Says the survey. "It is difficult to see how any reasonable or

profits in that period,

turnovers io a two-year period. says the survey. "It is difficult to see how any reasonable or companies and only 45.6 per even short-term recovery is poscent of the unquoted had higher sible without reduction of the number of companies number of companies Of the unquoted companies, Metal Fobricators, Inter-com-

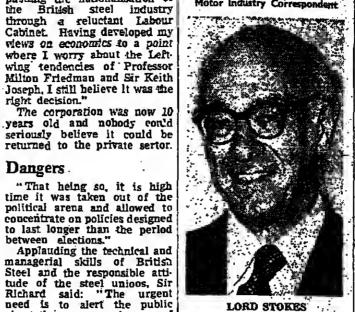
Edwardes was or what he did.

And it should be noted that

Sir John Methven was least recognised were women (6 per cent), 'people in Scotland
(6 per cent) and those in the
D-E social group (5 per cent).
Rod Stewart told the magazine: "I am delighted and with an expected turnover this flattered to be so well known. But I think it is important that some of these businessmen project themselves as

## Stokes to be top BL salesman

By Kenneth Gooding, Motor Industry Correspondent



No pay only expenses

LORD STOKES is returning to the role that made his reputa-tion—as a top international salesman for Leyland trucks and buses—after he retires as president of BL, formerly British Leyland, at the end of

He bas accepted an offer to serve as consultant to Leyland Vehicles, BL's truck and but division, for two years after his

retirement at 65.

Mr. David Ahell, a friend of Lord Stokes, who took over as chairman and chief executive of Leylant Vehicles three months ago, said yesterday that Lord Stokes would be paid no fee but

would receive expenses.

In particular, he will concentrate on beloing Leyland Vehicles with its sales efforts. which are being increased over-seas. "His contacts and repu-tation will do wonders for ns," Mr. Abell commented.

#### His start .

Lord Stokes started his career with Leyland at the age of 16 in 1930. Since that time he has spent only six years away from the company. He served in the Army throughout the war, reaching the rank of 

British Motor Holdings in-1968 he hecame chairman and managing director of British Leyland and remained so for seven stormy years until the group's financial crash, which led to the £1.450 Government rescue in April, 1975.

(unpaid) president, drawing a pension and having his own sulte of offices and staff at the BL Nuffield House headquarters in London. His role has been something like that of a toplevel diplomat for BL in export

#### Bank's issue of gilts 'mishandled' By Christine Moir

THE COUNCIL for the Securities Industry is expected to report soon on its Investigation into the Bank of England's handling of the recent new gilts

A committee headed by chairman Mr. Patrick Neill, QC, together with council members Johnston and Lord .Thomson, sat late into the evening on Mnnday. They beard allegations from Mr. David Eastham, senior partner of Joseph Sebag, and Mr. Ralph Vickers, chairmao of Vickers da Costa. that the Bank

had mishandled the issue. The Bank's team was helped by Sir Jasper Hollom, the deputy sovernor. The other two mem-bers were Mr. George Morgan. the chief accountant, and the Government broker, Mullens.
All the parties have been asked to be ready for further mestioning but the committee. hoped to complete its report no the basis of one session only.

#### Littlewoods : Pools chairman to retire

MR. CECIL MOORES, chairman of Littlewoods Pools, is to retire "bealth reasons," it was announced yesterday. The 76-year-old millionaire is to step down immediately after

being one of the main pillars of the Littlewoods empire for more than 50 years. He will become company president, and his nephew, Mr. Peter Moores, already chairman

of the privately-owned Littlewoods Organisation, will he the new chairman. With his brother, Mr. John Moores, who founded the company, Mr. Cecil Moores saw the huslness grow from modest beginnings in 1925 to the world's largest football pool

prizes of almost

£750.000. The company said Mr. Moores was not ill but felt it was time | Captain - Grant. the

year of more than £200m and

## ICI to build £20m nitric acid plant at Billingham

BY SUE CAMERON, CHEMICALS CORRESPONDENT

plant at its Billingham site in Cleveland. The plant is the first jobs at Billingham.

will be used to make ammonium a year ammonium nitrate fertiliser plant at Billingham which is expected to come on stream in the airtum. Both plants are part tonnes. increase fertiliser production: duced in the UK is for domestic consumption and nitrogen fertilisers to continue to grow at its present rate of about 6 per cent a vear about 6 per cent a year.

Building work on the new plant is to begin soon, with

completion coming in the spring goes into the of 1981. About 200 men will be explosives, fib employed in its construction, and dyestuffs.

IMPERIAL CHEMICAL INDUS- while the mitric acid and TRIES is to spend £20m on a ammonium nitrate fertiliser 250,000 tonnes a year nitric acid plants together are expected to provide an extra 50 permanent

During the last 15 years, ICI ject to he sanctioned by ICI's has invested more than £150m Board this year. Soard this year. in fertiliser production. It

Nitric acid from Billingham already has 15 nitric acid plants
will be used to make ammonium —eight at Billingham—and two nitrate fertiliser. ICI is cur-rently huilding a 430,000 tonnes plants. With the third fertiliser

Although ICI uses the greater part of the nitric acid it produces to make fertilisers, some goes into the manufacture of explosives, fibres, polyurethanes

## Banks hopeful that Bill will be revised

BY MICHAEL LAFFERTY, BANKING CORRESPONDENT

HOPES that the Government that the Bill discriminated may alter the Banking Bill to allow all non-EEC banks with branches in London to retain their existing names expressed at a meeting of the banks affected yesterday.

Speaking to senior repre-sentatives of some 25 non-EEC banks, Mr. Roger Moat, Con-servative MP for Faversham, said that he was optimistic that the Bill would be altered to the satisfaction of most of the banks. Mr. Most has already dis-

cussed the foreign banks' prob-lems with Mr. Denzil Davies, Mioister of State at the Treasury. The banks seem likely to fall into the second-tier category of 6nancial institutions under the Bill. With head offices outside

the EEC-mainly in the Third World-they would then bave lo exclude the word "bank' from their titles,

to restructure operations through another EEC country, thereby obtaining exemption from the restrictive clause. Mr. Moat and others urged all the banks concerned to lobby their own governments, embassies, High Commissions, and members of both Houses of Parliament urgently. The British Government must beed the representations it receives from other governments," be said. Mr. Paul Cotton, London manager of Jammal Trust, the banks have only until next Tuesday, when the Bill goes Into its committee stage in the Lords, to make their case. It was also apparent at yester-day's meeting that a number of Australian savings banks operating ln London object to the way they are likely to be treated under the provisions of Several of the banks claimed the Bill.

against them. They also poioted

out that it might he possible

## £50,000 fine planned for sea safety law

BY LYNTON MCLAIN

GOVERNMENT PLANS to collision; and where a ship sails tighten safety at sea moved a House of Commons committee posed new laws.... The move came after the

Government Inserted tough new clauses into the Merchant Shipping Bill, which had its first reading in the Commons in November and is expected to complete the Committee Stage this week.

The £50,000 fine will he applied on summary conviction in a local magistrates court. The magistrates can impose instant fines up to this level where a ship carries more pas-sengers than permitted on her passenger certificate: a masteroas . breached collision regulations, including traffic regula-tions in the Channel, a ship has failed to assist another after a waters.

without step forward yesterday when a detained on safety grounds by marine safety officers agreed to regulations establishing instant £50,000 fines for taking a ship ships masters who breach pro-Masters would be liable lo endanger life. Mr. Stanley Clinton Davis,

Parliamantary Under-Secretary at the Trade Department, said the measures would in effect apply particularly to masters of foreign vessels where it would be difficult to bring cases to trial later. He would consider introduc-

log an amendment to a clause fining masters up to £50,000 for sailing with a broken navigation light.

The Bill is expected to go to the Report Stage in the Commons this month, when Tory MPs are likely to table more amendments, including one to extend limits of territorial

## Atlas by Mercator fetches £340,000

tated by Gerardus Mercator, the great Flemisb sixteenth-century cartographer; sold for £340,000 (plus the 10.8 per cent buyers' premium) at Sotheby's yesterday. This was twice the estimate and easily an auction record for an atlas, heating the £44,000 paid at Christie's last year. The atlas is of Europe and

was compiled at Duisburg around 1570, almost certainly as a working guide for travellers. It was bought anonymously by telephone. The vendor, an anonymous Dutchman, acquired it, while on holiday in Belgium. in a small bookshop, where It had lain for years under a pile

of fashion plates. It was some time before he realised its value. The atlas is so valuable because it contains the only kanwa manuscript maps hy Mercator-both of the Lombardy region of Italy—and the only surviving copy of his wa'd map of Europe, printed in 1544. It also contains a copy of the wall map of the British Isles of 1564. of which only three others are known, all held outside the UK.
The atlas dominated what proved to be Sotheby's most successful sale, in terms of total receipts, of autograph letters, literary manuscripts and blatorical documents. The first literary

day's total was £549,270 and the auction continues today. Lots devoted to the papers of Captain Grant, the African valuer hunting in the explorer, brought in £105,915, house in the Borders.

with Quaritch paying £35,000 for the Journal kept by Grant wheo with Captain Speke, be ventured into Uganda, searching for the aource of the Nile. The drawings. mostly watercolours, executed by Grant during the journey were also bought by Quaritech, for

The papers of Sir Eyre Coote, who fought in the American War of Independence and other cam-

#### SALEROOM BY ANTONY THORNCROFT

palgns before being disgraced for paigns before being disgraced for impropriety, went for £30,000. Quaritech paid £8,000 for six letters by David Livingstone about the discovery of Lake Ngami. A love letter from Nelson to Lady Hamilton, written in 1801 sold for £3,500. in 1801, sold for £3,506. At Sothehy's, Los Angeles, a painting by Theodore Chasseiau

of an oriental sceoe made £46,569. At Sotheby's, Belgravia. the top price in an auction of Victorian pictures was £1,900 for a painting of dogs by Arthur Wardle. A lake sceoe by Edward Waite fetched the same sum.
At Phillips, a Maori free-stand. ing male figure, 41 cm bigh, was hought by a dealer against strong German bidding for £65,000, far above the estimate of £5,000-£10,000. The figure had been unearthed by a Phillips



## Mr Who at the top of British business BY JASON CRISP

ONLY A small proportion of the British public appears to have any notinn who Sir John Methven. CBI directorgeneral, is or what be does; bis opposite number, Mr. Len Murray, general secretary of the TUC, seems much better

A survey of 2,000 people hy NOP Market Research for the weekly magazine Engincering Today fnund that the general public: Mr. Michael Edwardes, chief executive of BL, who was recognised by 23 per cent, annears to be the only one who has made any public

Sir John was recognised by

Britain's leading industrialists are almost unknown to

ranks with that of the woman who thought Slr John Meth-If he were, his fame might ven a pop star. balf those aged over 65.

harely one in 10, but Mr. Murray by two-thirds. Sir Arnold Weinstock, so often described as a giant of industry, was recognised by only eight per cent. One-woman thought he was a sportsman, a response which

have been as wide as that of Rod Stewart, who was recog-nised by 87 per cent of people overall, and by more than Kevin Keegan, one of England's leading footballers, was almost as well known with 84 per cent recognislog bim. Mr. Denis Healey, the

Chancellor, was recognised



STEWART METHVEN

John Methven

by three-quarters of those surveyed. The magazine comments that there is apparently no one in country who can be regarded as the volce of

manufarturing industry. Sir

ROD

that be was not at all sur-prised by the result; CBI's own survey showed him to be recognised by 17 to 25 per cent of the people compared with Mr. Murray's 80 per cent. Sir Barrie Reath, chairman of GKN, one of the UK's

largest engineering companies with a turnover of £1,500 and

industrialists were, in

15 to 24 are wroup fewer than

one in 10 knew who Mr.

Stewart. Murray was.

more than 100,000 employees, was known to a mere one per cent of the sample. In Scotland none of the respondents had heard of bim. His brief comment: "I am inst delighted to-have been included on the Young people particularly were unaware of who the.

two per cent knew of Sir John Methyen, and one per cent of Sir Arnold. Not surprisingly, 99 per cent knew of Rod

over ball still knew we Mr. Those groups among whom

much as the companies they work for." He should know.

Nild Cid Ingham

**Peful** 

Grants and Incentives

The whole of Wales is an assisted area. Which means that by moving or expanding into Wales you could benefit from the wide range of Government incentives available.

Wales also has the advantage of being the closest assisted area to London and the Midlands and is therefore very close to 250 million Community customers. So you won't lose tabs on important markets by moving. Investment Services

In addition, we at the Welsh Development Agency can provide finance in the form of loans and/or equity capital to help you establish in Wales. Factories

We have a wide range of factories ready for immediate occupation throughout Wales.

Ranging from 1500sq.ft.to 50,000sq.ft.

They are let at competitive rents and in certain areas there are rent free concessions.

If you prefer, we can build a factory to your requirements. Sites are also available for you to build your own factory. Communications

Getting to and from Wales has never been easier.

Rail links serve all parts of Wales, connecting with the North, the Midlands and the

South East. The Inter-City 125 passenger service has shortened the journey from Cardiff to London to under 2 hours. Fast streamlined transit is provided by Freightliner services, while Speedlink offers an overnight freight service to most parts of Britain and Europe.

Much is being done to upgrade and improve the roads throughout Wales. The M4 reaches into South West Wales providing a direct route for the passage of goods to the London area and the Midlands.

Cardiff Wales Airport is now the regional airport of the South West. And, having the benefit of the interport removal centre, fast and efficient through movement of goods is ensured.

Well-equipped Welsh ports handle a large percentage of Britain's imports and exports. Companies already in Wales

Perhaps the best incentive of all for moving to Wales is the experience of the companies who have made the move already.

Remember for instance the huge expansion plans of Ford currently under way.

Many other companies have also found that moving to Wales has proved successful. So you certainly won't be alone in deciding on Wales. Advice

We can advise you on the many Government incentives available.

We can advise you how best to set about meeting your workforce needs.

We can advise you on the areas that will suit you best in terms of availability of factories and closeness to markets.

And if you'd like to know more about the advantages of Wales, take our advice: post the coupon. Welsh

Development Agency

	To: The Welsh Development Agency, Treforest Industrial Estate, PONTYPRIDD, Mid Glamorgan CF37 5UT. Tel: Treforest (044 385) 2666. Telex: 497516. Please send me more details on: Agency Investment  Factories Available  Re-Location Advice
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	Position
	Nature of Business
•	Company
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afety!

What sort of carrot will it take to persuade you to move to Wales?

## Blast study blames sodium chlorate

BY SUE CAMERON, CHEMICALS CORRESPONDENT

**Demand for British** 

THE DEMAND for UK execu- East and the Gulf, although tires by overseas commerces fell—this dropped in the last quarter sharply in the last quarter of—6f 1978. MSL considers that

according to a study by this may herald the start of International, the manage changes in the geographical

The greatest demand con-remained unchanged over the

Appeal for new private hospital

yeslerday for a planned new Health Service hospitals, have private hospital to serve Mersey-been cul to 11 in the Wirra; side.

and thuse might be phased out.

The appeal, launched by Sir Increase of 22%

al Heswall, on the Wirral last month, sales of molor-peninsula, has been bought for rycles fell just 4 per cent com-the hospital, Murrayfield, which pared to February last year.

Unues to come from the Middle past three years.

executives falling

Executive has altribuled most of the £6m worth of damage stores of ontassium chlorate or caused by a warehouse fire at Renfrew, Strathelyde, to explod- pure state have been implicated ing drums of pure sodium chlorate, a chemical that has never been classified as an explosire in the UK or abroad. ship at Barcelona in 1974."

It wants sodium chlorate to be reclassified as a potentially highly dangerous substance. It Renfrew, was started by three also seeks a review of regula-

Renfrew warehouse fire January, 1977, in which 13 people were injured, was pub-lished yesterday. It discloses wrecked the shed and a bonded that pure sudium chiorate has

MSL International, the manage-

The number of vacancies

advertised in the last three months of 1978 for professional.

technical and managerial execu-

tives to work overseas was 50

per cent below the previous

quarter and 46 per cent below

regruitment advertising in a

wide range of newspapers and

journals. Overseas jobs moni-tored for the whole of 1978 were

25 per cent down on the pre-

A £1.35M APPEAL was launched

Douglas Crawford, Lord-Lieulenaul of Merseyside, is for money in enver building and

A former preparatory school

will initially have 30 beds, pos-

sthly rising to 45, and which

will be able to deal with 1,500

MSL's analysis is based on

the same quarter of 1977.

ment consultancy.

HEALTH and Safety Research had "disclosed that nn at least six occasions since 1899 sodium chlurate in an almost in explosions-most recently in a warehouse at Hamilton, Lanarkshire in 1969 and in a

The report says that the fire al the Brachead container depot, boys. They were cold and lil a tions governing transport and fire against the wall of a hitu-storage of the chemical. men-covered shed containing The executive's report on the 1,700 drums of sodium chlorate. Drops of flaming bitumen began to fall on the drums. The warehouse nearby containing 20,000 cases of whisky and 80

pattern of executive demand.

executives within the UK, the

management consultants also

noted a marked downturn in the

last quarter of 1978, but report

that demand last year was

marginally better than in 1977,

strong demand for computer

specialists which was the highest for to years. Sales and marketing executives were also

in firm demand in 1978 but the

number of appointments in the

accounting and financial sector

in moped sales

IN SPITE of the bad weather last month, sales of motor-

Moped registrations, however,

rose by 22 per cent and scooter

sales increased 5 per cent from

There was a particularly

and the best since 1974.

In its analysis of demand for

barrels of spirit.

fire had not occurred on a pubkilled. But James Kelman Transport and Storage, which had the lease on the shed containing the sodium chlorale. "could not have foreseen the disastrous explosive potential of the material in the licht of knowledge existing before the incident.

No legal action is to be taken against the company, but the report stresses that it was unwise to store sodium chlorate in a building clad with inflammable bitumenised corrugated

Sodium chlorate, an oxidising agent used in making weedkiller

**Atlantic** 

air travel

up 15.2%

By Michael Donne. Aerospace Correspondent

AIR TRAVEL on the North

Atlantic, as measured by the

member airlines of the Inter-

national Air Transport Associa-

tinn (IATA), rose, 15.2 per cent

last year to more than 13.76m

If traffic carried by indepen-dent airlines is included the

Figures issued by LATA show

rose 21.7 per cent to nearly 12.6m passengers. Within that

total economy-class travel, in-

cluding osers of cheap Stand-by

and other low fares, rose 21.9 per cent to more than 11.8m,

while first-class traffic rose 19.3

per cent to more than 768,000.

Passengers on charter opera-

nons conducted by IATA mem-

scheduled-service traffic

passengers.

also declined.

round-trip Apex rate.

total exceeded 14m.

and matches, has "long been The report says that if the known for its unpredictable bebaviour" when mixed with lle holiday far more people other combustible chemicals, the would have been injured or report says. But the consignment at Braehead was 99 per

> At the time of the fire it was the "generally held view" that commercially pure sodium chlorate would not be expected to explode even under intense heat and conditions of confinement, Such as existed at Braehead. That view "did not accord with the evidence of explosion" and therefore the research and laboratory services division of the Health and Safety Executive caried out fire

chlorate like those at Braebead The trials proved that sodium chlorate could explode.

The report suggests that all bodies, national or international, concerned with the storage, conreyance or handling of sodium chlorate should reconsider the dangers and recommended precautions. Sodium chlorate stored in bulk should be kept in a separate, fire-resistent store-

room or building. The report calls for further resarch into the way sodium chlorate and similar chemicals behave under intense heat.

• The Fire and Explosion at the Braehead Container Depot. Renfreic January 4, trials with drums of sodium (HMSO, £1.75p).

## Haringey parents will fight on

BY MICHAEL DIXON, EDUCATION CORRESPONDENT

PARENTS in North London are to provide the school buildings tn take to full trial their test and no more, I think she was case against the Haringer educa- hadly advised on the law." he tion authority which kept its commented. schools closed for four weeks As I real during the strike by caretakers, which was only recently settled.

Although Appeal Court judges vesterday dismissed by two in one the parents claim for an interim injunction against the authority, all three judges agreed that the parents had a right to full trial of their case. that Haringey acted unlawfully

in failing to open its schools during the all-out strike. Lord Denning, Master of the Rolls, said that on the evidence before the court, it appeared that the National Union of Public Employees and the General and Municipal Workers' Union were the "dominating in requiring the

bers fell by 26.7 per cent to just over 1.17m. Charter operaschools to be shut. The local tions by independent airlines council cinsed them at the hehest of, and in agreement The total number of Atlantic with, the unions. flights rose only 1.7 per cent to \$3,361, reflecting the increas-"In so doing the council to \$3,361, reflecting the increas-ing use of wide-bodied jet air-the union leaders were inducing

liners, cach carrying more them to break it. Such conduct passengers.

Trans World Airlines will the union leaders have no introduce a cheap round-trip immunity in respect of it. Advance Purchase Excursion (Apex) fare of \$249 (£124) hetween New York and Frankfurt from April 29. This is 72 Lord Denning added that Mrs. Shirley Williams, Secretary for Education and Science, had written to the parents saying per cent less than the normal that the council bad not failed economy class return fare and 37 per cent lower than the

" As I read the statute it was and is, the duty of the borough council not only to provide the school buildings, but also to provide the teachers and other staff to run the schools and, furthermore, to keep the were formally allocated last year schools open at all proper to companies either establishing

Lord Justice Eveleigh also said that the unions had nu the council should close the schools. But it might be that the authority bad been trying to do its best by avoiding provoking a situation which might have caused greater damage to children's education in the long run.

"I don't say that that was

evidence, fit for sideration at a full trial, that the Haringey Council had ment aid to help co acted unlawfully in not taking hit by steel closures. steps to re-open the schools during the strike.

controlled authority's educa- available for occupation protlon committee, denled that there bad been any collusion to discharge its duty.

"If she thought that the duty viewed the judges' decision as of the borongh council was only a total victory for the council. are available for letting.

## **Factory** building drive in Wales

By Robin Reeves, Welsh

£30M ADVANCE factory building programme—the big-gest ever in Wales—is to be implemented over the next twn vears by the Welsh Development

The programme, three times larger than any previous WDA factory programme, will provide an additional 1.5m sq ft of manufacturing space spread throughout the eight Welsh

The agency plans to put the programme into effect on what it calls a production line basis. Factory huilding in individual areas will be topped up with new projects after a review of the employment and industrial space needs of individual com-

#### Demand

The WDA and the Government have been encouraged to slep up advance factory building by the current high level of demand for "off the shelf" manufacturing space in Wales. After a lean period of several years, 100 advance factories

or expanding in Wales. So far this year, a further 28 factories with a total area of 173,500 sq ft have been formally allocated. Another 81 factories

amounting to 647,000 so ft have also been provisionally booked. A feature of the new building programme will be the availability of 750 sq ft units, suitable for small businesses. These are half the size of the smallest

standard factory provided. During the past two years, the the case, because the matter has WDA has announced four to be tried," he added. general programmes of advance Sir Stanley Rees, the other factory construction and two judge, said that there was special huilding drives in the Ebhw Vale and Cardiff areas. underlaken with special Government aid to help communities

These will provide a total nf 306 advance factory units Later, Mrs. Nicky Harrison, amounting to 1.9m sq ft of new chairman of the Labour space, most of which will become demand for space has been so

## Rover sells 1,000 cars to Japan

BY ARTHUR SMITH, MIDLANDS CORRESPONDENT

A £12m contract for the sale of Rover 3500 cars to Japan was signed in Coventry yes-

renewable dcal annually, is for the supply of 1.000 Rovers to Mitsui, the Japanese trading bouse. It will be the first time the Rover 3500 has been exported tn **Japan**.

Mr. Shogoro Ariga, chairman and managing director of Mitsui Europe, said that early indications were that the car would prove a success in Japan.

BL entered a joint venture with Mitsui in 1977 tn form Leyland Japan, to import and

market the vehicles. Mr. Peter Murrough, sales and marketing director of Jaguar Rover Triumph, said the Rover deal marked a move into the more volumeoriented sector of the Japanese market. It would new be possible to strengthen

the company's dealer network.
More than 2.000 Jaguar. MG and Triumph cars, worth over £16m, were sold to Japan last year compared with 515 in 1975. "We set ourselves a target of £25m worth of sales in Japan by 1981 and this year we are aiming to top the £20m mark." Mr. Murrough said.

## Companies Bill clause on directors' duty stands

BY ANDREW TAYLOR

CONSERVATIVE MPs yesterday would enjoy greater henefits failed to amend a clause in the Companies Bill which will allow workers to take their company directors to court for failing to ook after employees' interests. The clause states that a director, in addition to his

further duty to look after the interests of employees. Mr. Cecil Parkinson, Conservative This MP for Hertfordshire South, vote-said that the wording of this The

and protection than share-

The Conservatives had proposed an amendment which stated that a director's sole duty was to the company but director, in addition to his in carrying out this duty a duties to a company, owes a director should have regard to the interests of hoth shareholders and employees alike This was defeated by a single

The Bill is still in the clause meant that employees committee stage.

## **Barrow Hepburn group** appoints chief executive

BY ANDREW TAYLOR

THE NEW chief executive of the Barrow Hepburn group is Mr. Raymond Way, curren(ly Mitchell and Weir subsidiary deputy chairman of BOC's gases where it alleged that losses are division. He will join the com- a result of "serious irregularipany on June 1.

The former chief executive, decision to stop its major

troubled lanning interests were Group and was formerly placed into a new company, Tanners Products. British which Barrow jointly owns with the National Enterprise Board.

The group recently revealed problems at its Schrader ties." A report on Schrader's accountants Whinney Mr. Richard Odey, resigned last
September after Barrow's Fraud Squad in Glasgow.

leather goods activities.

Two years ago Barrow's has been a director of the 600 managing director of Brooke Tool Engineering Holdings. He has been with BOC's gases division for five years.

# patients a year.

do with their Small Firms Employment Subsidy.

Take a well-known firm like us, for example. We make cutlery of a very high quality and we want to expand. To do this we need extra staff. That pushes up our costs. The Small Firms Employment Subsidy, however, helps us to take on those extra people and we can still be competitively priced without jeopardising our quality standards.

John Price. Chairman, Arthur Price of England.

For a company like John Price's, busily trying to expand in a highly competitive market, it's vital to keep overheads down and production moving up. If expansion means extra staff, then the Small

Firms Employment Subsidy can make the difference between taking on all the people you need, or just the few you can afford.

So far, over 45.000 jobs have been supported by this scheme. Now it has been extended. there's a fair chance that your business

> could qualify for a subsidy. Basically, you could get £20 a week for every extra full-time job you create (£10 for part-time jobs) and get it for up to 26 weeks. This new extended Small Firms

Employment Subsidy now applies not only to manufacturers throughout Great Britain but. for the first time. to all kinds of businesses in Development Areas and Inner City Partnership Areas. It could be just the helping hand you need.

Are you eligible? Tick three-find out more!

☐ A private independent firm. ☐ Under 200 employees on 9 Nov 78

(manufacturers)/1 Aug 78 (others).

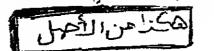
A manufacturer in Great Britain, or

A business in a Development Area or Inner City Partnership Area.

If you think you qualify, send in the coupon for a leaflet or phone Jack Bellis on 01-214 6446/6201. You can apply for the Small Firms Employment Subsidy up to 31st March 1980. But the sooner you apply, the better.

Small Firms Employment Subsidy Please send me details of the Small Firms Employment Subsidy, I am a ! Manufacturing

New extended Scheme could now apply to you



# Ayear of growth and achievement

# STATEMENT BY THE CHAIRMAN, MR.A.M.HODGE To be presented at the Annual General Meeting on March 20th, 1979.

## New Policies Increased By Over 25%. Pensions Business Expanded. Bonus Rates Raised. Social Responsibilities Met.

GROWTH AND ACHIEVEMENT

During the past year, thanks to Draconian measures taken to control both prices and wages, the rate of inflation fell to a figure which, though still terrifying, was less by a long way than many of us had feared. In previous statements I, and my predecessors, have had sad cause to point the finger of criticism at governments of one complexion or another whose abnegation of their duties "nursed the pinion that impelled the steel". It is just, therefore, to acknowledge what has been achieved, even if it appears only too probable that these painful gains are now to be cast aside in a confrontation between Trade Unions and Government in which neither side can win, and national loss is inevitable.

The achievement in the past year, when earnings increased in real as distinct from monetary terms, made a healthy climate for all engaged in promoting national savings, and the life insurance industry as a whole found a buoyant demand for its products. I am glad to say that Standard Life did more than merely reflect the general market trend. Our percentage increase in new premium income was substantially more than the average. This reflects not simply the qualities of the products we have to offer the public but also the skill, knowledge and industry of those engaged in selling them, coupled with the service and support they receive from their colleagues on our administrative staff. They have all done well. The figures speak for themselves. We issued, in the United Kingdom, over 80,000 policies, an increase of more than a quarter as compared with the previous year, and this with virtually no increase in the number of our sales staff. On average each of our inspectors sold 360 policies and generated new annual premium income of over £80,000, which is about half as much again as in 1977. Our pensions sales staff also handled substantially increased business. At Head Office and in our Regional Offices all this increased volume of work was handled by a staff who numbered fewer than in 1977. This is a magnificent achievement which reflects the greatest credit on all concerned. In the Republic of Ireland the results were equally encouraging.

NATIONAL PENSIONS

The date which so long loomed large on our horizon, 6th April 1978, has come and gone. This was the day on which decisions to contract-out of the new State pension scheme; established by the Social Security Pensions Act 1975, became effective. Preparations for meeting the requirements of the Act, for amending existing schemes and introducing new ones have been a major pre-occupation ever since the Act was passed. We set great store on our reputation for the efficient adminstration of our pensions business and all sections of our organisation are to be congratulated on their success in coping enthusiastically with the additional work-load resulting from the Act, and from substantial increases in business. What proved to be a formidable challenge was triumphantly

Some figures may illustrate just flow formidable the task was. More than 250 new clients and over 750 of our existing clients sought to contract out and all of them received their certificates in time. More than that—over three-quarters of these schemes which contracted out did so using definitive documents, an achievement which we believe to be unique. The staff involved in this work deserve every praise, especially when they were simultaneously engaged in coping with the work necessary to comply with the legislative requirements on preservation, equal access, employment protection and the like. The burden thus placed on the shoulders of employers, trustees and insurers alike may be gauged by the fact that even our team of proved ability cannot improve on an estimate that it will take about a year to clear the work now piling up on their desks through the sheer weight of this legislative action. We are surely due for a breathing space and a period of consolidation though the omens for this are not favourable. The Occupational Pensions Board, for example, has been charged with consideration of means of ensuring the solvency of pension funds, and of the thorny problem of the preservation of pension rights when an employee changes his job. I am not convinced that either is a suitable subject for legislation. We must never lose sight of the fact than an employer who sets up his own pension scheme is normally seeking to provide benefits for his employees in excess of those provided by the State. It is a decision he has chosen to make for their benefit, and deserves encouragement, rather than, through legislative action, being made a burden which may be too great for some to bear.

THE INSTITUTIONAL IMAGE

This year has seen a good deal of comment, and even some legislation, about both the role and duties of insurance companies as a source of funds for public and private investment alike, and also their relationship with their policyholders. The evidence which the industry submitted to Sir Harold Wilson's committee must have gone a long way to convincing anyone of open mind that any shortage of finance for investment in industry cannot reasonably be laid at the door of insurance companies. Another fallacy which has been much aired in some quarters is that the institutions act in concert to make available, or to withhold funds from either the public of the private sector of the market in order to bring pressure to bear—the so called "investors strike". This will not stand critical examination for a moment. We live in a highly competitive world, one in which it is sometimes hard to secure general agreement among life offices about matters where their interests are clearly at one (scales of commission, for example). It would be astonishing if offices were to give up their rights to their own investment decisions and policy in order to toe a party-line. It should not be a matter of surprise, however, that numbers of skilled investors may independently come to similar conclusions about the economic health of the country, and frame their

policy accordingly, but this is a long way from concerted and deliberate action. The Chief Secretary to the Treasury recognised as much when, a few weeks ago, he went so far as to acknowledge that the support which insurance companies and pension funds had given voluntarily to the Government's borrowing programme had far transcended the bounds of anything he would have thought it reasonable to attempt to achieve by

compulsion. Long may it remain so! Some of the legislation to which I refer is welcome, some is harmless and some I believe to be unnecessary but all of it adds to the costs imposed on our policyholders. New regulations affecting intermediaries are coming into effect and as an office which obtains its new business through an agency system we welcome the efforts to enhance the status of the insurance broker. We must however wonder at times whether some of the protection which it is sought to provide for consumers is not against evils which exist mainly in the imagination. All too readily the industry is presumed to be guilty until it proves its innocence. Comment in Whitehall, and even in Fleet Street, tends to concentrate on the alleged shortcomings of insurance companies, and not on the fact that in Britain we have a life assurance industry which, by and large, has served its clients well, has made a major contribution to national prosperity, and which is as competitive in price and as efficient in service as its counterpart in any

An example of the type of attitude to which I refer was provided recently by the Department of Fair Trading. They issued a press release reporting their Director as having, in a speech in Glasgow, criticised the sales methods of insurance companies as not being in the interests of the consumer. These criticisms were not well founded, as could readily have been confirmed before they were publicised, and the incident throws more light on the state of knowledge within the Department than on the alleged shortcomings of a major industry.

**OUR SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY** 

During 1978 we invested in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland rather more than £3m. each week. This is not a task to be taken lightly. Most of our Stock Exchange investments were made in Government Stocks—we increased our holdings during the year by £131m. We did not feel that the climate for the growth of earnings, and thus of dividends, was sufficiently favourable either here or in U.S.A. to large scale investment in ordinary shares. There is, at least in this country, no sign of an immediate change, and in some respects indeed even cause to fear worse to come. The causes of our malaise are barely in dispute but remedies are harder to seek. In some quarters one finds a reluctance to face reality, and a search for solutions which seem curiously irrelevant and even naive. It requires a trusting mind, for example, to believe that the introduction of "industrial democracy" by way of two-tier Boards or "worker" directors would, in some magical way, make industry in Britain as competitive as, say, its counterparts in Germany, yet if our industrial society is to survive and prosper we cannot be content with less. Stock Exchange securities are not, of course, the sole outlet for equity type investment. We have built up, over the years, a large portfolio of property investments. Our policy has been to concentrate mainly on new developments rather than to purchase completed properties which, at least at today's level of yields, we do not consider to be attractive investments. Our expenditure therefore tends, where major projects are concerned, to be spread over lengthy periods, to be measured in years rather than in months. During the year we committed ourselves to finance a number of large schemes including a major and imaginative office development in the City of London.

Property investment can evoke an unthinking response, which deplores the investment of policyholders' funds in projects of doubtful social worth. The truth is quite other. We aim to hold a balanced property portfolio of roughly equal proportions of office accommodation, shops, and industrial premises. Clerical staff need places to work just as much as manual workers need factories. Shops, apart from being an essential part of the distributive system, as was so clearly demonstrated by the public response to the threat of shortages caused by the recent lorry-drivers dispute can sometimes claim to be significant earners of foreign currency. The bus loads from France and Belgium who weekly beat a path to the doors of the major shopping centre financed by our money, at Brent Cross, are evidence of this. So, on an admittedly smaller scale, is the similar traffic between Scandinavia and the North of England. I take considerable pride in thinking that our investment has provided over 9,000,000 square feet of industrial and warehouse accommodation and that forward planning for a further 1,500,000 square feet has been completed. In Scotland property development provides greater opportunities for equity type investment than does the Stock Exchan and I am pleased that we are taking advantage of this. About 20% of our U.K. property portfolio represents investment in Scotland, ranging from offices and shops in the main cities, with a major shopping centre in Stirling, to our new industrial developments in the Lothians and in Fife. Truly our policyholders have no cause to be ashamed of the use to which their funds are being put.

For in all our investment transactions we must never lose sight of the fact that the vast assets appearing in our balance sheet belong, not to a soul-less corporation, but to a host of men and women who have paid Standard Life the compliment of asking us to safeguard their savings for them. I quoted earlier Mr. Joel Bamett's tribute to the spirit which the institutions have voluntarily shown in their support of Government borrowing. The composition of our property portfolio is further proof of how seriously we take our responsibilities to the private sector of the community. We are, I think, entitled to ask whether either the country, or

our individual members could possibly benefit by these reponsibilities falling into the hands of some Government authority either by direct nationalisation or by the imposition of some form of direction of investment.

**CANADA** 

At the beginning of the year the Manufacturers Life Insurance Company approached us with a suggestion that our Canadian business might be transferred to them, and after careful consideration we entered into negotiations accordingly. It was a matter of great regret to me, and to my colleagues here, that our Advisory Board in Canada were unable to share our view of the merits of the proposals. In consequence they asked to be relieved of their responsibilities at the end of our financial year, and their Chairman, Mr. L. G. Rolland, resigned from the Board of Directors. In the event, as amounced in the press at the time, owing primarily to legal difficulties it did not prove possible to bring the scheme to fruition.

As a result we have carried out a re-appraisal of our Canadian operations and the Board has affirmed its determination, not only to

continue to operate in Canada, but to seek to develop and expand our business there where it can be done profitably. Fortunately, some of the factors which had caused disquiet now seem, possibly, to be less pressing than they appeared a year or two ago. The provisions for the use of the French language as contained in Bill 101, for example, as they seem likely to be applied in practice may be less onerous than we at one time feared. Inflation, thanks to two years' acceptance of the constraints of the Anti Inflation Board has been checked. One senses a calmer approach to the possibilities of a separatist Quebec than that which gave the overseas observer cause for concern a year or two back. All this adds up to a more

propitious climate for a long term business such as ours.

Mr. J. C. Burns, President Canadian Operations, and his executive are actively reviewing the working of our Canadian Branch and I am confident this will lead to an even higher standard of service to our policyholders in Canada in future. In addition we propose to give them a more direct participation in the inner councils of the Company and to this end we are proposing to invite three leading Canadian businessmen to join us. I am delighted to be able to announce that Mr. H. W. Macdonell, Q.C., who was formerly a member of our Advisory Board in Canada,

has already accepted such an invitation.

I should like to express the appreciation of the Board to the retiring members of the Canadian Board for their devoted service to the interests of the Company and to the executive and staff in Canada who during a difficult year have still managed to increase our new sums assured by over 10%.

**BONUS** 

The favourable features mentioned in the opening paragraphs of my statement are reflected in the surplus disclosed by the annual valuation. On the one side of the account the fall in the rate of inflation, and the increase in our operating efficacy, have gone some way to offset the effects of rising costs, while on the other we have seen an increase in the earning power of our funds. The fears at which I hinted last year have not been realised, but it would be idle to ignore that in the short term there are no great grounds for optimism. We face once more the prospect of higher rates of inflation and while in such conditions we might expect to be able to invest at nominally higher rates of interest they cannot possibly be to the benefit of long term business such as ours. I feel bound therefore to repeat my warning that while Standard Life is as well placed to earn profits as any insurance company it is by no means certain that conditions will permit an indefinite continuation of the present levels.

But, having, as I feel I must, entered this qualification, there is no doubt that the past year has been highly favourable and our earning power has increased. It would be carrying actuarial caution to extremes to deny the benefits of this to our members because of the doubt that things may get worse in future. We have therefore decided to increase the rates of reversionary bonus applicable to policies issued in sterling or in the currency of the Republic of Ireland. Upward adjustments in the rates of terminal bonus have also been made. I am confident that these decisions will maintain our enviable record as a leading office for with profit

policies.

STAFF During the year we lost the services of a senior member of our executive. Simon Keppie, after forty years' service, retired in July from the post of Assistant General Manager (Finance). For the last fifteen years of his service he had been involved in investment work, but he had also given sterling service in most of the spheres of the Company's operations. It is experience and quiet determination will be missed.

Our Chief Medical Officer, Sir John Croom, also retired during the year. He was appointed in 1946 to the post which his father had held before him. The association of Sir John's family with Standard Life thus goes back for sixty-five years and we have great cause to be grateful for the quality of the work he has done for us. We hope that our new

pensioners may have long and happy retirements. I referred earlier to our staff, and how their work had grown in volume, thanks to increased business, and become more complicated, due to increased legislative activity. It would be only too easy to take for granted the efficiency with which our smooth-running machine has handled these increases, but it would be wrong. It is the skill, the interest and the enthusiasm of our staff which have set the standards which keep us in the forefront of our industry and I should like, on behalf of the Directors and the policyholders, to express to them our warm thanks for a good year's work.

# Standard Life

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## Britons may be better off than they think

western countries? Comparisons continue to be widely made, crude described as heing between Gross Domestic Product or even standards of living," which are merely comparisons of calculated according to prevailing exchange rates, and make no allowance for differences in purchasing power. These are highly misleading and do not compare standards of living at If at existing exchange rates one country's price levels are half another's, the low-price country will require only half the money incomes of the other to secure the same real income; so that a purely money comparison is worthless. This is par-ticularly relevant to compari-sons involving the UK.

#### Comparison

Far the most thorough and authoritative attempt to achieve a genuine comparison of real standards has been built up over recent years by a statistical team working for the Statistical ffice. of the United Nations and World Bank, led by Messrs. Kravis, Heston and Summers. under the title: International Comparisons of Real Product and Purchasing Power (published by the World Bank). The lished in the Financial Times on December 2, 1975 and showed many conventional assumptions to be wrong. They related to 1970, and covered hoth real GDP per head and consumption per head. Real consumption per head in that rear-i.e., the standard of living-in the UK was shown to be very similar to that of France and Germany, about 62 per cent of the U.S., and a long way above both Italy and Japan. The reason why our real consump-tion remained comparatively high was partly our lower level of prices, but also partly the fact that we were consuming a higher proportion of our GDP Germany, France or Japan, though not then the U.S.

I would like to learn more

Tn: Peter Waring, Industrial Officer,

Archbold Terrace, Newcastle upon Tyne 2.

Tyne and Wear County Council, Sandyford House,

about Tyna and Waar County.

Please sand me your booklet

The UN team have now hrnught these Illuminating figures up-to-date for 1973, by a further detailed investigation of consumption and prices in

HOW MUCH richer or poorer is rough and ready "extrapola a country may save more or less the average Briton in terms of tion" to 1975. These new UN out of its GDP, real consumption of goods and statistics show how much nearer than is far from being the same services, not merely money in the UK's real standards still thing as real GDP. Figures of comes, than those in other were in 1973 to those of other real consumption per head are western countries? Compari- western countries than the therefore also given by the UN suggests. For instance, in 1973, (though not carried forward in the UTC; GDP per head in crude 1975) as follows: money terms was 50.6 per cent of GDP in the U.S., but in real terms 60.6 pcr cent of it.

#### Real terms

Even more striking, in money terms GDP per head in the UK in 1973 was nearly 40 necessary points lower than West Germany (50.6 per cent 89.4 per cent of the U.S.) but io real terms 17 points lower (60.6 per cent against 77.4 per

The main comparison between real GDP per head in the various countries in, 1970, 1973 and 1975 is given by the UN survey as a percentage of the U.S. figures as follows:

Real GDP per head as per cent of U.S.

	1970	1973	1975
France ,	73.2	76.1	79.5
Germany	78.2	77.4	79.2
taly	43.2	47.0	47.1
apan	59.2	64.0	65.1
veiberlands	68.7	68.4	- 70.5
J.K.	63.5	60.6	62.0
U.S.	100.0	100.0	100.0

the ratio of a country's GDP to that of the U.S. so that a steady. percentage does not mean a stagnant GDP; but merely one rising at the same rate as that of the U.S. A fall similarly means, not an absolute fall, but a failure to keep up with the U.S. The figures show that the has moved ahead ahout cqually with the U.S. between 1970 and 1975, but also that since the UK accepted the Common Agricultural Policy, Germany-partly perhaps for this reason and partly doubtless for others have gained relatively to tions" to 1976 and 1977 can he made, which show no great change in comparative GDP

The above figures measure real GDP, not real consumption or the standard of living. Since

money comparison survey for 1970 and 1973

Real consumption per head as a percentaga of U.S.

	1970	1973
France	65.9	67.3
Germany	64.7	63.0
Italy	47.9	47.4
Japan	49.3	63.5
Notherlands	62.9	50.3
UK	62.5	62.3
.u.s.	100	100

These are remarkable figures. They show, contrary to so many assertions and virtually for the first time, that at any rate up to 1973, there were only a few percentage points difference between actual living standards in the UK. France, Germany and the Netherlands. Indeed in the case of Germany, the difference is within the margin of statistical error. Italy was markedly lower in both years.

#### Two morals

Two clear morals emerge from this study. First it is another sharp warning that if the UK continues to devote so much less of its income to This table of course measures than the U.S.), then we mus expect to lose further ground in the future. The UN figures do not question, hut confirm, the helief that UK productivity and investment are too low. There can he no dispute on this score however,

marked difference between the figures of money and real income show that our comparatively high living standards, at least up to 1973, were also partly due to the policy followed up till then of huying essentia imports as cheaply as possible. How far that advantage has been croded by the CAP, only the next batch of figures from the UN study can show. Probably, if a vigorous enough effort were made to keep food prices down nearer to world levels. hetween the countries in the some of it, and therefore our present standards, can still be preserved. And in any case it is well that the fact should be

## Money supply targets criticised

By Peter Riddell, Economics Correspondence

THE GOVERNMENT'S rigid adherence to quantitative targets for the growth of the money-supply is a source of chronic instability for both domestic financial markets and damages industrial confidence, according to City stockbrokers Phillips and Drew.

In their latest gilt-edged review, the brokers argue that the setting of official targets for sterling M3, the broadly defined money supply, has led to gyra-tions in capital flows and interest rates because of its impact on expectations in the gilt-edged market where the hurden of adjustment falls.

Phillips and Drew say that neither the introduction of a tender system for selling gill edged stock nor the creation of new types of public sector ecurities offers a solution to the problem of financial instability.

Other central hanks, notably in Switzerland, have found the setting of monetary targets to ne an inappropriate means of implementing a policy aimed at maintaining financial stability. The hrokers argue that the financial framework in the UK is compatible with the authorities' nursuit of exchange rate stability and there is no need to risk undue volatility in the domestic financial markets.

The UK authorities would be well advised to consider the Swiss example and ahandon a quantitative monetary target in favour of securing an objective in terms of the exchange rate, with a related financial policy. Phillips and Drew note that

tha target of a narrowly-defined money supply or a shift away from money supply control towards control of the banking system's reserves, which in practice would be the chancel through which control over narrow money supply would be achieved, is a viable option. The chief problem with setting a monetary target in terms of a widely-defined money supply and implementing monetary policy through direct

control over a wide money supply measure is that it would require a significant extension of official control over the financial system, through the regulation of building society operations and possibly also local, authority

> ..... Ho.

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4x2rigid,13.0 tons GVW Choice of four engines, five or six speed gearbox, single or two speed axle, five wheelbases.

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4x2 rigid, 14.5 tons GVW Choice of four engines, five or six speed gearbox, single or two speed axle, five wheelbases.

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DODGE COMMANDO



**Protest** 

closed

shop

BY JOHN MOORE

A SHAREHOLDER protested

yesterday about the Rank Organisation's closed shop

policy.
Mr. Thom Robinson claimed

at the group's annual meeting

in London that there was opposition to a closed shop

agreement among employees of Rank Toshiba

1978, because they declined to join the Electricians and

Piumhers' Union,
Mr. Robinson added that
although there had been
requests for a ballot no the
issue of the closed shop this
had been refused by Mr.
High Crichton-Miller, manag-

ing director and the union's

area secretary.
Mr. Robinson claimed that

on the day of the sacking, 430 employees signed a petition at the company's main plant in Ernesettle protesting at the

closed shop and 44 workers

Piumbers' Union.

walked out

He said that two empinyees had been sacked in October,

at Rank

RESUMED pay talks covering 400,000 purses were adjourned yesterday without a settlement and no date fixed for a further meeting.

Ahout 200 nurses, memhers of the Confederation of Health Employees demon strated outside the Department of Health in London, as unions and management met.

Selective industrial action by 130,000 of the union's memoers will continue until the pay dispute is settled.

The Royal Coltege of Nursing, the second biggest union, has decided not to join the action but to put pressure no the Govern-ment through demonstrations and a public petition. All unions representing nurses

are united in rejecting a 9 per cent pay offer nlus £1 in advance

of a comparability study. The purses are demanding more than the fl and are insisting that the first nayment to result from the study should be made in Anril and not in August as the Government has proposed. A joint statement efter yester day's talks said that there was disappointment that negotiations could not be completed because the Government had not yet

proposed on-account payment from April, 1979. Mr. David Williams, assistant general secretary of COHSE and secretary of the staff side said

dates for implementation of the

study and on the amount of the

Vauxhall

men reject

VAUXHALL strikers at Luton yesterday rejected a proposal

for settling a dispute-over a man accused of punching a fore-man—which has halted car production.

peace bid

By Alan Pike,

Amelia Curtis, from Leicester General Hospital, buids a haby doll adorned with the singan "Nurses Pay— Jim's Baby," which a group of nurses delivered to No. 10 Downing Street, as pay negotiations resumed.

for payment in lieu of pro- tallen hack in relation to other ductivity would be considered. groups. The unions insist that a response

The unions' submission com- teachers.

that a realistic response to the nurses' claim had been expected yesterday and that the delay was a source of increasing frustration.

The murses want the Government to take into account in this year's pay round an undertaking given in April last year by Mr. David Ennals, Secretary of Social Services, that their claim

The unious' submission count teachers.

The unious' submission count teachers.

The number of non-mannal Employees continued yesterday earnings since 1974 when the to step up industrial action in Halshury Report completed the hospitals throughout the star major review of nursing country in the pay dispute mended place nurses three workers. Areas affected included quarters of the way up the pay Manchester, Liverpool, Birming Scale for non-manual women ham, Harrogate, Doncaster and Shrewsbury.

Average earnings of regis-

to this claim should be part of tered and enrolled nurses are last year a 10 per cent settle put at £54 a week compared with £86 for women primary school

Mr. Harry Smith, chairman of Rank Organisation, told Mr. Robinson, a member of the Freedom Association, that, while sharing concern over closed shop agreements, the group had to take into account the general situation.
"Closed shop agreements
are not against the letter or

spirit of the law," he said.

#### 'Anti-Concordat by Left-wingers

A LEFT-WING attack on the recent TUC-Government statement on wages and industrial action, dubbed the "concordat," is published today by a trade union pressure group called the Rank and File Centre in North London.

Signed by 100 union memhers the "Aoti-Concordat" is intended to mark the start of a campaign for free collective bargaining to coincide with the

## Report from Number One Wall Street

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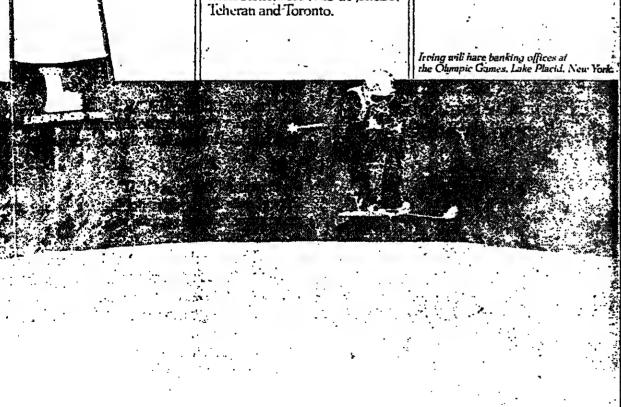
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## Pay pact for Tyne Metro

Builders 'must pay going rate'

the end of the annual wages round we have seen this guide-

lice figure overtakeo in far too

many instances to render it credible in our case," he said.

to be directed to what is hap-

pening elsewhere. The phrase

that seems to be on everyooe's lips is 'the going rate,' what-

claim for substantial increases

Mr. Gostling, speaking at the

The employers will reply to a

ever that may mean.

"So our attention will have

BY OUR LABOUR CORRESPONDENT

Transport and General Workers' Union shop stewards recommended 300 strikers to return to work and refer the issue to the Advisory Concilia-tion and Arbitration Service. The men, however, decided to call in national officials of their the Government's 7 per cent guideline, Mr. Frank Gostling, president of the National Fedunion and to meet again next eration of Building Trades Employers, said yesterday,

Plonday.
The TGWU members stopned vork last week after Mr. Ray Parking was dismissed Game, a foreman. Other foremen, members of the Association of Scientific Technical and Managerial Staffs, have warned that they might take action if Mr. Perkins is reinstated.

Mr. Porkios has denied punching the foreman and the TGWU str'kers claim that the company falled to follow proper proce-

dures in handling the case. Vauxha'l has lost production rat a meeting with the upions in of more than 2.250, vehicles the Building and Civil Engineerhecause of the dispute and 2,700 ing Joint Board on March 27.

Union leaders have negotiated a pay agreement worth about \$100 a week for drivers on the \$160m Tyneside. Metro rapid transit system.

Based on a Continental shift "super-trans."

The Metro already several

system, the agreement negotiated by ASLEF, the train drivers union, will give the men a hasic £72 a week plus £36 super-trains.

Super-trains.

Super-trains.

The Metro, already several campaign for free collective bargaining to coincide with the trade union delegate conference season.

THERE WAS "Little point" in federation's annual meeting in Mr. Gostling made it dear building industry, employers Londoo, gave no indication of that the building employers will making a pay offer based upon what the employers would offer take the same firm line as those what the employers would offer take the same firm line as those

20 per cent to keep pace with inflation. But in addition there were other pay aspects to the claim and "if you add these points in we are already talking

about 50 per cent or more."

but complained that the union side had "not completely quanduction in working hours. "We tified what they are looking for are not contemplating any re-in terms of pay." are not contemplating any re-duction in the 40-hour week for in terms of pay."

duction in the 40-hour week for The unions had said that the period of the forthcoming paranteed minimum earnings, settlement or in the form of

 Sir Derek Ezra yesterday made an appeal for the UK to adopt a positive, long-term approach towards the maintenance of its energy independence. Speaking at the Building

This, however, was out the Trades Employers meeting. Sir end of the story. The claim also Derek said the maintenance of asked for sick pay at average our energy independence should he one of our prime objectives absence and a shorter working when the North Sea oil supply diminishes.

## Nottingham miners voting Perhaps the bravest man I ever knew... on Teversal pit closure

BY OUR LABOUR EDITOR NOTTINGHAMSHIRE 83,000 hamshire miners."

miners will ballot today on It said that it was investing whether to take industrial £40m a year in the area, and action against the decision of the National Coal Board to close Teversal coltiery. If they vote for action, the

national executive of the National Union of Mineworkers will consider putting into effect a recent executive decision about such closures, and hold national industrial action

The -North Nottingham area of the Coal Board said yester-day that a strike over Teversal day that a strike over Teversal reserves would cause heavy would be costly to the losses and that working conditions would be difficult.

that all Teversal's miners would he offered johs elsewhere io the area. None would need

even to move house. . The union, whose executive resolution concerns failure to agree about closures not due to the exhaustion of reserves, has argued that closure of Teversal in 1981 is oremature when there are still 2.6m tons of coal in the Clowne seam. The Coal Board says that to extract these

## Vickers workers prevent machines leaving plant

BY OUR TYNESIDE CORRESPONDENT

Scotswood Vickers plant at Newcastle upon Tyne decided yesterday to han all finished parts leaving the heavy engineering factory.

Their action followed a management announcement that 230 of the 700 workers are to receive redundancy ootices to take effect on April 6.

Among the heavy-duty parts blacked are four presses for is due to close completely in Ford and Vauxhall and a September.

WORKERS AT the threatened sophisticated aircraft testing Scotswood Vickers plant at device for the Chinese Govern-

Mr. Peter Tolshard, the works coovenar, said they had decided to step up the campaign because they felt the reducdancy notices should have heen suspended pending talks with the Government on ways of trying to save the plant, which

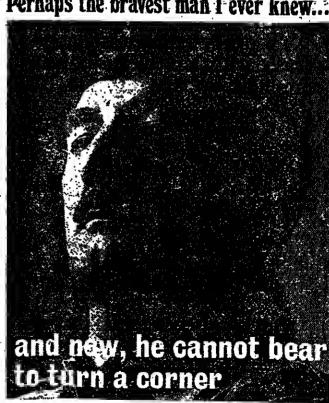
## Dismissal suit too late

A FACTORY worker was advised by an industrial tribunal taking legal action against a solicitor who had advised him to drop a claim of unfair dis-

missal.

a, ceramics sprayer, of West chairman yesterday to consider Avenue, Middlewich, Cheshire, was refused a hearing of his application because it was too

A workmate, also dismissed His first application—with-after a dispute over voluntary drawn on legal advice—had overtime, had ignored the been made within the statutory solicitor's advice and had been three months; the second, five awarded compensation of £5,087. months late, had been made the tribunal at Shrewsbury was following the award to his workmate, the tribunal-was told.



SIX-FOOT-FOUR SERGEANT "Tiny" Gotor's, DCML, was perhaps the bravest man his Colonel ever knew.

But now, after seeing service in Aden, after being booby-trapped and ambushed again more recently. Sergeant "Tiny" cannot bear to turn a corner. For fear of what is on the other side.

It is the bravest men and women from the Services who suffer most troot mental breakdown. For they have tried, each one of them, to give more, much more, than they could in the service of our Country.

We look after these brave men and women. We help them at home, and in hospital. We run our own Convalescent Home. For some, we provide work in a sheltered industry, so that they can live without charity. For others, there is our Veterans' Home where they can see out their

These men and women have given their minds to their Country. If we are to help them, we must have funds. Do please help us with a donation, and with a legacy too, perhaps. The geht is owed by all of us.

"They've given more than they couldplease give as much as you can."

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## Legislation planned to Foot into the breach once more ease court disruption

EMERGENCY legislation is to authorise any person "to do these men "scrapping justice be introduced by the Govern- any of these things." ment to help the Scottish conrts overcome the distocation caused hy the strike of clerks and other documents, when this would officials in support of the civil enable progress to he made in

This was announced in the Responsibility for the strike Commons last night by Mr. was pinned firmly on the Bruce Millan, the Scottish Secre-Government by Mr. Nicholas tary, after his appeal for a return to work was rejected by Perthshire), in a speech from the Civil and Public Servants' the Opposition front bench. Association and the Society of Civil and Public Servants.

The Bill, to he published tomorrow, will enable the maximum period of 110 days during which an unconvicted prisoner may be detained in custody to be extended to the custody, to be extended to take account of the period when normal procedures cannot be followed because of industrial

Other time-limits, affecting parties to both civil and criminal proceedings, will also

he modified. Mr. Millan 'explained' that provision would be made to enable time limits to be extended so that anything which should have been done during the period of industrial action could be done during a period of one month thereafter.

This would cover such matters as the three-year period

of any court to do anything Mr. Fairbairn said. during the period of Industrial Mr. Fairbairn said. the courts which would otherwise bave to be done by a clerk of court, sheriff clerk, or tion of criminal law. incer of the court. Mr. Fairbairn said the It would also allow him to Government was to blame for officer of the court.

BY ELINOR GOODMAN

esponsible for the amendment

lragging more low-pald workers

Courts would also be empowered in accept copies of

appropriate cases.

Responsibility for the strike

Fairbairn (C Kinross and W in which the civil servants' pay

'We have never before achieved a situation where justice was silent and mercy was gagged'

claim had been bandled had resulted in trustworthy men, who had served the Scottish courts faithfully for many years, mistrusting the word of

the Government. Mr. Fairbairn said the Opposltion could not condone the strike, but he called on the Covernment to take the action needed to enable the men to

return to work with honour. Mr. Fairbairn said that not since 1532 had the cirizens of Scotland had to recourse to for law. "We have never before within which claims for law. "We have never before damages for personal injuries achieved a situation in this must be raised.

Country where justice was ust be raised. country where justice was The Bill would enable a judge. silent and mercy was gagged,"

Mr. Fairbairn said hundreds action in relation to the husiness of civil law cases were in suspense, and that - matters were more aerious in the ques-

Left move to protect

index-linked tax

and throwing mud in the face of justice.

Appealing to the civil servants to return to work, he said Ibe Government had an equal duty to remove the obstacle and to make it possible for them lo return in honour.

He accused ministers of indolence in the face of the near paralysis of Scottish justice and claimed that they would have taken a different altitude bad the Old Bailey been on strike.

Support for the Govern-ment's action came from Liberal Jo Grimond. He said he believed Government policy was responsible for some of the strikes being suffered, but this did not excuse strikers of the type disrupting the Scottish courts. Mr. Grimmond | Orkney, and

Shetland) told MPs: "1 am critical of the Government's policies, but there is a danger-ous tendency in this country to blame the Government for everything and anything." Mr. Millan maintained that strike action six weeks in advance of the operative date for the pay aettlement-April 1

could not be justified, Implementation of the award based on the findings of the Pay Research Unit would have to be staged, and the Government had already given assurances that the staging would be completed by April 1, 1980.

Mr. Millan also made it clear that the first instalment of the award would be payable from April 1, 1979, if necessary re-Prospectively, in the event of the current negotiations not

## **Complaints** procedure tightened

THE procedure for investigating

consider a further four.

Ombudsman's jurisdiction.

one which would have given the Ombudaman power to initiate

Among the recommendations

up in some areas but there is to be no general increase in the powers of the Local Government Omhudsman, Mr. Peter Shore. ny assault the Chancellor might "wildly Inaccurate figure of Environment Secretary, said

liscuss the Budget, Mr. Jeffrey that more low-paid workers tooker and Mrs. Audrey Wise would either be dragged into vrote to all Labour MPs insistible-tax net-for the-first time or ng that the cost of fulfilling find themselves paying 33 per his provision was not as high centrat the margin inslead of 25 accept six proposals and will consider a further four.

is some reports had suggested, per cent. To repeal it would mean Moreov Moreover failure to raise per. Among the recommendation of the social allowances in line with accepted by Mr. Shore, and social allowances in line with which will require amendments the arguments of the arguments.

telieve that he would not risk . Labour Left wingers earlier oulldozinfi such a provocative called for an Easter bonus for change through the House. Britain's eight million pen-Britain's eight million pen-

Those who fought hardest for sioners.

It in 1977 evidently feel the mr. Rooker claimed a need, however, to remind MPs. "Government conjuring trick" had cheated pensioners out of sion is to low-paid workers.

a 1.8 per cent increase due last

indexation provision does not . The shortfall meant pen-apply to the higher rate bands sioners lost 31 pence a week for, of tax and that any proposal to a single person and 50 pence index these would have nothing a week-for a couple.

BANQUE

**EUROPEENNE** 

DE TOKYO

4-8 Rue Sainte-Anne. 75001 Paris

Extract from accounts at December 31, 1978

2.472.077.—

Deposits Shareholders'

Medium-Term Deposits...

Capital and Reserves ...

Pre-Tax Profit

Net Profit after Taxation

Limited, Tokyo

Sapporo.

Shareholders:

Total Assets ...... 2,795,069.—

The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd., Tokyo

The Industrial Bank of Japan, Limited,

Bank of Tokyo Holding S.A., Luxembourg

The Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan,

The Nippon Credit Bank, Ltd., Tokyo

The Taivo Kobe Bank, Limited, Kobe

The Hokkaido Takushoku Bank, Ltd.,

The Kyowa Bank, Ltd., Tokyo

The Saitama Bank, Ltd., Urawa

'000 FF

125,400 ---

129,491.—

24,954 ---

15,211.—

.... 1.982,265.— - 474.227.—

THE TWO Labour backhenchers to do with the 1977 amendment sponsible for the amendment designed primarily to help the complaints of the 1977 Finance Act which lower paid. complaints against local authorities is to he tightened

links the level of personal. Quoting figures supplied by ncome-tax allowances to the the Treasury, they say that the ate of inflation yesterday tried cost or the rener and not the project, their brainchild from £890m in a full year and not the by assault the Charcenor might wholly inacturate figure 19 yesterday.

El.25bn put about by some sectors yesterday.

After examining a report on tions of the media."

on the eve of the Parliamen—Overriding the indexation, the workings of part 3 of the ary Lahour Party's meeting to clause would they say, mean Local Government Act 1974 liscuss the Budget, Mr. Jeffrey that more low-paid workers by the Commission for tooker and Mrs. Audrey Wise would either be dragged into

nto lhe tax net, they said. inflation would fuel the argu. which will require amendments The Chancellor could, theo inents of those who seek to the Act, is one which etically override the provision undermine the welfare state by would give the Ombudsman with the consent of the House, claiming that it does not pay to the argu. Which will require amendments to the Act, is one which would give the Ombudsman undermine the welfare state by unrestricted access to information and documents. The work is the work to the Act, is one which welfare state by unrestricted access to information and documents.

two MPs write that the November.

equivalent '000 U.S.S

20,000.—

30,979.—

5,970.--

3,639.---

668,677.-

## **Ombudsman** defends repayments

By Colleen Toomey PEOPLE SHOULD not expect

excessive and expensive "spoon-feeding" with information from government departments, Mr. Cecil Clothier, the Ombudsman, said yesterday.
--In--a-report laid before

Parliament he rejected charges of Department of Transport maladministration in a film repayment scheme to motorists.

More than 100.000 people received a £10 refund last year after a decision from Sir Idwal Pugh, Mr. Clothier's predecessor, that they bad been misled into over-payment of vehicle exclse duty by faulty wording on a licence renewal form. But 16 people complained

about the repayment scheme They said they had failed to benefit from the scheme and alleged that the money should have heen paid antomatically rather than after claims.

They also said that there had been insufficient publicity. The Department spent around £50,000 in radio and newspaper advertisements. It also allowed 30 days from the announcement for people to apply for a claim form and a further 50 days to

#### Inquiry into Auschwitz

AN MP yesterday called for the release of all unpublished Cabinet documents on what he called the failure of the Allied Powers to bomb the outer buildings and railway yards of the Nazi camp at Auschwitz in the last year of the Second World War.

Mr. Eric Moonman (Lab. Basildon) said Mr. Michael Foot. Leader of the House, had promised to investigate and reet bim agam.

Michael Foot made quite a political point of it in the Commons yesterday. Mr. Callaghan's valiant

defence of British interests bad heen nnmatched, it seemed, on French soll since

Deputising at the despatch hox with self-effacing loyalty, Mr. Foot seven times summoned MPs to pay duc tribntc.

The Prime Minister bad gone again into the hreach, and the Leader of the House did bis best to stiffen the sinews at home against the EEC hodget and the common agricultural policy. Not that Mr. Callaghan

reatly needed reinforcement,

## Change in union law rejected

A FRESH Tory bid to give trade union members freedom to choose which party their contributions should support was defeated in the Commons yesterday. Voting was 200 to 162. Mr. Rtchard Page (C., Workington) said that his Trade

Unions (Allocation of Political Funds) Bill would give freedom of choice to the individual trade unionist to say where his or her levy should go. He denied that the Labour Party was the only party that

could work with the unions. The trade union movement must have a "complete rethink" of its relationship with political parties. Mr. Jeff Rooker (Lab., Perry

could contract out of paying a of subscriptions to a political

more than 10! years' Cabinet experience: a lenth of the Labour Government's combined wisdom, but well over half what could be mustered

on the Tory front bench.
It searcely needed statistics to prove that the Conservatives were unlit to govern. Mr. Foot remarked, smiling at the William advancing Mг.

as Dr. Edmund Marshall (Lab,

The Prime Minister had

Goole) pointed out.

Mr. Whitelaw, alike depulising for his leader, launched himself into a vigorous atlock

Mr. Foot professed dis-oppointment. "I thought at first he was coming to congratulate the Printe Minister on his excellent speech in

apparently it sticks in the throat of the Opposition." In fact, Mr. Foot thought the whole Commons would wish to welcome Mr. welcome Mr.

Callaghan's declaration. Nn one came forward, so Mr. Foot mentioned it agoln anyway. "The Prime Minister stands for British interests in Paris," he told Dr. Maurice Mitter (Lab., East Kilbride) who had been vainly trying to find out where Mr. Catlaghan stood nn devolu-

Mr. Dennis Skinner (Lab., Bolsover) attempting to faist an alternative Budget on the Government, unwisely com-mented on the EEC's "rake's

## Heath traces roots of industrial 'revolt'

BY PHILIP RAWSTORNE

BRITAIN'S industrial disruption selves in that way," he said. this winter had been "a revolt against stagnation." Mr. Edward Heath said yesterday. It had been a revolt against

fact that the country had no real means of meeting the neonle's aspirations, the former Tory Prime Minister said at a lunch in London of the Westminster Chamber of Commerce.

To many large groups of people, the only way out seemed to be to so for higher and higher wage packers.

But Mr. Heath warned thal dangers were already looming from a return to double figure inflation and higher oil prices. Barr) said it was wrone to sug- Mr. Callaghan had been "not gest that individual members only right but over-generous" when he had set the limit on

had no freedom of choice. They pay rises at 5 per cent.

A combination of measures was now needed to achieve a steady expansion of production and to meet people's aspirations without refuelling inflation.

We should be ready to use every measure at hand and not dogmatic about finding a solution along one line of thinking alone." Mr. Heath declared. The question was whether

the country had the will to overcome its problems, he said. We as a nation, have got to make up our minds that we are going to overcome them, to work together. It cannot be done by nne section of the community alone.

Mr. Heath said: "I believe that just under the surface, so many people want to do this, to work together for the good of What we have now seen is the country, re-establish our Any move to pay a proportion that we as a nation, are not economic position and regain prepared to accept the disci-plines necessary to limit our-world."

"I see you agree with the speech of the Prime Minister Mr. Foot said in welcome while discarding the Left-winger's pack of policies.

Lahour cheers rose when Mr. Neil Marten (C., Banbury), a veteran opponent of the EEC, at last emerged from the silent Tory ranks.

The Prime Minister's efforts to cut Britain's contribution to the EEC hudget would reduce public expenditure ond must have the snpport of the Tories, Mr. Marten remarked.

Mr. Foot smiled with sata-faction. "You put the point so skilfully and softly that I am sure it must have pene-trated even the akulls on your Front Bench," he said.

## Self-reform urged. on Lords

By Elinor Goodman

FAR FROM heing abolished, the and take on the task of detailed of Commerce argued yesterday, urban, one rural.

in a booklet on reform of Parliamentary procedures, the rial action by public-service association claimed that there had been growing demand nearly 2,000 schools over the had heen grawing demand recently for Parliament to reassert itself over the execu-

The Hause of Commons, it says, has shown itself reluctant to implement a reformed scrutlny procedure for legisla-

Criticising the recent report by the select committee an procedure for not going far enough. Ibe association says that the House of Lords should step

## All-in schools backed

MRS. SHIRLEY WILLIAMS Education Secretary, yesterday flercely defended the record of Britain's comprehensive schools.

She said that in one area, "O" level passes had increased by 95 per cent, while the numbers of candidates had risen by 24 per cent.

"Similar toformation has come from Sheffield, Leicestershire, Sussex, and many other authorities." she said during education questions.

Later, pressed by Mr. Mark Carlisle, Tory spokesman, about education records in inner-city areas, Mrs. Williams dismissed recent comparisoo between Manchester and Tameside as

"It left out of account the fact that Manchester has far more families below the supple-mentary benefit level, far more rcceiving benefits, and more ethnic-minority families."

In a parliamentary written answer. Miss Margaret Jackson. Education Under-Secretary, told House of Lords should take Sir Anthony Meyer (C. West unilateral action to reform itself Flint), that closures of 77 primary schools were authorised, scrutiny of legislation, the 49 of them in rural areas. Two Association of British Chambers proposals were rejected, one

Mrs. Williams attacked industlast two months.

"The closure of schools in recent weeks has seriously disrupted the education of many children and could harm the taking public examinations this summer." she said, in a written reply to Mr. Kenneth Lewis

(C., Rutland and Stamford). Replying to Mr. George Gardiner (C., Reigate), she said nearly 2,000 schools had been closed for a day or more since

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complete with application notes

actuators

systems.

#### **6** COMMUNICATIONS

## Costs less to talk

HEAVY telephone bills in reports, order curred by salesmen working internal memos or letters he from home underline another wants sent to his customers. time a salesman spends report-ing by telephone, instead of number at his regional or head-being out with his customers.

in the UK, which can dramatice end. There the machine plays ally cut down telephone usage. back the recording at normal ally cut down telephone usage. Based on the Lanier Edisette speed for transcription. II: standard cassette dictation unit—a combined recorder and transcriber—the equipment has obviously achieve even greater been modified to receive and savings during off-peak periods play back recordings at normal in the early morning or after or double speed and would be 6 pm. They also have an addi-

At home, each salesman is mission unintelligible: provided with an Edisette unit on which he dictates, in a conventional manner, his call 4LX 01-736 0175.

substantial sales expense—the From his own telephone, he Lanier is, bowever, offering a the Edisette to transmit his Post Office approved telephone transmission system, developed similar machine at the other than the transmission system, developed similar machine at the other than the machine plays Double speed transmissions

can he made at any time but or double speed and would be bin. They are have an auditinked in the Post Office telephane network by a small one accidentally getting a switching device.

## Close check on calls

NEW ENTRANTS in the private any PABX to obtain printed telephone exchange monitoring information about the cost, market is Rack Data, 4, Auckland Close, Maidenhead, Berks. the number of the subscriber land Close, Maidenhead, Berks. the number of the subscriber (0628 39975) which is market that has been called (Including ing equipment from the French country and area codes)

Based on a purpose-built miniat which the call was made. computer with 4k hytes of Minimum capacity is 64 exten-

working memory and 80k bytes sions and eight exchange lines. of froppy disc store the Norex the maximum 256 extensions Teleprintex can be connected to and 32 exchange lines. MAINTENANCE

## Removes the grease

CONTRACTS AND TENDERS

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Gulf and who can prove their technical and financial soundness are invited to contact the AMF to obtain the prequalification forms which should be completed and sent to the AMF on

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THE PROJECT MANAGER

ARAB MONETARY FUND P.O. BOX 2818 ABU DHABI -- U.A.E.

Telephone 28500

Telex 2989 AMF AH

APPEALS

PERSONAL

JOHN RIOGWAY. BUSINESMEN 30-77 years, weekly adventure courses April, May, June and September, Ardmors, Rhisomick, Sutherland,

Corniche Road, Abu Dhabi, in the near future.

local authorities, company work the solvent delivery pressure, sbops and maintenance depart and the fluid is cycled through meets should result to cost three easily detached metal reductions and simplification for filters back to the drum. this frequently messy task.

The Greascater can also be used for cleaning electrical, as well as mechanical, components and it is available for sale from the manufacturers in a market intherto dominated by rental schemes.

The equipment is built on a 14 and 16 swg steel hopper with adjustable hinged cover. The cover is fitled with a hulkhead ight and safety switch, so that the equipment may be used in dark areas. The hopper will lock securely to either 2a or 13 gallon standard drums.

together with the date and time

PARTS CLEANING and flexible solvent spray hose, degreasing equipment for Stuart Turner submersible pump garages, haulage contractors, with 120 gph capacity provides

Solvent supplied for the machine has been chosen to provide good cleaning, fast evaporation, and non-conductivity for electrical components and il has very little odour,

Local replacement of solvent. and machine servicing, is carried out by 20 distribulors in carried out by 20 distribulors in the UK and Eire, the used liquid being collected by the distributors and returned to the manufacturer where it is refined to ils original purity. The oil residue is used as an ingredient in other industrial products.

It has finished edges and is supplied fitled with perforated drainage tray and a metallic 0206 63461.



The size of this east steel node can be indged from the helght of the worker on the right. It will be shown to the oil industry for the first time at the XI Offshore Technology Conference in Houston in April/May.

## Strengthens the legs

grant from the Ministry of Research and Technology has enabled the Hoeseb organisation to develop a method of casting the complex steel "nodes"—the points at which the massive production rigs come together.

Hoeseh points ont that the weights should not be used for the used for the cast nodes, are outside the critical zone of the specialty simple to check.

During the development development to the cast nodes, are outside the critical zone of the specialty simple to check.

The company sees computer-aided design as a pre-requisite for the successful application of its new technology.

Development is not yet complete since research centres in

• OFFSHORE INDUSTRIES

Hoesch points ont that the method now used of fabricating these nodes is welding but that the technology is not satisfac-tory because of fatigue eracking across the weld areas. More-over, in harsh North Sea conditions, steel rigs are suffering damage which is constantly aggravated and repairs, particu-larly under water, add greatly

to operating costs.

Because of these considerations, Hoesch development staff.

cast nodes means that the structure strasse, 12 Post ture requires no stiffeners or 4800 Dortmand tions, Hoesch development staff.

The link welds, German Republic.

work partly supported by a £1m welds should not be used for the pipes to the cast nodes, are out-

bomogeneity. plete since research centres in
It was also determined that and outside West Germany are to achieve the best results and carrying out a series of intricate provide high fatigue crack tests on the castings to deterresistance it was preferable to mine life expectancy, loading produce compact castings with limits, deformation of nodes,

Application of the Hoesch Hoesch Werke AG, Eberhard-cast nodes means that the struc-ture requires no stiffeners or 4800 Dortmand, Federal

FOUR YEARS' development came up with the proposal that which join standard structural

high wall thickness rather than etc., but preliminary results, large diameter tubular junc-tions with thin walls, as has hitherto been the practice. says Hoesch. already clearly show the superiority of cast nodes compared with welding.

#### PACKAGING

## Plastic bottles venture starts

FOLLOWING THE announcement last autumn (this page, October 101 that companies in the UK are investing more than news of a newly created com-pany, Carnaud GPG, which has commenced production of polyethylene terephthalate (PET) bottles at its factory at Min-worth Industrial Park Birming-

(CTI) has joined forces with known as the Orgaverre bottle. GPG International to form the new company. CTI, said to dominate the French blow-moulded boltle industry, has produced bottles moulded in PET at its Chalon-sur-Saone factory for over a year and factory for over a year and bottle preform followed by tracts are already under way. blowing and stretching all in says the company. Including supbam (021-351 6337). ooe sequence. Product de plles to major UK bottlers of Carnaud Total Interplastic veloped by the company is soft drinks.

claims to bave perfected mould-ing machines called ISBO, cap-able of injection moulding the soft drink industry, and con-

#### @ RESEARCH

#### Looking at the energy market \*

A STUDY to idenlify new business opportunities in the energy conservation field in seven countries, has begun at Battelle's Columbus Laboratories.

Target is to provide Informa tion about new energy-efficient materials, products, techniques, and ionovations and to identify potential market opportunitle in Japan, Finland. Sweden. West Germany, Brilain and the United States. The study is being sponsored by nearly 30 companies.

Investigations will be conducted in each of the countries to identify new energy-efficient items that are being used with apparent success in industrial plants, buildings, and residential dwellings.

Results of the research will be useful to companies for licensing new products and technology; acquiring other companies; and forming partnerships and joint ventures.

Interested companies may still join the study with an investment at \$3,000 each. Additional information may be Obtained from Rolland B. Guy.
Battelle's Columbus Laboratories, 505. King Avenue,
Columbus Ohio 43201, U.S.

## Distributors do well

THE ADVENT of large scale: (the Association of Franchised Integration and the micro-processor, the florreasing influence of the foreign component supplier, the risky nature of investment in modern electronics—none of these things seems likely to restrain the growth of the electronic distribution industry in the UK.

For example, according to AFDEC chairman John Walker, the majority of micro chips are now being supplied through distributors, so that if the Government-seeded microprocessor "revolution" is to emphasise the importance of oistribution in the UK. even though many in the electronics industry feel that it is a saddening substitution for the previous design and development activities.

AFDEC points out that although to tall components sales will grow by a predicted 8.6 per cent this year, sales through distributors will go up by 13 per cent.

The total 1978 market was assessed at £688m to the end user, including £253m of active and £43ām of passive components and hardware. During 1978 it is estimated that 21 per cent of all sales to the market were via distribution; this year's figure will be about 22 per cent.

• ELECTRONICS

uently to put up with. were via distribution; this year's One of the objects of AFDEC figure will be about 22 per cent.

## Checks the limits

its recently introduced elec the right hand one which shows. The circult is basically an tronic component analyser conductance or dissiAC5555, H. W. Sullivan of Archeliffe Road, Dover, Kent pation factor.

Thumb-wheel switches are conductance or dissitransistor drivers which in turn feed power amplifiers, the ICH AChalo, H. W. Sullyan of pation factor.

Archcliffe Road, Dover, Kent Thumb-wheel switches are 8510, 8520 or the 8530, the now developed a limit com- used to set up the outer limits largest of which can pass 2.7

parator which plugs directly acceptable for the particular amps at 24 to 28 volts. Gain into the rear of the measuring batch of components. High, low is at least 100 dB. to the transport of the user to pass or pass conditions are then in the components have been

FOR USE in conjunction with tance and capacitance values or its recently introduced elective restrictions application in the same and capacitance values or from small analogue inputs.

## The components have been specially designed to drive unit and allows the user to pass or pass conditions are then incomponents within a tolerance dicated by means of lamps. At the rear of the comparator. The new device, designated AC5557, can be used to monitor either the left hand display of the bridge, which shows indice example. The components have been specially designed to drive s

#### • DATA PROCESSING Speeds process of the law

IN THE past few years, the is the input of the entire digested on a Document Coding legal profession has come to deposition (and certain other Form. This is the most cost-realise the importance of comparison types of court filed documents) effective way of proceeding and puter processing as an integral into the system. The need for has many advantages over a puter processing as an integral into the system, input is to full text system for documents. part of the litigation process. There have been numerous panel discussions on those subjects. Lawyers themselves have become concerned with the cost of litigation and the problem of adequately serving their

Considerable time bas been litigation support which can be applied regardless of the nature factory to lawyer users to bave retrievable. to design separate systema for each case. It was with this in mentary materials will be put mind that MCS designed a into the system in a digested

The first step in the process about the document will be 0628 71411.

total deposition input is to eoable the user quickly lo find phrases and events in the case as to which a witness bas testified. It was determined that full text is the most effective way of bandling depositions.

There will be a subsequent modification of this text in that, spent in designing a system for on each page, there will be a commentary section on the bottom of the page for the lawyer or paralegal to make of the case. It is not cost-lawyer or paralegal to make effective nor would it be satis-notes which will be equally The second step is thal docu-

system which would permit version. These basically include universal application. In the U.S. a client has worked closely with MCS to adapt "Factfinder" ing the course of the liligation. with MCS to adapt "Factfinder" ing the course of the liligation. be overcome. to handle the majority of com-

some extent. the continual problem of the avallability of sultably qualified legal staff can

· Mini Compuler Systems, Park mercial litigation. matlon that one would need House, Park Street, Berkshire.

nnits may be connected with document storage media rang-ing from 10m characters to 1,200m characters. The smallest

of these combinations would cost around £32,000, including everything needed to run the

syslem. However, it is expected

that a reasonable cost for the

application will prohably be io

At this level, MCS claims that

considerable effective savings

can be achieved, and that to

the region of £60.000.

## TRADERS GROUP LIMITED

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Notice is Henery Given that the meeting of the holders of the Notes of Traders Group Limited (the "Company" Notice is Hexaw Given that the meeting of the bolders of the Notes of Traders Group Limited (the "Company") isseed order and secured by a Deed of Trust and Mortgage and a Trust Deed of Hypothee, Mortgage and Pledge both made as of the 1st day of February, 1949 between the Company and The Royal Trust Company as Trustee (the "Trustee") and both as amended and supplemented by forty-nine indentures and deeds of hypothee, mortgage and pledge supplemental thereto (the "Trust Deed") called to be held in the Confederation Room No. 3, Royal York Hotel, 100 Front Street West, Toronto, Ontario, Canada on the 12th day of March, 1979 at 10 a.m. (Toronto ime) for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing an Amending Resolution, pursuant to the provisions of the Trust Deed, for the purposes referred to in the Notice calling such meeting, has, due to a lack of a quorum and pursuant to the provisions of the Trast Deed, been adjourned to and will be held in the Manitoba Room, Royal York Hotel, 100 Front Street West, Toronto, Ontario, Canada on the 27th day of March, 1979 at 10 a.m. (Toronto

Pursua of to the provisions of the Trust Deody holders of Notes present in person and represented by proxy at such adjourned meeting shall form a quorum for the transaction of Tany business which may properly come before the

Dated the 13th day of March, 1979.

The Royal Trust Company:

630 Donchester Rivd W Montreal, Quebec H3B 1S6

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THE MANAGEMENT PAGE

## Survivors in the

FINLY 252 of the 1:007 original ntrants in the 1979 national nanagement championship still ave a chance of sharing in the 3,500 major prize-money. Even o, the 755 teams knocked out ave the option of continuing t the price of £35 into the ibsidiary "Plate" competion, whose winner and two inners up will respectively eceive £500, £250, and £100. This year the United King-

om championship is more than rer an "npen" event, with everal teams playing by post id telephone from overseas suntries, including Abu Dhabi, ortugal and Belgium. Another stant player seems to be comuting between Singapore and

#### Closest finish

As well as breaking the 1,000 rrier with its initial entry, the outest bas assected for the closest finiso.

e of the first round's playing outes, a team calling itself tom directed its "paper" nsumer-durable company to employee particular succeptance of the first round's playing outes, a team calling itself tom directed its "paper" such changes form a succeptance of the need to into the second round increase productivity and profits, the replacement of revolutionary committees running by more conventional

As for trading conditions in second round," says Jack yzell, chief administrator of hing horrible planned as

.. Things will just be a bit gher, that's all." Round two starts on Monday i when it ends on April 20 survivors will be down to Thereafter two more rounds. ved mainly by post, will sift e-to-face in the championp final in London on July 20. all this year's finalists will lefit from the fact that the 9 game is the 10th UK conto be sponsored by the ancial Times, ICL, and the itute of Chartered Account-England and Wales. ociate sponsors are the Coneration of British Industry the Institute of Directors: o mark the occasion, the first e has been doubled to

00 and, for the first time,

three runners up will bestively take bome £750, £500;

£250. As always, the winner

be invited to represent the

in the European manage-

year in Paris, the bome

and of its present holders:

John Elliott, who recently toured China, reports on what he found

## China takes a leaf out of the West's management book

2, the 755 teams knocked out gradually being introduced in shortage of electricity.

The first round, just ended, the way that China runs its

Even the briefest of economic and industrial affairs. Slowly the new leadership of Premier Hua Guofeog and vicepremier. Deng Xiaoping is moving towards the adoption of. some of the methods of a mixed economy in an attempt to push the country into a rapid 20 years of massive industrialisation.

This involved the acceptance a few months ago of the foreign notions of financial credit and commercial law in business transactions, and is now leading Peking Ministries into considering the even more radical step of forming joint business ventures between China and overseas companies.

Monetary incentives are also being introduced for both shop floor workers and managers and, like any Western nation with an alienated and unproductive

devolving of central bureaucratic control away from

There are some parallels here with the way that Yugoslavia moved away from centralism 30 years ago by transferring power from central bureaucracies to provincial and municipal levels of government, while at the same time creating workers' a form of collective management. Although this process is only just starting in China, the Government has made it clear ments that it realises the limitations of the present cen-tralised system and intends to give individual cities and factory managements more power of initiative over matters such as production plans and methods and the level of wages and bonuses.

Few if any of these changes of policy-have, bowever, yet had overmanning in Industry, and

Even the briefest of visits to factories and industrial areas underlines both the vast leap forward that China has 10 make industrially and the extreme contrasts that exist within the country, especially between the cities and the peasant-occupied areas only a few miles away.

Consumer goods such as radios, toys and cars look like European and American designs of the 1940s and 1950s but are intermingled with more modern products. Although there is little if any private owoership of cars, the country is desperately short of cars and has recently imported Toyotas from Japan for the Peking taxi

China's only factory producing saloon cars (as opposed to large hlack Government limousines) manages an annual output of only 2,500 "Sbanghai Scdans" plus about 5,000 light trucks from a workforce of The contrasts are evident here. The car factory has a body assembly track that scarcely moves forward as men and women work bard with files and hammers to make body panels fit together on what eventually emerges as a large 1950s-style family saloon, while nearby machine shop bas the same sort of machine tools and presses found in many British engineering factories and only needs a little automation and reorganisation to be brought up

#### Contrasts

There are even greater contrasts in the coal industry, onecouncils in factories to provide third of whose 600m tons a year output comes from pits operated by local peasants. In Datong just west of Peking, which is one of the country's through public newspaper state- major mining areas, miles of run down buildings line roads filled with peasants on donkey drawn carts carrying coal and other produce. But the road leads to the relatively modern Silaogou mine which contains some of the latest Dowty plt props from Britain.

Sucb a country of contrasts can be hard for a foreigner to work in and managers from the West now operating in China tell stories about the much effect and, indeed, some West now operating in China of them are only now hears tell stories about the announced by the Government, impossibility of trying to func-So the visitor to Peking and tion with the slow but cunning other industrial centres in central and provincial China is regaled by other foreigners with stories about which has been demotivated by managers and technologists who bave been starved of training michael Dixon about cases of factories in bave been starved of training places like Sbangbai and Canfor more than a decade. ton having to shut down from "The overmanning makes

allowed to stay away from work, revolutionary committee. Asked



Mr. Eric Variey, the Industry Secretary, inspects a Shanghai Sedan on his Tecent Chinese tour.

British Leyland look lean and country is in the throes of a hard and some people say that "socialist modernisation" of a the absentecism in fact is different kind. Chinese leaders beneficial because it trims the number of people actually at the Xinbua News Agency, that work to a potentially manage- this will "inevitably be accomable size and stops over-crowding," is how one observer of the Chinese industry puts the problem. "People just seem to turn up to work when they want Most factories in the industo and have no fixed tasks to perform. And the management .

different titles." .The answer to this from Chinese officials and factory directors is that all these faults stem from the excesses of the Gang of Four that ruled China towards the end of Chairman Mao's life.

During that time industry

years ago covering overall fac-tories and Individual workshops. It is difficult to establish how effective or otherwise they to be vetted and approved by were because they are now banished with the general condemnation of the Gang of They are therefore blamed for everything that is wrong with Chinese industry. They are supposed to have demotivated workers by setting work quotas that were too high and to have allowed anarchy to power of the past decade. For relgn with bad time keeping instance al some of the mines and pnor safety standards: and at the Shanghai car factory Administrative staff and young the present director and bis

realise, bowever, according to panied by profound changes in various spheres, giving rise 10

trial areas of China are owned , and run by the central Governhas little expertise and is often ment or by the local made up of leaders of the old municipality. Within a factory there are three centres of power and authority. The primary one is the Communist Party political committee which, headed by a political secretary, is responsible for the factory's overall policies and for political activities. The secretary is elected by the party members who may in fact form only a was run by revolutionary com- minority of a workforce-for mittees which were set up ten example in the Datong coal mines only about a fifth of the

miners belong to the party.

After election the secretary bas

the local party machine. Then there is the factory or mine management headed by a director who is in charge of dayto-day management affairs. Sometimes, though not usually, merely workers are said to have been deputy were members of the old

revolutionary committee also gress the workers can also begin included some people who were proficient in management and they have now gone to other

The third force in a factory is the trade union whose functions are very different from those in western countries with adversary traditions of labour relations. Wages are fixed nationally in China and have little local variation although the new leadership is encouraging the idea of local financial incentives. As a result. at the Shanghal car factory forexample, there is now an annual bonus, adding about 10 per cent to wage levels. There is therefore no wage negotiating, but the unions can complain about working conditions on behalf of their members: Current issues, for example, include work quotas on Shanghai docks and job grading in the car factory:

But the main work of the trade unions is to look after welfare issues, to encourage worker education, to help boost productivity and, guided by the party committee, to help with political education. After a meeting of the All China Federation of Trade Unions at the end of February, a state-ment was issued which illustrates this union role. statement called on unions and political committees to strengthen their "political and ideological work " and " to cultivate lofty revolutionary aspirations among workers, to educate them in revolutionary traditions, and encourage them

to exert themselves for the country's modernisation." The unions could now become more important as a result of current moves towards increased employee participation. One of their jobs is to convene annual or biannual mass meetings- or congresses as they are called-of a factory's workforce where management's plans are discussed and complaints and views aired,

This does not however provide any significant degree of worker control and in UK terms he regarded as fairly common might well common post - decision employee con-But the Colnese sultation. under the leadership of a factory party committee, they should support "correct" views and

to exercise some control by complaining about their management. They can appeal through the party committee for a direc-

tor to be removed. In addition, following an nitiative launched by Viceinitiative launched by Vice-Premier Deng at a national union congress last October worker representatives are now being elected to cover individual worksbops - but, not, it should be noted, complete factories. In the terms of the recent Bullock debate in Britain, this could be seen as building employee participation from the bottom upwards, which, put another way, means limiting the workers' influence over management to day-to-day shop floor affairs, rather than broader companywide issues. Whether that remains the aim, or whether a form of collective management develops, remains to be seen.

#### Speeded up

The election of these directors is now taking place in places like the Shanghai car factory and the Government is urging, through the trade union confederation, that the process should be speeded up.

At the same time the Chinese Government has also realised that it has to move fast to raise the standards of its industrial management because of the gap in learning and expertise created by the political up-beavals of the past decade. The primary development appears to be the recognition of a manager's role and of the need to reward bim with money and status. A Chinese Enterprise Management Association beaded by a vice-minister from the State Economic Commission, and consisting of academics and managers, bas also just been set up to raise management standards with the belp of experience from abroad.

But it will not be easy for these managers, team leaders, congresses and party secretaries to span the contradictions between the political theories of Communism and the new aspects of the industrialisation considerable resistance in the middle levels of the country's Government is presenting these middle levels of the country's congresses as an important bureaucracy if they are by-development and says that, passed in the shiftings of power. The inberitance of the decade will also take a long time to sbake off and will need the committees themselves management style between then workers and should "observe and industrial success—than debates.

Now, It is explained, the director of the car factory says: "Some of us are duction and upbold the law and many observers believe is the same people, but then the social order." Through the confeasible. more consistency of political and

#### BUSINESS PROBLEMS BY OUR LEGAL STAFF

#### Transfer veto

There is now a possibility that an nutside purchaser may make an offer to discontented minority shareholders of a family company, whose profits are considerable, directors salaries mnre so, and dividends nil. If so it is feared the directors will veto the transfers. Can anything be done?

There is very little that the minority sharebolders can do. It is just possible that a case. might be made out for a petition .. to the court under section 210 .
of the Companies Act 1948; but, that would depend on the full, circumstances of the case. You should consult a solicitor.

#### Losses v. gains

I live in British Columbia, but during the present tax year I: may be considered as resident in the UK for tax purposes. If so, would losses on futures contracts I purchase nutside the UK\* be deductible against gains I. made from property sales within the UK? If a non-resident buys property in the UK and realises a gain nn sale, would be be

Assuming that you are domielsewhere outside the UK, the answer to your first question is no, wbatever your residential status may be (hecanse of sections 20 (7) and 43 (3) of the Finance Act 1965). answer to your second question; is: (a) Capital gains tax—no; provided he is not carrying or a trade in the UK (because of-section 20 (2) of the Finance; Act 1965); 1b) Development land tax-yes, if liability arises (because of article 13 t1) of the Canada-UK double taxation con-vention of September 8, 1978, and article 12 (1) of the old agreement of December 12, 1966): (c) Income tax-no, provided the purchase and sale are not regarded as comprising an adventure in the nature of

accepted by the Financial Times for the onswers given in these: columns. All inquiries will be: answered by past as soon as possible.

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Tues. 27th March 1979



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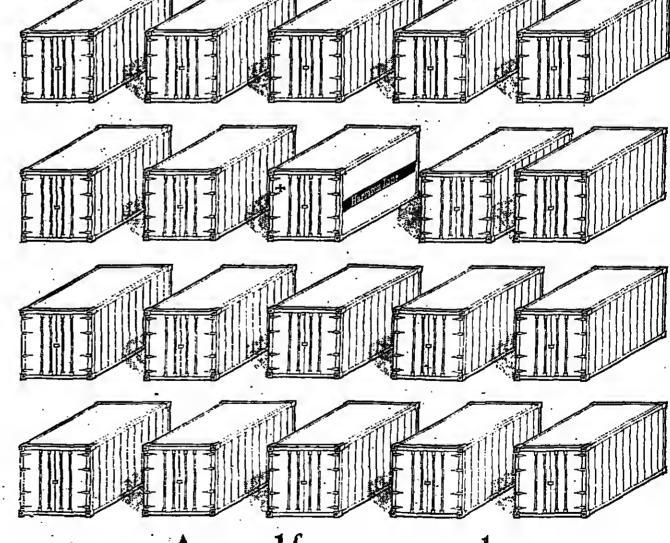
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## Hunting the credit Snark

BY ANTHONY HARRIS

FOR SOME months this news- with the cost or availability of paper bas been pointing out finance. As a matter of fact the with some force that excessive CBI always gets this Buswerpublic sector borrowing within there were no apparent financing set monetary target can cramp problems even in the corporate the style of the private sector, credit crunch of 1975. But there Indeed, according to some is more. Mr. Worswick also critics we have become rather points out that investment reboring on this subject - crowd- malned husvant for most of ing out, as it is known in the 1978. I would add some felling City. In a letter published on evidence which he does not cite: Monday, one of those critics, Mr. the simplest way to cut down G. D. N. Worswick, director of horrowing if the cost seems the National Institute of Eco-excessive is to run down stocks, nomic and Social Research, but the figures show that stocks challenged its with what could actually rose in relation to outbe a highly embarrassing put until the last three months question. Where, he asked, is of 1978; and even then the Fird Your evidence?

This question is a ticklish one In two wars. At its simplest, it challenges the whole concept of erowding out (a phrase which you will very seldom find in these columns. The words suggest an absolute shortage of 'eredit; and as Mr. Worswick points out, there is no evidence of that, in the sense that it is very hard to find anyone who Says that they are unable to and what the Treasury has need borrow if they wish. Indeed, in saying by implication, for many this sense the whole concept is years. "a fallacy, as Treasury officials have liked to point out for many years — a "lump of credit" fallacy rather like the "lump "of labour" fallacy which Sant Brittan has repeatedly exposed. When a government goes into theficial it potentially creates the money it has to porrow back.

#### ? Private saving

However, in another sense there quite clearly is a shortage of credit, because the pricethe rate of interest—rises, Government horrowing does not create a shortage of funds like the shortage of water in a desert, but it does after the would cut cash flow by nearly balance between total borrowing £500m in a full year. But the and the planned level of private saving. Indeed, if you 20 back to Keynes, you will see that this is in fact the whole purpose of the exercise: it is what the word "reflation" means in a financial sense. The question is not whether a large government deficit raises interest rates; that s common ground. It is simply to decide what level of interest rates, if ony, can be called about this sum, as higher "excessive"; and this is where interest charges are debited.

Mr. Worswick's demand for There are similar though evidence really does get embarrassing. Looking for direct building societies. In other evidence of the harm done by high interest rates can be as frustrating as the Hunting of rates sharply, it produces an off-

cites CBI surveys which show through income transfers; and that only 1 per cent of businesses complain of any problems this be the Snark?

strike prohably had more to do with the fall in stockhuilding than any reaction to overdraft charges.

There is a temptation, when one is cornered like this, to trade one awkward question for another, and ask Mr. Worswick: "Are you really saying that a 6 per cent rise in interest rates dnesn't matter?" Unfortunately. this is exactly what he is saying, and what the Treasury has been

#### Offsetting

However, before we conclude that the Snark is a honjum. it worth asking if we are not hunting in the wrong place. We look fur price effects, because that seems the natural place to lonk. But the rate of interest is not just a price; it controls a stream of income over the whole stock of credit. The income effects could be interesting Isorry about that).

On examination, it proves that they are. First, industrial and commercial companies are net debtors to the banks for about £8bn; a 6 per cent rise would cut cash flow by nearly total of sterling bank credit is more than £30bn. If we roughly characterise people with deposit accounts as savers and those with overdrafts as spenders tadmittedly a gross exaggeratinn), there is a transfer of nearly £2bn of Income from spenders" to "savers."

What is more, available new lending by the banks is cut by smaller effects through the setting rise in private saving. Mr. Worswick, for example, not through the price effect, but

In search of the perfumed garden SCENTED FLOWERS seduce in the seed lists. It is a dull a new garden of about a third it to flower. I allow it to spread beneath rose bushes and near of an acre wants to mass it with plants which are well scented. the house-windows. You can Her husband expects her to get ignore it until the air cools at 00 with it, while he tries to inabout 6 pm and the scent comes

ferest the Mexicans in his com-

pany's power cables. She wants

him to return to a classic sort of

perfumed garden: what, then,

should she choose, as she does

not know the first thing about it, except that every gardening

column talks about scented

flowers in the two months of

the year when nobody in his

right mind would wish to leave the fireside? So Winter Sweet

is out. For the rest, the garden

has a lime soil (no azaleas,

therefore) and a bad pre-bistory

before she was left to take it

Annual seeds

At this time of year, I would

hogin with annual seeds. By

mid-July her husband will be

shooting a line about sombreros

and the Mexican oil industry.

ff she is quick, she could

already have the exquisite

night-scented stock tucked into

every flower-bed and in full

hloom for a cost of about 3np.

Mntthiola Bicornis is the name

has room for it . Mignonette, in my experience. is less notable. You have to bend down into it to catch, its powdery scent. Cherry Pie on a hot day is a better bet, as are the selectable strains of plain double stocks, especially in their yellow and white forms. These are easily raised. Throw out all seedlings with dark green leaves, as these will be single-flowered. Keep the seed boxes at around 50 degrees F. Otherwise, this distinctive leafcolour will not show up.

free at the bour of release for

summer commuters. Everybody

Among the stocks, sweet pens are excellent, indeed essential. It is not obvious to my nose that tures now being pushed in the seed-lists are much sweeter than the far larger-flowered modern ones. But old fashions are good husiness, let alone R mixture which is called antique.

We notice sweet peas above all as a cut flower, so perhaps their scent is not the first choice for a strongly-scented The flower should stand near

garden. You would do better doors chairs and windows. They clumps will often revive, if you that you can have too much of SCENTED FLOWERS seduce in the seed lists. It is a dull garden. You would do better any owner of a gardén into, flower, but its scent in the eventaking an interest in it. I hope, taking an interest in it. I hope, then, that I may take one passed. It will grow anywhere request from a reader as typical as B hardy annual, sown out of in being clever with these. The colorest to make the tobacco plant. Again, I have yet to be continued that there is much plant to make the tobacco plant. The seemed a heavy lift out their inner net of corns, this in any form, tall or short, coolness to the scent which split them and replace them to the hogeysuckle runs it is being clever with these. The copies to the scent which split them and replace them with B rich soil, ruhbed heavy close, especially the rampant one called Japonics holliana, no other liby on leaves. From new stock, you whose cream-and-yellow flowers are now garden of about a third if to sowner. I always too much of the continue of surrounding the request from a reader as typical as B hardy annual, sown out of in being clever with these. The grandiflora. No other liby on leaves. From new stock, you whose cream-and-yellow flowers are grandiflorated to the sound of the sound with the library of the sound of the soun pretty, but the best evening lime soil can rival them, but I should enjoy a heavy crop of are not conspictious, but their scent in the cool of the day is would also plan beside the door white flowers in the second May scent is as strong as the flower still to be found in the plain for a few pots which were filled after planting. Lily-of-the-valley is insipid. This really is a old white. I would urge the with the golden-rayed lily, L. is a surprisingly greedy plant, climber, which will grow on any wives of itinerant business. Auratum. This llly hates lime, so so do not starve it. Remember wall, however dank and hundred from seed for this It is a fine pot-plant, up to five point which makes it such a fine or a north-ficing door in any hundred from seed for this It is a fine pot-plant, up to five point which makes it such a fine or a north-ficing door in any hundred from seed for this It is a fine pot-plant, up to five point which makes it such a fine or a north-ficing door in any business. summer. This co plants will feet tall in August, when its edging plant in a town garden grow in half shade. They are spotted and striped white at their hest when the 9.30-to-flowers are wide open, broad and sweetly-scented. A pot or

GARDENS TODAY BY ROBIN LANE FOX

Enough, then, of the annuals, two of these and a mass of Elsewhere, the prize must go to regales will waft you away in lilies, above all the regale form. July, so that you hardly need I have said enough in the past another scent at that time. about raising this plant from have lily-of-the-valley. You can scent after a shower of rain. For the various old-fashioned mix- seed at no cost. But if you are still buy the corns and plant caught without stock, these lilies are, still only 30p a hulb. would buy them by the bundred. A yellow form is now available. It is just as handsome. so he sure to add some in as a contrast. This lily is the easiest around. Bury it three inches deep, and simply leave it alone.

Earlier, of course, you should

Among shrubs, you must distinguish two scents. There are shruhs which will only smell if you rub them or brush against them. Rosemary is one of these. High in every list of scented plants, it adds nothing to the air unless you collide with it. Thyme, levender, and other "scented" shrubs are all similar. Only the leaves of the cistus are secretive. But scented gardens are not just aromatic gardens. Scent must be released of its own accord. Hence, I would prefer to all these aromatic herbs the common Sweet still buy the corns and plant the rest, I would turn to flower-them now. All the expensive ing shrubs, three of which on variations are worthwhile, limey soils outdo the rest. Each Everest, Fortin's Giant, and so is cheap, easy and quick. Their forth Buy for a mass of section in the rest in the rest. forth. But for a mass of seent, scent is given off so powerfully you should stick to the plain from the flowers that you do not white one, and give it at least a bave to approach them in order year to settle into a shaded bed to catch it. Philadelphus is slill

is insipid. This really is a climber, which will grow on any rough back-garden. It is excellent on city walls. You can prune it ruthlessly at this time of year.

#### Companion

Last, but not least, would be the white heads of flower on the hybrid viburnum carlesii. This is a superb companion for the scent of lily-of-the-valley in late blay. There are other closelyrelated hybrids but I bave found none better than this old sbrub. Eventually, it is some seven feet tall, and is covered in round heads of the sweetest white flowers. From vihurnum through lilies to the Philadelphua and some stocks in August among sweet peas, you can fill a garden quite quickly and cheaply with scenta which are released while you sit among them. If it worked, any right-minded hus-band would do the sensible thing, throw up his travels in whose soil has been lightened the first choice for its tangerine, the summer and become a with leaf-mould. Sometimes, the scent on those husbes of white gardener among these easy flowers are rather sparse. Old flower in July I do not believe plants instead.

## More formidable Sea Pigeon to land Champion Hurdle

IN ONE OF the most open Heluan at Newbury on his Champion Hurdles in the race's seasonal debut, Mr. Pat Champion Hurdles in the race's history, I iotend giving one more chance to Sea Pigeon, in spite of the continuing adverse rumours about his health and the fact that he has yet to come good in this, the supreme hurdling test.

The Sea Bird II gelding, who

#### RACING

undoubtedly the one they all Pigeon is now, if anything, B look attractive each-way prosi-more formidable foe than ever. tions at around 10-1 and 20-1. The effortless conqueror of respectively.

seasonal away from Birds Nest in the morrow's

just three-quarters of a length queror, Corrib Chieftain. can to give 18 lbs to the one-time prove just how unlucky he may "live" Champlon Hurdle hope, Decent Fellow, a two-lengths in last year's Triumph Hurdle victim to Western Rose at level with a clear-cut victory over the weights on his previous outing Irrepressible Sir Martio Gilliat's at Wincanton.

If, as 1 anticipate, Sea Pigeon can be held up by Jonjo O'Neill for a late thrust, his still-deadly turn-of-foot should carry the day. For the minor placings. Monksfield is not quite the force stahlemates Major Thompson he was 12 months ago, Sea and Mariborough's Birds Nest

The most persistent ante-pos Pat run oo this year's Festival pro-Muldoon's multi-talented nine- gramme has been that on year-old went on to quicken Ireland's Royal Dipper for tofinal 200 yards of Newcastle's Triumph Hurdle, and those "Fighting Fifth" before put-ting up what can be described odds tumbling from 25-1 to 8-1 as one of the most remarkable should have further cause for handicap performances ever satisfaction, following the seen hy a hurdler in the Waterford Crystal Supreme Emhassy handicap at Haydock. Novice Hurdle. Here, his re-There, Sea Pigeon falled by cent two-lengths Naas con-

## CHELTENHAM

have been when robbed of a run

2.30-Corrib Chleftaln \*\*\* 3.05-I'm A Driver 3 40-Sea Plgeon\*\*

4.15-Milan Major 5.25-The Snipe

HIV:

1.20 pm Report West\_Headlines. 1.25
Report Wates Headlines. 5.20 Crosstoads. B.00 Report West. 6.15 Report
Wates. 5.30 Emmerdale Farm. 11.40
Bernoby Jones.
HTV Cymru/Wates—As HTV General
Service except: 1.20-1.25 pro Penswdes
Newyddion y Oydd. 4.20-4.45 Rydw I
Am Fest. 5.00-6.15 Y Dydd.
HTV West—As HTV Generel Service
except: 1.20-1.30 pm Report West.
Inces. 6.15-8.30 Report West.

SCOTTISH .

SOUTHERN .

ULSTER

1.25 pm News Headlines and Rgor Report 5.15 Teotime Tales, 5.20 Cross-roads, 8.00 Scatland Today, 6.30 Rest of Weir, 11.40 tate Cali, 11.45 George Hamilton IV.

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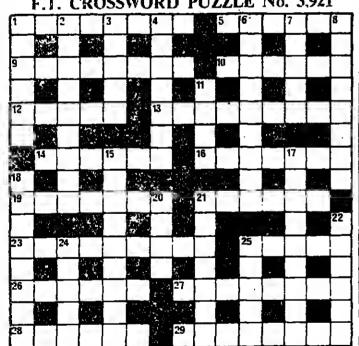
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1 River I lish in underwear

9 Ont-and-out though accepting an alternative (8) 16 Work in short edition it

could be supposed (6) 12 Piece let in to insert without direction (5) 13 History that is deplorable to the French (91

14 Lend or revised a short poem 161. 16 Scrutinise backward hnr? It's malicious gossip: 17) 19 She left sentor airman in

resin (7) 21 Exercises round meadows to 22 Soft hen for an actress (6) give delight (6) 23 Puh with no tax or inventor

politician going to the Spanish (5)

26 Like a sea-bird at the hack nt the boat (6) 27 Urgent request to dine in vestibule 181 28 Tolerate finish on river 16)

29 One who propagates what a knife may be (\$1 DOWN I Feline family seen un trees 2 Doctor put on weight from

felsear (9)

make merry (51

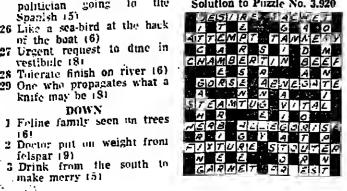
crounds 5 University accountant, politician and us 8 Hastily German

learner (8) II Flag that would be national

ment panél (9) 18 Breathe heavily before

21 Fish to cut and vegetable

recognised [51 25 Written defamation from 25 Big and it could be regal (5) Solution to Puzzle No. 3.920



Play School, 4.20 Touché Turile, 4.25 Jackanory, 4.40 Take Hart, 5.00 John Craven's Newsmund, 5.05 Grabam's Gung, 5.35 Noah

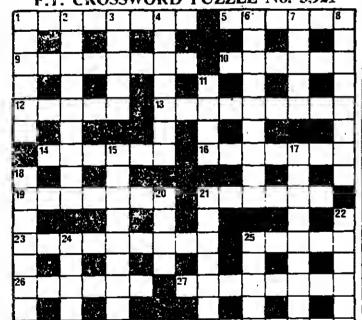
9.00 News.

and Nelly. PDC I 7.05-7.55 am Open University (Ultra high frequency only). 9,38 For Schools, Colleges, 18145 You and Me. 11.00 For Schools.

5,55 Nationwide (London and

8.10 An Englishman's Castle.

Colleges. 12.45 pm News. 1.00 Pebble Mill. 1.45 Fingerbobs. 2.01 For Schools, Colleges. 3.30 Racing from Chellenham. 3.55 F.T. CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 3.921



4 Book one state, it's reason-ACROSS

> h A very soft finish on time, inal's something added (9) 7 Vessel 1 caught briefly in sudden fright (5) making South deny accepting

> if put on top of hospital (4) 15 One who supplies stag with offel inside 191 17 Run to directors for instru-

> speaking like huccaneer (S) 20 Copper to note is pleasing

24 Not a short edition that's



the following times:-Numbers. 6.20 Reporting Scotland. 12.00
7.35 Morecambe and Wise at News and Weather for Scotland.
Wales 2.18.2.20 Wales—2.18-2.38 pm 1 Ysgolion. 5.05-5.35 Bilidowcar. 5.55-6.20 Wales Today, 6.45 Heddiw, 7.05-

> Northern Ireland News, 5.55-6.20 Scene Around Six. 11.55 News and Weather for Northern Ireland.

Midlands Today (Birmingham): Paints West (Bristol): South Today (Southampton); Spotlight

BBC 2 6.40-7.55 am Open University.

ham. 4.50 Open University. 6.55 Mtd-evening News.
7.05 Einstein's Universe by Nigel Calder.

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18.55 em Weather 7.00 News 7.05 Your Midweck Choice natt I (S) B.00 News. B.05 Your Midweek Chesco.

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10.05 Sportsnight.
11.15 Tonicht
11.55 Weather/Regional News.
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1.20 pm Dodo. 2.00 two F Rauger. 5.15 Little Vic.

6.25 Help!

10.00 News. 10.30 Mid-week Sports Special. 11.40 Guinness Golden Darts.

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S.25 em First Thing, 1.20 pm Gram-pien Nows Headlines 5.15 Emmerdalo Farm. B.00 Gramotan Today, 11.40 Reflectione. 11.45 George Hamilton IV. 12.15 am Grampian Late Night, Hood-Jines.

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viegnor. Geeinover. 7.15 Mind, Merrei and Mechanism. 8.00 89; Symphony Orchestra, part 1: Stravinsky (\$) 8.25 The Arto Worldwide, 8.45 8BC 50. part 2: Maller (\$1. 10.15. Thondora Roothka Italk by Oonis Ingaeghuel. 10.55 Mozart's Piano Trios (\$). 11.55-12.00 Nove.

RADIO 4

12.27 pm Gue Honeybun's Birthdays.
1.20 Weetward Nowe Headlines. 2.25 Family. S 15 Emmordals Farm. 8.00 Voetward Bary. 10.28 Westward Late News. 11.40 Barnsby Jones 12.35 em Faith Ior Lile. 12.40 West Country Westher, Shioping Forecast. YORKSHIRE 1.20 pm Calendar News 5.1S Mr. oud Mrs. 8.00 Calender (Emloy Mooi and Belmont editions). 11.40 Electro Theatro Show.

Sicry. 11.00 Time for Action. 11.45
Ligten with Mother. 12.00 News.
12.02 pm You and Yours. 12.27 Toll
Me Wivere It Hunts | S1. 12.55 Weather,
programme news. 1.00 Tive World at
line. 1.40 The Archeto. 1.55 Shipping
lorecast. 2.00 News. 2.02 Women's
Hour. 2.00 News. 2.05 Altomoon
Thoatro (S). 3.50 Chorol Evensong IS1.
4.35 Story Time. S.00 PM. News
magazine. S.60 Shipping lorecast. 5.55
Wosther: programme news B.00 News.
6.30 My Music 751 7.00 News. 7.05
The Archers. 7.20 Checkpoint. 7.45
The People Groened and Murmilled
(History of Lazaroni. 8.45 Analysis:
Iron, the oil question. S.30 Kaleidocope. S.59 Wusther 10.00 The World
Tonishi 10.30 The Movie Moguls. 11.00
A Book at Bedtime. 11.15 The Financial
World Tonisht. 11.30 Today in Ezrliament. 12.00 News.

London Broadcasting

5.00 em Morning Music. 6.00 The AM Shew. 10.00 Bitan Hayes. 1.00-B.00 pm LBC Reports with George Galy at 3 pm. B.00 Alter Ernlit. 9.00 Night-line 100 em Night Ealts. 12.00 Nows. VHF Only-6.00-7.00 em end 5.45-7.10 pm Doen University. 600 am Nervs Strefting. S.10 Fatming Today S.25 Shipping Igracast. 6.30 Today: Magazine including 6.45 Preyor for the Gay. 7.00. 8.00 Today's News. 7.30, 8.30 Nows headlines. 7.45 Thought for the Ilay. B.35 Yesterdey if Parliament. B.00 Nows. S.05 The Living Vorld 9.35 The Prepular Image. 10 00 News. 10 00 Gardoners' Question Time. 10.30 Ilally Sorvice. 10.45 Morning. Capital Radio

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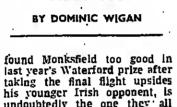
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have to beat, if he cao maintain his momentum. For, whereas

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6.20 Natioowide.
6.45 Nnel Edmonds' Lucky 2.18-2.38 pm For Schools. 5.55-620 Reporting Scotland. 12.00

> 7.35 Florida. .11.55 News and Weather for Wales. Northern Ireland-3.53-3.35 pm

> England-5.55-6.20 pm Lnok East (Norwich): Look Nurth (Leeds, Manchester Newcastle):

South-West (Plymouth).

t0.45 Parosi. 2.15 pm Racing from Chelten-

9.25 The Serpent Son. 10.50 My Kind of Mavie: Richard Rodney Bennelt on "The Cobweb." 10,35 Arena: Cinema. 11,30 Late News.

11.45 Closedown reading.

Radio Wavelengths

3 1215kHz/247m & 90-92.5vhf stere

4 200kHa 1500m & 92-95vhl

5.45 News. /6.00 Thames at 6.

7.00 This Is Your Life. 7.30 Coronation Street. 8.00 The Benny Hill Show.

12.10 What The Papers Say

12.25 Cinse: A painting by
Toulouse Lautrec with
with music by Offenbach.

All 1BA Regions as London except at the following times:

1.20 pm ATV Newsdosk S.15 The Rail Harrie Show. 8.00 ATV Today. 11 40 Twist in the Tale

BORDER 1.20 pm Lunchtime 2.25 The Electric Theatre Show 2.55 The Unismed Viorid 4.78 Uleier Hows Heedings. 5.15 Cartoon Time 5.20 Crossroad. 6.00 Good Evening Ulster. 11.40 Bed-

1.20 pm Southern News. 2.00 Hoose party. 2.25 Young Romey. 5.15 Sinbad Junier 5.20 Cressroads. 7.0.00 Gay by Inty 8.35 Scene Midweek I South Each Aros Intyl. 11.40 Southern News Extra. 11.56 The Electric Theatre Show. 1.25 pm Anglie News 2.00 House-party. 2.25 Family. 5.15 fdr. aed fixe. 8.00 About Anglia. 11.40 The Company Men. 12.40 em The 2iq Question. TYNE TEES ATV 9.25 cm The Good Word followed by North East News Headlines. 1.20 pm North East News end Where the Jobs Arc. 5.15 Isveino and Shirley. 6.00 Northern Life. 11.40 Police Surgeon. 12.10 am Epiloque.

12.SS pm Guernsey Election for Deputies 1.18 Channel Lundhilme Hows, What's In Where and Weether, S.15 Emerdale Farm, 8.00 Channel News. 5.10 Finishy Phontom 10.28 Channel Life News, 11.40 Barnaby Jores, 12.45 em Edilegue Inflowed by News and Weather in Fronth. WESTWARD

part 2 (S1. 8.00 News. 8.05 This Weel's Composer Haydri 1S). 9.55 Music for Organ (S). 10.35 Song Recital (SV. 11.05 Pence Music from New Zealand and Australia (S). 11.45 aBC Scottish Symphony Orcheetre (S1.00 pm News. 1.05 Concert Hall (S). 2.50 The Oram Major's Daughter. (Si. 4.45 Antana Soler (S1. 5.10 Yeing Music-Makers (S). 6.26 Homeward Bound (S). 15.45 News. 15.50 Homeward Bound (S). 15.45 News. 15.50 Homeward Bound (Continued). 35.15 At Home: Victor de Sabate conducts Viegnor, Deelhower. 7.15 Mind, Mertel and Mechanism. 8.00 aBC Symphony Orcheete and Mechanism. 8.00 aBC Symphony Orcheete and Mechanism. 8.00 aBC Symphony

ment 12.00 News BBC Radio London 5.00 em As Radio 2. 6.30 Rush Hour. S.00 Longon Live. 12.03 pm Call In. 2.03 206 Showcase. 4 09. Homa Run. 5.10 Look, Stop. Listen. 7.30 Alack Londonera. 8.30 in Concert. 10.03 Lite Night London. 12.00 As Radio 2. 12.05 am Question Time. From 1.00 As Radio 2.

6.00 Em Graham Oene's Breaklast Show (S) S.00 Michael Aspel (S). 12.00 Dave Cash (S). 3.00 pm. Roger Scott (S) 7.00 London Tudey [S) 7.30 Advan Love's Open Line (S) S.00 Nicky Horne's Tour Mother Vouldn't Like it (S) 11.00 Tony Myshi's Late Show (S) 2.00 am Dugcen Johnson's Night Flight (S).

## The face of Germany

by WILLIAM WEAVER

Peasant girl in her Confirmation dress, with a prayer book in her hand

would say-of petty function-aries, high officials, the middle field, posing, but not posing so

class.

These faces have a distinct for someone in her minds eye.
"Weimar" look. The young, pudgy Paul Hindemith stares at anonymity are partial, gauged;

pompous, petty court official the burgher who surely voted National Socialist in the early Thirties. The artists have a doomed look, as if sensing their

future banishment as "degene-

road-workers sit for a moment

tive in artistic matters, realised

In the past few years Roman iltural life has become coulerably more stimulating anks to the increasing of increasing imaginative tivity of the city's Assessorato la Cultura (or Cultural Comission). New places for hibitions and theatre are urishing while the old places e being refurbished and vitalised.

Among the old places is that st elephant of a building e Palazzo delle Esposizioni nich stands squarely in Via azionale, balfway between the ilway station and the Piazza mezia. Recently the shows ere have been notahly more eresting, more varied than the past; and they have also cn attracting a larger dience. In the old days, ose echoing halls were markable chiefly for their ooky emptiness.

The same forbidding palazzo o comprehends a smaller hihition space, the Galleria ia Milano, a dank room next the mouth of the hellish and to Via del Tritone. If ything the shows held here the past were even more attractive than those in the rooms up above. But ently the smaller Galleria has racted coosiderable attention, to only from the general blic, but also from critics a writers. In collaboration has the Deutsche Bibliothek m (Goethe-Institut), the city s sponsored a show devoted August Sander, entitled togrofio Sociale 1906-1952. i4) participated in a number important collective shows, h as The Fomily of Man in ...a., this is the first time he been given a one-man

> travelling to other Italian es, and then, it is hoped, nce and England these Weimar Germans look like ander was born, of a poor conrad Veidt. It is hard not to lily, in 1876. He began read these pictures with hinding photographs when he in bis teens, while still purpous, petty court official the library in the miles of the hinder who sure with hinding in the miles of the hinder who sure with the sure of the library with the library with the sure of the library with the lib king in the mines at Herf. After his military service, set himself up as a pro-ional photographer. He had first show in 1906, when he 30. And a few years later, rates." began his great project: Sander, most of the time, tographing the Germans of tries to remain anonymous. The time, the social classes, At keods be would go into the itry to photograph peasants, on a fence, and he captures he also captured the faces, them:-the peasant girl, in-her attitudes—the type." one Confirmation dress, prayer hook was born.

ubition outside the German-

aking countries. After Rome, selection of 118 photographs

## ames Joyce and Co.

by B. A. YOUNG

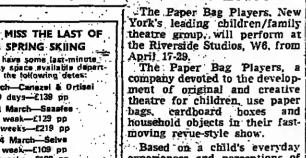
ames Joyce has become a smooth, smartly turned out indary figure in Dublin, for fellow in black coat and striped the disapproval he earned trousers. Alan Devlin's Lynch e in his lifetime. This titbit is a tubby little man with a lot the lunchtime slot in Upper of untidy shirt visible between et, first seen at Dublin's his waistcoat and his trousers, cock Theatre, consists of his hair already grey. Cranly ip about Joyce between the accuses him of having hinted to cacters whom be portrayed Joyce that he was out with Nora his books as Lynch and when Joyce thought she was

nly. working in the library. Kevin ou have to be something of O'Connor, the author of this oyce addict to appreciate it piece, suggests throughout that and if you are a Joyce fan Lynch was a shifty unreliable will probably not learn man, yet it was Lynch who thing new. Cranly's story shared the Martello tower with ut the baunted house from Stephen Dedalis. en the Irisb Invincibles had Anyway, it all has the lightout to murder Lord weight charm of Dublin converderick Cavendish is good
f, and put over by Patrick
ry with such feeling that I
red he was on the verse ed he was on the verge of teria; but the connectinn 1 Joyce eludes me. r. Drury's Cranly is a

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## Greek dressing by CHRIS DUNKLEY

The new version of The Flash Gordon and Buck Rogers, lorestela of Aeschylus called The Periodically the music, which Scrpent Son now running on was rarely less than intrusive, BBC2 (part 2 at 9.25 tonight) was actually allowed to drown belong to mind. BBUZ (part 2 at 9.25 tonight)
brings in mind an American
hamburger: contemplating the
garish object one wonders
whethere there is any meat at
all hidden under all the technicoloured garnishing. The various relishes — bright yellow
mustard, scarlet ketchup—and
mustard, scarlet ketchup—and
a choseup and saveral comes and so on in which the thing is dressed up, raise the suspicion that someone is trying to dis-tract attention from the fact that at the centre there is really nothing worth consuming. Deafening muzak reinforces the

It turns out, of course, that if you cao ignore the noise and however, your tastebuds are likely to be so numbed from dealing with all the powerfully flavoured dressings that proper appreciation of the meat—how-ever good the original quality—

Lillic scent to today's viewers. Yet the conventions traditions and beliefs which he observed are quite foreign to us now: from the mental notion of the position and significance of the gods in everyday life to the physical presence of the chorus, his plays are full of unfamiliar ideas and

provide so much alternative and become practically a fixed liabit. Lorre in some Lang film. If they do not resemble Lorre, these Weimar Germans look like Conrad Veidt. It is hard-rate in same than they do not resemble Lorre, these Weimar Germans look like Conrad Veidt. It is hard-rate in sampled; many does not only record: it judges, sometimes with sympathy, sometimes not. incidental interest by way of (For instance the Home Office's costumes, make-up, music, and most recent refusal was to pro-(with director Bill Hays presum- vide a spokesman for Man ably) optical effects that the Alive's studio debate about the viewer would be distracted from .uses of police computers.) this strangeness and con- Clearly this is a way of turn-sequently less likely to switch off ing the concept of freedom of since there would always he speech into a nonsense: if the danger; they hounded him, destroyed much of his work.

prohibited distribution of a than the play. book of his photograffs. But he went on, and he lived to see their defeat. Only 500 of his hut as ancient Britons in fur "German social classes" photograffs, but he as ancient Britons in fur "Investigation of his hut as ancient Britons in fur "Investigated and methods then the phrase "freedom of speech" loses its original meaning and by a negative process acquires by the generous selection shown in Rome — they afford a broad. Kassandra had a fetching little in Rome — they afford a broad. The service is the same of the black number split to just about the East German Republic In Rome — they afford a broad. black number split to just about "democratic" has in its use by deep panorama of an age. a everywhere, and Acgisthus was the East German Republic, terrible time of hardship and got up as one of the Mekon's What "freedom of speech" uncertainty, from which an Treens with knobs on Literally, comes to mean is that we, the even more terrible (and more in fact the costumes could well public—the broadcasters and thoroughly documented) time have been dooe by the team who viewers—may chat quictly used to dress the villalns in amongst ourselves provided we

the other eccentric bits and a close-up and several scenes picces of salad, sesame seeds, seem to have been shot through the lld: of one of those plastic tissue box covers.
Clearly none of this could

possibly improve on Acschylus; it could only be expected to improve television, but in fact it failed to do even that. The irony is that the parts of the It turns out, of course, that if you cao ignore the noise and make your way past all those lation by Frederic Raphael confusing trimmings, the hidden meat in the middle is actually of very bligh quality. By then, the cast is so exalted that there are times of very bligh quality. By then, the cast is so exalted that there is the cast is so exalted that there are the cast is so exalted that there are the cast is so exalted that the new transmit is the cast is so exalted that the new transmit is the cast is so exalted that the new transmit is the cast is so exalted that the new transmit is the cast is so exalted that the new transmit is the cast is the cast is so exalted that the new transmit is the cast is the cast is the cast is so exalted that the new transmit is the cast is so exalted that the new transmit is the cast is so exalted that the new transmit is the cast is so exalted that the new transmit is the new transmit is the new transmit in the middle is actually accessible one. were times when even the com-bination of trumpets, fancy dress and war paint was unable to keep attention away from their achievements. From Kassandru's appearance

is quite impossible.

It is not hard to see how this might arise in television terms. Aeschylus's stories of the House of Atreus may have seemed to his contemporary Greek audience hardly more difficult to appreciate than Telford's Change or cast had been allowed to go to the end of "Agaotemnon" the sheer abilities of Helen Mirrer. Diana Rigg and Denis Quilley kept the plot driving along despite all the obstarles and counter attractions provided. If only the marvellous cast had been allowed to go to the end of "Agaotemnon" the sheer abilities of Helen Mirrer. Diana Rigg and Denis Quilley kept the plot driving along despite all the obstarles and counter attractions provided. ciote than Telford's Change or cast had been allowed to get on with the Aeschylus/Raphael/ McLeish play! Government departments are

developing a sinister technique for dealing with those current affairs programmes which raise embarrassing questions. With some departments such as the Home Office the practice of characters. declining invitations to provide Producer Richard Broke spokesmen to put the govern-apparently decided therefore, to ment side of things has already

something to attend to other those controlling large and important areas of our lives



don't bother Big Brother. Now the Northern Ireland Office bas developed a subtle twist worthy of Orwell's Ministry of Truth: baving refused to supply a spokesman to put their point of view they walt until the programme has been transmitted and then accuse it of one-sidedness. London Weekend Television's

Weekend World was devoted this week to a report hy Mary Holland on the administration of justice in Northern Ireland. It included a claim by Dr. Robert Irwin, chairman of the NI Police Surgeons' Association, that he had seen 150 to 160 prisoners after interrogation by the Royal Ulster Coostahulary with injuries which "I would not be satisfied were self-inflicted." These included five ruptured eardrums and "there is not enough leverage in a takes place on Sunday, March 25,

out that overseas the good name of British justice is now in danger. Not only did Mr. Roy Mason, Secretary of State for Northern Ireland, join the RUC and the Army: in declining to express their views, however, but Mr. Mason's office declared after the broadcast that the programme had been "one sided and offered a thinly disguised attack on the RUC and the Army."

The statement added: "It did not touch on the violations of human rights embodied in murders. torture. knee-cappings, and bighly er bombings and maimings, all of often is.

which are more accurately docu-mented but apparently less in-teresting to some elements of the TV world." Which is like complaining that a programme revealing that the police habitu-ally steal money failed to devote equal time to saying that they were working within a society

which contained thieves.
One of the best programmes
on Northern Ireland for a long time was Stewart Parker's play for Thames TV, I'm A Dreamer Montreal, which brought out sharply one of those points which news and current affairs programmes usually take as read: that there are people in the province who hold no strong views of any sort — Protestant, Catholic, Republican. Loyalist, or anything else— and who bave to get along somebow.

The more one sees of Life On Earth the more attractive it becomes: surely the mark of a

becomes; surely the mark of a truly addictive series. The appearance of profligacy with which Attenborough and his producers use up in a few minutes material which would, elsewhere he sawn out to an elsewhere, he spun out to an entire balf-hour programme is sometimes breathtaking. Last week in addition to a sort of Olga Korbut bird (which does backward somersaults on the branch to attract a mate), the skimmer hird which uses its beak like a pair of jet-powered . tweezers, and the vultures riding the thermals in the Grand Can-yon — which appears to have been the site of one of the series' most cost-effective expeditions — we were also shown a jay "bathing" in ants to use their acid-squirting habit to clean the ticks and bugs out of it own feathers.

The programme of the week, nowever, was Arena's "My Way." Nigel Finch spent 40 way." Nigel Finch spent 40 minutes exploring the origins, the exploitation, and the attractions of that peculiarly popular soog (140 recordings) "I Did It My Way" which contains the startlingly bathetic line "I chewed it up and spat it out" or. in American, "I ate it up and splt it out." Superficially light bearted the ficially light bearted, the programme actually revealed a remarkable amount about popylar attitudes in an attractively casual way. It was bighly entertaining, as Arena so

#### Lady Day jazz concert

the title Jazz for a Spring Doy drums backing.

A three-band concert under clarinet with plane, bass and

The second group is Velvet. the sites of some of the injuries would defy even a contortionist."

Lady Day, at 3 pm at the led by like Isaacs and Denny Wright (gultars) with Digby
Fairweather (cornet) and Len
typical time for a jazz concert ls Brocade, led by Brian As iistial with Weekend World and the three groups featured is Brocade, led by Brian the programme was calm and are also untypical. Most con. Brockleburst on bass with like considered, long on analysis and ventional is the Dave Shepherd isaacs on guitar and Vic Ash on short on sensation. It pointed quartet led by Shepberd on clarinet and flutes.



## Hoagy, Bix

Hougy, Bix and Wolfgong Beethoven Bunkhous is Adrian Mitchell's Travesties. But whereas Stoppard's complex ex-But travaganza about a Parisian collision between Lenin, Joyce and Tzara was predominantly fic-tional, there is a sound historical basis for Mitchell's celebration of the music of Hoagy Carmichael through the stories of Bix Beiderbecke and William Moenkhaus. All three met in the early 1920s while Hoagy was a law student at Indiana University And Mitchell suggests that the composer of "Up a Lazy River," "Rockin' Chair" and "Starwas seriously influenced hoth by Bix's molten cornet blowing and destructive lifestyle and by Moenhaus's Dadaist lunacy and Milliganesque poems,

It all makes for a surprisingly

in downlown Blnomington where the Order of Bent Eagles are likely to get drunk as they are to hurst into song with paper bags on their heads. Bix is summoned thence by Paul Whiteman. He goes reluctantly, fearful of those percussive coconut effects, and is soon drinking himself out of a job. Admittedly the picture of an artist on the skids is a bit corny, but Sylveste McCoy manages the collapse with such consummate grace and skill, folding plastically before our eyes, that the excess is forgive-

classics. The three worthles are Forsier Jones) and Hoagy, he depicted as leading habitues of never docs, dying of pncumonia the Book Nook, a bohemian dive in 1931. the same year as Moenkhaus. Smiling through, clutching the memory of two dear friends, John Vinc's Hoagy formulates a philosophy of life and art that sounds a bit thin. But, thankfully, the next song soon starts up.

There is a pleasant, elastic quality about Kenneth Chubh's direction of the Wakefield Tricycle Company and marvellous performances from Murray Melvin as the crazed, green finger-nailed sprite of aesthetic soarchy and Nichola McAuliffe, who quickly retreats from col-lege protocol to the role of a Bix blows up in the middle sort of bar-room Penelope of "I'm Comin' Virginia" thy Keith, dressing the numbers Donald Heywood) under the with a stridently ecstatic fat cat smile and metronomic soprano top line. The musical baton of Whiteman (a lovely accompaniment, on guitar and cameo by Roland Oliver) and is pizno. is fine. And there is offbeat, original and compulsive sent home to straighten up, some fremendously cool and entertainment, flecked by a This, despite the attention of a mellifluous blowing from Pat generous helping of Hoagy beautiful black singer (Glenna Higgs as Bix's musical shadow.

## Arts news in brief

Duck in the Olivier Theatre Joyce Redman, Dorothy Tutin, this autumn in a specially com-missioned new version by Christopher Hampton, directed by Christopher Morahan. Casting is to be announced.
The cast so far for the

Former teenage pop star West End musical The French

The National Theatre is to missioned new version by Tom Barrie. Sonia Kristina, Stephen stage Henrik Ibsen's The Wild Stoopard, is Michael Bryant, Tate and Peter Reeves, who has devised and compiled the show. which will open at the Picca-dilly Theatre on May 2.

An Arts Council film, Ubu. Helen Shapiro is to star in the directed by Geoff Dunbar has wnn the Berlin International NT's forthcoming production of Arthur Schnitzler's The Undiacovered Country (Das Songs by French Song writers. It was the only British film Weikland), in a specially com- Also in the cast will be Amanda selected for eatry in this section.

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Wednesday March 14 1979

## Disappointing summit

THE EEC SUMMIT that ended cussion of the Community's in Paris yesterday was not one external policies at a time of dazzling performances. Nobody had expected the Nine to announce major new policy leadership. But there is no sign initiatives — even yesterday's that the other summit parlamething of the Community's ticipants felt they bad any European Monetary System fEMS) was taken out of the hands of Heads of Government by last week's French decision to allow the system to go ahead. The fact remains that the leaders of Western Europe have found virtually nothing new to say ahout the major economical and political problems currently facing the Community, and indeed the entire Western world. The domestic uncertainties surrounding three participating Governments, those of Britain, Italy and Belgium, are no excuse for inaction. If the Community had to wait for Governments to be installed in all nine member states, it would never get anything done at all.

#### Unemployment

The statements issued at the end of the mecting hardly differ from those that have followed most other EEC summits in the pastt we years and more. There is the ritual commitment to give prinrity to tackling inflation and unemployment and a renewed undertaking to con-serve energy. The main effect of this is simply to align France behind the commitment by the International Energy Agency, of which France is not a member. to reduce all consumption by

per cent this year. Once again the Nine have pledged themselves to work for the convergence of national economic policies, and called on Finance Ministers in report on the subject to the nost summit in June. That was to be expected now that EMS is finally getting under way. But there is no evidence that the Community is any nearer in solving the problem than in the

#### Deaf ears

President Giscard d'Estaing appears to have failed in his attempt to persuade his colleagues to seek a greater international role for the Com-munity by furging closer links with Arab and African countries. Given that most of the other Heads of Government suspected that his proposal for a Euro-Arah-African summit was inlended mainly to boost French preslige and influence. provided the impulse for a dis- cullcagues.

the Community's more growing world uncertainty and increasing doubts over the effectiveness of American leadership. But there is no sign useful contribution to make to such a debate. The concluding declaration that any worsening of the oil market "would cona serious danger for the world economy" is not likely to cut much ice where it matters. Mr. Callaghan's main contri-

hution to the proceedings was a piece of blatant anti-EEC electioneering which duly captured the British headlines. He is prohably right to assume that there is a growing wave of anti-Community feeling in the country-indeed his own Government has done much to foster it. But if Monday's menacing speech to the summit is the only constructive answer Mr. Callaghan can produce to the real problems of Community membership, then that is yet another reason for an early election. We now seem to have got to the point at which we are meant to be positively relieved if the Government stoos short of threatening to withdraw Britain from the Com-

#### Ineffective

Of course, the common agricultural policy has produced absurdities and needs to be reformed. But it does not help to allow other Governments to result of almost two decades of go away with the impression carefully laid strategy. The that the UK is now trying to open a third round of negotiaopen a third round of negotiations on the terms of its EEC consumer electronics by membership. Mr. Callaghan's Oriental magic or industrial threat to block further increases in Britain's budgetary expended an enormous amount expended an enormous amount of the consumer of the consume contribution after 1981 in any case lacks credibility. In the first place, it is to say the least open to doubt whether he will be Prime Minister at that time. And secondly, it is to be heped the British had attempted to that changes will by then have match this effort by applying already laken place.

What is needed from the UK ls a series of constructive pro-posals for structural reform. Freezing relative farm prices Is not enough. Nor is it particularly helpful to propose, as Mr. Callaghan did on Monday, that funds he diverted from agricularity helpful to propose, as Mr. Take Decca, for example, a British company with a high international reputation in high ture to pursue the sort of industrial restructuring policies at Community level that have proved ineffective in Britain. It can only be assumed that Mr. Callaghan was addressing his proposal to his supporters back home. He can hardly averaged to improve his proposal to his supporters back home. He can hardly have appealed to improve his proposal to he not far short of Description. fell on deaf ears. It might have expected to impress his EEC

## Ironies of a strong pound

AS THE European Monetary habitual, current System belatedly gets under actively encourage capital outway, there is more than a little irony in the redection that had the EMS started on January 1 as planned, and had Britain joined it might now he facing its first closs—over the excessive strength of sterling. That is not the kind of situation most erities of the UK position of visaged a few months ago, and there is a human templation to erow about it.

However, it is not a templa-tion which is likely to altract industralists, who are by now hecoming considerally alarmed by the effect of the rise on their competitiveness, both abroad and in the home market. Officials of the Bank of England, in spite of their quardianship of the eurrency, are equally unlikely to cheer. The forcign demand for sterling has now reached the point where the dilemmas if October 1977 have become pressing again. Intervention has not yet been seen on any massive scale, but since it appears in he in the same direction day after day the rumulative effect could considerable:

#### Familiar

These dilemmas are of course familiar to the managers The Germans and the Swiss have felt able to relax their above recent estimates of energical of monetary growth in "equilibrium" is not encontrol of monetary growth in nrder in maintain reasonable couraging. exchange rate stability, because disrupted by a temporary strength but from weakness lary growth. In Britain, how- ahnve all an excessive public ever, no such commint is avail- sector borrowing requiremnt. able. The strength of sterling does not reflect underlying Public spending strength, but a strange combination of luck and had manage. ment, and it could prove a real

strain on the economy. combined with exchange confloat there is little possibility of any adjustment on the capital account to finance an improve-Wiser countries twhich are in the economy.

surplus) flows; we ban them. Official intervention in the exchange market, made very reluctantly for fear of the mouetary consequences, is the only form of capital outflow which is per-

#### Strong inflows

in recent weeks, however, these pressures have been reinforced by events in the money market. The very strong rise in Landon inter-hank rates since und-November, only partially reversed since the official funding "triumph." has now beginn attract strong inflows of financial capital, parily through the leads and lags, it is this which has consolidated the rise in sterling, and it means that the authurities face the same dilemma over interest rates as over currency market intervention: the policy judged neces-sary to check inflation at home is incompatible with exchange

rate stability. While we strongly support a policy aimed at a stable rate at a fairly high level, to check inflation and keep compelitive pressure strong, one can have too much of a good thing. A of normally hard currencies, rate which rises unpredictably, and now stands eight per cent

This brings us to the final their habitually stable econo-nics are not likely to be of interest rates arises not from wobble in the curve of mone- excessive wage increases and

However, there is no method of management which can fund an excessive horrowing require-The underlying situation is ment at low interest rates. one we have described more Current events in the exchange than once in recent weeks, markets are the result. They Rising North Sea prinduction, show that a so-called fiscal "stimulus" under our present trols, is a guaranteed formula circumstances is in fact anyfor falling competitiveness in thing but an aid to growth. Its industry, since under a clean result is in undermine both competitiveness and monetary control. The mural is clear: cot public spending to stimument in the current account. late the productive sector of

# Japan's TV power: if you can't beat them, join them

BY MAX WILKINSON

accept that the Japanese will take over the management of a large part of the British television industry. The National Economic Development Council bas already done

But do we accept that up to floom of taxpayers' money should be spent during the next five years to encourage this spread of the Japanese consumer electronics empire?

yes, unfortunately we probably do have to accept it. Two statistics explain why. In 1977 the total research and development spending by the nine UK television manufacturers was only about £15m (\$30m). In the same year one Japanese the same year one Japanese company. Matsushita, spent around five times the total UK budget for research and development in consumer elec-

Matsushita, the largest manufacturer of television sets in the world, with production of about 3.7m sets a year, is only one of five major Japaneae companies all competing fiercely in hoth marketing and product design. Together, these Japanese

companies bad a worldwide production of about 10m sets in 1977, and their total spending on research and development was probably of the order of f130m, at least 10 times the amount spent in the UK.

British and European set

makers have no excuse for being taken by surprise. The Japanese research effort is the consumer electronics of money and brain-power to make their products better and generally cheaper

It is too late now to speculate what would have happened if to consumer electrooics some of the energy and funds which were spent on, say, Concorde. The fact is that it would now be impossible for most British television set makers to make British company with a high international reputation in high technology marine electronics. It makes between 100,000 and total television sales.

Even Thorn, the UK market leader, with annual production cent stake in Emerson in Italy, of about 500,000 sets a year has A large part of the UK setof about 500,000 sets a year has well under half the output of Sanyo, the smallest of the five Japanese leaders. Moreover, Thorn no longer makes the picture tubes which account for

AYBE WE have to about a third of the value of Japanese subsidiaries and joint the modern colour set. It is impossible to escape the

fact therefore that the-lapaoese companies now dwarf the British industry almost into insignificance. Toshiba, for example produces 1.5m sets a year (nearly equal to the total UK annual production) from a single factory. Its research effort is therefore matched by huge advantages from economies of scale.

These and similar facts and figures were collected last year hy the Boston Consulting Group in a report commissioned by the NEDC sector working party for the industry. The conclusion was hard to escape. It was duly made in a strategy report by the working party which was presented to the NEDC last week and welcomed by the Industry

The report said the industry needed an investment of £300m over the next five years which

JAPANESE ANI TV SET PRODI (m units )	UCTION 1977 pet year)
Matsushita	3.7
Philips	3.0
Sony	1.9
Hitachi	1.7
. Toshiba	t.6
Sanyo	1.6
Grundig	1.2
Telefunken	8.0
ITT	0.7
Blaupunkt	· 0.7
Thorn	0.5
Thomson	0.4
Source	Industry espina

would bave to be based to a large extent on Japanese production and product know-how. It said that a "substantial contribution" would bave to be made by the Government. With a bit of stretching and pulling, existing industrial aid schemes could probably be made to pro-vide perhaps a third of the investment or even more.

Fortunately the British desire to embrace Japanese technology is matched by a Japanese eagerness to supply it - on certain terms of course. Of the five leading Japanese consumer electronics companies, four are already in Britain. Sony and Matsushlta have established their own offshoots in South Wales. Hitachi has formed a liaison with the General Electric Company to help look after its plant in Hirwaun, Wales, and Toshiba providing help to Rank in a joint attempt to foster and Improve its plant in Plymouth. Sango alone bas so far found no already moved into the other end of Europe through a 30 per making capacity has therefore

ventures will shortly account for a further 20 to 25 per cent. U.S.-owned ITT has 8 per cent. That leaves Rediffusion and Decca with about 11 per cent between them and the market leader Thorn with 26 per cent. Government strategy now envisages a further concentra-tion into three main groups: Philips, the Japanese and Thorn, although it is not clear now this will he accomplished.

would probably change emphasis towards the manufacture of business terminals and products like home computers. It is no longer possible to develop any strategy for the UK,

companies of which five are the large Japanese set makers, four are U.S. owned and four are European. To he economic a picture tube factory needs an output of about 1m units a year. Even above that figure the larger companies can reap the advantages of economies of scale at the expense of their weaker

Japanese come next with the Europeans including ITT Video-color (France), AEG-Telefunken (Germany), and Valco (Fin-land) all at the bottom of the Together the Japanese manufacturers account for almost half the world's production of colour television tubes. Because the tube is such an important component they can, therefore, exert a tremendous leverage on the economics of set-

## Tripled U.S.

In only three years, between 1974 and 1977, Japanese sales in the U.S. tripled from 1m to 3m

ITT, it is thrught, was large enough to look after itself and

however, which does not take into account the wider develop-ments of the industry in Europe and the rest of the world. Onc of the trends most clearly documented in a report by Mackintosh Consultants on the European picture tube market is the concentration of television tube production into very large units. The closure of Thorn's Skelmersdale plant in 1976 and of Westingbouse's plant in New Jersey, U.S. the following year

were the two major casualties. World television tube production is now in the bands of 13

The largest tube manufac-turer in the world in Philips, If the Americans are excluded, the

When this conomic leverage was matched by superior quality, and reliability in set production the combination was almost irresistable as the Japanese invasion of the U.S. television set market proved.

Mackintosh estimates that the

marketing

Smaller cessfully to make a joint deal with General Electric (GE). sized

though perhaps at a more gradual rate than in the past.

It is also clear that the back-lash in the U.S., and the rising value of the Japanese yen bave caused the big companies to think much more seriously about establishing, large production centres in Europe. Europe, unlike the U.S. or

production; Sanyo moved into a

joint venture with Sears Roe-buck and Hitachi tried unsuc-

Japan, represents a rapidly, expanding market for sales of colour television sets. In the UK, which has the highest penetration of cofour sets in Europe (besides Sweden) only about 60 per cent of homes have a colour set. In Germany. the largest market the figure is · less than balf and in France ooly Italy, indeed, the colour set is still a novelty.

European receiver market will sets, when they took nearly 40 increase to 9.4m sets a year by per cent of the total market. As 1980 which would be a healthy already fallen under foreign per cent of the total market. As 1980 which would be a healthy UK to subsidise profitable come continually more reliable control or influence. Dutch Philips accounts for about 22 per cent of the UK market. RCA and Zenith, an "orderly Japanese have comparatively see how this cao be avoided. Sure and then—well, what then?

agreement was little presence in the European reached" which limited imports colour set market, and all their to 1.75m sets a year. However, sales are confined to sets in the the Japanese immediately smaller screen sizes (20 inch and switched the emphasis to ex-below). Even in the UK, where panding their own production in the Japanese have achieved the the U.S. Sony, with a plant in largest penetration, their sales San Diego, doubled its production capacity; Matsushita, which total market of 1.7m sets last had bought Quasar, expanded year.

The Matsushita (National Panasonic) TV production line in Tokyo

Until 1980, direct exports from Japan into Europe are restricted by the terms of Telefunken's licence agreement for the PAL colour system. Until then only smaller sized sets can he exported from Japan. And after 1980 the Japanese will face the possibility of trade restrictions they threaten simployment in the European television industry.

the same grants as are available to any British company which would like to expand. provide employment, and they are coming to Europe anyway. Far better, it is argued that they should help Britain export into Europe than to help some other European country export into Britain.

The outstanding question, therefure, is the fale of Thorn and the smaller UK television manufacturers. Maybe they will be able to combine forces and with the help of an innovation company like Sinclair, perhaps establish a research centre Japan Incorporated.

Perhaps they could seek alliances with other European manufacturers like Grandig or Telefunken. Perhaps Thorn could prove likelf nimble eaough the European television industry.

For this reason they have been very willing to be "attracted" to Britain, especially if the invitation is bailed by substantial subsidies. Sony, for example, which recently anounced a 56m expansion of its Bridgend, Wales, plant is likely to be given a bonus of perhaps £2m or more from the British tax- and rate-payers. Hitachl, Toshiba and Matsushita, when it choses to expand, can to keep abreast of the giants when it choses to expand, can most profitable rental chains is all expect similar beneficence. also cushioned against the low At first sight it may seem margins of the set making in-Quixotic for the hard-pressed dustry. However, as sets be-

## **MATTERS**

#### Keeping to that magic 51 per cent

A few years after the war, Unilever's Indian subsidiaries found themselves in the forefront of a haitle to resist the Indian Government: it wanted foreign companies to float a percentage of their shares on the stock market. The skirmish, perhaps inevitably, was lost. and soon enough 111 per cent of Indian capital was taken on board.

A quarter of a century on, Hindustan Lever 1 the subsidiaries were combined t is one of the last still fighting, although the hattlelines have changed. Hindustan Lever's chairman Thomas Thomas, recently nomi-Board, has been arguing since 1974 that Hindustan Lever should not be forced by new legislation to reduce its holding to 40 per cent. Since that first skirmish it has already sbrunk to around 60 per cent.

"Speaking as an Indian I would say it is not in India's, interest," Thomas told me yesterday in the office he now occupies overlooking the Thames.

Thomas' argument is that if Hindustan Lever is forced to go helow 50 per cent, it would lose its obligation to export 10 per cent of its products. And, perhaps more important, it would lose the advantages of free access to Unilever's research and development.

The Indian Government's has, he maintains. already had consequences in lost investment: "Sitting in New York or London and looking around the world you seek countries that welcome you, not those that put curhs on you. . . . The Indian economy is strong enough to opeo the door some-

what to foreign investment." A decision is expected soon on whether or not Thomas bas won his argumeol. Would Unilever, I wondered, consider argues Drake. The conservaapplying the sanction used by IBM and Coca-Cola, which simply pulled out? "Oh no," simply pulled out? "Oh no," Environment, which has reinsists Thomas. "We bave a fused to "list" the building.



very strong commitment to the country.

## Vanishing facade

The sale of the old Kensington Town Hall seems immlnenthut on terms that will anger the royal horough's conserva-Properties, told the yesterday that the company's offer of mnre than £5m hinges on the interlocking planning application. The complete demolishing of the huilding's century-old facade is an integral part of County and District's scheme. " It would not be worth the

sort of money we're talking about," said Drake, "on the basis of keeping the facade. But we are hopeful for full de-velopment." The County and District plan for the town hall site in Kensington High Street envisages shops and offices.

People are too ready to put a label on anything Victorian." tlonists will gain little support from the Department of the

But a council spokesman said the principal office for Lorlast autumn, when the building raine." he says, was put up for sale, that it was "We became a bit of a star was put up for sale, that it was hoped the massive stone facade would be retained "for a quiet

#### Taxman's handful

Richard Wheway is looking forward to sending the British taxman the biggest cheque he will have ever received: £150m. That is going to outdo Wheway's last contribution—a mere £100m.—by so much that it will go into the Guinness Book of Records as the biggest cheque ever written in thia

The £150m will meet the main element of the anticipated 1979 hill of the Halifax Building Society, of which Wheway is general manager, for corporation tax on its profits and for income tax on savers' accounts. The previous record, set 18 years ago, was for an £119m cheque made out by Lazards for the takeover of the British arm of Ford by its Detroit

#### French warmth

The French bureaucracy has an awesome reputation, which makes the Myson Group gralitiunists. Granam Drake, a fied to be the first British director of County and District company to extract a development grant from it. Chairman Robert Myson admitted in London yesterday that the share price of his heating and ventilating company has never allowed him to ask shareholders for the funds he helieves the company has needed: but he does seem to have the knack of attracting government money. In South Wales last summer

he acquired "for peanuts" a hrand new radiator manufacturing company from the liuidator of Penrad-with the help of the Welsh Development Agency. Now he has secured £1:5m of low-interest development cash from the French Ministries of Finance and Industry and a consortium of French banks. The secret, apparently, is to tackle the red tape at local level. "We negotiated in Thierville,

in that depressed area hy revitalising a French company. We secured the grant and the attendant participating and preference loans because we are committed to add at least 50 vears." But it is essential, he stresses, that the grant applicant is seen to be French. Myson's subsidiary in the region is Societe Lorraine d'Equipement de Chauffage

(Soledect, a radiator manufac-turers based at Fontoy, Soledec had been set up nine years ago by one of Lorraine's largest manufacturers, Marine Wendel, to utilise its output. But the quality of steel was never what the radiator manufacturer needed. So in one of the strang twists that even one of the most regulated hureaucracies can sometimes under stand, Myson will still be importing the necessary raw material from Britain and Belgium.

#### Cellar diplomacy

Sommeliers at the Paris Ritz are polishing their transatlanue accents to prepare for two new additions to the hotel's famous wine cellars: 1973 Special Reserve Cabernet Sauvignon from Sterling Vineyards. California, and Sterling's estate-bottled 1977 Chardonnay, But I bear the London Ritz

is not following suit. The Savoy, somewhat grandly, says it keeps in stock just one Californian wine-at a knockdown price of £5.20 a bottle.

#### Seeds of doubt

Canadian Rapesecd Association can, I hear, stand it no longer. Producers of the country's second most important erop are likely to vote this week on changing its name to canola."

"Rapeseed is just too rude," an association spokesman tells

Observer

## Meet the Peterborough People



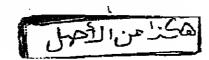
Peter Brotherhood, precision engineers, moved here from The South Bank in 1906 to make way for London's new County Hall. My grandfather moved with them, and I'm continuing the family tradition. I trained as a toolmaker and now help sell products like these all over the world.

I'm pleased grandfather came to Peterborough - I enjoy it. Roger Pettican

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# America wakes up to the oil crisis

BY DAVID LASCELLES IN NEW YORK

lesinger, the Energy Secreblg the oil shortage could year. Currently it is about 75 what it means for the U.S., cents a gailon.

has dashed off hundreds lettera to companies and licipalities asking them to less energy. His aides bave drawn up a new oil allocaprogramme, and proposed ongress a string of maodaenergy-saving measures h as closing of petrol ons on Sunday) should lt e to the worst

s it happens, all this activity well turn out to be scessary. Dr. Schlesinger bimself a deadline of April o determine what action ild be taken to safeguard oil olies. But Iranian oil has ed to flow again, and the shipment should reach the by the middle of this If others follow withtoo much delay, the crunch well be avoided. In the ntime, Dr. Schlesinger has stocks are now 85m barrels v estimated normal levels this time of year, particu-

of distillates. zen if the oil crisis turns o he sbort-lived, it may have the U.S. a service by sing attention on energy lems in a way which last s damaging debate on the ted Energy Bill never did. ces close to Dr. Schlesinger, argue that the mood in

r instance, Senator Henry son, long an advocate of

UNTED by memories of the which effectively scuppered the 3 Arab oil embargo, the U.S. Energy Bill, said in a TV inter- for only a small increase of the little time or effort view last month that curbs on about 150,000 b/d by means of a charge of the control of the second of the sec lesinger, the Energy Secreto has been kept busy on Our lifestyle isn't going to he
ittol Hill during the last two the same." He also predicted
that testifying to Conthat the cost of petrol would
ssional committees about rise to \$1 a gallon within a
thigh the oil shortage could

cents a galton. he proposes to cope. Inevitably most of the debate centres on oil, and the need to use less of it. In principle, the U.S. should scrap controls which have kept the price of crude and oil products well below world levels, a move which would simultaneously discourage con-sumption and give the oil com-panies a greater incentive to explore and produce. But though this action is advocated by the Department of Energy and other key Government agencies like the Treasury, it is unlikely to happen becsuse of President Carter's priority com-mitment to fighting inflation.

The President could abolish controls by executive action from June I, but the best the Energy Department hopes for is a gradual abolition, extending either to the end of 1980, the date set by Mr. Carter at last year's Bonn Summit, or to September 1981 when the controls expire anyway.

Meanwhile the Department of Energy has done its best to achieve its goals within the present regulatory framework. Using the so-called "tilt," it has enabled oil refiners to channel, or tilt, more of their costs into petrol, meaning that this important fuel will, over the next 18 months, come to reflect world prices almost as fast as if controls bad been sholished.

rcss could be shifting in thrown up ideas—old and new— r of new energy about how the U.S. could make better use of its oil resources. One is to increase production from he North Slope in Alaska

ch has cost it about 5 per the first step in "part of a broader issue of bringing Alaska t of its oil supply. Dr. James discipline I think that this up to ita supposed maximum capacity of 2m h/d is also being monted.

However, this would require the consent of the seven oil companies in the Alaska consortium, many of which have conflicting interests. Even if they do agree to raise production substantially, it would still take several years to instal new equipment. So Alaska offers no short-term solutions, though it must figure in any long-term outlook.

A related proposal is to export Alaskan oil to Japan under a three-way "switch deal" with Mexico. This would provide for Mexican oil contracted for Japan to be shipped to the energy-short U.S. east coast, with compensating amounts going from Alaska to Japan. Apart from saving thousands of miles in transport costs, this would also end the absurd practice of shipping Alaskan oil to the east coast at grest cost through the Panama Canal hecause there is no appropriate pipeline connecting the west coast to the rest of the country. The switch would need Congressional appraval hecause of the current ban on oil exports.

Standard Oil Ohio, an affiliate of British Petroleum, has put forward a \$1bn plan for a pipeline to move Alaskan oll from a Californian port to the central and easiern U.S., but Mr. Schlesinger said on Monday that the company was about ready to throw in the towel hecause of environmental and other

With oil policy in such a log-iam, the Department of Energy is more hopeful of ahifts on other fronts, particularly to fuels which could reduce dependence on oil. Dr. Schlesinger has become a loud p energy and chairman of above the current 1.2m barrels advocate of natural gas, one of Senate Energy Committee a day, Although the firm pro- the lew resources to bave beee- lobby which has come to play a

'000 Barrels per day Jan-Oct 1978 Imports-7,966 Domestic Production 8,739 audi Arabia 1,182 Migeria 949

SOURCE AMERICAN PETROLEUM NISTITUT fited from the Energy Bill which encouraged producers to sell gas on the inter-state, as opposed to intra-state market, hy removing controls on inter-state shipments. In fact, the Bill released so much gas, I trillion (million million) cubic feet by department estimates, that some of the rules forcing utilities to convert from oil and gas to coal arc being suspended. Dr. Schles-inger also bopes that the current urgency of the energy situation will hasten approval of the pipeline across Canada to bring Alaskan gas to the U.S. The date for ita completion has been slipping further into the future.

The crisis may also have weakened the environmental

A date of 1983 was last men-

strong, if not doininant, role in the energy dehale. If so, it may be possible to relax some of the emission standards which inhibit the wider use of coal, the greatest domestic energy re-source. Even if the department only manages to relax them on a temporary basis, the move could always become the thin end of the wedge.

Venezuela 877.

kran 846

Equally important, a decline in the strength of the environ-mentalists could pave the way for more nuclear power, said by many to bold the key to the country's long term energy prob-At the moment, the nuclear programme will come to a balt in the mid-1980s when all current projects are com-pleted. Although nuclear plants will then number some 200. accounting for a quarter of elec-

UK: Mrs. Margaret Thatcher speaks at Press Advertising

Awards, Grosvenor House, W.1. Sir Kenneth Cork, Lord Mayor

of Londoo. Stlends Young Businessman of the Year lunch,

Overseas: Mr. Alexei Kosygio,

Sovlet Prime Minister, and Mr. Morarji Desai, Indian Prime

Minister. meeting in New Delhi,

announce details of long-term

economic co-operation agree-

French Parliament holds emer-

gency session oo unemplcymeot.

Basic rates of wages and nor-mal weekly hours, February.

OFFICIAL STATISTICS

GENERAL

Mansion House.

advocates argue that the next phase must be planned and approved now because of the long lead times, of seven years oo average.
Dr. Schlesinger'a department is expected to take advantage of

the country's current concern about eoergy to make a strong pitch in favour of nuclear power, possibly in the form of a major policy statement by the secretary, and follow it up with legislation to make it easier for utilities to move shead.

lent about Mexican energy. Although this newly energy-rich its gas to the U.S., there is still deep disagreement oo price. Mr. nations.

tric power generation, nuclear Carter's recent visit to Mexico may have narrowed the gap a a combination of regulation (car bit by establishing a joint team mileage standards etc), and to examine prices. But Dr. price policy. At the moment, Schlesinger still strongly opposes a Mexican gas deal, strongly partly because he cannot foresee agreement on price, partly because of the good prospects

Otl tanks at Valdez where Alaskan oill is transferred from pipeline to tanker

for domestic gas production, particularly if the pipeline from Alaska is hult. The other broad aim is to cut domestic energy consumption. The U.S., in common with other Generally, the emphasis is on members, commuted itself at raising self-sufficiency, which is the recent International Energy one of the reasons why the Agency meeting in Paris to cut Administration remains ambiva- its energy use by 5 per cent. a margin that should be possible given that the country consumes far more per inhahitant than most other advanced industrial

This target will be reached by controls apply to crude oil, petrol and a number of lesser products. from the list include heating nil (deregulated two years ago and now rising fast in price, and instilling an admirable level of energy cost-consciousness among householders1. and among householders!. and ariation fuel, which was deregulated only a few days ago, and has already prompted the airlines to apply for fare

increases. But whether Americans tackle the energy problem in hig enough numbers and with a sufficiently unified sense of purpose remains to be seen, despite the department's optimism.

## Letters to the Editor

#### queeze on rmers

: Mr. P. Wormell.

—I must support Anthooy (March 12) in highlighthe current squeeze that is a farmers. He puts the e fairly and squarely upon icad of our unfortunate ter John Silkin, and the es of this Government ds agriculture.

ile the Government .. ls... nk overdrafts have doubled n to over £1.85m; and they need to rise sharply in nal nature of inputs for production as we wait for

se a simple crop such as t; it was costing Essex ers £155 an acre to produce p of wheat just two years Last year it was £170, and year will be at least £200. eful wheat yield over the farm would be 2 tonnes acre (and the, national ge over the last five years ly 37-38 cwts1 and a fair a loss of £20 per acre. at £100 per tonne gives need price levels in

d a modest rise in fertiliser chemical costs of £7 per and seed prices have illy fallen marginally. But fixed costs that have lled away out of control by ure of £22 per acre in the two years. Rent and ratea 7 per acre, labour by £7 acre, macbinery running by £4, and others by per £4, making a massive per acre additional cost

we approach harvest time inputs increase, and we need to borrow £200 per to finance what is certainly of the cheapest crops to Potatoes, sugar beet and crops will need an even er capital investment. It to explain the increase in fain prices

commodily mar-by John Silkin, manipulations although compensatory ts keep cereal prices dropping through the ints keep livestock farmer. There cereal farmers hopes of and into the more casual mode new, are still acting against of dress that appertains today, interests of livestock Many companies, both large

ials, poultry occupies 6 per products take 21.5 per cent ocers really hites deep

ie only answer to this ll farm end prices—by far 1975 than a 5 per cent devalua-

it must be done this year. that cost increases can be contained at under 10 per cent for Peter R. Wormell, Langenhoe Hall, ... Abberton,

#### The redcoats are coming

cases is anyone's guess. U.S. authorities are publicly concerned about foreign take-overs in the domestic hanking industry. This concern will not disappear; if anything it will

probably intensify.
Perbaps UK banks, which are contemplating acquistions to the U.S., and even those which have already announced hids, sbould re-evaluate their strategy and not dismiss the alternative of incressing direct nptioo of price levels would entry efforts into the market. expect £90 per tonne. At Although direct entry is more vield and this price it protime consuming, it has some advantages. It allows phased establishment of break-even figure without presence. It does not require a estige of profit. We one-time investment of large anyounts of funds, as does an is of £100 to cover our costs. acquisition, and it might be calation in costs has in-less subject to adverse public opinion and regulatory debate.

John A. Hess, Cresap, McCormick and Paget Inc... 30-32 Mortimer Street, W1

#### Well-dressed executives

From the Managing Director. Hilditch and Key
Sir I would like to take with your correspondent Eric Short on two points arising from his article (March on suit leasing. The price of a hand-made top-quality suit has not risen

far ahead of price inflation in recent years. Our suits. which are hand made throughrafts.

out, retail at approximately fain prices are deter £250. Five years ago this d more by Chicago and figure was £150 and that rate transformal commendity. £250. Five years ago this could be determined, as Mr. figure was £150 and that rate J. H. Bescoby suggests (March of increase, while heing 8) by the BBC itself, but a regrettable to us, is not only in line with inflation but below it.
With regard to the "benefit in kind" aspect of suit leasing. how many people wear pinthey are designed to help - striped business suits in the vestock farmer. There evening or at the weekend? The heen rises recently in social facts of modern life are levels which, although that most business men cannol do not go far enough to wait to get out of their suits

interests of livestock Many companies, both large ers whose feeding costs are and small, have become alarmed at the deteriorating gs provide 10 per cent of standard of dress of their output of UK agriculture senior executives which has are high ceresl input arisen solely because over the last ten years salaries in of output, but milk and Britain have slipped to little more than balf those paid in itput and a squeeze on milk other major western countries at a time when direct taxation overall farming profit bas continued to rise. One ty. Higher cereal prices result is the fact that most hit 65 per cent of the total sentor executives in Britain cannot afford top-quality clothing and could not, even if nma is an overall raising the price was the same as in

who can be seen any day of Would anyone dare to predict the week in our shops and others like ours buying quality merchandise and appearing at and their companies.

of a clothes allowance there is the first place.

no guarantee that he will Ironically, it might very well spend it all on clothes; lo the be that those fortunate persons beleasuered economic state of who received such sums will most executives the chances end up in a better position than

will be approved by U.S. regulatory authorities. It appears that the approval short one, and the outcome in all three companies in Britain to purcompanies in Britain to purchase more goods whether it be cars, cranes or suits than they otherwise would, this surely should be encouraged. In our case operating in a labourintensive business where any lucrease in turnover increases employment, any development stimulates sbould he welcomed and not have to be excused. A. G. Finch.

Hildiich & Key. 73 Jermyn Street, SW1

#### Advertising on the BBC From Mr. P. Penfold

Sir,-The solution to BBC's cash problems, and the answer to their apparent dilemma over the introduction of advertising on radio. is quite

The Corporation has the only national radio network, and therefore advertisers would fall over themselves to use any facilities offered to them. Why not, then, restrict advertising to not, then, restrict advertising to one service only — Radio One, where the programme structure is such that it can easily be split into "ad-time" segments, and where the audience of pre-dominately younger people is already well used to having advertisements interpolating advertisements interpolating the programmes. This would solve all the problems the BBC presently bas, and would leave the rest of their services mercifully uncluttered.

The amount of time on offer modelled Broadcasting Independent Authority's maximum allowance of adverts per hour seems to be the best solution. Phil Penfold.

Church Street. Cramlington, Northumberland

#### Tapping a new vein

From Mr. M. Isaocs

Sir, - A most interesting question emerges from the aftermath of the recent failure of some banks and brokers to lodge their clients' applications for the two new issues of Government stocks.

Many of these banks and brokers are following the maxim, "My word is my hond" and are accordingly accepting their obligations by compensaling their clients. It is with respect to these compensatory contrasts completely sums that the interest arises as 35, Whittingstall Road, SW6.

tion of the Green Pound-and with their foreign counterparts there is a good argument for saying that these sums, which reflect "potential profits" that investors would have made, are exempt from capital gains tax meetings dressed like British Section 19(1) of The Finance business men of old to the Act. 1965, states that capital obvious advantage of themselves gains tox is charged on the disposal of assets; the compen-Regardless of an executive's satory sums are not the promarginal tax rate. if his ceeds of disposals of assets as company provides cash by way the stock was never obtained in the stock was never obtained in

most executives the chances end up in a better position than are they would not spend any those persons who obtained of it on clothes. Suit leasing stock and whose profits are throttling farmers now:

"I find it most disconcerting that a method of doing business."

"I find it most disconcerting that a method of doing business."

"I find it most disconcerting that a method of doing business."

#### Petroleum licences

From Mr. R. Koy.

Sir,-Mr. Walkley (March 1) bas complained about the recent iocrease in fees for petroleum licences (Statutory Instrument 1978 No. 6351. This increase, the first for tea years, was proposed by the Heilth and Safety Com-mission fullowing representa-tions by licensing authorities. On the face of it, the percent

age increase at the lower end of the scale, for licences up to 2,500 litres (550 galions), appears to be substantial. It reflects, however, the commission's policy that the cost of issuing a licence should he borne by the licensee who introduces the hazard rather than by the general rate-payers. The expense entailed in issuing these licences is now such that the new fees are realistic in relation to the costs

It may he helpful for Mr Walkley to know that limited quantities of the rubber solution be describes, not more than three gallons in containers of one pint or less, can be kept without a licence in accordance with the Petroleum (Mixtures) Order 1929. R. W. Kay,

Hozardous Substances Division. Health and Sofety Executive. 25. Chapel Street, NW.L.

#### Flat fares stop fraud

From Judy Basset Sir.—The report that London Transport is losing some £7m through passenger and staff fraud is an obvious call for the introduction of the "flat are "system.

LT has claimed in the past

that introducing a fare system-

similar to that in operation in Paris and many North American cities would necessitate hugely increased government subsidies. With a flat fare system, especially if some kind of token is uaed, fraud would be almost impossible. LT's answer to this problem is to employ more ticket collectors. Surely this is going to add substantially to the wage bill and in turn raise fores shove the already exorbi-

There are other major advantages of a flat fare system such as speeding up passenger flow through tieket halls, reduction promotional cost of tickets, etcetera, Maybe this latest ' special " etcetera. revelation of the inefficiency of the present system will make LT sit up and think. Judy Basset.

tant levels.

## Today's Events

Monthly index of average earnlngs, January.

PARLIAMENTARY BUSINESS HOUSE OF COMMONS: Industry Bill, remaining stages. Motioos on European Assembly Elections Regulations.

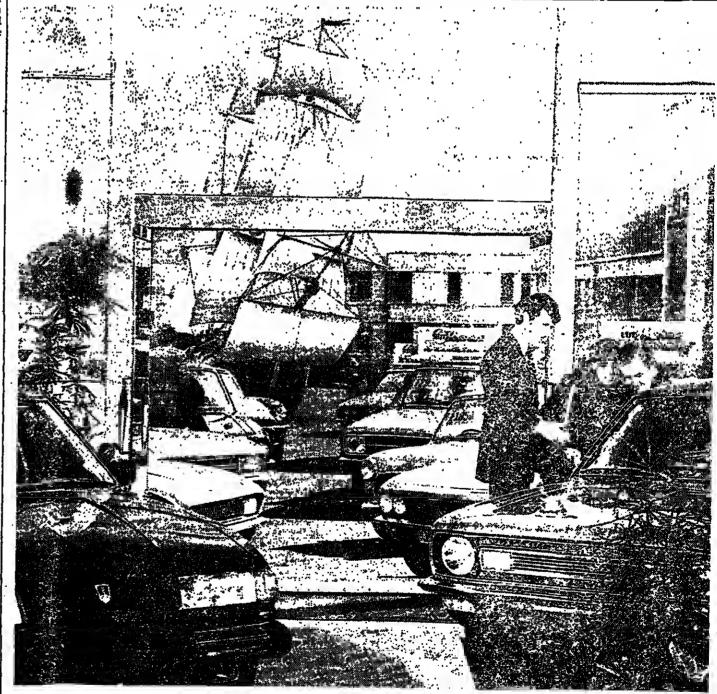
HOUSE OF LORDS: Debate on secondary education. Licensed Premises (Exclusion of Certain Persons) Bill, second reading. Select Committees. Expenditure, Trade and Industry Sub-commit-tee. Subject: UK domestic air fares. Witnesses: Joint Airports

line Pilots Association, Room 16, 10.15 am. Parliamentary Commissioner for Administration. Subject: Reports of the Ombudsman. Witness. Mr. C. M. Clothler, QC. Parliamentary Commissioner for Administration, Room 7, 5 pm. Public Accounts Committee. Witnesses: Scottish Home and Health Department, Department of Education and Science, Room 16, 4 pm. Expenditure, Social Services and Employmeol Sub-committee. Subject: Perluatal and neonatal, mortality. Witnesses: British Medical Charges Committee, British Air- Association, Room 15, 4.30 pm.

Overseas Development. Subject: UK aid to India. Witnesses: Mrs. Judith Hart. Minister for Overseas Development, Treasury, Room 6, 10.30 anı. COMPANY RESULTS

Final dividends: BL. Britannic Assurance Company BTR. Iovergordon Distillers (Holdings), A. A. Jones and Shipman. Montfort (Knitting Mills)—final dividend of 2.837p forecast at time of rights issue. The mass Bobbeson rights issue. Thomas Robinsoo and Son. Interim dividends: Loodon and Strathelyde Trust. James Walker, Goldsmith and Silversmith. COMPANY MEETINGS

See Company News, page 24



## The Ship is in the showroom

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Companies and Markets

## Tea price decline hits **Brooke Bond first half**

overseas trading profits of Brooke Bond Liebig to the tune of £9.01m in the six months ended December 31, 1978, and has continued to affect results

in the second half.

Taking into secount a higher trading contribuling of £6.32m against \$4.84m from the UK companies, an increased associates contribution, lower interest and a higher profit on ssles of land and buildings, the first half group pre-tax halance came through £4.24m down as £17.98m.

	Six months	
	1978	1977
	2000	0000
External sales	325,52t	374.596
Group trading profit .	16,589	24,121
UK	6.318	4.844
Overseas	10.271	19.277
A		
I manuscript	1,433	435
	2,203	3.766
Leaving	15.819	20,790
Profit on sales	2.163	1.428
Profit before tax	17,982	22,218
Taxalion	7.692	10.240
Nej piohl	10.290	11.978
Minerity	613	1,280
Extraordinary debite .	321 .	
Attributable	9,355	10.698
The directors re-	port th	at the

tea and meat operations in the UK achieved better trading profits while overseas the drop in lea prices had a significant effect on the plantation com-panies. Profits were also profits are expected to show an sharply down in Pakistan, the improvement overall. In

Two big food groups yesterday reported results which are considered by Lex. Profits at United Biscuits have risen around a tenth, with the U.S. side recovering fast in the second half, but the advance so far this year in the UK has proved a little disappointing. At the half-way stage Bronke Bund shows an expected shortfall on last year with a UK recovery failing to offset a drop in plantation profits following a slump in the tea price. Elsewhere, Lex considers the shake-out in the Swiss Bond market where there is talk of a buyers' strike. At home the key economic news concerns the banking sector where there was more room within the corset in Fenruary although money supply for the month could show a slight rise despite big sales of gilt-edged stock. Inside comments include views on Kleinwort Benson and J. Bibby.

U.S. and South America. Looking at the second half the directors state that the lower tea prices have continued plantation companies profits: however group results for this period, are expected to be close to the £21.62m achieved in the second half of 1977-78.

For the year, profits from Africa and Asia will be down including the effect of trealing Brooke Bond India as an associate!, while in other areas

addition, five months resulta will he included in respect of the Bushells acquisition. The nel interim dividend is increased from 0.831875p to

0.915p-the total for 1977.78 was 3.08626p. Bond India was an Brooke throughout the six associate months to December 31, 1978, and therefore its ssles are not included for this period. The sales figures for the six months to December 31, 1977; included £54.5m for this company.

## Bibby climbs to £8.4m

record E8.4m for the year ended December 30, 1978, J. Bibby and Sons has beaten the forecast record level, in spite of lower of £7.5m msde at the halfway sales primarily due to the stage, when profits were up disposal of two activities in £977.

In spite of the setback resultlng from the transport strike in the feeds and seeds division January and the uncertainties which had a record year. After of current EEC agricultural atlowing for structural changes negotiations, the directors expect within the group, the improvement in profits in the farm modest improvement in

current year profits.
Turnover for 1978 was slightly lower at £167m. (£168.18m), out attributable profits rose 39.6 per cent to £6.42m, after tax of enabled short-term borrowings to be reduced for the fifth successive year. This, with lower cessive year. This, with lower cessive year trates during 1978, re-

Subject to Treasury consent, interest rates during 1978, re-a net final dividend of 6.722p sulted in significantly reduced hoists the total payment by 47.5 interest charges. per cent from 6.595p in the maximum permitted 9.732p, which is covered 7.96 times by stated earnings of 77.37p (51.65p) per £1 share.

Mr. Leslie Young, the chair-

Within this group, the paper and converted products division provided the larger gain in profits, while the edible oils

man, reports that the industrial group achieved increases in both

sales and trading surplus in

The agricultural group in

creased its trading surplus to a

and did not reach the expected

comment

growth level.

Blbby's 1978 pro61 is above the general market estimate of about £S!m and 36 per cent up on 1977. Behind the overall growth is a mixed bag of ups and downs that can be expected from a diversified food group. In the biggest operating division, feeds and seeds, modernisation of feed. centred on new strains of winter barley, wheat and rape seed were the main forces hehind at jump in its contribution. The edible oils activities had a better year but higher productivity and stated earnings per 5p a better performance from resbare are shown to have risen fining was almost offset by a from 0.93p to 4.83p. The net dividend is up from 0.2435p to 0.3324p, at a cost of £3.713 compared with £2,743. problems associated with ageing equipment, and then it was caught by teething problems

on replacement equipment. These were sorted out towards the year end. Farm products was marginally better despite problems when the egg price plummeted towards the end of the year. In the current year raw material prices are hardening and there was an irretrievable loss of profit when the edible nil mill shut down for a month during the transport drivers' dispute. But directors are confident of a wodest improvement in profits this year. The shares dropped 10n to 325p giving a yield of 4.6 per cent (after a massive jump in dividend) and a p/e of 4.1.

## Utd. Biscuits tops £42m -sees lower first half

WITH PRE-TAX surplus ahead sector continued the upward PROFITS BEFORE tax of United 36 per cent from £6.17m to s trend of the past three years. Biscuits (Holdings) rate from Biscuits (Roldings) rose from £38.1m to £42.2m in 1978 on turnover of £710.4m compared with £630.2m previously.

When reporting first half profils up from £17.04m to disposal of two activities in 1977. The best performer here was the rate of profit increase in the second six months to be in line which had a record year. After with the rate of increase of the first.
On current year prospects, Sir ment in profits in the farm products activity was marginal

Hector Laing, chairman, now says that the disruptions of the road haulage dispute will have a serious effect on the first half results this year which are unlikely to reach last year's

Earnings per share for 1978 are shown at 13.8p against 13.4p and the final dividend is the forecast 1.506p making a total of 3.006p against an equivalent 2.72p in 1977.

1978   1978   1978   1978   1978   1978   1970	4,088 38,120 8,084 29,036 1,904 27,132 6,372
Undistributed 24,890	20,760
Contributions to sales	

trading profits to sales and trading profits show the UK with f455m (£378.1m) and £32.3m (£28.4m; respectively; U.S. £227m (£225.9m) and £14.fim (£14m), Europe, £20.5m (£17.9m) and £0.9m loss (£0.6m loss) and the rest of world, £7.9m (£8.3m)

**DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED** payment payment .... 39‡ May 5 General Mining . Johnson Cleaners ...... 3.56 Fairclough 2 East Lancs. Paper 2 Brooke Bond ......int. 0.92 Lambert Howarth ..... 2.5 May 14: 2.27 Kleinwirt, Benson ..... 2.8 Uld. Biscuits ..... 1.51 May 1S 2,47 July 2 1.82

S. W. Farmer 5.55 - 5.05 12.45 5.05 Ducitle int 2.12 May 4 1.93 - 6.41 Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated \* Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. † On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. ‡ South African cents throughout (comparitives adjusted for subdivision).

Extraordinary items comprise expanded sales of Carr's biscuit from provision for closure cost of factory, £1.73m excess of fire insurance claims over twilten down values (het), £855,000 (£1.1m) exchange differences, £143,000 (mil) off goodwill of subsidiaries, £55,000 debit (£199,000 eredit) on other leens and £606,000 expenses of expanded sales of Carr's biscuit exported to the U.S. Their one key the constitution of the group's line will now be extended to the U.S. Their one key the constitution of the group's line will now be extended to the U.S. Their one key the constitution of the group's line will now be extended to the U.S. Their one key the constitution of the group's line will now be extended to the U.S. Their one key the constitution of the group's line will now be extended to the U.S. Their one key the constitution of the group's line will now be extended to the U.S. Their of the group's line will now Extraordinary items comprise expanded sales of Carr's biscuits

Keebler Company sales in the re-investment. U.S. in the last quarter were buoyant and overall trading tions for future security of profits were at an acceptable employment, the chairman says. profits were at an acceptable level. Shaffer Clarke bas

The intensified competition in the High Street adversely affected trading profit margins, asys Sir Hector. Nevertheless, performance in the UK was excellent in the circumstances.

## Rank warns on falling short of targets

BY JOHN MOORE

SHAREHOLDERS OF the Rank husiness venture that it had closed shop-Organisation were warned, yesler, entered into with Xerox Corday, at the annual general meet-poration of the U.S. ing by Mr. Harry Smith, the A new holding chairman. That the financial targets which the group had set itself for the current year are unlikely to be achieved.

Mr. Smith explained "There have been a number of unpredict- involved in xerographic busiably had an adverse effect on our operations. I refer first to the recent period of industrial un-rest and in particular to the transport industry dispute which cossing equipment, small busi-disrupted supplies to and deli-veries from our factories; finishing products. Other secondly to the unusually severe interests included book publish-weather conditions this winter ing and the publishing of sales, which have kept people indoors to the detriment of some of our leisure activities."

He added, "We are making

the greatest possible efforts to recover from this sethack but I think it is now unlikely that we can achieve the targets which we had set ourselves during this financial year." tloned Mr. Smith on Rank's atti-Mr. Smith announced a new tude to the principal of the

A new holding company being established in the U.S., 51 per cent owned by Xerox Corpnration and 49 per cent by Rank with profit participation (in line On the Stock Exchange Rank will other Rank Xerox con-Organisation's shares fell 6p to paniest of two thirds to Xerox 278p after the announcement.

The new venture will not be nesses. It will concentrate on the manufacture and sale of office equipment including high speed printers and related accessories. pintters, disc drives, word protraining programmes for industry, commerce and government. Xerox already owns these ennipanies, but it has offered Rank the opportunity of investment. Rank is planning to inject Sfi.iu. During shareholders' question

sharing a widespread convern the general situation. "Closed shop agreements are not against the letter or spirit of the law,

Mr. Robinson tried to force a poll on the adoption of the accounts but failed.

#### Dixor surges to record £51,403 -

Taxable profits of Dixor, manufacturer and packer of decorative cosmetles and hair care products rose to a record £51,403 in the year to September 30, 1978, compared with £9,979 in the nine months to October 1, 1977.

Turnover Increased from £132,505 to £399,022, reflecting During shareholders question time Mr. Thum Robinson questioned Mr. Smith on Rank's attitutes the principal of the They add that once the move up as to 93.06 per cent.

to a new factory in Thornton Mr. Smith replied that while Heath, Surrey, is complete they having a widespread convern are confident the company will over closed shop agreements the group had to take into account psysion in contract manufacture psasion in contract manufacture and packaging:

Relained proft came through at £50.277 against £5.584 withdrawn, after an extraordinary

The directors say the plant being installed at the new fac-tory will expand the company's capacity in creams, powders, nait care and perfumery products. Finances bave benefited from the £85,000 realised by the recent sale of freebold premises at Mort-

#### TAYLOR -WOODROW

Taylor Woodrow's rights Issue of 5.86m shares has been taken

## S. Farmer expands to £1.09m and set for further progress

from £891,000 to £1,09m in profit before lax in 1978 is reported by S. W. Farmer Group, manufacturer of structural steelwork and platework. Turnover was 18 per cent higher at £12.18m against

Mr. Brian Farmer, chairman, says the record figures are in lice was expectations and reflect a pattern of steady growth for which the company has planned. He adds that the company has entered 1979 with a full order book and considently expects to show further progress during the

After tax of £564,000 (£449,000), stated earnings per 25p share are shown higher at 22.42p against 18.88p. The net final divi-dend is lifted from 5.05p to 5.55p, making 8.34p (5.05p).

Pre-tsx profits were struck turnover reached a record £7.19m after operating costs of £11.09m in 1978—and much time and through at £333,000 sgainst new markets, he adds. tbrough £265,000. At halfway, when taxable

profits were up from £500,000 to £503,000, the directors viewed the

remainder of the year with confidence Commenting on the period under review, the chairman says the spread of the company's activities has enabled it in avoid cyclical problems over the last five years, and future intentions

or growth will bear this point in 1978, before tax of £52,685 to £91,579 in 1978, before tax of £50,179 against £18,952,

The company's financial base is very strong, be continues, and the directors will not besitate to make use of resources at the right moment. Exports still The dividend feature very highly—export costing £24,650.

#### Richmond Park Laundry up to £94,879

Profits of Glasgow-based Richmond Park Laundry Company in-creased from £52,685, to £91,579

The dividend is again 145p,

in page

1978 Preliminary Figures and Extracts from the Statement by the Chairman, Sir Hector Laing.

Results are very much as forecast. Last year I set out certain of our corporate objectives which will again appear in the Annual Report. We have not succeeded in attaining all of these objectives but, as I explained at the Annual General Meeting last year, they are designed to act as spurs to management. We are all feeling the spurs!

United Kingdom

The intensified competition in the High Street adversely affected our trading profit margin. Nevertheless, our performance in tha UK was excellent in the circumstances.

Last year I mentioned that we had entered two markets which we believed would become increasingly important in the 1980's. I am very pleased with our progress in both fast foods and frozen foods. We have broadened the scope of our fast-food operation by the acquisition of Pizzaland, and we now have a comprehensive range of high added-value frozen food products of excellent quality.

We are once again in a period of laying foundations, this time for expansion in the 1980's, and I am confident that the steps we are taking now will prove as rewarding as our investment programme in the 1960's.

United States of America

effects of the weather and the coal strike. However, sales in the last quarter were buoyant and overall trading profits were at an acceptable level. Our programme to modernise and expand our factories, which reflects our confidence in Keebler gives rise to heavy interest charges, partially offsetting increased trading profits.

Spain **Productos Ortiz** 

be able to reduce significantly the losses being incurred by our Spanish company.

Results for the Year Sales United Kingdom

Total Trading Profits **USA** 

Keebler Company The year got off to a difficult start due to the

In August we acquired the New York based importing company, Shaffer Clarke. This excellent business, built up by David Shaffer, has skilfully expanded sales of our Carr's biscuits exported to the USA. Their expertise will now be extended to marketing other of our UK brands.

In 1975 and 1976 we believed that we would

1978 Difference 1977 £m £m £m 455.0 378.1 +76.9+ 1.1 USA. 227.0 225.9 17.9 Europe 20.5 + 2.6 Rest of World 7.9 8,3 **- 0.4** 630.2 710.4 +80.2+12.7+ 3.9 United Kingdom 32.3 28.4 +13.714.6 14.0 + 0.6 + 4.3Europe (0.9)(0.6)-0.3-50.0Rest of World 0.1 0.4 -0.3-75.0Total 46.1 42.2 + 3.9 + 9.2 3.9 4.1 Interest-Net Cost - 4.9 -0.2**Net Profit before Taxation** 42.2 38.1 + 4.1+10.8

Unfortunately this expectation was not fulfilled. Our strategy has been to increase sales to a level at which the company would be profitable without cutting back the overall size of the operation. We have now decided that, in the economic climate in which we have to operate in Spain, this is not a practical solution, and we are therefore closing the older of our factories to concentrate all production in the other. We will reduce the number of our van salesmen, and hand over a substantial volume of sales to distributors and franchisees in areas where our own van selling costs have been too high. This will make the company more viable, albeit on a lower scale of activity.

Outlook for 1979 Our budget for 1979, when it was prepared." indicated that the profit from trading would show a greater rate of improvement over the previous year than was achieved in 1978.

However, since that time we have suffered the disruptions of the road haulage dispute which have yet to be fully quantified, but I have to report that they will have a serious effect on our half-year results, which are unlikely to reach last year's levels. I do not think it meaningful to make any forecast for the second half at this time, except to say that our results will be dependent to a large extent on our being able to recover increased costs from the consumer. **Price Commission** 

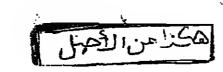
Shareholders may possibly have read that we are "being investigated" by the Price Commission. This takes up a considerable amount of management time which would be very much better daployed in ensuring that the day-to-day operation of the business is efficient. The value of such investigations must therefore be questioned.

If necessary price increases are disallowed,

the inevitable result will be that our added value will decline and the consumer will be subsidised from funds which would otherwise be allocated to re-investment. This has dangerous implications for future security of employment.

Thanks to our Employees Our company has increased profits every

vear since 1969, to the benefit of all its members. Without the loyalty and dedication of our employees at all levels this would not have been possible, and I would like to thank everybody in the company for their efforts, not only during 1978, but over many successful years. I would also like to welcome the 1,500 new employees in those companies which have joined our group during the year.





# Fairclough Construction rises sharply to £9.56m

AXABLE PROFITS of Fair- lifted from 1.388p to 2p, making sugh Construction Group 3.5p against 2.488p.

mbed from £6.95m to £9.56m 1978, on turnover up from 70.04m to £232.91m. At the halfway atage, pre-tax

ofits rose from £3.06m to .6m on turnover of £89.84m Mr. Oswald Davies, chairman, vs there is a good forward

irkload. During the year are has been further investin diversification and

adds that there were miticant contributions from erseas operations in the period der review, and full provision s been made against assets in n. Mining orders have been

Turnover
Profit belore tax 9,555 5,320 4,535 124 lividends -

comment With a 37 per cent pre-tax profit rise last year and a strong order book for 1979, Fairclough should be approaching the point where the shares command a premium rating. The share placing in conjunction with the recent reived in excess of £60m. to lift the net total dividend by After tax of £5.02m |£3.54m) 41 per cent where the gross yield ted earnings per 25p share at 76p, up 4p yesterday, is 7.1 higher at 10.33p against per cent. The historic p/e on 67p. The net final dividend is stated earnings is 7.2 which

stands marginally below the sector average. Mining orders worth £60m were taken on last year and Fairclough is reasonably confident of winning work of similar magnitude from the NCB in the near future and the in this field, coupled with the broad spread of other civil engineering and building activities, provide a solid prop for further growth. Iran, inevitably, Fairclough will be providing around £2m against its plant. bonds and guarantees in that country. Over the longer term, however, the 50 per cent Saudi Robert Watson acquisition bas. Arabian associate is expected in as anticipated, enabled the group start making its contribution although it may be that, like Wimpey, Fairclough is already providing its UK civil engioeering companies with profitable work from the Saudi workload.



BL chairman Michael Edwardes dropped in at the group's Piccadilly showrooms, London, yesterday, prior to announce-ment of full-year figures—due today.

## East Lancs. Paper reaches forecast

IN THE face of severe extremely wel cooditions towards competition in the paper the end of last year, which industry. East Lancashire Paper affected production both in this Gronp achieved forecast pre-tax country and the U.S., where the profits of £1.46m for 1978, company's openeast coal activities compared with £1.17m for the "are getting into their stride."

previous 12 months.
At the interim stage when announcing an advance from £636,000 to £708,000 the directors projected that second balf results would be similar to those

of the first.

They now say that with imports taking nearly balf of the UK marker they are constantly striving to maintain and improve the company's already strong reputation. To this end capital expenditure in 1978 totalled over £lin, and over the last three years amounted to £3.4m. Earnings per 25p share are shown to baye risen from 10p to

ls stepped up from 3.3p to 3.685p, with a final payment of Extraordinary debits, representing reorganisation expenses amounted to £115,502 (£27,700)

11.1p and the net total dividend

during the year	1978	1977
Turnovei Trading profit Cepreciation Interest payable Profit before tax The Profit after tax Extraordinary debit Minouty Ptal. div. Attributable Invidends	28,627,068 2,127,838 558,591 116,647 1,465,300 726,894 728,406 118,502 7,348 605,559 200,849	28,866,574 1,921,725 480,730 272,386 1,168,510 588,21,530,393 27,700 7,345 545,346 179,865
Retained	. 404,710	355,483

#### Crouch £4.8m investment

1978 reported yesterday, Mr. Derek Crouch, chairman of Derek Crouch, says that the increase in

One of the important actions taken during 1978, he says, was the investment of £4.8m in new plant and machinery. This in-cluded two 16 cu yd dragline excavators for the operation in Pennsylvania: these will start working later this year. The directors expect the U.S. mining to make a useful contribution to profits in 1979.

#### Sterling Trust to improve

As reported gross revenue increased from £1.78m to £1.99m

## Second half growth puts Kleinwort over £9m

were slightly down, Kleinwort, Benson, Lonsdale ended 1978 with not profits well ahead from £7.48m to £9.08m.

The directors say the result reflects a good performance from all the group's main activities, the international nature of which have once more proved their worth.

Profits from the banking group rose from £5.17m to £6.12m, after

rose from £5.17m to £6.12m, after transfers to inner reserves out of which provision has been made for diminution in value of Orther group companies contributed £1.98m (£1.74m) and

net lifts the total for the year from 4.157627p to 4.60089p per 25p share. Retained profits emerged at £6.51m (£5.18m). Comment Kleinwort, Beason's 21 per cent profit increase reflects a signi-

Certificates of 1.115

comment

Ginger group seeks injunction

ficant expansion of the bank's business, particularly overseas where the Hong Knng office has grown into a major branch. In year-end balance sheet terms. however, the strength of sterling means that the foreign component is understated relative to last year, and balance sheet totals are up 14 per cent. While 1977 brought a useful boost to profits from capital gains on gilt-edged stocks which were absent last year, in 1978, there was a sharp gain in profits from the bullinn trading subsidiary Sharps Pixley. The corporate finance side in the UK has seen activity pick up since the final strength of the stock market may ness. The shares rose Sp yeslerday to 120p where they yicld

## Ductile ahead to £2.05m but expects downturn

£995,000, to £311,000 and tax of prospects for the garden £995,000, against £783,000, net furniture and tools element of profit cames out at £1.05m, com- the tube operation SPITE industrial disputes in £212,000 to £311,000 and tax of ifits from £1.87m to £2.05m the 26 weeks to December 30. 8. In his annual statement, R. Sidaway said he was bopeyear have been restated in accordance with the change in that there would be a first

le now says that the motor nicle disputes considerably cuced turnover at many of the up's companies. This was be sleel strip re-ro se deliveries were christied turing steel tube component manufacturers electrogalvanisement founding.

ad from £30.98m to £33.74m.

Iowever he warns, that it it is impossible to be very much ms unlikely the group will more than neutral about second ch results for the whole of half prospects at Ductile Steels. Year when it turned in: The group gives no divisional ble profits of £5.11m on breakdown at the interim stage but, in the absence of significant

upted production, especially the steel division, but it is he interim dividend is raised n 1.9261p net per 25p share 2.1187p. The total payment year was 5.4125p, and this the Board expects to pay

maximum permitted final

of this month and it is boped to accounting policy for deferred tax adopted in the 1978 annual implement a similar rise across much of the rest of the range accounts. The group's interests include steel strip re-rolling, manufac-turing steel tubes and fittings, electro-galvanisers and iron founding. our turnover at midway was comment ad from 130.98m to 133.74m.

-- Ir. Sidaway points out- that steel stock profits and a first full Ir. Sidaway points out that six-month contribution from road haulage strike seriously. Newman, the re-rolling and tube upted production, especially operations look to be running the steel division, but it is neck and neck at present. Pre-tax early to assess the full profits have climbed 9 per cent in the first six munits despite the impact of motor industry disription. The automotive sector probably, accounts for about 40 per cent of total sales and the cost may have been over

£250,000. It is bard to say whether those profits have been lost forever or whether they have rolled over into the January Juns ne half-year dividend absorbs period but, in any event, the (000 (£247,000), group is apparently seeing some an unchanged interim dividend fter interest charges up from slight steel order upturn while of 3.125 cents per share.

## Bradmill Inds. profit increase

Reflecting benefits from an internal reorganisation and rationalisation programme, carn-lngs of Bradmill Industries, Australia's largest textile group. 49 per cent owned by Tootal, rose 60 per cenl from A\$2.05m to \$3.3m for the six months to December 31, 1978. Sales were up by 15 per cent to \$88m.

power strike in Victoria, and a fire at the main textile mili io As known the company will pay

# for six months

The directors point out that 1977 figures are not strictly com-parable, being affected by a major.

#### within the next six months. Cover rules limit the annual dividend rise to 10 per cent. where the prospective yield at 110p, down 4p, is 8.3 per cent.

be improving a little. Around a

per cent price increase at the end

The results for the 1977 halffifth of the product range, by
tonnage at least, will enjoy a 7-8

Commenting on the results for

the directors of Sterling Trust are expecting some further improvement in current year

They state that it is difficult to eovisage an: increase in the value of the UK portfolio this year, although income should be maintained for the time being. In the case of the U.S. the problems, although similar in some respects, look far less intractable.

A slowing in the over-rapid growth of the economy and a peaking of interest rates are probable, and this should be reflected in o rise in share values. Japao looks set for further moderate growth but in this case share prices are already at more realistic levels.

in 1978 and net revenue came out at £1.06m against £0.89m. profit has been achieved despite Meeting, Bucklersbury House, the difficulties caused by the EC. April 4 at 3.39 pm.

Per £ of sales

6·2p

1·2p

1.5p

100.0p

(20%)

(4%)

(100°;)

#### in Saint Piran board battle "Moreover it is important for sbarebolders to ascertain the precise relationship between the cents. company and Mr. J. Raper, a former director who still appears

THE GINGER group trying to at meetings and vote. overlurn the Board of Saint "Moreover it is im Piran, the building and mining group, yesterday requested the Board to seek an injunction re-straining offshore nominee hold-ings who hold a 30.5 per cent stake in Saint Piran from voting at meetings. This restraint should be applied until the nominee hold-

ings revest the true beneficial owners in compliance with the Compaoies Act 1976.

The companies concerned are Despite many uncertainties Aerollneas Cordoba, S.A. of be directors of Sterling Trust Panama, Apricot Limited of Hong Kong, Charnwood Invest-ments of Hong Koog, Corony Corporation of Panama, Menthon Corporation of Panama, Ruffec S.A. of Luxembourg. Saratoga Shipping Company of Luxem-hourg, and Sterling Azalea of Hong Kong.

If the Board fails to take the requested action the ginger group plans to take proceedings on behalf of shareholders. In a statement yesterday, the

five men, who have been proposed as replacement directors of Saint Piran, stressed that the directors of Saint Piran only hold 4.100 shares. The Foreign holdings, which total 3.57m shares, "In fact control the com-

"None of them bas a regi-stered address in the UK. Under article 143 of the Articles of soft drink group, dropped 30 oer Association of the Company, cent from AS9.13m to AS6.38m none of them is entitled to in the 1978 year. Second-half receive notices from the company. Yet they are represented AS2.84m.

to exercise a considerable in-fluence over the company's affairs. He may well be a direc tor in accordance with the definition in the Companies Act 1948, as a director includes "any person in accordance with whose directions or iostructions the directors of the company are

accustomed toact. Meanwhile, the ginger group is warning the board that it should take proceedings to restrain the foreign shareholders from voting at the crucial extraordinary general mectura on March 30 until the beneficial ownership of the shares is

disclosed. "If the board fails to take such action by Friday, March 16. we shall do so on behalf of shareholders," say the propused new directors.

#### 30% decline at Cadbury Australia

Profits of Cadbury Schweppes Australia, the confectionery and the dividend is the same at 6.75

The directors say the secondhalf decline was the result of depressed consumer lower than expected volume sales of confectionery and some loss of share in the total chocolate market.

As a result, they add, there was serious decline in the operating profit of the confectionery division, but a satisfactory recovery

#### Lunuva Tea goes ahead to £152,757

As anticipated at the ninemonth stage, pre-tax profits of Lunuva (Ccylon) Tea and Ruhber Estates were bigher in 1978 at £152,757 against £110,765. Stated earnings per £1 sbare are shown abead at 11.01p 17.89p), while the net dividend is lifted from 5.5p 10 10p at a cost

After UK and Srl Lanka tax of £58.756 (£43.348), and an extraordioary debit last time of £4.973, oet profit was £94.001 (£62,444). Attributable profit came through at £170,260 (£123.217).

of £85,378 (£46.958).

#### Distribution of Wealth in our UK.

Company

This chart illustrates very clearly how our added value-the wealth we create-is distributed. 71% goes to employees

- to provide reward to those who give their time and effort to the company; 20% goes to re-investment

- to provide security for shareholders' assets; -to provide security of employment for working members of the company:

 to provide for expansion and increased wealth for both shareholding and working members of the company;

-to provide continuing good value to the consumer;

4% goes to government

-to provide for society's requirements: schools, roads, hospitals, defenca, etc. 5% goes to the providers of capital, the great

majority of whom are the general public through their pension and insurance funds -to provide a return which takes account of the level of risk involved, and the rate which

government offers on risk-free investment. It is self-evident that: the more added value we create, the greater the benefit to employees, to shareholders and

to society as a whole; no one element can increase its percentage

share except at the expense of another; - if employees claim rewards over and above their 71% share, the percentage set aside for re-investment is the one most likely to be reduced to meet such claims, since it is the only

one large enough: Added Value and the Consumer

Just as there is danger in paying oursalves out of funds which should be set asida for re-investment, so is there equal danger -particularly perhaps at a time of intense competition in the High Street-in using those funds to subsidise the price to the consumer to tha extent that the processor's ability to re-invest in order to keep abreast of modern technology is impaired.

The penalties of under-investment are inescapable. We have seen what has happened in some other industries - cars and motorcycles to name but two-when insufficient funds have been allocated to investment, or when investment has not been worked as efficiently as by the international competition. We must not

UK Sales

**EMPLOYEES** 

 Cost of raw materials and services = Added Value

£316 million £139 million

£455 million

RE-INVESTMENT

GOVERNMENT

SHAREHOLDERS AND LENDERS

TOTAL PER £ OF SALES

assume that the same could not happen in the It is vitally important that all links in the food chain should make an adequate return on

investment if they do not, then:

- employment in our food processing industry will be put at risk; -the security of employees in our farming and other supply industries will also be put at risk, since the raw materials for foods processed abroad are unlikely to be supplied from British

farms: export potential will be reduced; -imports of processed foods will increase; an unnecessary burden will be put on our balance of payments.

Self-discipline If we fail to exercise the self-discipline necessary to ensure that we do not take, in wages and salaries; the funds which should be allocated to re-investment to keep us internationally competitive, the government must attempt to impose discipline. If the country rejects that, then discipline will be imposed by tha harsh reality of international competition, and the rising unemployment and falling standard of living which will result from our

30·5p failure to compete effectively.

Management must ensure that this fundamental truth is understood and accepted. An explanation of the distribution of added value helps towards that, but we have taken the concept a stage further in our company.

A Policy for Creating Understanding and **Building Confidence** We have discussed with representatives of our UK employees a form of "contract" based on A Policy for Creating Prosperity outlined in the

booklet Creating Wealth and Sharing Prosperity which we published last year. This "contract" puts forward the proposition

if the employees agree

to allocata at least 15% to re-investment; -to match the added value per employee of our international competitors.

then the Company will guarantee - an agreed percentage of the added value to employees; security of employment or income protection

for five years after three years' service, and after ten years until retirement. The guarantee of job security is critical:

after all, no-one can be expected to welcome investment in new plant, or to work it efficiently, if it means joining the dole queue. However, it is self-evident that the fewer people sharing the 69.5p agreed percentage of added value which is guaranteed to the employees, the more each will receive, and vice versa. Surplus staffing can be reduced relatively quickly by natural wastage and voluntary early retirement.

We plan to give our employees an opportunity to vote on this proposition. However, in my view there still remains a degree of misunderstanding about how wealth is\_ created and distributed, and perhaps some mistrust of management motives.

One of management's most important tasks at this time, therefore, is to change attitudes. Leadership

The strength and stability of a nation's currency, on which its standard of living and social stability depend, are directly related to the economic understanding and industrial self-discipline of its people. Understanding and self-discipline depend on leadership and communication. Management has been entrusted with the

nation's savings for the specific purpose of creating wealth-the wealth on which the quality of life in our society depends. We will not achieve that purpose unless we pursue policies which inspire the trust of our workforces, and communicate-through a properly structured management chain - both the purpose and the policies in such a way as to win their hearts and minds—that is, their informed commitment.

In recent years, however, we have allowed the status and authority of a vital link in the management chain to be weakened. Our foremen and supervisors have not been given adequata training in leadership and communication, their differentials have bean - that the first charge on the added value must be eroded, and too frequently they have been by-passed by more senior management talking direct to union representatives.

In order to re-assert leadership in industry. we must appoint managers as much for character and personality as for technical ability. We must devote more time to training them and, having done so, give them the responsibility to take decisions, and than back them in those decisions. That is the way to build

confidence and authority, and to breed respect.

Participation 1 4 1 At a time when "participation," although an ambiguous term, is a fashionable slogan, I think it is important for management and all other employees to be clear exactly what participation maans, and how it differs from the process of

communicating and informing. I do not believe most employees wish to be involved in decision-taking outside their immediate area of operation; that is where positive participation is meaningful and where

active involvement should be encouraged. Beyond that, employees do want to be kept informed. Communication of information about the wider picture is essential in order to help people understand the implications of company policy decisions. This is quite distinct from participation. Since major decisions must be taken by those with the expertise and breadth of experience to make the necessary judgements, participation in that context would be unrealistic.

Our human relations policies are designed to put into practice the principles I have described; se that in a spirit of co-operation, our company will maintain its dynamic progress and provide job security and as high a standard of living as possible to our employees, good value to the consumer and a fair return to our shareholders:

in the very nature of things, employers and employees - shareholders, management and . workforce - are partners, not adversaries; their interests are common, not opposed; in the long run the success of each is dependent upon the success of the others. The success of the company, and therefore the best interests of all its members, can be assured by the recognition of their common purpose—the creation of greater wealth for the benefit of all.

There is no other way.

lf you a copy, plo The Bec	The Annual Report will be posted to shareholders on Wednesday, 19th April, re not a shareholder but wish to obtain a gase complete and teturn the coupon to: pistrars. The Royal Bank of Scotland Limited, drew Square, Edinburgh EH22AB.
Name	
Address	·

Syon Lane, Islaworth, Middlesex TW7 5NN.

BIDA

## Anglo-Transvaal Consolidated Investment Company, Limited

Incorparated in the Republic of South Africa

for the half-year ended 31 December 1978

Finencial results

The unaudited consulidated financial results of the Company and its subsidiaries (excluding

er ended Une 1978 R000	ŀ	laif-years endad 31 1978 R000	December 1977 R000
458 522	Turnover	258 411	223 021
46 961 13 860	Profit before taxation Taxation	31 435 9 952	19 741 6 390
33 101	Profit after taxation Attributable to outside shareholders of	21 483	13 351
18 63 <del>9</del>	subsidiaries	11 045	6 543
16 462	Preference dividends (including fixed portion of participating preference	10 438	6 808
291	dividends)	145	146
18171	Profit attributeble to ordinary, "A" ordinary and participating preference shareholders	10 293	6 662
1 797	Earnings per ordinary end "A" ordinery share Extraordinery nem not included above Capitel enmittments	243 cents 1 261 cr 2 166	157 cents 2 366

The extraordinary item of R1 261 000 relates to the surplus, after deducting the interest of outside shareholders, on disposal by The Kerguelan Company Limited of its 10 per cent holding in Rainbow Chickan Limited's ordinery shares.

Dividends declared or paid during the half-year Half-yearly dividends on the 5 per cent and 6 per cent 73 preferenca sheres Interim dividend of 30 cents per shere (1977 — 25 cents) 1 070 on the ordinary and "A" ordinary sheres Interim dividend on the participating preference shares at e fixed rate of 5 per cent per ennum plus a participadn n of 15 cents par shere (1977 - 12,5 cents) The final dividends on the ordinary, "A" ordinary and perticipating preference shares which were declared in June 1978, were paid an 2 August 1978.

The market value of the Company's listed investments et 31 December 1978 was R105 505 000 (1977 — R93 865 000), compared with a book value of R38 825 000 (1977 — R37 268 000).

All industrial companies, other than those operating in the engineering sector, participated fully in the improved trading conditions which prevailed during the helf-year and this, combined with stringent cost controls, lad to substentiel increeses in their profits. The maintanance of profits at these levels for the balance of the year will depend largely on the ebility of companies to recoup cost escalations which will flow from the recent increeses in the price of petroleum products and which will have a major impact on certain of our companies.

Income Iram the Graup's gold mining investments was substantially higher as a result of the increesed price received for gald and at current prices, income for the year from this snurce will be higher than thet of the previous year,

For and on behalf of the board B. E. Hersov, Chairman R. J. Hamilton Directors

London Secretaries Anglo-Transvaal Trustees Limited 295 Regent Street London W1R 8ST

Registered Office Anglovaal House 56 Main Street Johannesburg 2001

12 March 1979

## **Anglo American Industrial Corporation Limited**

PRELIMINARY PROFIT STATEMENT AND DECLARATION

OF FINAL DIVIDEND NO. 30 PROFIT

Subject to final audit, the following are the profits of the corporation and its subsidiaries for the year coded December 31 1975 which should be read to conjunction with the notes below:—

R000's Group profit hefore taxation ..... Less: Taxation and deforred texallog ...... 26 456 20 609 Less: Profit after taxalion .... Less: Profit attributable to minority interests in subsidiary companies 37 776 35 208 5 367 217 Group prinfit, after taxation, attributable in the corporation 37 991 26 861 947 26 S6t 94T Number of shares in Issue ..... Earnings per share—cents ...... Dividends per share—cents ....

In the opinion of the boards of directors of two wholly-owned subsidiaries of the corporating there is uncertainty regarding the recovery of profits from certain of their respective foreign subsidiaries. Consequently, the results of such foreign subsidiaries have not been consolidated in the respective group results of the two wholly-owned subsidiaries. This potter has been adopted with the consent of the necessary authorities. The 1977 comparative figures have been adjusted accordingly.

The results of Boart International Limited. Snaw Metals Limited and Bruynzeel Plywoods Limited, as well as the corporation's income from its own investments all showed improvement for the year.

The financial results of the following companies, which became subsidiaries of the Amic group during the year, have been consolidated in the group's financial results for the respective periods indicated below:— (a) Mundi Paper Company Limited (Mundi)
The corporation acquired an additional 5 440 000 shares in Mondt with effect from

July t 1978 thereby locreasing its equity interest in Mundi from 39.79 per cent to 53.92 per cent. Mondi's results have been consolidated for the period July 1 1978 to the Spanker Beperk (Spanker) Spanker Beperk (Spanker)

Spanker became a subsidiary of Bruynzeel Plywoods Limited (Bruply) in terms of the merger on April I 1978 of Bruply's chipheard division with the chipboard insulfacturing interests of the Associated Furniture Companies Limited group. The results of Spanker, in which Bruply owns slightly more than 50 per cent, have been consolidated for the period April I 1978 to December 31 1978.

[c] African Products Limited

With effect from October t 1978, Amic's wholly owned subsidiary. Orange Free State Land and Estate Company (Proprietary) Limited (OFSLE) acquired the assets and

manufacturing business of the African Products Limited group and on December 29
1978 OFSLE whonged its name to African Products (Proprietary) Limited. The
consolidated results of the African Products Limited group for the period December t t878 to December 3t 1978 baya been included in the consolidated results of the Amic

A final dividend of 55 cents a share intevious year: 48 cents), for the year ended December 51 1978, has been declared payable to shareholders registered in the books of the corporation at the close of business on April 6 1979. DIVIDEND NO. 30

This dividend, together with the interim dividend of 15 cents a share, declared on September 1 1978, makes a total of 80 cents a share for the year (1977: 70 cents).

The share transfer registers and registers of members will be closed from April 7 to April 20 1979, both days inclusive, and werrants will be posted from the Johannesourg and United Kingdom offices of the transfer secretories on or about May 3 1979.

Registered shareholders paid from the United Kingdom will receive the United Kingdom currency equivalent on April 24 1979 of the rand value of their dividends (less appropriate taxes). Any such shareholders may however, elect to be paid in South African currency provided that any such request is received at the offices of the corporation's transfer secretaries in Johanneshurg or the United Kingdam on or hefore April 6 1979.

The dividend is payable subject to conditions which can be inspected at the head and Londoo offices of the corporation and also at the offices of the corporation's transfer secretaries. Consulidated Share Registrars Limited. 62 Marshall Street. Johannesburg 2001 and Charter Consolidated Limited. Charter House. Park Street, Ashford. Kent TN24 SEQ.

The effective rale of con-resident shareholders' lax is 15 per cent.

It is anticipated that the fifteenth anoual report of the corporation in respect of the year ended December 31 1978 will be despatched to all registered shareholders on or about March 29 1979. By order of the Board

ANGLO AMERICAN CORPORATION OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED Secretaries per D. M. Davidson

Registered Office: Johanneshurg 2001. Mnrch 14 1979

London Office: 40 Holborn Viaduci. ECIP 1AJ

## Johnson Cleaners advances 63% and hoists dividend

Johnson's final figures are impressive. After stripping ont

share of the relail drycleaning

market has edged up to something around 21 per cent

but this appears to he at the

expense of smaller competitors rather than its arch-rivat. Skelchley. The increase in consumer spending has meant

that the volume baodled by

ratail drycleaners is growing and, heing a volumn sansitiva husiness, the return from the extra throughput is very high. The profit from tha workware and textile rental service is

The profit from the workware and textile rental service is expanding but at present it is still very much a secondary

activity to dryclasoing. The dividand is up 30 per cent aven though directors have elected not to pay the maximum available undar the cover relaxation. As a result dividend cover is up from 3.71 to 4.2 times. The rigid

from 3.71 to 4.2 times. The yield at 129p is 6 per ceot and p/e is

A 63 PER CENT jump in taxable (£324,242) and extraordinary has been taken up as to 87 per profits for the year to December 30, 1978, is ruported by £193,557 against £176,901 oet of Jubuson Group Cleavers. Pretax profits rose from £2.05m in the .53 weeks to December 31. • Comment 1957, to £3.34m on purpover net 1977, to £3.34m on turnover net. of VAT 31 per cent ahead at £28.53m, against £20.27m.

Treasury approval has been given for a 30 per cent dividend increase. A second interim paynut of 3.5584p, to be confirmed healthy 49 per cent gain. Its nut of 3.5584p, to be confirmed as a final, lifted the total from 3.891tp to 5.0584p net per 25p share. Stated earnings per share are up from 14.43p to 21.18p on attributable profits of £2.77m 151.88m).

The pre-tax profit includes £78,389 from Zernys, the retail drycleaners, which joined the group on January 4 last year. At that time the company was harely profitable. harely profitable. A further £212,485 came from Capital and County Laundries, trading as Kneels, which joined the group on July 6, 1978. Earn-

ings from this company were not included in the group's half year figures which showed tax-able profits ahead from £625,164 Commenting on the results. Mr. John Crockatt, chairman, says trading in the retail dry-cleaning market continued to be buoyant in the seemed half, and expansion of the workwear and towel rental services continued.

Tax for the year takes £573.954 t£165,145). There was a urplus on property sales of £596.487

**HAWKINS & TIPSON** 

The £520,000 rights issue ov Kent-hased Hawkins and Tipson

## 37 companies wound-up

Orders for the compulsory winding-up of 37 companies wera made by Mr. Justice Vinelott in

hade by Ar. Justice Vinelott in the High Court. They were: Nasoofurd; Plazacrest; Lass-man Automobile Eogineers; Finehridge Commerce and Com-modities; D. W. Jobnson Servicing; S. and L. Cranes; Sea-fuld Fashions; Enaver Davidson Associates; Robioson Douglas Painting and Decorating; Peteric Transport Services. North London Finance Com-pany; Maurice J. Lubin Decorating:

pany; Maurice J. Lubin (Proparty); Merlcrete; Aerial Demolition; Johnson Neon Demolition; Johnson Neon (Liverpoof): Leviaod Drilliog (Contracturs); A. Bakes and Sons (Felt-Roofing); Porter and Thomas (Decorators); Teller-erest; Harrison Leigh. J. Jurden (Transportt; J. H.

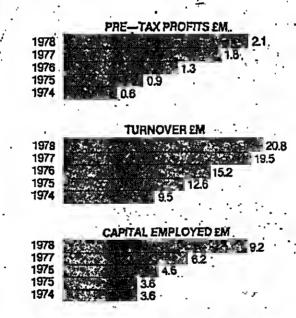
Ainslie and Company: Merrimec Warehouses; Swann Construction (Stemford); Caoespa (UK); Cnsmic Heatiog; Pearson, Smylh and Co.; Wodvale Transport; E. C. Woodley.

John Naylor (Bakers); Royston Du Maurier; Celeright; Fronote; D. J. and J., G. Pridmore; M. M. Microwave, Services; Boma Beauty Products; The Plaistow Working Men's Club and Institute.

A compulsory order made on March 5 against Nicholason and Parrish was rescinded, and the petition dismissed by consent. Last week orders on Hollend-Martin Parker Enterprises and Superior Seating were rescinded by Mr. Justice Vinelott. Both petitions were dismissed with the

## MIDLAND INDUSTRIES LIMITED

'A PERIOD OF SUSTAINED **GROWTH** 



Copies of the Annual Report and Accounts can be obtained from The Secretary, Midland Industries Ltd., Heath Town Works, Wolverhampton, WV100QD.

#### Applied Computer Techniques (Holdings) Limited

('ACT') Share Capital

Issued & Authorised fully paid in 53,645 5.6°, Cumulative 53,645 53,645 Redeemable Preference shares of £1 each:

300,000 262,700 in 3.000,000 Ordinary shares of 10p each

£316,345 £353,645

The placing has been completed of 262,700 Ordinary shares of 10p each of ACT at 95p per share:

There is no listing on any stock exchange for the shares of ACT and application is not being made to any stock exchange for a listing for any part of the company's capital. However, it is

expected that dealings in the Ordinary shares in The Stock Exchange's unlisted securities market will be permitted. Persons wishing to deal in the Ordinary shares of ACT in the unlisted securities market should consult their stockbroker at other professional adviser in order that the necessary permission for specific bargains can be obtained from the Council of The

Full information regarding ACT is contained in a Prospectus dated 15th March 1979 and copies may be obtained from:-

Singer & Friedlander Limited.
Birthingham office 123 Hagley Road, Edghasion, Birmingham, B16 8LP and from Grieveson, Grant and Co., 59 Gresham Street, London, EC2P 2DS.

**UK COMPANY NEWS** 

## BRITISH AMERICAN AND GENERAL TRUST LIMITED

Managers: KLEINWORT, BENSON LIMITED

Extracts from the Statement by the Chairman, Mr. W. H. Conroy and summary of the results for the year ended 31st December 1978

Dividend: Your Board is recommending that a final dividend of 1.125p per unit be paid making a total for the year of 1.85p per unit - an increase of

Assets: Your Trust's Net Asset Value per ordinary stock unit rose by 3.8% from 52.1p to 54.1p.

Portfolio: The geographical distribution of the portfolio remained heavily weighted in the United Kingdom and the stake in the United States has again been reduced. It is your Board's intention to rebuild the United States portfolio in due

	1978	1977
REVENUE AVAILABLE FOR *ORDINARY STOCK (Net)	£970,483	£844,355
EARNED FOR *ORDINARY STOCK  I * Increased during 1978 by the conversion of loan stock)	1.9Sp	1.71p
TOTAL ASSETS -	£28, 107,787	£27,043,171
Attributable to Ordinary Stock	£26,986,402	£25.694,951
Net Asset Value per Unit of 25p	54.1p	52.1a

Annual General Meeting—20 Fenchurch Street, London, E.C.3, Friday, 6th April 1979 at 11.30 am

Today's company

meetings

loss for

W. Sinclair

An attributable loss of £273,000

after adjustment for pre-acquisi-tion reserves in the half-year to

Dacamber 31, 1978, on turnover of

£10.4m, is reported by newly-formed William Sinclair Hald-

William Sinclair and Soo and

Lindsey and Kesleven Fertilisers in the same period last year,

the two companies together made

the two companies together made a loss of £251,000 on turnover of £9.15m—there was a full-year profit of £810,000 on turonver of £21,940.

Mr. Eric Izod, chairman, says

the recent road baulagn strike and bad weather makes forecast-ing difficult but they could affect full-year trading results. He adds that the cyclical nature of

group activities is ourmally reflected in a first-half loss.

The nel interim dividend is 1.4p. and the directors are con-

fident e second interim payment of 3p will be payable in

The company was estabings. The company was estab-lished through the merger of

ACE Marhinery. Westmoor Street. Charlton. SE, 12. S. and W. Berisford, Tower Hotel. St. Katherine's Way. E. 12. Homfray, Riding Hall Mills, Halifax, 12. Makinnon of Scotland, Kirksbaws, Rnad, Coatbridge, 11. Midland Industries, Mount Hotel, Minnt Road, Tettenhall Wnod, Wolverhamptoo, 11.50. Saatchi and Saatchi, Savny Hotel, WC, 12. R. Smallshaw (Knitwear), Druld Street, Hinckley, 12. Uolted Staics and Geo, Tst, Con., In-vestment Trust Service: Buck-lersbury Hnuse, 11 Walhrook, CORRECTION

#### LOCAL AUTHORITY BOND TABLE

	Annual	Interes	t 7	Life
1.0.0	gross oterest	pay- able	Minimum Sum	of bond
parentheses) -	. ري د	·	£	Year
Koowsley (051 548 6555)	12	ivear	1,000	5-7.
Poole (02013 5151)	112	}-year	500	2-3
Poole (02013 5151)	12	i-year	500	4-5
Reubridge (01-478 3020)	12	l-year	200	4-5
Sefjon 1051 922 4040)	114	}-year	2.000	5.7

999은

## **Anglo American Investment Trust Limited**

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

Preliminary Profit Announcement and

Notice of Final Dividend on the Ordinary Shares The following are the estimated results of the company for the year ending March 31 1979,

The telleting are	and the actual results for	this year anded March	31 1978.	4
· .			Year ending 31,3.79	Year ended 37.378
				R000's
			. R000's	65 053
Investment incom		······································	80 098	445
intarest earned.			636	
Deduct:		٠.	80 734	65 498
	on expenses		879	675
Interest Daio		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		46
Provision for	taxation		252	143.
			1 131	864
	* p = 4		7 131	
Nei profit after i Preference divide	taxation		79 603 300	64 634 300
Equity Earnings			79 303	64 334
. Interim divid	lend No. 77 of 230 cents	a share	23 000	20 000
Final dividend I	No. 78 of 520 cents a share		52 000	40 000
	A.		75 000	60 000
Transfer to gener	al reserve A		4 000	4 000
			79 000	64 000
				01,000
			303	334
Unappropriated p	rofit from previous year.		3 228	2 894
Inappropriaced pro	fit, March 31 1979		3 531	3 228
Number of ordin	ary shares in issue		10 000 000	10 000 900
Earnings per ord	inary share cents		793	643
	linary share—cents		750	600
	e company's three investme	nts are as follows:		
			• •12.3.79	31.3.78
Market value	.,		R000's	R000's
			846 973	520 123
Book value			46 411	46 4t t
Appreciation			800 562	473 712

\* The last practical date before publication of these results.

The company has subscantial interests both in De Beers Consolidated Mines Limited and in the diamond trading companies. Sales by the Central Selling Organisation for the year ended December 31 1978 amounted to \$2.219 million representing an increase of R416 million or 23 per cent over the sales of R1-803 million for the year ended December 31 1977.

Dividend No. 78 of 520 cents per ordinary share (1978: 400 cents), being the final divideod for the year ending March 31 1979, this been declared payable to shareholders registered in the books of the company at the close of business on March 30 1979. This dividend, together with the interim dividend of 230 ceous a share declared on September 6 1978, makes a total of 750 cents a share for the year ending March 31 1979 (1978: 600 cents).

The ordinary share transfer registers and registers of members will be closed from March 31 to April 12 1979, both days inclusive, and warrants will be posted from the Johannesburg and United Kingdom offices of the transfer secretaries on or about April 26 1979. Registered shareholders paid from the United Kingdom will receive the United Kingdom currency equivalent on April 17 1979 of the rand value of their dividends (less appropriate taxes). Any such shareholders may, however, elect to be paid in South African currency provided that any such request is received at the offices of the company's transfer secretaries on or before March 30 request is received at the offices of the company's transfer secretaries on or before March 30

The effective rate of non-resident shareholder's tax is 14.9204 per cent.

The dividend is payable subject to conditions which can be inspected at the head and London offices of the company and also at the offices of the company's transfer secretaries. Consolidated Share Registrars Limited, 62 Marshall Street, Johannesburg 2001 and Charter Consolidated Limited, Charter House, Park Street, Ashford, Kent TN24 8EQ.

It is anticipated that the furty-third annual report of the company in respect of the year ending March 31 1979 will be despatched to members on or about May 10 1979. By order of the Board

ANGLO AMERICAN CORPORATION OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED Secretaries

per H. J. E. Stanley Companies Secretary 44 Main Street

Johannesburg 2001 .

London Office: lolborn Viaduct Morch 14 1979

RESULTS AND

كذاهن الأحهل

## BIDS and DEALS

## **Bovis starts talks for** sale of Canadian interest

cen Bovis of the UK, which cen Bovis of the UK, which Lancashire. Almetex will join terms and conditions of service the group's extruded products of the HCB executive directors will be continued on no less favourable terms. at least until January, 1982. ie Bovis holding at 75 Cana-

TRUST

cents per share. e company's remaining ints per share for their holdunder a proposed amalgama-with a subsidiary of the siment company. At that Bovis Corp. is worth £10.6m Bovis UK would receive

e proposed deal is subject ipproval by the Bank of and and the completion would be before May 31,

ILKINSON MATCH (PANDS IN U.S.

inson Match has paid \$3m for its:20 per cent interest. L. products are compleary to those of Wilkinson his safety and protection ion and the acquisition is ded to strengthen the acquisition is ded to strengthen the acquisition and the acquisition is ded to strengthen the acquisition activities of its Malaysian acquisition is dedicated as the strengthen the acquisition is designed. ion and the acquisition is ded to strengthen the

UT. ALUMINIUM TYS ALMETEX

#### **Boustead bids** for Singapore rubber broker

Ikinson Match has comd the joint acquisition with among the benefits expected in
the joint acquisition with among the benefits expected in
the destrict including industries accrue as a result of the
acquisition are a broadening of base of operation to include egheny Ludium has paid trading in commodities and y in cash and partly in precious metals in addition to a s for its 80 per cent interest. useful profit contribution.

ded to strengthen the associata Boustead Holdings.

O's position in the North Of the purchase price \$3.16m rican aviation and military (£0.71m) or \$2.60 per share will be markets.

be payable initially while the halance becomes due in January 1982 subject to deduction for any claims, arising from breach of

#### MR. LACEY BUYS 6.24% STAKE IN: ARBUTHNOT LATHAM

maximum for the members of the Accepting Houses Committee. The purchases have been made in the market over the past couple of months and at yesterday's broking firm.

The HCB directors have stake is worth \$720,000.

The HCB directors have stake is worth \$720,000.

The HCB directors have stake is worth \$720,000.

Mr. Ferguson Lacey's investment vehicles and is conditional on 76 per cent acceptance.

Bousteadco Singapore said. Mr. Grabam Ferguson Lacey has acquired a 6.24 per cent stake in Arbuthant Latham, one

With the exception of Edinburgh and General Invostments, a reinsurance group, they are all in either the textile or engineer-

The list includes Rivington Reed, Brooke Tool Engineering, Bernard Wardle, David Dixon, National Carbonising, Habit Precision Engineering Hamilhorne, a brickmaking company currently undergoing re-

organisation.
In general Mr. Ferguson Lacey
bas huilt up his holdings in these
groups to 20 per cent or above and has sought Board representation. In the case of Arbuthnot however, be describes bi be describes bis purchase simply as long-term

itish Aluminium has agreed HCB's attributable pre-tax investment. He intends to in-inciple to acquire Almetex, profit for 1978 is estimated to be crease his holding ultimately to independent aluminium up from \$438,789 to \$500,000..... 10 per cent if opportunity prises. ne predicted simply a "satisfactory" year.
It is clear that the group's was certainly the case with the

Union Corporation units—and that this, allied to rising precious and energy minerals prices, nushed up profit levels. prices, nushed up profit levels. This has cootinued for all the markets. Responding to the The level of dividends from group's industrial interests, higher profits and interim the group's gold mines—like except for engineering, but the dividend, the shares cilmbed to Buffelsforicin—has been higher prospects for the rest of the year and there was a similar although bave been clouded by the rise a day's gain of \( \frac{1}{2} \).

acquisitions in recent years have

tion in 1975.

The markets had anticipated

buoyant figures from the group

and the shares yesterday moved up ap in anticipation of the announcement, which came after

trading hours, to finish at 475p.

GENERAL MINING, whose less clearly marked trend from allowances related to the group's acquisitions in recent years have coal and asbestos mines. In 1977 expansion plans. made it second only to Anglo gold and uranium accounted for American Corporation in size 40 per cent of General Mining's

MINING NEWS

Sharp rise in profits

for General Mining

among the South African min-income.
ing finance houses, yesterday
announced a 44 per cent increase helped i The group will have been helped in its efforts to maximise returns from the gold mines by in both its net profits and final the decline in perceotage cost Net profits for 1978 were R124.25m (£72.2m) compared with R86.28m in 1977. The final increases during 1978, the first cluded, against R20m a year such decline for four years. In before, and R195m for contracts Johannesburg group executives authorised against R43m at the feel that the worst on costs is end of 1977. dividend declared is 39 cents (22.6p), which makes a total for the year of 60 cents, covered 2.5

times by earnings per share of 151 cents. Dividend payments in 1977 were 45 cents.

The figures are a broader image of the Union Corporation results, annunced last week. General Mining took a controlling interest in Union Corporation in 1975. the markets for year, there seems no reason why General Mining products the earnings growth should not continue. The gold market the group, there has also been retains an underlying firmness this last year a substantial tax and coal and uranium, the advantage for the group. Mr. de group's Villiers had expected "a some look in what lower level of taxation," the afte presumably because of capital in Iran.

Anglovaal earnings on

an upward path IN LINE with the general trend in oil prices consequent upon of higher earnings shown by the the curtailment of Iranian

South African mining houses, Anglo-Transraal Consolidated Investment (Anglovaal) maintained at their existing rate then the cost escalations will the recounsed, the group South African mining finance supplies. income for the six months to December from R13.35m in the

The results show that Mr. W. Anglovaal is raising its interim investments, hased on the dividend to 30 cents (17.4p). In man, was overly cautious in his annual statement last May when he predicted simply a were 115 cents.

But Anglovaal is more confident about its gold mining investments, hased on the Harlebeestfontein, Loraine and Zaudpan mines. As a result of the increased prices on the increase prices on the increase prices of the increase prices on the increase prices of the increase prices on the increase prices of the increa

"satisfactory" year.

The profits increase was bigher.

It is clear that the group's foreshadowed by Mr. Basil The group earns about 30 per industrial activities performed Hersov, the chairman in his cent of its Income from gold better than he expected—this annual statement last October, and uranium and a further 18 This indicated that most of the per cent from other minerals companies in the group were it was clearly the prospects for enjoying more favourable trading these sections of the group's activities which attracted the

In fact 1978 pre-tax profits

went up hy 34 per cent to R152.55m, while taxation pay-

ments tose by just 2.5 per cent to R28.29m. The group's capital

commitments at the end of 1978

were R29m for contracts con

At this stage of the current

group's major expansion targets look increasingly attractive in

the aftermath of the revolution

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Bank will be held at the Head Office of the Bank, 50 Rothschild Boulevard, Tel Aviv, at 12.00 noon on March 21, 1972 for the purpose of:

Bank Hapoalim B.M.

- Approving the financial statements and the report of the Directors for the year ended 31:12.78.
- Declaring dividends
- Distributing bonus shares
- Electing directors

RESEARCH.

هكنامز الأحمل

Holders of share warrants to bearer of the Bank may attend the meeting and vote thereat on depositing, the said warrants at the offices of the Bank not later than 2.00 noon March 19: 1979 and such warrants will be retained in custody until the termination of the meeting.

Foreign residents may deposit share warrants to bearer, and owners of bearer shares in the U.K. may arrange for authorised depositories holding share warrants to bearer on their behalf, to transfer the warrants on the same conditions as mentioned above to the London and Manchester branches of Bank London.

If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present the meeting shall standardjourned to 28 March 1979, 12 00 noonat the Head Office of the Bank, without and duty on behalf of the Board of Directors to give notice thereof to members. If at such adjourned meeting, within half an hour from time appointed for the meeting, a quorum is not present, the members present shall form a quorum and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.

Copies of the funancial statements and report of the Directors for the year ended 31.1278 will be available to shareholders on application at the

INVEST IN 50,000 BETTER TOMORROWS!

50,000 people in the United Kingdom suffer from progressively

paralysing MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS—the cause and cure nf

which are still unknown—HELP US BRING THEM RELIEF

We need your donation to enable us to continue our work for the CARE and WELFARE OF MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS

sufferers and to continue our commitment to find the cause

and cure of MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS through MEDICAL

Please belp-Send a donation today to:

London SW1 1SJ.

The Multiple Scienosis Society of G.B. and N.L., 4 Tachbrook Street,

By order of the Board of Directors,

Gideon Eilat

## JEI fails in Moss takeover

ke over Moss Engineering. ty 369 shareholders, whose s represented 13 per cent Moss equity, accepted the

offer from GEI. I's offer had been fiercely sted by the Moss directors. ite of one increase in the Moss workers had publicly ded their support for the directors as well, announcement that the had lapsed Moss shares fell

T/ARMITAGE RGER FOILED BY

RCROS OFFER ther details emerged yes civil engineering subsidiary shares at 515n and 20,000 at 1 of H and R Johnson Charles Gregory (Civil Engineering Subsidiary Shares at 515n and 20,000 at 1 of H and R Johnson Charles Gregory (Civil Engineering Subsidiary Shares at 515n and 20,000 at 1 of H and R Johnson Charles Gregory (Civil Engineering Sharks at 515n and 20,000 at 1 or 51 charles Gregory Shares at 515n and 20,000 at 1 or 51 charles Gregory Shares held by funds at 1 or 51 charles Gregory Shares held by funds ordinary shares held by funds ordinary shares held by funds ordinary shares have been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares have been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares have been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares have been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares have been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares have been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares have been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares below been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares below been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares below been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares below been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares below been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares below been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares below been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares below been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares below been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares below been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares below been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares below been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares below been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares below been seld cut of the 2 ordinary shares below been seld by funds are continuous shares at 515n and 20,000 at 1 ordinary shares zone unconditional. higs)—Hambrea Bank Nominees iterday, Johnson revealed have sold 225,000 shares re-

sbareholders controlling a ducing bolding to per cent stake in the shares (16.56 per cent).

gineering group GEI Inter- ceramic file concern and has failed in its attempt accepted the marger terms. Armitage Shanks shareholders were strongly in favour of themerger and those controlling a 66 per cent stake had accepted. Both offers have now lapsed.

> NO PROBES
> The proposed mergers of
> Kwik Save Discount and CER-N-CEE Supermarkets and of Olympia and York Developments and English Property Corporation are not to be referred to the Monopolles and Mergers Com-mission.

BARDON HILL Bardon Hill Group has sold its

Ratner, director, has disposed of 100,000 shares and M. Hussain, director, of 4,000 shares.
Beaument Properties—London

and Manchester Assurance Company disposed of 140,000 shares between August 2, 1978 and March 6, 1979, leaving holding at 685,000 shares (below 5 per

Wintrust-R. D. Szpiro, direc tor, on March 8 acquired 25,000 shares.

vestment Trust bas acquired a beneficial interest in 160,000 ordinary shares: (7.619 per cent). Guthrie Corporation-/1. and G. External Investment Trust has nurchased 20,000 ordinary shares. at 515p and \_20.000 .at

Grange Tr114!shares (8.25 per con'T.

# Annual turnover exceeds £485 million

"The progress made in 1978 was most encouraging"

Mr. Harry Smith, Chairman

## OIL AND GAS NEWS Call for higher gas prices

itural gas to ensure developof future supplies, reports 's Forth from Sydney.

the same time the body. National Energy Advisory mittee, released, a report h suggests that Australia's ore reserves of oil could be led through exploration and

EXANDERS HOLDINGS (Ford main')—Results for year to September 978, reported February 13 with ects. Group fixed assets E3.74m-2m), ner current essets E1.22m-4m1. The suditors qualify their novel ebsence of depreciation reperty which is shown in the ints at 27.57m. Meeting, Edis., March 30, at noon.

TER PLATE AND GENERAL INVEST-TRUST COMPANY—Results for already known. Listed U.K. rments 19.11m (18.27m), outside 0.92m (10.82m), uniteted 10.72m 20. Current sasets 10.6m 4m), current libilities and pro-1 10.88m (10.81m); Liquidity

NOTICE

TO HOLDERS OF

DEVELOPMENT

CO., LTD.

(MITSUI FUDOSAN

KABUSHIKI KAISHA)

6 PER CENT. ONVERTIBLE BONDS DUE 1992

onvertible Bonds Doe 1991

1 Deed dated 21st September, 1977

1 which the above Bonds were issued,

2 is hereby given as follows:

On March 9, 1979 the Board of Diens of the Company resolved to make

2 distribution of shares of its Common

3 to shareholders of record 2s of March

1979 in Japen, at the rote of 1 new

2 for each 20 shares held.

Accordingly, the conversion wifes of

Accordingly, the conversion price of Bonds will be adjusted effective insuely after such record date. The conton price in affect prior to such statent is Yen 522 per share of Common from and the digusted conversion; is Yen 497.10 per share of Common by the control of the cont

ITSUI REAL ESTATE

Government unless natural gas was priced ory committee has recom- correctly, its markets would be-led a sharp rise in the price. come distorted and producers might not see any incentive in finding new supplies. It said that prices paid to producers at present were well helow the equivalent import fuel oil parity

negotiated before the OPEC price rise in 1973. that five of through exploration and prices, the committee said velopment, pricing policy should be a good committee warned that reasonable to encourage the use petroleum.

RESULTS AND ACCOUNTS IN BRIEF

KWAHU COMPANY-Net 'profit, helf

KWAHU COMPANY—Net pront, near year to Oscember 21, 1978, £12.186 (£24,715) after tax £9,228 [£13,276). REA BROTHERS (merchant bankar)—Results for 1978 already known. Current essers £77.05m {£74.85m}, current liabilities £75.52m. {£73.25m}. Scottleh and 'Mercantile Investment Company holds 8.21 per cent of equity, Scottlah Cities Investment Trust 6.87 per cent. Meeting. Winchester, House, EC, April 11 at noon.

Meeting, Winchester House, EC, April 11 at noon.

DIRAYTON COMMERCIAL INVEST-MENT COMPANY—Results for 1978 alreedy known. Fixed casets (24,09m (545.54m). Net current assets (5.97m (52.38m). Increase in nat liquid lunds (4.07m (50.8m). Meeting, 117.0

oil products.

The committee suggested the correct .. benchmark could be equivalent to the price paid for exported from

On the question of future oil discoveries - the committee - said that five onshore basins bad excellent prospects for future de-velopment, and another four had a "good chance" of containing

In a small distribution on Income units for the accounting period which ended on March 6, 1979, will be U.S.50.711 net per unit (\$0.148), psychle on May 31, 1979. The total distribution is the period amounts to \$1.251 net per

HOUSE PROPERTY COMPANY OF LONDON-Dividend, per 50p xhara. 2.1p (1.76p) for 1978 aubject to Treasury approval. Pre-rox profit £12,201 (£9,854). Tex £6,278 £9,4721 \$suplus on sales of property £79.277 (£30,853); Earnings per ehare 0.59p (0.04p).

RIVOLI CINEMAS—Ner income f six months to October S. 1978, £28, £ (£21,606) after tax £17,773 (£14,176 Earnings par 50p shere 14.3p (11.3p

## Points from the Chairman's Statement

Group profit before tax for the year ended 31st October 1978 amounted to £123.0 million. This result, which is closely in line with last year's record figure of £124.8 million, was achieved in spite of the virtual elimination of the substantial benefits from currency movements, that were reflected in the results of the Rank Xerox companies last year.

I believe that these results indicate a good performance for the Group as a whole during a year when we faced particularly difficult trading conditions.

The three major sectors based in the United Kingdom - Industrial and Consumer Products, Leisure Services and Hotels, and Holiday Centres — all showed a significant increase in trading profits, averaging 38%. Moreover, the 1978 results excluded any contribution from Odeon Theatres (Canada), this interest having been disposed of at the beginning of the financial year.

#### **Future Outlook**

The progress made during 1978 was most encouraging and would have been more apparent had it not been for a temporary setback to our profitability in Australia.

Due to the progress we have already made, and the continuing improvements which we intend to achieve in the performance of the existing operations, we can now also seek more actively areas for expansion. I believe these will come through our management strength in Europe, Australia and North America and will take advantage of our skills in a number of advanced areas for technology and our wide experience of leisure activities. We recognise the importance of selecting those projects which are likely to have the most favourable long term impact on the Group as a whole.

We believe we are well placed to take advantage of the opportunities that are certain to present themselves in the future.

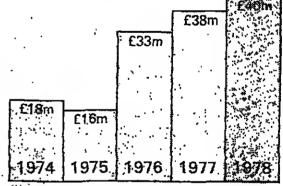
#### Financial Highlights for the Year ended 31st October 1978

The Rank Organisation 1978 1977 £ million £ million 485.1 442.7 Turnover

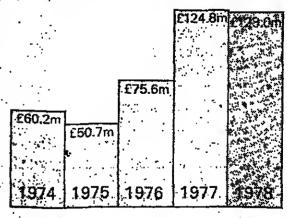
40.3 38.0 Trading Profit **Associated Companies** 

|Share of profit before tax) | 103.0 | 109.7 123.0 124.8 Group Profit before tax

#### Trading Profit



#### Group Profit before tax



THE RANK **ORGANISATION** LIMITED



To The Secretary, The Rank Organisation, 11 Hill Street, London W1X 8AE.

Please send me a copy of your 1978 Annual Report and Accounts.

Company





RANK ORGANISATION

MITSUI REAL ESTATE The Bank of Tokyo Trust Company

ed: March 34, 1979

CURK.

share

Dividend per Ordinary

## FAIRCLOUGH

Year ended 31st December, 1978						
	1978 £'000	1977 £'000				
Tumover	232,909	170,041				
Profit before taxation	9,555	6,950				
Profit after taxation	4,535	3,413				
Earnings per Ordinary share	10.33p	9.067p				

Points from the Statement of the Chairman, Mr. O. Davies, C.B.E., D.C.M., J.P.

3.50p 2.488p

- \* The Group's turnover and profit have, once again, increased.
- \* Increased dividend covered 3 times by earnings.
- \* Further investment in diversification and plant.
- \* Mining orders received in excess of £60 million.
- \* Significant contributions from overseas operations.

FAIRCLOUGH CONSTRUCTION GROUP LTD. Sandiway House, Northwich, Cheshire

> **CIVIL ENGINEERING-BUILDING-TUNNELLING-SURFACE MINING-MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

The fallowing companies have natified dates at Beard meetings to the Stack Exchange. Such meetings are usually Exchange. Such meetings fo the Stack Exchange. Such meetings are usually held for the purpose of considering dividends. Official indications are not available as to whether dividends are interms or finals and the sub-divisions shown below are based mainly on last year's timatable. TODAY

Interims:—London and Strethclyda Trust, James Walker Geldsmah and Silvetsmith. Finals:—BL 84R. Britannic Assurance, General Mining and Freence Corperation, Invergerden Desillars. A. A. Janes and Shipman, Montart (Kniltung Mills), Provincial Laundres, Thomas Rabitseen.

	I GIOIL MAILO		
	Interims:		
	Chambers and Fergus :	Mai.	1
	Gaadman Brothers & Stockman	Mar.	1
	Lawtex		
ı	Pararean Zachania		
1	Paterson Zochonis	Mer.	
	Toward (1943) and Toward	Mar.	
	Tyzack (W.) and Turner	(AIS)	•
	Pinale:—		_
	Appleyerd	Mgi.	
	Pionx Engineering	Маі,	2
	Camellia Invasiments	Mar.	1
٠.	Fisher (James)		1
	Jardine Janan Investment Truet		1
1	I vie Shipping		3
	Mackey (Hugh)		
	Manders		
1	Pohinson Bros. (Ryders Green)		
	Smith (W H.1	Mar	1

#### Birmingham & District Trust shows rise

Profits of the Birmingham and District Investment Trust im-proved from £1.6m to £1.93m in 1978 after tax of £817,389 against

Earnings per 10p sbare are shown at 5.43p against 4.48p and net asset value per share is 114p The final dividend is 4p step-

ping up tha total from 4p to 5p. The interim cayment again absorbed £335.868 and the final, £1.34m (£1.01m).

The trust is a subsidiary of the BET Group.

#### Bankers Trust to £1.17m

For 1978, profits of Bankers Trust International were lowered at £1.17m against £1.24m, hefore tax of £450,162 compared with There is no dividend this time —last year it absorbed £160.000.

Retained profit rose from £690,817 to £724.428 Baokers Trust New York Corporation is the ultimate holding

GERMANS INVEST More than CS35m (£14.5m) is ACT. to be spent by Refratechnik, a privately owned West German company, to buy and develop a magnesite property in the south cast of British Columbia. The property is owned by Bsymag Mines. a Caigary company controlled by Mineral Resources International of Toronto.

## Bath and Portland £3.5m Iran provision 'adequate'

pay, says, Sir Kenneth Selby, started with the insurers to chairman of Rath and Portiand determine their liability. Group, in his annual statement.

per cent of the contract had been completed, but the troubles in Iran brought work to a halt.

Sir Kenneth says they have insurance cover for 90 per cen! of the sums due under the contract and similar cover for plant and engineering stores. He adds, that if the client failed to pay after allowing for the policies covering plant. engineering stores and the book

Subject to adequate proof of the claim the reserve of £3.5m should be adequate in the worst situation that can be envisaged, a situation which they hope will be unnecessarily pessinistic.

value of unpaid certified works

the estimated deficiency would

THE 13.5m gross provision for £35.1m are insured for 90 per figure excludes the £35.5m franthe Iran road contract should be cent or greater of the agreed provision.

adequate if the client failed to value, and negotiations have Meeting, Bath, April 4 at noon.

The auditors Peat, Marwick, The net provision from reserves Mitchell and Co, say that they is £1.68m after tax rellef. concur with the directors' view At October 31, 1978, about 70 that under present circumstances over cent of the contract had been it is not possible to be certain whether the gross provision will be excessive or insufficient.

> he can see some further advance in the UK. But the group will have to face for some time unproductive overbead charges in the form of staff costs and these could affect first-half results. He adds that if in the second half they can continue UK growth and replace the Iran con-

tract with either new work or a restart be can see a much brighter year. Pre-tax profits for the year to October 31, 1978 were, as already reported, up from £4.85m to

£5.18m on turnover ahead from £78.56m to £89.01m.

#### Lambert Howarth well ahead

On prospects Sir Kenneth says FOLLOWING the first half increase from £102,374 to £141,249, the Lambert Howarth Group lifted pre-tax profits to £644,902 in 1978, compared with £473,839 previously. Turnover improved from £13,83m to £14,11m.

Profit for the year is after all charges including deprecia-tion of £211.758 (£205,161). Tax takes £326,501 against £239,963 giving earnings per share of

10.6p (7.8p).

The final dividend is 2.5p stepping up the total from 3.17p to 3.5p. The group is a major supplier of footwear to Marks and Spencer is well as to wholebe unnecessarily pessimistic.

In notes to the acounts it is from £12.5m to £10.85m; and Spencer is well as to whole-stated that substantially all of there is an increase in working the assets with a hook valoe of capital of £1.74m (£3.51m)—the mail order groups.

#### **ISSUE NEWS**

## Applied Computer sees £0.36m

Applied Computer Techniques this week. Sir Timothy Harford, stock. to March 31, 1979.
This compares with £109,000 in the 1972.78

bandling the operation, brokers
Grievson, Grant and Dunbar, a
small hanking operation that
there a common director with

The shares will not be listed on the stock exchange but it is expected that dealings will be spring District Council (£im), Wood-march 14, 1934, at par he permitted under Rule 163(2) City of York (£im), Kennet Council (£im), Yeovil onlisted securities market.

The issue price is 95p and Borough Council (£im), Medina Council (£im), The issue price is 95p and Borough Council (£im), Eastbourne Borough there is as yet no indication of Worthing Borough Council has raised £im by the where the price might open (£im), Sedgemoor District par of variable rate bond when dealings commence later Council (£im), City of Leeds ing March 14, 1934.

(Holdings), a Birmingham-based a managing director at Singer

private company selling a range and Friedlander, agreed yester relating to the placing will be of computer-based products, day that there was uncertain paid by ACT and the vendors of forecasts a pre-tax profit of not demand for the shares and that the shares heing placed will pay less than £360,000 for the year the issuing group had reason by a placing commission totaling. demand for the shares and that the shares heing placed will pay the issuing group had reason by a placing commission totaling tight control on the supply of £2,627.

## Yearlings rate dips again

The company is hroadening its shareholder base by piacing 10 per cent of existing stock.

The placing, which has raised approximately £250,000 for ACT's owners, has largely ween to the company's employees plus private clients of Singer and private clients of Singer and paying the marchant wash.

The local authority yearling bond rate has fallen again this week by half a point, this time to 11 per cent. A month ago coupons were up to 13; per cent. Friedlander the marchant wash. Friedlander, the merchant waok par and mature on March 19,

shares a common director with ACT.

The shares will not be listed Borough of Bournemouth (£1m),

Council (£1m), London Berough of Wandsworth (£1m), Oldban Metropolitan District Council (£1m), West Derbyshire District Council (£1m), City of Leicester

Harlow District Council has raised £1m by the Issue of 11; per cent honds dated March 11, 1981, priced at par.

March 14, 1984, at par have been issued by Braintree District Council (14m), Yeovil District

Five-year bonds carrying a coupon of 121 per cent dated

Councii (£im), Eastbourue Borough Councii Council has raised £im by the issue at District par of variable rate bonds matur-

## Banking figures

(as table 9 in Bank of England Quarterly Bulletin)

ELIGIBLE LIABILITIES. RESERVE ASSETS RESERVE RATIOS. Feb. 21. Change on 1979 month Eligible liabilities UK hanks London clearing banks 25,893 -222+ 27 - 37 Accepting bouses ..... Other .... Overseas banks American banks Other overseas banks ..... Consortium hanks \ Total eligible liabilities\* ..... -429 Reserve assets UK banks London clearing banks ..... Scottish clearing banks Northern Ireland banks ..... Accepting houses ...... Overseas banks American banks Consortium banks ..... + 29 Total reserve assets .....

Other
Tax reserve certificates
UK, Northern Ireland Treasury Bills ... Other bills: Local authority
Commercial
British Government stocks with one year
or less to final maturity -144 Other ..... + 29 Total reserve assets ..... UK banks London clearing banks ..... Accepting bouses ..... Other
Overseas banks verseas banks American banks -01 Consortium hanks ..... Combined ratio ..... + 6.2 N.B.—Government stock holdings with more than one year but less than 18 months to 372 final maturity amounted to .....

10.4 Special deposits at Fehruary 21 were £249m (down £851m) for banks and £4m (down £7m) for finance houses. Interest bearing eligible liabilities were £29,784m (down £302m). a Interest-bearing

Eligible liabilities .....

Reserve assets .....

Figance houses:

## Whatisthe future for the world electronics industry?

The world of electronics is in a state of flux. Change takes place constantly. and new questions have to be answered.

What role should Governments play? What will be the impact of technology on society and employment? On the world of medicine? On telecommunications and the motor industry?

These and many other questions will be examined and discussed at 'Tomorrow in World Electronics,' a Financial Times Conference to be held at Grosvenor House, London, on March 21 and 22.

The conference will be chaired by Dr. F. J. Philips, Chairman of the Board of Governors of Philips Holdings, and Dr. Karl Plank of Telefonbau und Normalzeit. Speakers will include Mr. Heinz F. L. Roessle of ITT Semiconductors Worldwide; Mr. K. G. Corfield of Standard

Telephones and Cables; Dr. Lester Hogan of the Fairchild Camera & Instrument Corporation; Mr. J. G. Maisonrouge, Chairman of the Board of IBM World Corporation: Mr. J. C. Peterschmitt of the Digital Equipment Corporation; Mr. B. Svedberg of Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson and Dr. I.M. Mackintosh whose company, Mackintosh Consultants, has recently undertaken important studies in the industry.

If you, or your company, are involved in world electronics this conference will provide an opportunity to review many of the important developments and assess their impact on industry, employment and the community.

For full details of the agenda, and registration procedures, complete and return the coupon below.

## TOMORROW IN ECTRONICS

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Please send me full details of your Conference,

'Tomorrow in World Electronics'

Nanuc Company	
Address	—— <u> </u>

A FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCE

## London Clearing Banks' balances

as at February 21, 1979

THE TABLES below provide the first mouthly indication of the trends of bank lending and deposits, ahead of the more comprehensive banking and money supply figures published later by the Bank of England. Tables 1, 2 and 3 are prepared by the London clearing hanks. Tables 1 and 2 cover the husiness

TABLE L

LIABILITIES

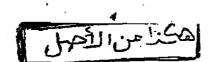
AGGREGATE BALANCES

of their offices and their subsidiaries (excluding Scottish and Northern Ireland banks) in England and Wales, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man which are listed by the Bank of England as falling within the banking sector. Table 3 covers the parent banks only. In this, it is comparable with the figures

produced by the Bank of England, which show the reserve positions of all the banking sectors subject to credit contri Minor differences here arise from the exclusion from the clearing bank figures of Coutts, a subsidiary of National Westminster but a clearing bank in its own right.

CHIEZ -

Sterling deposits:  UK banking sector  UK private sector	5,911 28,642	+170 -117	Other bills Special deposits with Bank of	818 ———————————————————————————————————	- 69 - 92 III	states	1
UK public sector	655 2.548	+ S7 + 37	England	116	€ <b>−566</b>		
Certificates of deposit	1,715 39,476	- 51 + 135	Investments: British Government stocks	2.055	91-		
of which: Sight	16.470 22,994	5. + 31	Other	1.559	<del>+-11</del> - 80		
Foreign currency deposits:	4.000		Advances: UK private sector	2п оос	1924	•	
UK banking sector Other UK residents	4.860 1.030	+318 + 27	UK: public sector	20,995 219	+334 - :47	•	
Overseas residents	12,336	+378	Overseas residents	3,184	<u> </u>		
Certificates of deposit	1.216	$\frac{+28}{-}$ +751	Other sterling assets*	24,398 6,012	+480		
Total deposits	58,911	+886	Foreign currencies				
Other liabilities*	9,715	+ 203	Market loans: UK banks and discount market	4.188	1.795		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	68,627	+ 1,089	Certificates of deposit	204	+ 11		
	<del></del>	- , —	Other.	8,503	+201		
ASSETS			Bills	12,594	2 7 -		
Sterling Cash and balances with Bank of			Advances:	-;			
England	1.133	3 - 61	UK private sector UK public sector	2,153 963	+ 12	•	
Market Ioans: Discount market	2.317	± 260	Overseas residents	3.485	+ 46	;	
UK banks	7,285	+369 +122		6,602	+ 55 hr.		
Certificates of deposit	664	- 57 ·	Other foreign currency assets*	988	- an ell h	MARKET	
Local authorities	1,025 321	+ 11 . + 22	JOTAL ASSETS	68,627	+1.089	"AFT	
1	11.611	+467	Acceptances	402	+ 55 100	380	
<b>↓</b>	*Inc	cludes ilems in su	spense and in transit.		Ju <sup>v</sup>	tate:	
				2		and C.	
TABLE 2. INDIVIDUAL GROUPS			YS LLOYDS MIDLAND	NATIONAL WESTMINSTEI			
OF BANKS BALANCES		Change Cha	ngs Change Change	Change	Chaege	•	
5. N.	standing	month standing mo	n uut- on the on	- Out on standing month	Cut- on standing month		
LIABILITIES	·	£m £m :£	m Em Em Em	£m £m			
Total deposits	58,911				1.817 + 28		
ASSETS							•
Cash and balances with Bank	ĵ,					•	
England	1,133	- 61 335 -	17 163 - 20 259 - 15	338 - 16	38 + 6		
Market loans:	-						
UK banks and discount market		+817 3.186 +	404 3.008 - 82 2.167 + 85	5,101 +400	328 + 10		
Other		+188 3.262 +	30 2.742 + 45 1.513 + 77	2,913 + 39	286 — 3		
Bills		- 92 275 -	22 109 - 1 381 - 61	479 + 5	23 <b>–</b> 13	-	
Special deposits with Bank England	of 116	566	199r 7 _ 190 / 00 100			••	
British Government stocks		- 91 497	173 - 76 28 -130 - 381 - 63 422 - 36	36 -167	5 - 16 - 19	3 34-	
DITTOR GOACITHICHE BEACES	44000	. ar 42.( · .	- 301 - 93 - 922 - 36	627 + 7	-127 — 1 ···		



Advances

INFORMATION (Parent banks only) Eligible liabilities

Reserve ratio (%)

TABLE 3. CREDIT CONTROL

The start of the European rumours that a major internetary System caused few national oil company was to cut thlems for central hanks or crude supplies to Japan. foreign exchange market at the fixing the Dntcb guilder sterday. The only Common improved to DM 92,63½ per 100 rket curreccy outside the D-marks from 92,52 at the close tem, sterling, continued to Monday while the French france the greatest interest. rose to DM 43,43½ per 100, up lped by high Loodon interest from DM 43,30. es and the benefits of North

oil, the pound's trade
ghted index, on Bank of Dimark at the fixing. The start

m 65.0, the highest level of the European Monetary

re late February last year. It

System caused little trouble for

the 153 at 1500 and 551

5.70 against the Japanese RANKFURT — The Bundes-

k did not intervene wheo the ar was fixed at DM 1.8591 ost the D-mark compared
1 DM 1.8537 on Monday. The
man currency was rather
ker as a result of the start
the European Mooetary the European Mooetary to the more inflation-ridden encies of France and Italy. Itish punt was fixed for first time, at DM 3.8020; Japan continued to support the more with a year's high ven selling \$60m to \$70m, but em, sioce the D-mark is now to the more inflation-ridden encies of France and Italy.

nd at 65.3 at noon, and 65.1 the Italian corrency, helped he stiff control of the market by the need at \$2.0400-2.0410, and the day of the market of the market of the day of the market fellows the stiff control of the market by the need at \$2.0400-2.0410, and the market by the stiff control of the market by the need a best level of \$2.0470 outly, but the French france and best level of \$2.0470.

to L454.71 from L455.40 previously, but the French franc and Dutch guilder were marginally stronger. The dollar rose to L842.65, while sterling touched a record L1.729.30, a rise of L542.65, while sterling touched a record L1.729.30, a rise of L542.65, while sterling touched a record L1.729.30, a rise of naarly 7 points from the previous day. The Irish punt, listed for the first time, was quoted at the same level as sterling.

ZURICH — The dollar was mixed against major currengies in calm early trading, while sterling continued to advance. The start, helped by the prospects of increasing North Sea oil output, and the Government's tough monetary stance. The start of the European Monetary System was already operating unofficially for aome time.

AMSTERDAM — The dollar was mixed against major currengies in calm early trading, while sterling continued to advance. During the morning the pound rose to \$2.0486 from \$2.0405 at the start, helped by the prospects of increasing North Sea oil output, and the Government's tough monetary stance. The start of the European Monetary System was already operating unofficially for aome time.

AMSTERDAM — The dollar was mixed against major currengies in calm early trading, while sterling continued to advance. The start of the European Monetary System was already operating unofficially for aome time.

AMSTERDAM — The dollar was fixed at F1 2.0080, compared with F1 2.0035 on Monday: · TORONTO - The · Canadian dollar continued to advance in early trading, rising to 85.36 U.S. cents from 84.85 early Monday.

pared with a year's high yen, selling \$60m to \$70m, but ig for sterling of DM 3.8030, buying of the dollar tended to British pound continued to overpower the intervention, as a reflection of high UK before the U.S. currency began rest rates and the henefits to fall away in the afternoon as forth Sea oil. The Japanese a result of the overhought posideclined however, following tion of some operators.

#### THE POUND SPOT AND FORWARD

March 13	Spread .	. Close	One month	p,s.		. % p.e.	
J.S.	2.0390-2.0480	2.0390-2.0400	0.37-0.27e pm	1.88	0.55-0.45 Pm		
Onada	2.3895-2.3990		0.30-0.20c pm	1.25	0.60-0.50 pm	0.92	
Vc1hind.	4.08 2-4.12 3	4.694-4.104	2Կ-1Կc pm		51 <sub>4</sub> -41 <sub>4</sub> pm	4.63	
Belgium Danmark	59.95-60.40	60.05-60.13	30-20c pm	4.99	70-60 pm	4.33	l
V. Ger.	10.59-10.66	10.591-10.601-	212-120re pm		4pm-14dis	-0.18	
Out.	3.781 - 3.82	3.79 <sup>1</sup> 2-3.80 <sup>1</sup> 2	31 <sub>e</sub> -21 <sub>e</sub> pf pm		7 <sup>5</sup> ը-6 <sup>5</sup> ը pm	7.24	
Pain	97,25-98.05	97.45-97,95	30-100c dia	-7.98	80-220 dis	-5.73	١.
taly	140.85-141.35	140.90-147.00	20c pm-30c dis	-4.26	psr 120 dia	-1,69	
Vorway	1,723-1.732	1.723-1,724	im pmادِدر21عر21	1.04	21 <sub>2-12</sub> pm	0.35	
range	10.38 <sup>1</sup> =10.44 8.72 <sup>1</sup> =8.77	10.39-10.40	414-214lire pm	3.70	7°2-5°2 pm	2.50	
Sweden	8.91- <b>8.95</b> <sup>2</sup> ,	8.723-5.733 8.913-8.921	34-24c pm	4.47	84-74 pm	3.55	
lapan	420-433	425-428	3'4-1'40re pm	3.03	74-34 pm	2.80	
Austria	27.77-27.92	425-426 27.80-27.85	3.20-2.75y pm	. 0.30	7.60-7.20 pm		
Switz.	3 411-3 45	27.00-27.65	25-15gro pm		55-45 pm	7.18	ĺ

#### THE DOLLAR SPOT AND FORWARD

ne It	March 13	Day's	Close	One month	% p.s.	.Three months	P. 8.
ry or	UK Ireland Cenada† Nethind, 8algium Oenmerk W. Gar, Portugal 30ein Italy Norway Franca Sweden Japan Austiis	2,0390-2,0480 2,0390-2,0480 85,30-85,41 2,0052-2,0100 29,39-29,47 5,1925-5,1980 1,8581-1,8630 47,73-48.00 69,04-69,15 845,30-846,85 5,0030-5,0970 4,2800-4,2825 8,3650-4,3725 208,00-208,70 13,613-18,644 1,6778-1,6835	2,0390-2,0400 2,0380-2,0400 28,30-85,33 2,0000-2,0100 29,45-29,470 6,1955-5-1980 1,8620-1,8630 69,10-89,15 845,30-845,70 6,0320-5,0940 4,2200-4,2825 208,50-208,70 13,644-13,564, 1,6825-1,6835	0.37-9.27c pm 0.37-9.27c pm 0.4-0.2c dts 0.68-0.58c pm 9.5-8.6c pm 9.5-8.6c pm 0.25cre pm-0.25 1.10-1.00pf pm 30-40c dts 8-12c dts 0.50-0.90lire dis 1.20-0.70ore pm 1.20-0.85c pm 0.80-0.80pp pm 1.17-1.07y pm 7.50-6.75gro pm 1.60-1.59c pm	1.88 1.88 -0.42 3.66 dis -7 -2.76 -2.26 -0.99 2.24 2.52 1.92 6.44 6.27 11.05	0.55-0.45 pm 0.55-0.45 pm 0.35 dis-par 1.89-1.78 pm 25.5-24 om 1.00-1.50dis 3.05-2.95 pm 70-135 dis 2.25-1.75 pm 2.35-2.15 pm 2.35-2.15 pm 2.35-2.15 pm 2.35-2.15 pm 2.50-12.50 pd 4.45-4.35 pm	0.98 -0.07 -2.48 -0.96 -2.48 -0.96 -2.51 -2.06 -2.51 -2.06
					•		

5.	CURR	ENC	Y R	ATES	CURRENCY	MOVE	MENTS
\$ e :	March 12	Sank rate %	Special Drawing Rights	European Unit of Account	Mar. 13	England	Morgan Guaranty changes %
_	Sterling U.S. S Canadian S Austria Sch Belgian F Denish K Il mark Guilder	61 <u>e</u> 111 <sub>4</sub> .53 <sub>4</sub> 6 8	0.031119 1.28843 1.01841 17.3130 37.8831 6.72232 2.38836 2.58137	0.663220 1.35444 1.38676 18.4058 96.8069 7.06746 2.64078 8.71294	Stering	80.4 146.9 114.4 117.9 150.6	82.2 8.3 17.1 +19.6 +14.8 +6.6 +41.9 +83.0
e	French Fr Lira Yen	101g 31g 7 8 61g	8.55563 88:6612	6.79787 1142,67 277,998 0.88070 93,4833 6.21373 2.86537	Guilder French franc Lira Yen Besed on trees we Washington egreet Lank of Freiend	186.1 99.7 54.1 138.4 eghted character Dece	+20.6 6.0 42.6 +37.0 Inges from

	•.	
OTHER	MARK	ET:

Mer. 13	£	:\$		E Note Rates
Argenting Peso	8288-2908	1122-1188	Austria	874-284
Australia Dollar	1.8225-1.8263	0.8936-0.8936	&eiglum	601e-6112
arazil Cruzeiro	43.81.48.81		Denmark	10.38-10.68
Finland Markka	a.10-8.11	3.9716-3.6765	France	a.70-8.a0
Greak Orachma	77.835-75.631	36.20-37.08	Garmany	3.75-3.85
Hong Kong Doller	8.8650-9.8800	4.8370-4.8443	Italy	1,700-1,750
Iran Riel	148.04-137.20		Japan	424-434
Kuwait Oinar (KD			Netherlands	
Luxambourg Frc.		25 46 80 42	Norway	10.37-10.47
	4.4940-4.5040		Portugal;	
	1/9360-1-9410	0.0100 0.6317	Spain	
		7 7440 F TOTO	Switzerlend	3.37-3.47
Saudi Arab. Riyal				
ingapore Dollar.				
th. African Rand	1.7171-1.7278	0.8416-0.8472	Yugosiaviz	4012-4812

Rate given for Argantine is free rete.

#### CHANGE CROSS RATES

				·						
Mar, 13	Pound Sterling	·U.S. Pollar		Japan'se Yen	Frenchirano	Swiss Franc	Dutch Guild'r	Italian Lira	Canada Dollar	Belgian Franc
a Sterling Jollar	0.490	8.040	3 800- 3 865	488.5 209,1	8.735 4.282	5.435 1.684	4.098 2.009	1724; 845,1	2.391 1.172	60,10 88.47
chamerk	0,209	0.337	8.910	118.2	2 298	0 904	1.07a	453.6	0.622	13.82
tese Yen 1,568	2.345	4.782		1000.	20.47	8.054	9.607	4041.	5.605	140.8
h Franc 10	1.145	2.335	4.352	788.4	10.	3 934	4.082	1974.	2.737	68.82
Franc	0.291	0.594	1.106	124.2	2:542	1.	1.193	501.7	0.696	17.50
t Gulidar	D.244	0.498	0.927	104.I4.	2 t31	0 838	. 8.577	480.0	0.583	14.67
1 Lira 1,000.	0.580	T.183	2.200	247.3	5 c67	1.993		1000.	1.387	34.87
ilan Dollar	0 418	0.858	1.590	178.4	3,653	1 437	1.714	781.0	3.878	26.t4
In Franc 100	1.064	3.594	6.323	709.7	14,53	5.715	6.818	2868.		100.

RO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

filcates of deposit; one month 10:30-10.40 per gent; three months 10:40-10:50 per cent; six

Mar, 13	Starling	U.S. Dollar	- Canadian Dollar	Dutch Guilder	Swiss Franc	West German Mask	French Franc	Italian Ura	Asian 8	Jebeuese Xeu
t term	15-13/4 1830-1256 1818-12/4 1819 18/4	1018-1056 1014-1018 1056-1058- 1054-11 1074-1175- 1034-11	0.10 2.10 1058.11 1054.1158 1054.1158 1054.1118	755-758 6-834 558-838 678-718 7-714 756-758	16-16 16-14 16-15 14-56 14-14 114-158	4418 9:34:6 4:34:6 4:44:6 4:44:6 4:44:4 4:24:0	9-212 9-612 64-912 85-868 85:-8 914-812	7.10 1012 1112 11 18 11 2 12 14 12 13 13 1; 12 12 13 12	10 to	33,-11 41,-31, 41,-31, 45,-61, 41,-41, 41,-41,

#### TERNATIONAL MONEY MARKET

## Paris rates firm

terest rates continued to per cent compared with 7.7; to auction I4 trillion (million in Paris yesterday with per cent. The six month rate rose to 71-71 per cent from 71-71. Treasury bills later this month pared with per cent on day. However it seemed by that the authorities red up money rates to cide with the start of the cide with the start of the six month money at 4.24.4 per cent on Monday, and three rent compared: with 4.34.4 per cent on Monday, and three level of liquidity prevailing he moment does not tie in 4.4 per cent. The six month rate cent on Monday, and three month money Longer rates were also higher to memonth money at 7-71 to memonth money at 7-71 tent against 61-613 per cent per cent previously.

ROME—The Italian Treasury is to auction I4 trillion (million million) in six and 12-month to replace a similar oumber of maturities. The exact amounts comprise L1.5 trillion in six month bills and L2.5 trillion in 12-month 12-month bills and L2.5 trillion in 12-month bills and L2.5 trillion in 12-month 12-month bills and L2.5 trillion in 12-month bi

Gold rose \$11 to close at \$2391-2401. It opened at \$2401-\$2411, and was fixed at \$239.40 in the morning, and \$239.10 in

#### MONEY MARKET

## Moderate assistance

ay to day credit was in short rate eased accordingly. Buying the London money mary yesterday, and the authorigave assistance by buying a lil amount of Treasury hills fell to 10½ per cent from 11 to the Exchequer hy a moderate sing an MLR of 11½ per cent under the old market related formula. There was also a further the discount houses, and ling a moderate sum overtout to three or four hooses at R. The absence of any seven lending gave rise to specular. leuding gave rise to speculain some quarters that MLR net take up of Treasury bills. On
be cut by as much as 2 per
on Thursday, and interest ward balances a little way above

start and this represented the day's apread, with closi balances taken at 12; per co Rates in the table below a nominal in some cases.

#### NDON MONEY RATES

Mar. 15 Certificate Interbank Au	Local Auth uthority le posits bonds	! House	Company Deposits	qeposit	Treasury	Eligibie Benk Bills Ø.	Fine Trade Bills &
ys or		125e 12 111 <sub>2</sub> 113g	131g . 131g .	1136-1156	11 5-1114	1214 184 11::-1117 11::-114 1058	12% 12% 1217 1114 12

Local authority and finance houses seven days' notice, others seven days' fixed. \*Long-term local suthority igogs rates nominally three years [1½-11½ par cent; four years 11½-12 per cent, five years 12-12½ per cent, in table are buying rates for prima paper. Suying rates for four-month bank bills 10½-11 per cent. Approximate selling rates for one-month Transury bills 11½ per cent; two-month 10½-11½ per cent; three month 10½-11½ per cent; three-month 11½-11½ per cent; ane-roems trade bills 12½ per cent; two-month 11½-11½ per cent; three-month 11½-11½ per cent; ane-roems trade bills 12½ per cent; two-month 12½ per cent; and three-month name cent. cent. nee Houses Base Rates (published by the Finence Nooses Association) 13's per cent from March 1, 1979. Bank Deposit Rates for small sume at gaven days notice 10.5 per cent. Clearing Bank Rates for landing 13 per reasury Bills: Average tender rates of discount 11.3292 per cent.

		·	
	Gold	Bullion (fine	ounce) .
	Glose	523632401	2:\$2381 <sub>2</sub> .8361 <sub>4</sub>
	-10-0	(£117 A 117 £	£116.9-117.5
	Openine	524014-2411	6240.2403
		18117 Q. 110 A	E117.6-118.01
	Morning	\$239.40	\$241.10
	fixing	(6116,952)	(£118.033)
	Afternoon	\$232.10	\$840.00
		1888.01121	
		Coins, dome	
i			
•	Krugerrand.	7256-850	\$255-257
		(£1254-1274)	(e125-126)
	New -	\$6812.7012	£674-694.
:	Sovereigna	(£33½-34½)	
		\$79-a1	87612-7812
,	Soveraigns	(£3834.3954)	(£371 <sub>2</sub> -\$81 <sub>2</sub> )
•		coins, Interns	
	Krugerrand.	\$246: 2481	58463, 2483,
•	-	£120: -121	£121.122
•	New -	563-65	565 la - 65 la
	Sovereigne	···:303 <sub>4</sub> .313	.UX1.X9.
•	Old	>79-81	S7854-8D34
		(538' . 39' 4)	CXR1XR1
	520 Engles	\$3131g-3184	8314 316
	\$10 Engles	51721 1771	8172.177

NEW YORK Prime Rate	11.5-71.7 10.125 8.50
GERMANY Oscount Rate Overnight Rate One month Three months Six months	4.30 4.30
FRANCE Ouscount Rate Overnight Rate One month Three months Six months	7.25 7.0625 7.1875
JAPAN Giscount Rate	3.5 4.3

GOLD.

the afternoon.

Io Paris the 121 kilo gold har was fixed at FFr 33,495 per kilo

was fixed at FFT 33,495 per kilo (\$243.69 per ounce) in the morning, compared with FFr 33,150 (\$241.46) previously.

In Frackfurt the 124 kilo bar was fixed at DM 14,345 per kilo (\$240.02 per ounce), compared with DM 14,390 (\$241.50)

	Gold	Bullion (fine	ounce)
	Close	.:523634 .2401	2:523812-83
		(£117.4-117.8	8. (£116,9-t)
	Opening	. <b>524</b> 014- <b>24</b> 11	£ 6240-240
	·	IE117.9-118.	5) (£117,6.1
	Morning	\$239.40 (0116.952)	\$241.10
	TIXIN2	(8116,952)	92118.053
	Arternoon	\$232,10 £110.8 <del>9</del> 8)	2440,00
se-			
er:		Coins, doma	
ate	Krugerrand		\$255-257
ner	New .	(£1254-1274)	(e125-126)
he		\$6819.701g 183312-3412)	125314 34
	Old	\$79.a1	87612 781
		123834.3954)	7#371a. SP
Og		Coins, Interna	
ег		.\$246:, 2481	
the	Krugerranu	£120: 121	2 704041-24
the	New ·	863.65	5621.122
og	Soveraign	123034-31341	£31.39.
-	Old	\$79.81	\$7854-8D3
nt.	Soveralen	(538'1.39'4)	. (£381. 38)
tre	520 Engles.	ﯩ\$18-وا\$313 ٪ .	8314.316
	510 Exgles.	_51721:1771	· 8172-177
	\$5 Eagles	, \$120-125	\$1191 <sub>2</sub> -12
			<del></del>

MANTI MULTA	٠.
NEW YORK Prime Rate	11.5-71, 10.125 8.50 9.50
GERMANY Olecount Rate Overnight Rate One month Three months Six months	3 4.30 4.30 4.6 4.8
FRANCE Ouscount Rate Overnight Rate Overnight Rate One month Three months Six menths	7.25
JAPAN  Ciscount Rate  Call (Unconditional)  Bulls Discount Rate	3.5 4.3 4.500k

NKK Nippon Kokan Kabushiki Kaisha

DM 100 000 000

61/2 % Bearer Bonds 1979/1984

The Fuji Bank, Limited biki Kaisha Fuli Ginko)

 Stock Index No. 464 672 -Offering Price: 99% %

DRESDNER BANK

NOMILIRA EUROPE N.Y.

Union Bank of Switzerland (Secureties)

YAMAICHI INTERNATIONAL (EUROPE)

CRÉDIT LYONNAIS FUJI INTERNATIONAL FINANCE

BLYTH EASTMAN DILLON & CO.

CREDITANSTALT-BANKVEREIT

DEN DANEKE BARK

ROBERT FLENGING A CO.

HILL SAMUEL & CO.

LLOYDS BANK INTERNATION

METZLER SEEL SOUN & CO.

NRY SCHRODER WAGE & CO.

TRUBCAUS & BURKHARDT

ABD SECURITIES CORPORATION

HE HYPOTHICKEN- UND BETLINER BANK CHASE MANHATTAN

NOUSTRIEL ET COMMERCIAL DAHCH SECURITIES CO., LTD. DELITSCHE BANK

MERCK, FINCK A CO.

OURON HANK

MALLET

SOCIÉTÉ GÉNÉRALE DE BANQUE S.A.

DALICH KANGYO INTERNATIONAL DEM HORSKE CREDITBANK

DEVELOPMENT BANK OF SINGAPOR

W VON JAPAN (DEUTSCHLA MITSUBISHI BANK (EUROPE) S.A.

PITERNATIONAL (HONG KONG) LTD.

UNION BANK OF FINLAND LTD. WESTFALENBANK

#### LEGAL NOTICE

No. 00722 of 1979
In the HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE Chartery Olivision Compenies Court. In the Matter, of FOXW000 ESTATES LIMITED and in the latter of Tha 

el tha tima el hearing in person or by his Counsal for that purpose; and a copy of the Petition will be furnished by the undersigned is any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring such copy on payment of the regulated charge for the aema.

HENRY KNORPEL,
Stata Heuse,
High Helbern,
London, W.C.1.

NOTE—Any person who intenda to appear en the hearing of the aad Petition muest serve on or send by poal to the above-named, notice in writing

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# by International Paper

the largest U.S. paper company, domestic production level.

The company said that it had the beginning of February, the \$200m. entered into on agreement in company disclosed that it was principle for the properties to joining with Mesa Petroleum in be acquired jointly by Tenneco the purchase for \$340m of oil and Southland on an equal basis and gas interests owned by Ash- aware of International Paper's at a price of \$705m.

In addition, the two pur-spent \$550m on oil and gas exchosers have agreed to under-ploration ond is expecting to take a substantial exploration exceed that figure in the current ond development programme on year.

TWO weeks after International Paper's proper. While both Tenneco and Gulf anouncing the sale of its oil ties. The news will be a bitter are leoding U.S. corporations, and gas interests to Gulf Oil blow for Gulf, which saw the Southland Royalty is a much for \$650m, International Paper, sale as a way of increasing its smaller oil and gas concern for whom the purchase of a share announced yesterday that Tenoeco, a widely diversified of the International Poper pro-Teneco and Southland Royalty oil, gas and chemicals comperties is a major investment, would be buying the properties pany, has also been looking to In 1978 the company sales expand its U.S. operations. At revenues were just under

> Reuter adds from Pittsburgh; Gulf Oil Corporation said it is intention to sell the oil and gas operations of General Crude Oil to Tenneco Oil and Southland Realty and has "nothing to add at this time."

## Penney hit by interest costs

RISING INTEREST costs, net income is down 4.8 per torics. The company chairmen, reflecting strong sales gains and cent at \$276m compared with Mr. Donald V. Seibert and the

ings were \$135m, down 13 per interest costs up 60 per cent cent from the same period of the previous financial year. For Analysts attribute this partly

inventory control problems, \$290m in the previous period. have hit the earnings of J. C.

Penney, the second largest U.S.
retail stores group.

Second in the previous period.

The company has been enjoying surging sales gains, up 15.8 per cent for the year st \$10.8bn, and 12 per cent The company disclosed yes- higher in the fourth quarter. terday that fourth quarter earn- But costs have been rising with

laod Oil. Last year, Tenneco

year ending January 27, 1979, rates and to overblown inven- year's.

president, Mr. Walter J. Neppl. said that based on early 1979 experience inventories are currently in excess of requiremento to the coming months.

They expect consumer.spending gains will moderate during the first half of this year and that the company, while it expects a good year, does not the whole of the 1978 financial to the overall rise in interest see sales gains matching last

# Hudson's Bay offer

BY VICTOR MACKIE IN OTTAWA

conglomerate does not need chose at that time. spproval of the Foreign Investment Review Agency (FIRA) to take over Hudson's Bay Com-pany (The Bay)

However, in a written reply to Thomson Group includes world-an inquiry from a Liberal MP, wide investments, such as news-Mr. Horner said that "in view papers in several countries, of the importance of this pro- including The Times in Britain, posed acquisition, officials of the and oil and gas interests in the Agency are seeking specific North Sea-confirmation of the status of On the these companies." mation avai

#### Large surplus of funds

The Thomson interests, citing a large surplus of funds available fer new Investments, announced on March 1 that they were offering C\$31 each for 51 per cent of The Bay's 23m outstanding sheres, an offer worth C\$365.2m.

Hudson's Bay only recently another had won a take-over hattle for company.

CANADIAN. Federal Simpsons Limited, the Toronto Minister for Industry, Mr. Jack based company which had Horner, said yesterday that a planned to sell out to the U.S. preliminary study had shown based Sears Roebuck FIRA based Sears Roebuck FIRA that the Thomson newspaper examined the proposed U.S. pur-

> The same question of FIRA involvement was raised immediately in the bid for Hudson's Bay by Thomson. The

> "On the hasis of the information available to me. I have no reason to helieve that the various companies that comprise the Thomson Froup are non-eligible persons within the meaning of the Foreign Investment Review Act," said Mr. Horner :

interests would be considered as Canadian companies and, there fore, would not have to seek Government approval to acquire \*Canadian-cootrolled

This means that Thomson

#### NATIONAL STEEL'S BID FOR UFC

## Hunting profits in the candy floss sector

BY STEWART FLEMING IN NEW YORK

mounting frustration at govern- largest U.S. steel maker with ment interference is reflected in revenues last year over \$35n, National Steel's \$243m takes saw its profits almost double over hid for United Financial from \$60m to \$112m after tax. Californian savingo and Iban

are the U.S. equivalent of the currently he described as a British or German building candy floss sector of the society. They provide the bulk economy—at a time when of the loons for Americans buying their own homes. In the might have hoped that the steel past three years, the savings industry has seen its profits surge as the country indulged inflationary housing spree. Last year alone, over \$100bn of mortgage debt was pumped into the housing

National's bid comes just over o year after the Carter making capacity by the building Administration's move to protect the American steel industry from foreign imports. The no burry either to complete an irlgger price mechanism set up by the U.S. Treasury to protect already started.
the industry allowed it to push Mr. Peter Marcus, a leoding the industry allowed it to push up prices, and profits recovered steel analyst with the new firm

3.00

2.50

2.00

1.50

1.00

National Steel, the third Now its seems that the company is looking to spend some of its improved cash flow on a Savings and Loans (S and Ls) takeover hid in whot can Washington's policymakers

industry would have pumped

funds back into modernising and expanding steel making capacity

in order to improve its cost structure. National Steel concedes that, for the time being, the decision virtually rules out major expenditure on expanding steelexisting facility which it has

of Paine Webber Mitchell

major steel companies (Armco and Republic, for example) are equally unlikely to take the risk of a major expansion of capacity.

National Steel's recent diversification move reflect disenchantment with investment prospects within the steel industry itself. But a move into the home loans area is raising. eyebrows in the investment community

With Bethlehem, the industry's number two, recuperoting from a \$450m loss in 1977, that leaves only U.S. Steel, the industry'o glant. U.S. Steel hos been agonising for three year about whether 3.3 per cent, again well below ossurance.

A Record Year for Transamerica

at an estimated cost of \$4bn. average. Late last year, however, it The current year could well indicated that it was ready to see a further improvement to invest-over \$1bn expanding its hemicals business.

margins and return on assets in steel bave been generally below the average for U.S. manufacturing industry. According to Mr. Charles Bradford, steel analyst at Merrill Lynch, the largest six U.S. steel companies in 1978 earned profits of \$1.48bn after tax. This com-pared with only \$429m to 1977 (there would have been an aggregate loss if Bethlehem's figures had been included) and profits of close to: \$1.6bn lo 1974, the last cyclical peak.

Even ofter last year's recovery, however, Mr. Bradford estimates that the U.S. Industry earned no more than 9 per cent on assets compared with about 15 per cent for manufacturing industry as a whole. For the Big Six, profit margins (net income to sales) were only

to build a new greenfield site the manufacturing industry

see. a further improvement io profits. Much depends on when, and if: a recession comes along For over a decade now, profit But the outlook for 1980 is clouded and it could well be that the industry will not even match average U.S. industry returns in this cycle eveo at its peak.

It is not really surprising that the industry is entired by the prospect of employing some of its improved finances to join corporate America's takeover Wave.

Certainly many steel analysts now expect other companies to be lacking for acquisitions and analysis such as Mr. Peter Inger soll, of Bache Halsey Stuart Shields, suggest that Wall Street's hottest takeover tip, the S and Ls, could appeal to other industry leaders than National Steel. Armco, for example, has already diversified into financial services such as leasing and life

## RESULTS IN BRIEF

## **Earnings** at Penn Central

NEW YORK - Penn Central Corporation, which emerged from bankruntcy proceedings last October, carned 19 cents a share or \$4.5m for the 68 day period ended December 31, reports Renter.

The net income figure is after deduction of 16 cents a share or \$3.8m for imputed Federal Income Taxes for which no payment was required.

Operating revenues during the 68 day period totalled

The fiscal year ends December :31 although the company is optimistic about 1979, it warned that performance could be adversely affected if there are serious gasoline shortages or curtail-

No payment was required in 1978 for imputed Federal Income Taxes due to tax credits from discontinued operations and pre-reorganieation operating loss carry-

As af December 31. Penn sald asset disposition pro-ceeds were used or set aside for the redemption of \$154m of series "A" honds and \$58.5m of series "B" and series "D" serial notes.

During the 68 day period of operations, \$40.7m cash was received from sale of property in the asset disposition programme. Auto component manu-

facturer Dana Corporation announced net carnings for the second quarter of \$39m or \$1.22 a share against \$26.1m or \$2 cents last time, on sales of \$693m (\$505m).. For the half year, nea carnings of \$80m or \$2.50 a share compared with \$59.2m or \$1.87 last time, on sales of \$1.37bn against \$1.05bn.

Wickes Corporation, retailing group earned \$4.7m or '38 cents a share in the final quarter, compared with \$3.1m or 28 cents previously, on sales of \$418.5m against \$330.3m. This brings the full year's carnings to \$34.4m or \$3.14 a share compared with \$26.7m or \$2.49 last time, on sales of \$1.92bn against

## Gulf foiled in sale switch Thomson unlikely to Resource company gains need clearance over aid George Weston result

BY IIM RUSK IN TORONTO

resource-based subsidiaries were largely responsible for a 72 per cent-profit increase in 1978 by George Weston. In a prelimi-nary statement, the Torontobased company reported an operating profit in 1978 of was CS5.2bn compared with G\$4.6bn. Tax recoveries brought

SHARP PROFIT-gains by its (US\$48.7m), or C\$4.66 a share, products division bod an operatcompared with a final profit of C\$32m, or C\$2.77 a share.

Mr. W. Galen Weston, chairman and president, said that the mix in the company's profitability among its four main-divisions had shifted signifi-C\$50.6m, or C\$4.06 a share, com-divisions had shifted signifi-pared with C\$27.5m, or C\$2.36 cantly in favour of resource-a share, a year earlier. Revenue based companies. In large part, based companies. In large part, With its strengthened financial this occurred because of the position, Mr. Weston feels it is devaluation of the Canadian now in a position to make a final profit in 1978 to C\$57.3m dollar during 1978. The forest

ing profit of C\$22.2m compared with C\$1.6m in 1977; fisheries C\$30.6m (C\$2.4m), wholesale and retailing C\$59.6m (C\$47.3m); and food process ing C\$28.9m (C\$31.7m).

GENTINA AND FINAN

The company also significantly reduced its debt levels

#### EUROBONDS

## Investors take the day off

NEW SWISS FRANC foreign bonds are falling to very heavy discounts as they start trading in the secondary market. Despite an increase in secondary tranche the fall has taken the maturities hove been shortened market prices of recent bonds yield from 3.50 per cent to 4.14 But investors are still sitting which had been worst hit in per cent. Such falls are greater tight.

The prices on some recent recent days; the Swiss Franc than they look at first consider. recent days; the Swiss Franc foreign bond market continues to be something of o disaster. area: the 31 er cent 12 year issue for Osterreichische Kontrollbank which started trading yesterday was quoted at 931 as against an issue price of 99.

It is yielding 4.43 per cent

bond was on offer. The same fate has befallen the two tranche issue for Norges Kommuns bank which started trading last Friday. The yield

against 3.86 per cent when the

from 3.82 per cent when the Coupons for prime borrowers bonds were offered to 4.02 per have edged up in recent weeks cent yesterday. On the 15-year and in some instances ing the low level of coupons issues moved up yesterday; this prevailing in the Swiss Franc was particularly true of bonds sector if compared to those in which had been harder hit than the DM, let alone the dollar others in recent days or which

covered by subscriptions: most was quoted at 901 yesterday. Its lead managers decline to com-ment The only thing all dealers ume of secondary market trad-

on the 12-year tranche has fallen ing is concerned-not selling and in some instance maturities hove been shortened

sctor. Some Swiss banks are spenly The bond for the Asian Developquestioning whether some of ment Bank which was trading at the recent issues have been S91 in the middle oo Monday are agreed upon is that ing is not all that great "investors ore on strike" for according to dealers: simply the time being as far as buy-there are no buyers around.

#### MEDIUM-TERM CREDITS

## Nine-year loan for Uddevallavarvet

EUROCURRENCY loan total- for the Korea Exchange Bank, originally scheduled to total ling SKr 315m (\$72m) has been led by Lloyds Bank Inter-completed for Uddevallavarvet national and the Chase Manhat-AB, the Swedish state-owned shipyard, by a group of banks led by PKBanken Investments. The main part of the nine-year credit will consist of a dollar tranche carrying o margin of 1 per cent over interbank

The proceeds will be used in the financing of o 500,000 dwt tonner built by the yard. Elsewhere, the 10-year credit

national and the Chase Manhattan group, is expected to be increased to \$400m from the originally plonned \$200m. Spreads remain at } per cent for the first two years, and

per cent thereafter. state electricity utility, Comioion Federal de Electricidad, is likely to be raised to \$600m. The loan, in two equal tranches of 10 and

of I per cent and I per cent, was originally scheduled to total

United International Bank has been given a mondate by C. A. Cavendes Socieded Financiere, a major Venezuelan financing agency, to raise \$20m for five The credit for the Mexican years at a margin of 1 per cent. The Venezuelan Government owns 16 per cent of the agency through a chareholding taken by Corporocion Venezolana

## FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

The list shows the 200 latest international hond issues for which an odequate secondary market exists. For further details of these or other bonds see the complete list of Eurobond prices publishe on the second Monday of each month. Closing prices on March 13

12. years with respective spread Fomento.

OTHER STRAIGHTS I.
Rank O/S Hold, 11½ AS
Auto Cote B. 7 93 EUA
Komm. Inst. 7½ 93 EUA
Panama B¼ 93 EUA
...
SOR Franca 7 93 EUA SOR. France 7 93 EUA 22.
Algamene 8k. 64, 83 Fi 75
CFE Mexico 74, 83 Fi 75
EIB 74, 85 Fi 75
Norwey 84, 84 Fi 75
Norwey 84, 84 Fi 100
EII Aquiteino 94, 88 FFr 150
EIB 94, 88 FFr 200
Norwey 94, 84 FFr 200
Norwey 94, 84 FFr 200
Norwey 94, 84 FFr 200
CECA 94, 83 E. 20
CILCO10 10 93 C 20
EIB 94, 88 E 25
Finance 104, 13 O1 C 15
Finance 104, 87 C 20
EIB 94, 88 E 25
Finance 107 Ind. 13 O1 C 15
Finance 108, 87 C 250
Byer Lux, 8 88 Luxfr 250
Norwey 74, 83 Luxfr 250
Norges Km. 8 E6 Luxfr 500
Norges Km. 8 E6 Luxfr 500
Solvaly Fin. 8 85 Luxfr 500
Swedish 8k. 8 8k Luxfr 500
FLOATING RATE FLOATING RATE 

\* No miormation available—previous day's orice.

. † Only one market maker supplied a price.

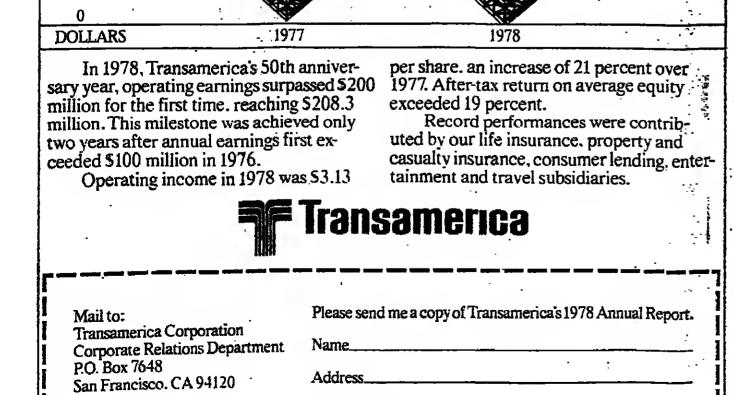
Tonly one marker maker supplied a price.

Straight Bonds: The yield to the yield to redemption of the mid-price; the amount issued as an millions of currancy units except for Yen bonds where it is in billions. Chango on week = Chango over price a week sarker.

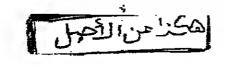
Floating Rate Notes: Denominated in dollers unless otherwise indicated. M=Minimum coupon. C.dite = Oeis next coupon becomes effective. Sproad = Margin above eis-month offered rate for U.S. dollars. C.cpn = The current coupon. C.yid = The current yield.

Convertible bonds: Oenominated in dollers unless of wice indicated. Chy. day = Change on day. Chy. date wice indicated. Chy. day = Change on day. Chy. date = First date for conversion into shores. Chy. crice = Nominat amount of bond per shere cooressed in currency of shere at convemien role fixed at resuc Prem = Percentage premium of the current effective price of acquiring eheres vie the bond over the most recent price of the aberes.

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City/State/Zip\_



(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

- coll	PROFIT ANNOUNCE	MENT - 1978	
*4	Unzudited Consolidated Provision	onal Financial Si	atements
		Year ended 31	
	SUMMARY	1978	1977
-	Group Income—before tax	R152,551,000	
•	after tax	R124,253,000	R 86,261:000
	Income attributable to ordinary		K COMESTIONS
	shareholders	R 63,246,000	R 43,266,000
	Earnings per share	151c	1040
,	Dividend per share	60c	450
	Dividend cover	2.5	23
•	Net asset value per share	1,35 <b>6</b> c	t.090c
. • .	Total number of shares	42,000,000	41,613,680
			solidated
	GROUP OPERATING RESULTS	1978	_ t977
		R000	R000
	Operating income	157,012	127,025
•	ncome from Investments	S7,4 <b>5</b> 4	41.302
	surplus on realisation of investments	12,379	3,545
		. —	——
•		220,845	t7 t,372
			· <del></del>
	-ess:	,	
rt o.	Amortisation of mining invest-		
day o	ments and mining assets	10,089	9,559
	Interest paid Exploration and development costs	38,600	30,746
	Provisions against investments,	12,004	9,734
	advances and other assets	7,601	7,958
		7,001	7,736
	•	68,294	57,997
	Group income before taxation	152,551	113,875
	axation	28,298	27.614
	•	<del></del>	· . · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Froup income after taxation	124,253	86,261
	Dozside shareholders' interest and		
	preference dividends	61,907	42,995
	I	· —	<del></del> .
	det income attributable to ordinary		42.744
	shareholders	63,246	43,266
	Ordinary dividends	8,635	7,396
	interim2t c.p.s. (18 c.p.s.)	16,380	11,100
	—final—39 c.p.s. (27 c.p.s.)		
	ncome retained	38,231	24,770
	teome retained		
•	ONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET		
	Ordinary shareholders' interest	296,947	257,317
	outside sbareholders' interest	330,886	313,000
		i	<del></del>
	roup equity	627,833	570,317
	oan capital	188,815	. 160,410
	reference share capital—6% 🚓	500	500
	referred taxation .	39,038	36,796
_ 11	apital employed	, 85 <b>6,</b> 186	768,023
evalla			<del></del>
· ANTI	mployment of capital		
	ivestments —listed	272,228	241.357
	—(market value)	(647,438)	(445,123)
	—unlisted	33,527	50,916
	—(directors' valuation)	(52,971)	(136.981)

The surplus on realisation of investments includes a profit of

Platinum Holdings Limited.

13 April 1979, both days inclusive.

any.

n bchalf of the Board . J. DE VILLIERS | Directors DTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a final dividend No. 106 (Coupon 5. 108) of 39 cents per share in respect of the year ended December 1978, has been declared payable to members regis-

om dividends payable to shareholders whose registered addresses e outside the Republic of South Africa. evidend warrants will be posted by the transfer secretaries entioned below, on or about 4 May 1979. ne full conditions of payment may be inspected at or obtained am the head office or the offices of the transfer secretaries of order of the board.
A. WILSON

cretary ead Office: Hollard Street hannesburg 2004 '.O. Box 61820. arshalltown 2107) ansfer Secretaries outh Africa:

change is available.

nion Corporation Limited are Transfer Department -78 Marshall Street hannesburg 2001 O. Box 61357 arshalltown 2107) 1 March 1979

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## INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

**SWISS BANKING** 

their importance to the national economy is substantial. Results published this year so far by

other hanking houses show that

the growth of hisiness was general; from the end of November 1977 to the end of last November the halance-sheet figure for the 71 was up by 7 per cent

The Big Five are pleased with their further continued

expansion in the free of a mim-

ber of negative factors-such as

conversion losses on foreign

halance-sheet onsitions because

of the rise of the franc or the partial decline of inter-bank

from the swelling of clients' dennsits, which rase in the

nuestinn and more than made up for a fall, in three of the

case of each of the banks in elined to SwFr 762m.

by 7 per cent.

292,273

. 315,661 768.023

305,755

R7.1 million arising from the sale by Union Corporation of its interest in Minera Frisco S.A. de C.V. During 1978 the group exchanged its unlisted investment in impala Platinum Limited for a listed investment in impala

The company's ordinary shares of R2 each, were sub-divided into shares of 40 cents each, during 1978.

The Group's capital commitments as at year end, were as

follows: Contracts concluded R29 million (1977 — R20 million); Contracts authorised by directors R195 million (1977 — R43

DECLARATION OF DIVIDEND

red at the close of business on 30 March 1979; and to holders share warrants to bearer surrendering Coupon No. 108. ne register of ordinary shareholders will be closed from 31 March

o instructions involving a change of the office of payment will accepted after 30 March 1979. ne dividend is declared in the currency of the Republic of South irica. Payments from the United Kingdom office will be made in nited Kingdom currency at the rate of exchange ruling on 23 oril 1979, or on the first day thereafter on which a rate of

on-resident shareholders' tax of 15 per cent will be deducted

banks, insurance companies or pension funds—are finding it more and more difficult to

invest the money flowing imo

their coffers. Not all of the

## Business volume up—profits squeezed

BY JOHN WICKS IN ZURICH

BUSINESS volume of Switzer of the land's leading banks rose to a was new record last year. The a rubalance-sheet totala of the Big part	s brought about primarily by rush on demand deposits—In rt a shift from sight deposits		SWI	TZER		'S BI		/E IN	1978	3		
Five—Swiss Bank Corporation, —an Union Bank of Switzerland, depo Credil Suisse, Swiss Volksbank, ingland Bank Leu—reached an oul	posit accounts and outstand- bond debts. The Swiss seem			Bank oration		Bank of erland		rédit iisse	Sw Yolk	iss sbank		ink eu
aggregate of SwFr 188.75bn for 1 (about £55.6bn) at the end of Gr 1978, by more than 9 per cent virtuabove the level of a year hefore, bank Since these five institutions nent	thrift.  Growth is not considered a tue in itself by the Swiss taks. Apart from the perma-	Total deposits  Due to banks	1978 63,244 33,586 22,244	1977 55,710 30,368 19,307	1978 60,951 36,388 16,607	1977 56,178 32,014 16,870	1978 47,599 28,865 12,678	12,929	1978 12,938 11,334 337	1977 12,133 10,370 578	1978 4,017 2,823 592	1977 3,511 2,504 472
alone account for about 60 per creat cent of the aggregate assets of equitable finantials. The Till Swiss banks regularly finantials.	ate new capital to meet uity ratio requirements, the ancial institutions—wbether	Total loans Due from banks Net profits	22,851 27,638 223	20,135 22,993 237	27,904 21,444 250	23,496 21,502 266	23,816 12,115 220	20,623 11,394 235	10,332 725 52	9,442 864 55	1,590 1,545 17	1,371 1,420 15
reporting to the National Bank, bank their importance to the n-tional pens		Dividend (%)	10	10	20	20	16	16	14	16	16	16

increase in non-bank deposits could be used for lending, while

actual return on assets bas been sinking fast.

Higher balance-sheet totals do not necessarily lead to a have been at an all-time low in corresponding improvement in Switzerland had a corresponding earnings. Last year, only Bank effect on net interest income. Leu—by far the smallest of the Generally speaking, the only "Big Five"-managed to in- real improvement of the profit crease net profits. For the first and loss account of most banks time in years there was a was to income from foreignmarked overall drop of earn- currency and precious-metals ings; from the record sum of trading, a result of last year's SwFr 809m for the five leading bigb turoovers.

Even there, the profits earned were relatively modest in concommercial banks attained in 1977, the composite sum desideration of the actual volume There were a number of of business handled. A recent reasons. First of all, income estimate puls intal foreignhalance shoets, of the due-to- from securities fell in the case exchange turnover by Swiss banks total. The sharp increase of all five banks except Swiss banks in

Volksbank the result of several SwFr 2,000bn a year. An idea ing drop in dividend. However, causes including falling yields of the profitability is given by the decline from a distribution from bond holdings and of the exchange-rate situation. SwFr 2,000bn a year. An idea ing drop in dividend. However, the decline from a distribution of the profitability is given by the decline from a distribution are recent announcement by Bank of 16 to 14 per cent was finally builties. Baer, which — as a carried through without arous-Julius Baer, which—as a carried through without arous back to the level reached in thoroughly successful banking ing obvious ill-will from the 1977. Credit Suisse for its part bouse—in 1978 booked a net income of SwFr 5m from a other banks are secretly grateful unchanged dividend on higher foreign-currency turnover of about SwFr 30bm. The big hanks declined to disclose their divident potics. banks declined to disclose their dividenn poticy. turnovers, but the earnings ratio will probably not be very different.

Despite the less satisfactory

It is bard to any what 1979 will bring. Much depends on the monetary situation and, less directly, on official measures showing of bank profits last which may be taken in connec-Rainer Gut, of Credit Suisse year, all the five biggest tion with it. All in all, though, said a coincidence and not the commercial banks with a single it looks as though this year result of a "concerted action" exception bave kept up their could prove more favourable that not profit had fallen by the previous year's dividend. The than 1978, What appears to same rate of about 6 per cent exception is Swiss Volksbank, have been a turn in the tide turnover by Swiss whose shares suffered last became apparent in the final the region of autumn from rumours of a pend-months of last year—as a result

of which Union Bank was able to show a net-profit drop of "only" 6 per cent instead of the 10 per cent decline which

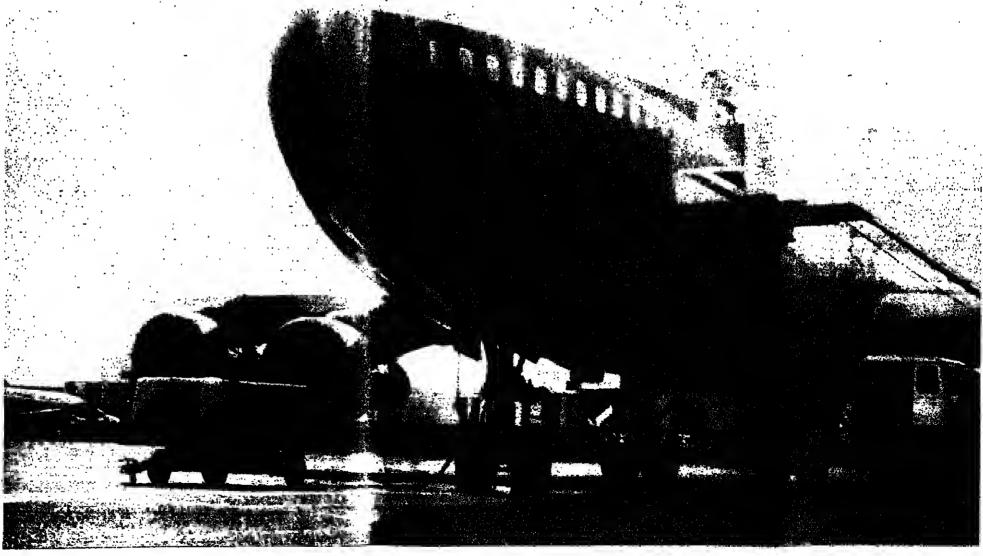
had been expected.

The New Year got off to a good start with the lifting in January of the 11-month-old restrictions on Swiss-franc portfolio investments by nonresidents. The Swiss francitself is remarkably stable, and bankers are increasingly optimistic that another upswing of

the exchange rate is not pending. There also are signs of higher interest rates and, with them, hetter spreads. Union Bank's managing director, Dr. Peter Gross, speaking in Zurich in forecast an improvement of profits for next year—but not

Whatever the case, and despite differences in individual points of policy, it seems probable develop in 1979 at more or less the same rate. It was, Mr. he added, "in principle we all

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How's that for enterprise!

# Stora Kopparberg

BY VICTOR KAYFETZ IN STOCKHOLM

SWEDISH forest products and resents a decline of SKr 39m. berg, reports pre-tax profits of products ordinary items for 1978, the SKr 7, is proposed.

Steel and mining operations.

Stora Kopparberg recorded a rankings last year, lifting exports to FM 2.7bn (\$675m),

The group easily exceeded the prediction in its eight. the prediction in its eight-month report of earnings around SKr 100m after extraordinary items, reaching a figure of SKr 188m, against a

Operating profit last year was SKr 326m, compared with nering and shipbuilding, experi-SKr 68m in 1977. But because enced a sharp reduction in latter figure included SKr 297m in nperating losses by units later transferred to New orders were down about SSAB, the 1978 result for 33 per cent to FM 600m at the remaining units in fact rep- end of last year.

power group, Stora Koppar Operating profit for forest dropped from SKt SKr 144m (\$33m) after finan- 191m to SKr 94m while earncial costs but before extra- ings from power plants rose.
ordinary items for 1978, the In its preliminary report. first year following the disposal Stora Kopparberg said the of its steel and mining operamarket situation had improved tions to the new, half-state- for all the company's products owned SSAB steel company. A and by year-end all factories dividend of SKr 8.50, up from were working at full capacity Kr 7, is proposed.

Group sales in 1978 were report for 1978 is slightly less SKr 2.97bn (\$683m), compared chullient than its final for 1977 with SKr 2.64bn the preceding but still optimistic comparad year for the corresponding with the annual reports of most portions of Stora Kopparberg of the major manufacturing and SKr 4.16bn incloding the companies in Finland, writes portions transferred to SSAB.

Reference the distance of the major manufacturing and SKr 4.16bn incloding the companies in Finland, writes portions the distance of the major manufacturing and SKR Lance Keyworth from Helsinki. Before the disposal of its Rauma maintained its leading increased its share of total turnover for the first time in three years, from 42 to 45 per cent. But the economic result of this

sector was still "unsatisfac-tory." The metal sector, engi-

enced a sharp reduction in

orders and faces uncertain prospects in the short term.

## **Exchange rate changes** check Pluess turnover

BY JOHN WICKS IN ZURICH

HINDERED BY exchange-rate changes, group turnover of the Swiss chemical trading concern Pluess-Staufer fell by 41 per cent from SwFr 747m to SwFr 717m (\$429m) last year. Busifluenced" by a marked decline in prices of important product groups on the home market.

Parent-company net profits nevertbeless managed to rise from SwFr 4.05m to SwFr 4.59m over the year and the Board recommends a maintained divi-dend of SwFr 250 per share. Transfers to special reserves for foreign commitments are to rise from SwFr 3m to SwFr 4m. Outside Switzerland, Pluess cious metal trading.

reports "gratifying" increases in sales in the U.S., France and · Net profits of Nordfinanz-Bank rose slightly from SwFr 11.5m to SwFr 11.7m last year after an 8 per cent increase in

balance sheet total to SwFr

1.5bn. The bank, in which the London-based consortlum bank Nordic Bank holds a 60 per cent shareholding, is to pay an un-changed dividend of 10 per cent The 1978 results show a fall from SwFr 18m to SwFr 17m in the interest balance, but otherwise there are increases in earnings from hills and money-

## Berne insurer lifts income

General of Berne Insurance port insurance developed well, Company (Berner Allgemine Versicherungsgesellschaft) rose by 4.5 per cent last year in SwFr 241.7m (\$145m), with net profits of SwFr 5.58m.

insurances, as well as burglary Life Insurance Company and and theft business, were unsatis- Alba General Insurance Comfactory, while operations in pany.

**NEW ISSUE** 

PREMIUM INCOME of The third-party, casualty and trans The board is to recommend an unchanged dividend of SwFr 65 per share, plus a SwFr 5 jubilee bonus, while SwFr 10 each wilt be pald on the dividend certiand elementary-loss ficates of the affiliates Bernese

## eats into capital to cover loss

By Our Financial Staff

A SUBSTANTIAL write-down of capital to cover trading losses expected for 1978 is announced by Compagnia Italia di Navigazione, the Italian state-owned shipping

company.
The group's losses for the past year are expected to cmerge at L15bn (\$17.6m) with actual losses for the first nine months — now revealed — aiready totalling L14bn. In 1977 the shipping group's total deficit was

Because of the latest deficit. Navigazione is to write-down its capital by L10.5bn — to L4.5bn from

L15bn. The board reports that group losses would be re-duced in 1979 following a reorganisation that included the suspension of services to the Mexican Gulf.

Sharply higher profits and

dividend for 1978 and the allocation of funds to purchase company shares are reported by Lepetit, the Italian pharmaceutical com-pany, controlled by Dow Chemical of the U.S. Profit rose tn L22bn in 1978 from

L12.8hn previously.

The company is to distribute a dividend of L920 per Ordinary share and L1.000 per preferred share. These payments compare with L620 per ordinary and L700 per preferred in 1977. The board bas also decided on an allocation of L10bn to purchase company shares on the Italian

## Higher payment from Navigazione Granges secures reduction of losses

BY WILLIAM DUILLFORCE IN STOCKHOLM

GRANGES, the Swedish metals engineering and antomobile and Mr. Bo Abrahamsson, the working capital. Loans of and engineering group which industries contributed about managing director, said yester- SKr 679m were repaid last year and engineering group which industries contributed about bas been undergoing a thorough SKr 2bn restructuring under its new The sharp reduction in the chairman and managing director, pre-tax loss stems mainly from met its 1978 target of reducing the sale of the steel and mining pre-tax losses to under operations to SSAB, the new SKr 100m. It will waive the semi-State steel company, and sbareholders' dividend for the the winding up of the soipping

The pre-tax result after extra- while lower foreign exchange ordinary items for 1978 was losses also contributed to the SKr glm (\$18.6m), an improve- improvement. ment of more than SKr 700m over the 1977 result. The pre-tax from the sale of ships the group loss before extraordinary items reports a net loss of SKr 83m

to show a profit in 1979.

(81.38bn), which is almost un- 1977 loss of SKr 505m. changed from the previous year. The group trading profit be-About balf now derives from fore depreciation was trans-

The sharp reduction in the third year running but expects operation. The sale of niber units helped to boost extraordinary income to SKr 126m

After a book gain of SKr 48m was cut from SKr 745m in 1977 compared with a loss of to SKr 207m last year. SKr 500m in the previous year, white the parent company shows Group turnover was SKr 5.14bn a net profit of SKr 6m against a

building materials and the formed from a loss of SKr 143m resources released by the sale building industry, while the in 1977 to a gain of SKr 213m nf asset and the reduction in

day that Granges now had good prospects of being able to manage on the surpluses generated by its operations.

This year there will be an automatic improvement of Skr 100-125m from the winding-up of the shipping operation and from the interest payable on the settlement with SSAB Granges bas also made considerable progress in solving two financial problems. It bas reduced its foreign exchange risks by cutting its Swiss franc loans by SwFr 40m and its dollar loans by \$10m.

It has also been able to pay off a considerable part of tha debts on the steel company, with which it was left after the transfer to SSAB thanks to the

while new loans taken np totalied SKr 497m.

At the end of the year the group held liquid assets of SKr 489m which was SKr 50m higher than a year earlier. Capital investments during the year amounted to SKr 240m including the value of the fixed assets in the companies acquired in line with the programme of strengthening the metalworking and aiuminium operations.

Mr. Abrahamsson regards 1978 as " the most eventful year in Granges' history," marking the first phase in its regeneration. Its big losers were eliminated. The remaining contracting and management undertakings still had profitability problems but a more modern, market-orientated enterprise was now taking the field.

#### Earnings show slight drop at Mid-Med Bank

By Godfrey Grima in Valletta A MODEST decline in earnings is reported for 197g bl Mid-Med Final costs on the Dunkirk Bank, the Maitese bank controlled by Barclays International and the Maltest Government. At the pre-tax level, profits emerge at M£1.1m (\$3.2m) compared to M£1.2m. Dividends of

M£445,000 are to be pa
In its statement the bank
announced that total sharebolders' funds by December last year had grown in M£5.3m compared to M£5m. This week the Maltese premier, Mr. Dom Mintoff, announced in parliament that the government was seeking to buy out Barclay's shareholding in the bank.

## Swiss cut new issue calendar for bonds

THE SWISS capital market authorities continue to lower their sights in relation to the amount of new paper that the domestic bond market can be expected to absorb.

For the second quarter of this year the new issue calendar bas been set by the Swiss Capital Market Commissio nat SwFr 1.35 (\$778m), excluding conversion issues. This compares with a figure of SwFr 1.35bn in the opening three months of 1979 and with SwFrl.6bn for the second quarter of 1978.
Against the latter figure the latest borrowing target represents a decline of almost a fifth In recent weeks the Swiss In recent weeks the Swiss bond market has been notice ably depressed. An oil price led upsurge in investor fears for the inflation rate—which the latest cost of living indices bave tended to confirm—have severy unsettled market sentiment.

As a result, the long term 21 per cent bond issue now looks a dead duck. In Zurich bond market terms, the recent 21 per cent issue over 12 years from the Swiss Government was an effective flop (it was only just subscribed) and dealers now emphasise the need for compons of 3 per cent or 3½ per cent for maturities of ten years and

The latest borrower, the Union Bank of Switzerland, has opted for Safety and tagged ? coupon of 31 per cent to its SwFr 100m offering over 11 vears at par.

In the 12 months to the end of January 1979 net new mooey raised nn the Danish capital market rose by more than a third. At DKr 56bn (\$10.76bn) net debt compared with DK-41.7bn in the same period r

The main reason for the up-surge lies with the increasing level of government borrowings In the 12 months, government debt almost doublad to DKr 21.1bn at which it represents some 37½ per cent of total borrowing, against 27 per cent year earlier.

#### Uniwert pays same again By Onr Zurich Correspondent

UNIWERT, a mutual fund for securities managed by Folag Fondsleitung AG, is to pay an unchanged gross dividend of

## French chemicals group in red

BY TERRY DODSWORTH IN PARIS

CONTINUING over-capacity in year against FFr 144.7m in 1977. the European plastics industry The group says that its results project of which the investment has combined with escalating will improve this year hecause was estimated at FFr 12bn.

These gloomy results follow neavy losses in 1977, when CdF, owned by the French state coalmining concern, Charhonnaees de France, had a consolidated deficit of FFT 189m.

losses failing to FFr 200m last chemicals plant at Dunkirk.

costs on a new chemicals plant in fan upturn in most of the should become clearer in May, project to keep in the red one main areas of its husiness. It One of the other main divisions, of France's leading chemical is also taking steps to reduce APC, a nitrogen producer, is companies. CdF Chimie reports administrative costs and is cut-progressing with its programme osses of FFr 400m (\$93m) for ting its labour force through early retirement measures.

The company's statement of 52ys. these provisional results makes Net 1978 losses for the steel it clear that CdF has experienced a difficult year both in terms of sales volume and price levels. To this bas been added Results of the operating com- a beavy increase in financing pany bave been equally depress- costs in its Copenor divisinn ing during the two years, with which is building a petro-

of recovery and ahould be back in balance next year, the group

group Sacilor are expected to be around FFr 1on (\$233.5m) compared with FFr 2.28bn in 1977, Mr. Jacques Mayoux, the chairman, told a meeting of shareholders. In 1979 losses should be reduced further in FFr 550m,

Giles Merritt, in Brussels, looks at the future of the European Unit of Account

## Uneasy days for the currency cocktail

tion of the European Monetary for EUA issues. System mark the revival of international bond Issues in fitterpean Units of Account, or will it ensure that their faltering 5 to 7 per cent share of the European Units of the big three Belgian banks and the sixth most Important of all Euro-issue managers in terms of volume. Kredietbaok Eurobond market fades away to nothing?

Krediethank is today launching as lead manager a 40m EUA (\$65m) loan for Stet, the Italian

bas a third claim on the market's attention as a bouse The issue is already being that tends to get these things botty debated and now right. Just 16 years ago it Belgium's Kredietbank has entered the fray.

The issue is already being that tends to get these things botty right. Just 16 years ago it floated for Portugal's Sacor nil company the first ever Eurobood, establishing Brussels as at least the cradle of the Enrobond market.

of the European council and the bonds issued that now total extra costs that Kredietbank formal launching of EMS. \$2bn. Its argument now though calculates at around 11 per Kredietbank is convinced that is that the monetary stability ceot.

**March 1979** 

WILL THIS week's introduc- EMS will provide a strong boost that EMS will produce-judgfar this year—will make the of complicated rules, borrowers EUA a better financing instru- are indemnified against the ment than in the past.

Krediethank says that it is loans in the new European Currency Unit (ECU) which now takes over from the Snake's European Monetary Unit of Account (EMUA), which defined the value of the EUA, as the common demoninator used to express currency values. But it frankly doubts issues, is having to stress these that ECU bonds will material-advantages of the EUA, and its state telecommunications holdlng company. The Belgian bank
is firmly pegging the issue to
is firmly pegging the issue to
15 years it has participated in
the close of the Paris summit
almost all the 82 such Eurothe borrower guarantees the

bonds is that, thanks to a set revaluation of most leading European currencies, although currency. The EUA is not a simple basket of currencles,

while the ECU is. But with the ECU bailt as a future European currency, Kredietbank, along with other established managers of EUA chief problem may be in explaining to the market the subtle superiority it believes the

tional investors, it claims, prefer to decide the weighting of any package themselves, white the ECU basket is inherently less stable than the in fact geared up to arranging they are not covered against EUA. Krediethank feels that loans in the new European any devaluation of their own the ECU's role would best be restricted to that of numeraire for the EUA, which at present ls the positinn. The EUA will be defined in

value against the ECU and this conversion rate will be redefined whenever member currencies of the EMS decide to devalue or revalue. The advan-swfr 3 per certificate for the tage to EUA borrowers is that year ended January 31. The tage to EUA borrowers is that so long as currencies remain within the hands of flexibility develop well, with certificate EUA still enjoys. I laid down by the EMS the circulation up by a further the bank maintains that the fact that the ECU is in itself a currency basket represents a remains constant. (\$2.15m) to SwFr 13.5m.

currency basket represents a remains constant. SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

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Skandanaviska Enskilda Banken

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Société Générale

> Union de Banque Arabes et Françaises - U.B.A.F. (Bahrain Branch)

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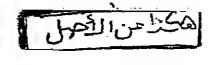
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## in Markets INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

## Good start to year for Johannesburg SE

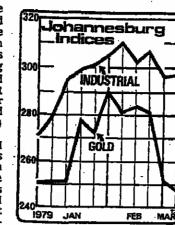
BY JIM JONES IN JOHANNESBURG

3.7, the Rand Daily Mail 100 7 on February 7. By Months demand for the (re-named) the RDM 100 was back to Finencial Rand.
7, and the Gold Index to If anything, overseas demand for South African securities has a securities has

negative news of the minekers' strike and sethacks in lement in South West

TWEEN New Year and mid- hurg investors, however, is the bruary, Johannesburg out- narrowing financial rand formed all other major stock discount. This is an inevitable rkets, and hy a wide margin. consequence of implementation After starting the year at of the De Kock Commission's proposals, which by broadening iustriai Index peaked at the uses to which the old
9 nn February 13. The
10 Securities Rand could be put
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iolds have clearly been declined during the past month ected by the sharp fluctua- or two. But this has been mure the rest, Johannesburg intors are apparently paying reattention to the stream of ellent results from complete in South Africa than to paper, assets can now investigation. paper, assets can now invest through Financial Rand at a discount on the commercial rand rate of \$1.18 to the rand.



from 68 U.S. cents to the cur-

rent rate of 76.5 cents.

The mechanics, as far as the stack exchange is concerned. ica (Namibia). Since March 1, demand has are simple. As the Financial Italia is worrying Johannes- lifted the Financial Rand rate Rand rate rises and its discount

narrows. South African shares become more expensive to foreigners. If South African shares are not to rise in terms overseas currencies, then Johannesburg share price quotes have to fall. This is exactly what has been happening, as evidenced by the moves in the indices since mid-February.

Julannesburg brokers are virtually unanimous in thinking that the Financial Rand rate will bit at least 80 cents by Easter— and that will bave a further short-term dampening effect on such stocks as De Beers, golds and platinums which are widely beld overseas.

The question being asked, however, is bow far the South African Reserve Bank will let the Financial Rand rate rise. One of the objects of increasing the scope of the two-tier market is

the commercial rand So though no policy statement has been or is likely to be made by the Reserve Bank, a widely held view among Johannesburg brokers is that the bank will try to dampen the rate if it gets too far above the 80 U.S. cents level.

Paradoxically, though a strengthening Financial Rand has a sbort-term depressing effect on Johanneshurg, some brokers see a combination of this and a strengthening gold price as baving the potential to set the marker off on another leg of its boll run.

London brokers have been putting out a spate of recom-mendations on gold shares. At the same time. Johannesburg brokers feel that investors tend to prefer investing to countries with strong currencies, which Africa is becoming with a rising Financial Rand. If so, Johannesto encourage foreign investment burg's rise may not have been through an attractive discount simply a flash in the pan.

#### Decline at **Middle East** ank

TISH BANK of the Middle t, the subsidiary of Hongand Shanghai Banking poration, has announced that 1978 profit fell to £4.82m. Sm) from £6.8m in 1977. profit fall reflected a nction in the level of busis activity in the areas in ch the hank operates and the sfer of the Saudi Arabian iness on June 30 to the ly-formed Saudi British k in which it retains a 40 cent equity holding, Mr. ... Hutson, the chairman, said. o dividends from the Saudi isb Bank bave been taken the results. A dividend of m, against £5.5m in the

te appreciation of sterling 978 reduced the profit conation from BBME's branches ome 6 per cent. In addition, previous year's figures had earlier made in view nr ituation in the Lebanon. th the transfer to the Saudi. sh Bank of assets and lities in Saudi Arabia, and appreciation of sterling ist Middle Eastern currenbalance sheet liabilities

ious year, was paid to the

ivances fell 21 per cent to n, and stood at about 47 sit, almost unchanged over to deploy deposits from lle Eastern sources: Howrecessions, combined with

sit ratio from 51 per cent

a fall in current deposit. other accounts from £1.63m cent of current liabilities; hills and certificates of year, were 11 per cent of ent liabilities. the area in which the bank transfer of the Saudi iian husiness, made inevit-a fall in the advance/

## Japan Line seeks another loan moratorium

on Y22.8bn (\$113m) falling due in the fiscal year beginning this April. It is asking for special dispensation from the banks for the second year in succession. But prospects for the company are improving, and the breather provided under the leadership nf the Industrial Bank of Japan

to Y12.5bn as a result of a significant improvement in its tanker operations, through cutbacks in payments for chartered ships and steps taken by the Government to lease five VLCC oil

JAPAN LINE, the troubled World Wide Shipping Group to major shipping company delay payments of Y2.8bn in specialising in tankers, has charter fees during the year. asked its major creditors for another moratorium on loans another moratorium on loans. Sir Yue Kong Pao, the Hong Kong-based shipping tycoon has been in turn backed by the IBJ. which has also made him a director.

Japan Line's financial troubles came critical in late 1977 and by the spring of 1978 the banks, including the IBJ, the Govern-ment's Japan Development Bank, and numerous other commercial banks and insurance ourrent fiscal year.

Operating losses for the ending this month will be about Y18bn (\$89m), or Y6.7bn less than in 1977-78. The net loss before tax will be down by Y8bn to Y12.5bn as a content of the pear of t

and assets, a reduction in charter payments and the laying off of crew, who were absorbed by a banking group. The loans falling due next

tankers as emergency storage year include Y9-6bn under the facilities.

Government sponsored ship-building programme and Y4-5bn agreement with the Y. K. Pao borrowed to finance ships to be

operated by offshore companies Y4bn by repurchasing the three in other countries.

During the next fiscal year. Japan Line will be selling additional tramp steamers, making sales of securities and other assets and further trimming 10 its overall

With the rationalisation measures and the loan moratorium, Japan Line Intends to halve its pre-tax deficits to Y5.8bn for fiscal 1979, from its estimated loss of Y12.5bn for fiscal 1978. The company expects a considerable improvement in its tramp line through its drastic cutback of tramp ships, helped by a pick-up in the tramp market.

In addition to two tankers repurchased from the World end of last year, the company is scheduled to bny back another three tie-in ships. which is expected to cut the interest payment

The line expects to save

ships. Tie-in ships are regisabroad and chartered back with foreign flags, so as to employ cheaper, foreign, crew. The Japanese company pays chartering fees through borrowings from foreign banks or Japanese banks' overseas subsidiaries, at an interest rate of around 12 per cent. The Japanese Export and Import Bank charges only 5 per cent on foreign currency loans to buy back tie-in sblps. bowever. which covers the higher wage costs of Japanese crew-three times that of Snuth East Asia.

Repurchasing of tie-in ships is also expected to give job opportunities for the company's surplus seamen. The company is planning to sell 12 cargo Wide Shipping Group at the ships for fiscal 1979 and nine vessels for 1980, which it is feared, will produce excess crews of about \$50. The company is meeting the situation by shifting crewmen to other divisions, by voluntary retire-ments, and by lay-offs.

#### Malaysian side boosts Hume Far East BY H. F. LEE IN SINGAPORE

cent improvement in gropp With the overrall improved post-tax profit to \$35.52m performance. Hume increased (US\$2.5m) for the six months its interim gross dividend from to December. The profit 5 per cent to 6 per cent. increase was achieved on a 13

affected by increased competicent rise in turno tion and higher costs, and consequently had much lower F. Lee from Singapore. Robinson bas also rep. Hume's Malaysian operations, on the other hand, recorded higher sales and profits. Hume 7 per cent, Mr. Hutson comexpects its second-half results

HUME INDUSTRIES (FAR to he comparable with those has taken up 88 per cent of the EAST) has reported a 16 per achieved in the first half. equity of Mimaland Berbad. a

per cent increase in gross sales.
to \$\$74.62m (US\$34.4m).

ROBINSON and Company, the Singapore retailer, recorded a On a pre-tax basis, profit marginal improvement in profit at the higher rate of in its first-balf pre-tax profit for ivances have traditionally 21 per cent to \$\$10.02m. Hume the six months to December was said that its main operations up 1.7 per cent to S\$4m in Singapore were severely (US\$1.8m) on against a 9 per affected by increased competicent rise in turnover to S\$24.57m (US\$11.3m), writes H.

Robinson bas also reported an extraordinary gain of S\$231,000 on the sale of property. Group pre-tax profit for the whole year, the company said, is exected to be maintained at the previous year's level of \$\$7.22m. An unchanged gross interim dividend of four per cent bas been declared.

Magnum diversifies By Wong Sulong in Kuala Lumpur

Malaysian lottery organisation.

leisure company, as part of diversification programme.

Magnum is paying 1.42m ringgits (U.S.\$3.2m) for 7.1m shares of 1 ringgit each of Mimaland, which operates a sprawling, but unprofitable, tourist complex outside Kuala Tumpur.

develop the Mimaland complex, including in this the upgrading of its existing facilities such as the swimming pool, boating club, chalets, and orchid farmers. It expected Mimaland to turn in a profit in its third year.

Meanwhile Timwan Holdings. one of the biggest consumer goods distributing agencies in Malaysia bas reported better results for last year, in line with the increase ln private

Pre-tax profits rose from 4.1m ringgits to 5m ringgits (U.S.\$2.3m), with sales rising from 55m ringgits to 70.8m ringgits (U.S.\$32.3m).

The directors are recommend-MAGNUM CORPORATION, the ing a final dividend of 17.5 per

#### Matsushita announces. bond details

OSAKA -- The Y50bn (equivalent to some \$250m) unsecured convertible bonds to be issued by Matsushita Electric Industrial Company next month on the Japanese capital market, will bave a maturity date of April 26, 1985, and will be priced at par. Payment is to be made on April 25. The coupon and conversion price have yet

tn be fixed. Plans for the issue were announced at the end of Feb ruary. It will be the first issue unsecured bonds by . Japanese corporation since 1933. Matsushita said that the bond will be convertible into its common stock shares after June 21

The money raised through the issue will be used for equipment investment. research development expenses and overseas businesses Sumitomo bank will be the

chief commission bank, while Yamaichi Securities Company will be the lead manager. Reuter.

## FINANCIALTIMES

# INDUSTRIAL **AWARD 1979**

**Applications** are now invited for the 1979 award for an nutstanding work of industrial architecture in the United Kingdom. This is the thirteenth year of the award, which has proved a natable success, attracting over 800 entries for judgement in that time.

Entries The award is open to all designers of industrial buildings, both within the architectural prnfession and outside it. Nominations of buildings together with the necessary particulars, must be received not later than May 4, 1979.

Conditions Nominated buildings must have been completed within the two years ending December 31, 1978. A building may be nominated (subject to the time limitation) on two successive years.

Numination Forms particulars and canditions can be obtained directly from the Financial Times. The award will be

announced in December, 1979.

lease send me a numination form and further details of the Industrial Architecture Award. Address Financial Times Industrial Architecture Award Bracken House, 10 Cannan Street, London EC4P 4BY

#### **UILDING SOCIETY INTEREST RATES**

Greenwich High Road.

incs 8.10%, Sub pn. Shares . Interest paid quarterly

ares/term shares, Monthly

Shares 8.10%.

wich SE10 8NL

LONDON GOLDHAWK (01-995 8321)

15/17 Chiswick High Rnad. London ,W4 2NG.

Sub'pn. Shares 9.75%". Deposit Rate 7.75%

Share Accounts 8.50%

Term Shares 9.25%\*, 2 yrs.: 9.00%, 1 yr.

Includes 0.25% Centenary Bonus throughout 1979

CLIVE INVESTMENTS LIMITED Royal Exchange Ave., London EC3V 3LU. Tel: 01-283 110L Index Guide as at March 6, 1979 (Base 100 on 14.1.77) Clive Fixed Interest Capital Clive Fixed Interest Income

LLEN HARVEY & ROSS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LTD. 45 Cornhill, London, EC3V 3PB. Tel.: 01-623 6314. Index Guide as at March 8, 1979 Capital Fixed Interest Portfolio . Income Fixed Interest Portfolio

U.S. \$20,000,000 Floating Rate U.S. Dollar Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, due 16th March, 1982

THE DAIWA BANK,

LIMITED LONDON



In accordance with the provisions of the Certificates, notice is hereby given that for the initial six months interest perind from 14th March, 1979 to 14th September. 1979, the Certificates will carry an interest Rate of 11%% per annum. The relevant interest payment date will be 14th September, 1979.

Merrill Lynch International Bank Limited Agent Bank

This announcement appears as a matter of record noise.



#### **AUSTRALIAN NATIONAL INDUSTRIES** LIMITED

US\$20,000,000 7-Year Term Credit Facility

> Managed by Kredietbank N.V.

and provided by Kredietbank NV Barclays Bank International Limited Hambros Bank Limited National Westminster Bank Group First National Bank in Dallas (Singapore Branch) Privatbanken International (Denmark) S.A.

> Agent Krediethank N.V.



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The Banker Research Unit, Greystoke Place, Fetter Lane, London EC4A 1ND

## Early Wall St. firmness on Mid-East hopes

PREMIUM

\$2.60 to £1—791% (821%) Effective \$2.0395 401% (43%) STOCKS ON Wall Street showed Betives list and put on ‡ to \$7\frac{7}{2}.

B 6rm2r hlas at mld-session yesterday after fairly setive trading, moved at \$7\frac{7}{2}. terday after fairly sctive trading. helped hy some hopeful signs of progress in President Carter's Mid-East pegotiations. The Dow Jones Industrial Average improved 1.91 to 846.59 2t 1 pm, while the NYSE All

Closing prices and market reports were not available for this editied.

Commoo Index gained 10 cents to \$55.97 and rising issues hald a seven-to-five ratio lead over declines. Trading volume reached 19.95m shares, an increase of 3.58m shares from the level for 1 pm the previous day.

Carter 22id ofter talks with Egyptisn President Sadat that the helieves "we now have all the main ingredients of a peace treaty." Analysts said, however, that investors remained cautious about the developments.

The firm tone for the dollar on

The firm tone for the dollar on the first day of the Europesn 1.29m Ludlow shares in its bid Monetary System was also helping market sentiment. However, analysts noted that there was some consolidating of positions following the strong of the Europesn 1.29m Ludlow shares in its bid Dome Petroleum rose 2; to slow huilding work for 2 big C\$121; Gulf Canada 1; to C\$45, petrochemical complex in Iran. Husky Oil C\$1 to C\$47; and C\$21; Sulf Canada 1; to C\$45, petrochemical complex in Iran. Husky Oil C\$1 to C\$47; and C\$251; Sulf Canada 1; to C\$47; and C\$251; Sulf Canada 1; to C\$47; and C\$251; Sulf C\$251; Su

**NEW YORK** 

Amer. Elect. Fow: Amer. Express... Amer. HomeProd. Amer. Modical... Amer. Motors.... Amer. Nat. Res... Amer. Btandard...

Amer. Stores..... Amer. Tel. & Tol...

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Bankers Tr. H.Y. Barber Oll......

Burrough...... Campbell Soup ... Canadian Pacific

Canol Randolph

Carnation ........ Carrier & Cener. Cartor Hawley ... Caterpillar Trect

Contral & 3-W...
Cortaintoed...
Cessno Aircraft..
Chompion Intor.
Ch'so Manhattan
Chemical Bk. HY
Ghesebugh Pond
Chessie System..
Ilhicago Bridge...
Chrysler....
Cine. Milacron..
Citleos Service...
Citleos Service...
City Investing...
Cleveland Ciff...
Cocacois...
Colgote Palm ...
Collumpio Gas...
Collumpio Gas...

Consor nat. Cas. 5019
Consumer Power 9816
Continental Orl. 5176
Continental Tsle
Control Data .... 5918
Cooper Indus. 4718

limiting price gains yesterday morning. at 1 p.m. on v American Motors topped the shares (1.89m).

Texas International, the target of a take-over hid, gained to

Petroleum issues were firmer. Active Exxon improved ; to \$532. Mobil 1 to \$74; and Getty i 10 \$40?. hu: Texaco, which on Mondsy reported another dry hele in the Baltimore Canyon. was vochanged 2t \$24%.

International Paper picked up to 3441. The company has reached a new agreement to sell the oil and gas operations of his General Crude Oil subsidiary to a Tenneco voit and Southland Royalty for \$705m. The deal supersedes an earlier pact with Gulf Oil at a price of \$650m.

Cities Service climbed 12 to It is to close down its money losing iron pellet opera-tion in Copperhill, Tennessee. Ludiow retreated 1½ to 316%.
Tyco has received tenders for 1.29m Ludiow shares in its bid for 300,000 which expired on

Stock

Johns Manville ...

Johns Manville...
Johnson Johnson
Johnson Control.
Joy Manufacturg
K. Mart.....
Kziser Alumini'm
Kaiser Industries
Kziser Steel
.....
Kzneb Services...

Liggett Group. 687g
Lilty | Elii 635g
Litton Industries 21
Lockh'ed Aircerft 181g
Lone 6tar Ind sta 251g
Long Isl'nd Ltd 175g
Louisiana Land 257g
Lucky Stores 167g
MacMillan 115g
Macy R.N 52
Mapco 2014
Marathon Oil 681g
Marshall Flaid 161g

Niagara Mohawk.
Hiagara Jhare....
H. L. Industries...
Horfolk & West'n'
North Hat. Gas...
Khin. States Pwr.
Hthwest Airliner,
Hinw st Bancorp.
Horton Simon.

Horton Silmon.... Occident I Petrol Ogilvy Mather.... Into Edison....

Perkin Elmer. ... 50 30
Prizer ... 32 31:3
Phelpa Bodge ... 28:4 29:4
Philladelphia Ele. 16:2 18:2
Phillip Merria ... 54:9 64:4
Phillip Patro'm 35:3 35:3
Pillabury ... 34:3 34:3
Pitney-Bowes ... 24:4 25:6
Pittston ... 194 18:4
Pleasey Ltd ABR. 22:4 02:9

19 is 16 is 32 is

40% 135% 265% 51 221% 125% 165% 160% 267% 513%

Mer. Mar. 12 2

Hewistt Packard 01 Holiday Inns..... 173s Homestake ..... 333s Honoywell...... 6314

EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE

33

15

40 47

1.70 0.70 0.20 0.10 1.60 0.20

3414

17

0,10 0,10 3,60 10,20

0.20

13.90

4,40 1,50 0,40 0,70

3.40

106 30 --

TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS

\$\$00 \$320 F.100 F.110 F.120 F.140 F.150 F.110 F.23 F.23 F.82.30 F.85 F.85 F.85 F.85

307.75 22-6 52-6 18-2 19-4 44-1 10-2 10-12 27-34

Last Vol. Last

1.20

2434

6.90 8.50 1,10 0,30

11.90 1.10 0.60 0.60 2.30

3 14

5,80

. 3.30 : ' 8

23

F.353

F.29.10

- 532 - 53084

1.50 F.23

·B.40

3.50

1273

520% - F.124.10

3**6**75

F.101

THE AMERICAN SE Market but Fireco 'A' shed five cents to advanced Y14 to Y515 and issues and selected Coal stocks Value Index rose 1.49 to 159.88 C53.85 on lower earnings.

A shed five cents to advanced Y14 to Y515 and issues and selected Coal stocks Kyoto Ceramic Y20 to Y3,970. highlighting a day of active trading.

Amax volume leader Resorts International "A" put on 4 to

Canadian Soperior Oil, which jumped more than 13 points on Medday, reacted 11 to \$83. The

#### Canada

300.93.

performance in active early dealings yesterday, aided by news of a fall in unemployment which hrought the rate below eight per cept for the first time since June,

The Toronto Composite Index moved ahead 6.2 to 1,410.9 at mid-day, while the Oils and Gas 0.79 to 207.39, but Golds shed 1.6 to 1.531.4 and Banks 1.37 to

Tokyo

company may merge with Superior Oil.

Markets put on s hrighter

Index strengthened by 28.7 to 2,070.4. Metals and Minerals gained 2.6 to 1.271.1 and Utilities

00.93.
Autong Oli and Gas issues,
Petroleum rose 23 10

Scott Paper, Scott Paper, Scott Paper, Scott Paper, Scott Mrg....

Southern Cal.Ed.

Southern Co..... Southern Hat Res

Tesoro Petr'leum 934 958

Texas Eastem
Texas Eastem
Texas Inst m
Texas Oil & Gas.
Texas Utilities.
Times Mirror
Timkon
Trane
Tran America
Transco

Transway Inil...
TWCorp ......
Travelors......
Tri-Continental...

UHC Resources ...

Warier-Commin.
Warner-Lambert
Waste-Man mont
Wets-Fargo ....
Western Bancorp
Western H.Amer.
Western Union ...
Westing he Elsc.

A.B.N. Bank 13 %
Allied Irish Banks Ltd. 13 %
Amro Bank 13 %
Amero Bank Ltd. 13 %
Amero Bank Ltd. 13 %
Amero Bank Ltd. 13 %
A P Bank Ltd. 13 %
Henry Ansbacher 13 %
Associates Cap. Corp. 14 %
Banco de Bilhso 13 %
Bank of Credit & Cmce. 13 %
Bank of Cyprus 13 %
Bank of N.S.W. 13 %
Banque Belze Ltd. 13 %
Banque Belze Ltd. 13 %
Banque du Rhode et de
la Tamise S.A. 13 %

Barque du Rhobe et de la Tamise S.A. ...... 131% Barciays Bank ......... 13 % Bremar Holdings Ltd. 14 % Brit Bank of Mid. East 13 %

Charterhouse Japhet... 121% 

Consolidated Credits... 13 %
Co-operative Bank .... 13 %
Corinthian Securities... 13 %
Credit Lyoonais .... 13 %
The Cyprus Popular Bk. 13 %
Duncan Lawrie .... 13 %
Eagil Trust .... 13 %
Eoglish Transcont... 13 %
First Nat. Fin. Corp... 14 %
First Nat. Secs. Ltd... 14 %
[Antony Gibbs .... 13 %

Guinness Mahon ..... 13 %

Warner-Commin. 44 kg
Warner-Lambert 24 kg
Waste-Man'mont 28
Waste-Man'mont 28
Western Bancorp 06
Western Hamer. 24 kg
Western Union. 10 kg
Westing he Elsc. 15 kg
Weyerhes user. 26 kg
Whiripool. 18 kg
White Con. Ind. 20 kg
Wisconsin Elect. 19 kg
Wisconsin Elect. 18 kg

BASE LENDING RATES

■ Hambros Baok

Hill Samuel \$13 C. Hoare & Co. \$13 Julian S. Hodge .... 14

Hongkong & Shenghai 13 % Industrial Bk. of Scot. 131%

■ Samuel Montage ..... 13 %

Morgan Grenfell ..... 13 % National Westminster 13 %

P. S. Refson & Co. ... 13

Schlesinger Limited ... 13 

Shenley Trusl ...... 15

Standard Chartered 13 % Trade Dev. Bank 13 % Trustce Savings Bank 13 % Tweptieth Century Bk. 14 % United Bank of Knwait 13 %

Whitesway Laidlaw ... 131% Williams & Glyn's .... 13 % Yorkshire Bank ..... 13 %

Members of the Accepting Houses

deposits: 10%7...
7-day deposits on sums of £10,000 and under 10%7... up 16 £25,000 11% and over £1,000 10%%...
§ Demand denotice 11%...
§ Demand denotice 11%...

Norwich General Trust 13 %

Keyser Ullmann ...... 13 Knowsley & Co. Ltd.... 14

Lloyds Bank ..... London Mercantile ...

After a firmer start, the ip easier vein, with most narket came back to close with operators keeping on the sidemarket came back to close with a mixed appearance again, Trad-ing was moderately active, with volume expanding to 250m sh2res

from Monday's low level of 190m. The Nikkal-Dow Jones Average ended 4.28 easier st 6.058.30 hut the Tokyo SE index was 0.38 harder at 448,89. Investors remained generally reserved due to several uoccr-

taipties, such as the trade dispute between Japan and the U.S., a rise in crude oil prices and Chipa's delaying of Y420bn worth of contracts with Japan. Precision machinery Manufacturers and Light Electrical concerns declined, but Con-

ment finance programme-related issues, like Road Paving issues. were purchased. Pharmsceutical2 attracted aporadic buying.
Mitsul declined Y10 to Y316 on reports that it has agreed 10 slow huilding work for 2 big petrochemical complex in Iran. Sony retregted Y40 to Y1,760.

Marks & Spencer MassoyForguson

Moore Corpn Mountain State R Herando Mine.

Hercen Energy 17/2 Hth, Telecom.... 46 Humec Ilil & Gas 2914

Pacific Petrol'm †6412\* Pan CanPotrol m 4514 Patino ........... 2038

Place Gas & Oil... 3.90 3.80
Placer Develop't 275g 2734
Power G poret'n S6t4 2554
QuobecSturgeen 1.5e 1.5e
Ranger Oil....... 16ig 1718
Reod Stenhouse B4 81g
Rio Algom A..... 375g 3734
Royal Bk. ef Can 40 401a
Royal Trustco... 13 155g Placer Devslop t Power G poret n QuobecSturgeen Ranger Oil...... Reod Stenhouse. Rio Algem ...... Royal Bk. of Can-Royal Trustco...

Scaptre Res'urcs 8 Seagram ...... 3514 Shell Canada ..... 1836

öhcil Canada ..... Shorritt G. Mines

CANADA

struction2 and other Govern-

Germany

or ASI1.25, up 10 cents more on the side lines ahead of possible charges in credit policies at this week's fortnightly meeting of the Bundesbank Czotral Council. The Commerzbank Index shed 3.6 more to 795.1.

Banks, however, picked up in places after early duliness, with Commerciank finishing a pet 20 pfapnigs bardar and Dresdner 40 pfennigs up.

Among Moters, Valkswagen receded DM 1.30, while VEBA, in Utilities, lost DM 1.40, KHD, io Engineerings, declioed DM 2.00, while Metaligeselschaft retreated DM 3.70.

Horten, in Stores, shed DM 1.80. but Thyssen, in Steels, gained 70 pfennigs. Public Authority Bonds recorded fresh losses ranging to 35 piennigs, with the Bundeshank purchasing a nominal DM 9.3m of paper after buying DM 7.8m on Monday.

#### **Paris**

Market was modestly higher, mainly reflecting Overseas sup-port. Local investors remained hesitant ahead of major company Striking employees continued to prevent trading at the Paris Bourse resterday as their stop-psge entered the 11th day. Forward shares and some results, due shortly, and on fears of 2 locs! interest rates rize Dext weekend. The Hang Seng index gained 3.20 to 538.21. Hong Kong Whorf put on 25 cents to HK\$34.75 sod Sun Hung Kai Properties 15 cents to HK\$8.40. Jardine Matheson rose

foreign shares were quoted by the Stockbrokers Association under their special procedure in cases of industrial action, but Bourse sources said very few transactions were made at these levels. The lite of Barle share quotations in the Financial Times has been updated with the forward share prices available yesterday.

The prices were made by broking houses who metched out the huying and selling orders they received for a particular share, but the strike meant there each share. Bourse sources stated, and the quotations cannot be considered other than as a general

#### Australia

GERMANY +

Stock prices were firmer in- U.S. clined, with further gains by Oil trend.

plus tex.

Pra 500 denom, unless otherwise stated.

OKr 100 denom, unless otherwise stated.

SwFr 500 denom, and Bearer sheres unless otherwise stated, 9 Y50 demon, unless otherwise stated. 9 Yfoc et time of suspension, a Florins, 5 Schillinge.

COPENHAGEN 4

Andelsbanken 143

AMSTERDAM

c Cents. d Oividend after pending rights and/or scrip issue. Per share. I France. P Gross div. %. h Assumed dividend efter scrip end/or rights issue. After local taxee. m% tax frae. a France including United div. P Nom. of Share split. A Div. and yield exclude special paymant. t Indicated div. u Unofficial trading. e Minority holdere enly. p Merger pending. \*Asked. † Bid. § Fraded. † Seller a Assomed. xr Exrights. xd Ex dividend. xa Ex scriolisue. xa Ex all. A Interim einca increased.

trading.
BHP reached a paw 1979 peak

dustries rose another 10 cents to A\$3.40, still benefiting from in-creased interim profits.

Copper stocks continued to move up, although the London copper price turned down over-

pight along with other key metals. MIM rose 6 cents to

Speculative Diamond issue

Magnet Metals was ectively traded on rumours that Magnet

had discovered diamonds in the Kimberleys and was holding talks on possible investment in

the find by Exxon. The rumours

however were denied by both Magnet and Exxon. At one stage,

Magnet shares were up 3 cents to 45 cents. hut s subsequent

reaction laft a net loss of 1 cent at 41 cents.

40 cents to HK\$12.20 in a market

of few sellers which exaggerated the effect of moderate purchases.

Hong Kong Land added 5 cents 61 HKS7.80, Hotchison Whamper

10 cents at HK\$4.175 and Swire Pacific "A" 5 cepts at HK\$8.25, but Associated H2tels lost 9 cents

Gold shares turned easier in

another quiet trade following lower Bullion indications, with

London selling and a firmer Financial Rand (quoted at 763 U.S. cents) eiding the weak

Italy

AUSTRALIA

ACMIL (25 cents) ...

Acrow Australia ...... AMATIL 51 Ampol Exploration .... Ampol Petroleum....

Bouga invillo Copper ...... Brombles Industries......

rokan Nill Propriotary...

Conzino Riotinto . Costain Australia

ICI Australia
Inter Copper
Jennings Industries
Jennings Industries
Jimberiana Minarais
Jones (David)
Jones (David)
Metals Exploration
Metramar Minerals
MIM Holdings
Myers Emporium
Hewa
Hicholas International
H. Straken H'dings (50c)
Oakbridga
Oil Search

Oil Search
Otter Expleration
Pioneor Concrets
Reckitt & Colman
Bleigh (F.C.)
Southland Mining
Sparges Exploration
Thomas Nat. Trans.
Tooths (5)
Waltons
Wastern Mining (50e).

Mer. 12-

Telemeganique ThomsonFranct Jainor

Banco tau PN... Balgo Miera OP Lojas Amor O.P. Petrobras PP... Piretti OP... Souza Gruz OP...

Petrobras PP. ... 1.80
Piretil OP. .... 1.65
Souza Gruz OP. ... 1.80
Unip PE ..... 5.20
ValeRieDoce PP 1.16

Turnover, Cr.89.7m, V. Source: Rie de Jan

to HK\$2.675.

Johannesburg

Hong Kong

TOKYO ¶

	Mar. 13	DM.	- or	DIV.	Yld,	Mar. 15	Yen	+ 07	ally.	71d.
	AEGAllianzVersich	61.9	_0.1 _8	31.2	ā.3	Asahi Glass Canon Casio	559	-2 -2 -7	12	2.0 1.1 1.3
	2MW 8ASF	223 137.5	-0.5	29,12 18,76	8,3	Ghinon	565 540	-8 +3	.20 18	5.7 1.7
	Bayer Nypo Bayer Nypo Bay. Vorolnsbk	271	-0.6 -1	25,12 28,12	5.2	Fujl Photo   Nitach	262	+3 -1 +2	15 15 18	1.2 2.4 1.9
	Commerzbank	204 68.5	+0.2	26,56	2.3	C. Iton	275 231	+3	35	1.B 2.4
	Ozimler-Benz Dogussa Ilomag		-0.9 -0.2		5.4	Jaces	750 2.950	- 10 + 25	13	0.9
	Deutsche Bank, Oresdner Bank, Dyckerhollze t		+6.4		6.3	Komatsu	357	+4	18	2.5
	Gutehoffnung	221.8	+0.8 +1.5	12,26	4.1	Kubota	3,970	+2 +20	35 20	2.6 0.4 1.5
	Harpener	134.E	-1 -0.5 -6.2	13.23	7.0	Mitsubishi Bank Mitsubishi He'vy Mitsubishi Corp	134	-3 -1	10 12	1.6 4.5 1.5
	Horten	148.2 148	-1.8 -0.5	D.36	4.B	Mitsui & Co	513 420	-10	20	3.2 2.0
	Karstadt Kaufhol Kloekner DM.199	247.5 B9	-0.1	1B,78		Nippon Denso Hippon Shinpan Hissan Motors	740 670	-40 +1 -5	15 12 16	0.6 6.2 1.2
	KHD Krupp DM.100 Linde	93 93	-2 -0.2 +0.5	18.76	4.8	Sanyo Elect	291	-26 -1 -3	48 ! 12 :	1.1 2.1 1.9
ı	Lo'brau DM.100 Lufthansa	1,ego 22.2	-0.B	.95 2,58	8.2 3.1	Sony	1,130 1,730	-20 -40	20 ·	0.9
	Mannesmann	168.9	-1.3 +0.3	17.18	6.3	Taisho Marina Takeda Chem	323	+2 -1	11 . 15	9.3 1.4

BRUSSELS/LUXEMBOURG

Mar. 15	Price Frs.	+ or		YId.
Arbed 8 Boltzert 8 C.B.R. Cement Ceckerill ESES Electrobell Fabrique Nat G.B. Inno Bm. Gevaert Hoboken Intarcom, Kredietbank La Royale Beigel Pan Holdings Patrolina Soc Gen Banque Soc, Gen. Beige Sofina Solvay Traction Elect UCS	2,360 3,600 1,180 506 2,430 8,010 5,355 2,505 1,750 3,036 7,200 6,350 2,580 3,890 3,890 3,590 2,286 3,530 2,286 3,260	-6 -12 -5 -16 -16 -10 +25 -3 +60 +10	Het 115 100 177 455 100 150 85 90 170 142 290 4525 180 220 140 215 42.10	6.5 8.5 8.5 6.0 6.2 7.5 4.1 5.2
Un Min. (1:10; Viello M'ntagne		-8 -25	50	e.1

#### SWITZERLAND •

Mer. 15	Frs.		.%	*
uminium	1 410	ļ	2	9.2
BC ,Y,		(	10	2.7
baCeigyFr100				1.B
o, Part Cert	955	_3	22	2.3
lo. Reg		٠	28	3.2
rodit Sulssa	2,320	·		3.4
ectrowatt		÷5		9.6
scher(Georg) of)manPtGert.		73	1100	3.7
		+50		1.4
Do. Išmali terlood B				1.4
imoli (Fr.100)		+ 10		2.3
stio (Fr. 100)			×88.5	
Do. Reg	2.395		#86.7	3.3
erlikon B(F230	2,480	-10	15	1.5
relli(F100	288	+2	13	3.2
undoz (F.250).	8,223			1.7
Do. Part Carts	318		23 :	2.3
shind'rCtF100	<b>385</b>	+5 -3	t2 :	3.7
lizer Ct/F. 100)	838			4.2
vissair (F.330)		-1 1	10	4.2
v.Bk.Cp(F100) v.Reins.(F250)	383	+3_ i	10	2.5
tion Bank		<b>—25</b>	40	1.9
urich ins		+100	20	3.1 1.7
31 Mail 1119	10,000		***	1.7

4 + 18   19   5.4	Mar. 13	Lire	<u> </u>	Ure	3
	ANIGBastogi	699	+2.5 +31	-	Ξ
	Do. Priv	2.250 189.75	20 ÷3.7≤	<b>—</b> .	9.3
+or ally. Yid	Italoementi Italsidor Madiobanco	436	-4	_	
10 2.9 9. 3.4 +1 38 8.4	Montedison Elivetti Priv Pirelli & Co	1,140	÷B	130	
	Pirelli 2pA	214	- 14		

,										
		 				Man.	197	8-79	Sincs Co	mpli'tn
•	Mar. 12	<b>Mar.</b> 9	Mar. B	7	Maf.	3	Nigh	Low	High	Low
• industr'is	B44.68	B42,86	844.85	834.29	<b>926,18</b>	827.55	907.74 (8/9)	742_12 (28/2)	1051.78 (11/1/13)	41,22
H'me B'nds					84,60		80,88	84.03 (15/1/79)		· - ·
Transport.								18 <b>5,</b> 51 . (9/1/78)	273,38 (7/2/69)	12,23 (8/7/82)
Utilities	108.55	184,16	104,06 	185,5\$ 	163,48	102.30	116,98 (4/1)	87.75 (20/12)	163,52 (20/4/69)	12.86 (28/4/42)
Trading voi	25,7 <b>40</b>	88,598	32,0 <b>60</b>	28,280	24,535	25,690	` <b>-</b> .	_		-

4 Day's high 846,36 low 836,85

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_		ī	Mar, 2	Ţ	Mar. B	Feb. 23	Year	<b>ago (ap</b> )	ΡI
•	lad. div. yield %		6,87	:	6.04	5,95	i_	ā. 14	
						_			_

STANDARD AND POORS

	Ì	Mar. Mar. Mar. Mar. Me			·	1975	179	SinceC'mpil't'r		
	Mar. 12	Mar.	Mar. B	Mat.	Mar.	mar-	Nigh	Low	High	Law
Indust is	111.11	116,88	115.65	108,67	705,21	109.25	118.71	\$5.52 (5/5)	134,94 (11/1/73)	5.55 (30/6/32)
Industis	99,67	99,54	29,50	98,44	<b>97.87</b>	38.06	(12/9) (12/9)	(8:5)	125,86 (11/1/63)	4,40 11 /6/32
								-	ar ago (i	

5,28 3.07 Ind. div. yield % 8,46 . 0.01 Ind. P/E Ratio 8.20 9.01 Long Cov. Bond Yleid Rises and Falls

Mar. 12 Mar. 2 Mar. B Mer. Mar. Mer. Mar. Nigh | Low 55.B7 e5.B1 eB.B1 55.22 80.38 48.37

MONTREAL					1978-79			
	Mar. Mar. 12 9		Mar. Mar. B 7		H	igh	Low	
fndustrial Combined	239.71 240.64	253.29 245.46	258,65 240,50	237, 19 Q88,84	259,71 240-54	(12/3/79) (12/3/79)	162.90 (16/2) 178.92 (30/1)	
TORONTO Composite	1404.7	1408,0	1402,0	1895.4	1404.7	112(3:79)	998_2 (50;1 <sub>1</sub>	
JOHANNESBURG Gold Industrial	251.8 298.7	247.8 287.7	=	249,4 296,4	290.7 309,2	(7/2/78) (13/2/79)	126,8 (20/4) 194-8 (15/5)	

-	1110010								
BONTO	Compo	site / 1	404.7 1	406,0 14	02,0 1895.4	1404.7 112	(3:79)	838_2 (50/1)	
HANNES Go Inc		1 2	51.8 2 98.7 2	47.8 - 97.7 -	249,4 296,4	990.7 (7/ 508,2 (13	2/78) /2/79)	128,8 (20)4 <sub>7</sub> 194_8 (13)3)	
	Mar. 13	Pre-	1978-9 High	1272-9 Low		Mar. 16	Prev-	1978-9 1977 Nigh Lov	-{  -{
strallo (¶)	591.67	589.76	F90.14 (2/3/T9		Spein	(d) 105.15	(c)	111.96   93.0 (8/3/79) (12/1/	3
alum III	105.28	105.24	105.82	90.43	Sweden	(4) 874.80	575.82	406.00 396	ŭ

Switzerid(f) 311.7 811.7 Dec. 1953. 55 Amsterdem Industrial. 1970. 11 Hang Seng Bank 31/7/84. II Sence Gemmerciale Italiana 1972. Tokyo New 3E 4/1/68. b Strakts Times 1986. c Clessed. d Madrid St. 30/12/77. o Stockholm Industrial 1/1/58. f Swiss Sank Corporation. d Unavailable. yer

MISCONT D. T

Hong Kong 688.21 635.61 707.70 325.4

1611 77.45 77.45 82.26 MONDAY'S ACTIVE STOCKS 

STOCKHOLM Price - or Div. Wide

ACAAB (Kr. 40), 800 Alla Lavai(Kr. 50 130 ASEA(Kr. 50) 73.5 Atlas Cop. Kr. 26, 158 Bolors 127 12.50 11.60 10.76 11.83 +0.21

+0.01 -0.21 +0.12 -0.01

11.85 11.92 111.25 11.60

-6.05 +0.05

OSLO Price + or Div. Yid. Kroner - 2 2 Mar. 13 108 -1 77 +2 128.5 -0.5 550 +e 108a -1 2e5 -0.6 109.25 + 3.25 Borgon Bank.... Borregaard.... Creditbank... Kosmoe... Kreditkassen... Norsk NydroKr8 Storebrand...

	Storebrand 109.2	+ 3.25	7
-0.01			
+0.02	JOHANNESBURG		
-8-17	. MINES		
+2.01	March 13	Rend	÷
+2.05	Angle American Con.	7.09	_
-0.01	Charter Consolidated .	†4.40	
48.88	East Driefentein	13.50	-
+2.01	Elsburg	1.80	-
+0.01	Haimony	7.40	-
! '	Kiniees	<b>3.30</b>	-
-0.07	Klool	11.60	
-8.01 +0.01	Rustanburg Pletinum	2.75	-
+0.61	31. Helene	18.50	-
+0.20	Southweal	10.70	-
-4.61	Cold Fields SA	31_25	
	Union Corperation	<b>3.95</b>	=
******	Oe Beers Deletted	8.78	-
	Slyveeruitzicht	6.13 .	
-0.02	East Rand Pty	5.70	
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1	President Srand	<b>‡19.5</b> 0	=
	President Stayn	13.25	-

Western Deep ..... INDUSTRIALS

SAPPI Smith (C. G.) Sugar...

-0.05

ioor Oats and N. Mig. Financial Rand U.S.\$0.76? (Discount of 35.3%)

138 301

0.25

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#### SPAIN . March 13 Asland

ance Centrel	346	_
ance Exterior	284	_
. Oranada (1,000) .	134	
anco Hispano	268	_
co. 1. Cat. (1,000)	170	_
	170	
co. I. Medileiraneo	183	
anco Madnd	213	
. Santander (250) .	336	-
ca. Urguija (1,000)	276	-
anco Vizenya	273	
enco Zaregozano	253	+
enkunion	150	•
regados	208	_
spenole Zinc	99	
scsa (1,000)	<u>63</u> .75	_
al. Preciedos	.75	
ip. Velazquez (400)	165	
lidrola	74,50	-
sarduero	71.50	_
etraliber	100	
atroleos	100 171.50 48	_
nlace	40	_
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+0.05 0.18 15.84 -0.05 0.12 6.89 ......0.37 27.40 1+0.95 0.08 7.61 +0.24 0.20 2.76

ANNSIV

Creditanstalt, Perimoser, Selecta Semperit Steyr Daimier, Vert Magnoat...

ndices

## timber prices again

HE SECOND schedule of wiet softwond for shipment to e UK in 1979 was circulated timber importers yesterday. Prices show ap average crease of around 7 per cent the first schedule which was ned on January 13 but it is umed that at the new level ey are reflecting the movent of world softwood prices. The nominal quantity offered 100.000 cubic metres, but it is ought that svallability is hably un to a maximum of ice this Importers have until at Monday to make applica-

The datum point for the rency clause has been raised m SKr 8.70 to the pound rling to SKr 8.90 reflecting strength of sterling in the

erim period.
Vith about 1.2m cubic metres
d against the first schedule. Russians would be happy to thts schedule go well and complete their sales to the for this year. he prices, however, are at

top end of expectations and ers may need a little more ience this time as there is ikely to be the rush to buy t followed the first schedule,

#### ydney futures rader uspended -

YDNEY - The Sydney ures Exchange Board has ended Booth Newman Pty membership of the hange for the maximum wahle period of three ths. an Exchange spokes said, reports Reuter. is follows Booth Newman's aration last month, that it unable to meet its commit-

e Exchange Board resolved present futures contracts by clients of Booth Newshould be transferred to "floor" members of the

Board will make a ion on the future of Booth man at the end of the ension period, the spokeslustry sources said Booth:

nan's failure followed B r client's inability to meet in calls by the Inter-nal Commodity Clearing

## Russia lifts Danish Minister rejects Callaghan's CAP attack

THE CLAIMS of Mr. James attempt to change the farm some suggested. The butter Callaghan, the Prime Minister, policy in line with British ideas. stockpile amounted to no more and Mr. John Silkin, Farm Minister, that Britain has become the agricultural pay-master of Europe were flatly rejected yesterday by Mr. Niels Anker Kotoed, Danish Minister for Agriculture.

The Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) was neither too costly, nor too clumsy not was it unfair to the British Mr. Kofoad said.
"I repudiate the claim that

the UK is the greatest net con-tributor to the EEC budget," be told food traders in London for the International Food Exhibition at Olympia.

tion at Olympia.

"Monetary Compensatory
Amounts (MCAs) paid on imports into the UK should not be seen as subsidies to exporters but as subsidies to British consumers," he said;
"The UK wants the CAP

changed because it is felt to be too expensive, too cumbersome and plain unfair to the British. This is simply not true."

He commented later that it would be "very dangerous" to

amount of money," he said. "I can see no possibility and no meaning at all lp changing the principles of the CAP.

"I think the CAP is working well, assuring the availability of supplies at reasonable prices and a fair standard of living for the agricultural community.' The policy cost less than 2 per

cent of the total national budgets in the Community and about £25 per bead of population in Britain. Mr. Kofoed agreed, however,

with the British demands for a freeze on common farm prices this year. "Prices should not be increased, especially not for those

products where over-production

large and permanent, he

Fooo prices bad not increased more than prices for other products and the benefits of productivity had been passed on to consumers.

Surpluses were not as bad as mented.

It would cost "a tremendous than 11 months supply, for mount of money." he said. "I example. "Is that a big mounexample. "Is the tain?" he asked. Mr. Kofoed had dinner with

Mr. Silkin last night and will be seeing him again today. "I don't think it is good that we should always confroot one another," he said. At the same time, however

he warned that he was not "flexible" on the issue of changes in MCA subsidies paid on Danish bacon and ham sold in Britein. Mr. Silkin bad heen trying to have these reduced since 1976. At present they are worth same £240 a tonne on bacon. "I know Mr. Silkin is a reasonable man and I know be will understand,"

In any case, he added, changes in the calculation of MGAs would not help UK hacon producers. He did not want to be unkind, but perhaps some of their difficulties might be eased by modernisation of outdated curing plant, Mr. Kofoed com-

Mr. Knfoed said.

## U.S. increases boost lead

BY JOHN EDWARDS, COMMODITIES EDITOR LEAD PRICES rose to new all- closely linked with the Inter-

Metal Exchange yesterday. Cash lead gained £6 to £605 a

tonne, while the three months quotation jumped by £11.25 to £556.75. The rise followed the sharp

norrend in copper and news of further U.S. lead producers putting up their domestic prices. Asarco and St. Joe Lead, two of the biggest U.S. lead pro-ducers, raised their domestic price by four cents to 48 cents a pound—one cent more than the three cents rise announced by other producers. But RSR Corporation, which

had. Ted the move to 47 cepts, quickly added another cent rise to its new price, coming into line at 48 cents. There are some doubts as to

In breach of the guidelines laid Bureau. down by President Carter's He admitted, however that Wage and Price, Stability the copper shipped to China

which perhaps explains why the producers are being so quick to vary their quoted lead. prices in line with free market movements.

But the Price Stability Council ruled that lead and zinc are expected to comply with the anti-inflation guidelines.

China copper sale denied

U.S. copper producer Asarco

The Bureau of Mines in the February Issue of its Minerals A spokesman in New York said that a report by the Bureau and Metals survey said Asarco of Mines was erroneous. He had shipped refiped copper to China worth on estimated \$6.6m and this was the first shipment of copper from the U.S. to China in three decades.
It odded the China sale was

He admitted, bowever, that Copper producers successfully pany's Tacoma smelter. Tacoma still remained 47,000 short tons e on wool futures contracts. argued their prices were too brands were generally svallable of copper stockpiled there.

Lead producers can argue time highs on the London national free market to he sub-however, that they need to be Metal Exchange yesterday.

Ject to domestic constraints, competitive with the rest of the world to be able to purchase concentrates for refining Into

Meanwhile copper and silver prices rallied sharply yesterday. the losses suffered on Monday. Copper cash wirebars closed £24.5 up at £962 a tonne.

#### for sale, including from denied yesterday that it bad Exchange warehouses.

recently sold copper to China. added that a merchanting comsequently claimed It had made whether U.S. lead producers are the sale referred to by the

could have come from the com-

probably the biggest order ever shipped out of the Tacoma smelter. But sald that there

#### Nickel price rise followed

By Our Commodities Editor FAICONBRIDGE NICKEL confirmed vesterday it was increasing its nickel prices by around 10 per cent — in line with the rises announced by the Le Nickel group on Friday.

The cost of electrolytic nickel. plating grades goes up from \$2.10 to \$2.30 a pound; melting grades rise by \$2.05 to \$2.25; and ferro-nickel from \$2.025 to

International Nickel Canada, the traditional price leader, is still studying the situation, according to a spokesman in London vesterday.

#### **UN Commodity** Index rises THE United Nations Conference

on Trade and Development (Unctad) said vesterday its combined fodex for principal commodity exports of developing countries in dollar terms rose to 235 in January from 234 a month earlier and from 226 in January 1978.

However, in terms of soccial drawing rights (SDRs) of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) the combined index fell to 198 in January from a year earlier and was unchanged from December 1978. A. sharp drop in tropical

beverage exports resulted in a lower index for the food and traoical bererages group-the only declining groun. Ils index fell to 229 in January, down from 234 in December 1978 and from 253 in January 1978.

The inden for regetable folseeds and oils rose to 303 in January from 286 in the previous month and from 221 in January 1979.

The sericultural raw materials index was in at 255 from 251 a month earlier and from 214 year earlier, while the indefor minerals ares and metals mee to 209 from 204 in December and from 179 in January 1979 All indexes are hased 1972 equalling 100.

#### Wheat export fall forecast WASHINGTON-U.S. wheat

exports will range between 1hn aod 1.05bn bushels in 1978-79. down from 1.124bn busbels last season, Mr. 3llchael Hill presi-dent of Great Plains Wheat, predicted here yesterday. The Agriculture Department has estimated wheat exports at

1.15m bushels.

#### COMMODITY PRICE STABILISATION

## Move towards exports earnings guarantees

foreign ministers last week of include copper in the Community's Stabex scheme for guaranteeing export earnings of developing countries under the Lomé Convention is unlikely to be the last word on the subject.

The immediate objection to the German proposal was that it would cost too much. Although the Germans did not put forward a specific figure-knowing that such a move would probably frighten its partnersthe general view was that the inclusion of copper would mean doubling the funds devoted to Stabex.
The consensus view among

Germany's eight partners seemed to ha that a separate fund should be set up for copper, in parallel with the present Stabex scheme. Also the precise nature of the new fund would have to depend on wbat emerged from the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (Unctad) sponsored discussions in Geneva, which have once again

referred copper to an expert group for technical discussions. Despite this the eight appeared to accept that something would have to be done. or at least promised, in response to the developing countries' persistent demands at Lome Convention negotiations for earnings stabilisation to

But there is also a more widespread move within Unctad to ook at export earnings stabilisation schemes in view of the small with too limited an lack of progress in negotiating

extended.

fresh look at export earnings when developing countries will egain press ahead with their fall must be at least 7.5 per demands for a larger share of cent of the moving average the world economic "cake." reference level for that year. the world economic "cake."

West Germany, one of the more "bardline" consumer countries, has already made it known it favours the idea of export earnings rather than on a "balance of payments. prices being artificially of the loan, the size of the stabilised. The major advantage from

the point of view of western iodustrialised countries is that stabilising export earnings does not interefere with the free market mechanism in balancing supply and demand. This will in the long run also

make the schemes much more palatable to U.S. industry, although for the time being official U.S. policy is still firmly behind negotiating international commodity agreements. However, its has been argued

that even if the Nairobl meeting successfully negotiates a commodity prices within the agreed bands, there would still he a need for export earnings stabilisation.

There are already two export earnings stabilisation schemes in operation-Stabex and the IMF's compensatory, finance facility-which could some experience on which to base any new scheme, The maln criticism of the

smount of money-375m units

schemes will be taken at the must account for at least 7,5 West German proposals to forthcoming Manila conference, per cent of the country's

In contrast the IMF scheme concentrates on the overall export trade. It bases its decision of whether to lend money shortfall relative to the moving reference level and the indi-vidual country's position in respect of its quota for draw-

Much of the acheme's usefulness can depend on such details as how the reference level is calculated. For Stabes it is based on the preceding four years' performance, while the IMF uses a five-year moving average centred on the year forwhich compensation is being calculated. Clearly the EEC method is

going to produce a greater notional shortfall during a Common Commodity buffer period of falling prices, while stock fund and was able to hold the IMF formula will offer more compensation during the risingmarket phase.

There is also discussion about whether it is better to have a scheme which deals with each commodity separately, as of exports, as the IMF does.
But there is one even greater

obstacle in the way of this; possible alternative to commodity agreements. The pledges Stabex scheme is that it is too of goodwill and ald, made under the arc lights of a late-night discussion in Manila, could fade international commodity agreements to control prices.

According to Unctad sources, a loan can be made.

of account over five years—and in the following months. It has stready happened at least once, since Nairobl.

#### UK livestock farmers expand herds ALMOST ALL sectors of the retained for breeding rose 10 The total of broiler chickens,

farming industry per cent. expanded last year, according to

beef berd continued but the national dairy berd increased by 53,000 head (+1.9 per cent), writes our commodities staff. Breeding plgs rose by 44,000 (+6.3 per cent) during the year. There were 3.5 per cent more

møde a year øgo. breeding ewes and female lambs

the latest census figures from last autumn was 120,000 hec-the Ministry of Agriculture. Last autumn was 120,000 hec-tares up. at 1.28m hectares. The silage for winter feeding was. The decline in the specialist Ministry estimates that by June estimated at 15.4m tonnes comthe total area under wheat, pared with 13.5m in 1977 and harley and oats will be 3.212m hectares, 1.2 per cent higher than the corresponding forecast

up nearly Im (2.5 per cent). force rose by some 1,400.

er cent.

and other table birds increased.

The screage of wheat sown by 2m or 5.3 per cent.

10.7m in 1976. . The total of regular full-time

workers rose over the year by 2.000 or 1.1 per cent. The num-Compared with December, ber of male workers was little 1977, the egg-laying flock was changed while the female work-

stornoon values moved cheed by with lorward metal rising to before closing on the late kerb-7.5 following news of a strike equepata, a lorce majore group of the late of the contraction by Southern Peru Copper goorts—Ister denied—that Aserco

£ . £. . £ , E \*88-95

#### INSURANCE BASE RATES

†Property Growth ..... †Vanbrugb Guaranteed \_\_\_\_\_\_ 10.25% †Address shown under Insurance and Property Bond Table

mont Road, London, SW19 0HS. Tax-free trading on commodity futures. The commodity futures market for the smaller investor.

ndex Limited 01-351 3466: ...... Oct. Dec. Rubber 63.80-64.45

CORAL INDEX: Close 506-511

# How The Nation's Leading Hospital ompany Contains Lealth Care Costs

Hospital Corporation of America is working every day contain health care costs in more than 100 comnities across America and throughout the world. We ieve the efficiency of private enterprise is having a sitive impact on the situation and we are proving that can operate hospitals more efficiently. Through je scale purchasing, prototype construction, efficient sonnel scheduling, developing and implementing w management systems, sharing of human resources I the simple factor of the profit motive, we are sucssfully containing health care costs.

ICA pioneered corporate management of hospital works and continues as the leader after its it 10 years. Our Company is

It on a commitment to deliver h quality patient care at reanable prices. We attribute our steady growth ccess and steady growth t commitment. Call or write



SE METALS

Jern-Gained ground on the individual state of the price and promised in the price and back to feel to ground the price and to ground the price and to ground the price and lower to ground the price and lower to ground the pushed it down to around £7,200. In but then met a mail selling which that in the artificing reported that in the ground that in the artificing to ground the price and lower taring reported the attention that the self-to ground the price and lower taring reported that in the artificing reported that in the artificing to ground the price and lower taring reported the other months of the pushed it down to around £7,200. In the pus

- UBAL	Ощецы		Coducta	
	564.6	+2	504-6 556.5-7	£ +5 +11 ₽
ett ment		-5	*44	-49
558, 57,	7: Ceah : 55, 55.5 55, 54, 53	55.	Kerb:	Bries
ash £60	4, three m	onth:	s £560, 59	, 58,
7.5, 57. ZINC-	56. Steedy des	gite	the firmins	lo se
386 end	ale. Forw edged up £390 but	to cl	gee on the	late
	2 000 ton			,

ZINC Official - Unofficial -2 £ £ £ 374.5 -225 376-7 +3 585.7 -2.25 388.5 +1.75 375 -2 -57.5 ..... Morning: Three months £387, 875, 87. 88, 88.5, 87. Kerb; Three months £387. Afternoon; Three months £387. Afternoon; Three months £389, 90. ALUMINIUM. Higher in line with copper., Forward metal rose steadily force £30 on the early ore-market to close at £735 on the late Kerb. Turnover. 2,100 tonnes.

t see from their Moming: Three months £730, 31.
Attamoon: Cooh £735, three months £735.
2 Cents per pound. ‡ \$M per cicul.
1 On previous unofficial close.

Silver was fixed 7.55p en ounce lower for spot delivery in the London bullion merket yesterady at 348.35c. U.S. cent equivalents of the fixing lovels were: app; 712.8c, down 13.9c; three-month 728.9c, down 12.4c; sixmonth 744.9c, down 13.1c; and 12-month 774.9c, down 14.6c. The metal opened at 3492-3512p (713-717c) and closed at 3492-3512p (714-718c). SILVER Bulton + or L.M.E. + or knee brice

Span 348,85p -7.65 382p +4.86 \$ months: 356,85p -7.85 360.3p +4.45 b months: 366,55p -7.85 - .... LME—Turnover 213 (516) lots of 10,000 oze Moming: Three months 358.5, 56, 6.2, 56, 6.1, 55.7. Kerbs: Three months 356. Afternoon: Three months 358, 58.3, 58.5, 58.4, 60, 60.4. Kerbs: Three months 360.7, 61, 61.5, 62, 61.5, 61, 59.9, 59.8, 59.8.

COTTON

LIVERPOOL COTTON—Spot and chioment sales in Liverpool amounted to 25 tonnes. After substantial buying cettler to the week at let 10 623 tonnes. After substantial buying cettler to the week fredere were not keen to increese their purchases. Not more then escatered demond vias mentioned, chiefly in Central and South American quelities.

COCOA Yester my + or | Business Close

May 1590-829 1.5 1753.8-1748
July 1747.5-930 -1.25 1756.8-1746
Sept. 1755.8-57.0 -5.5 1770.6-1745
Dec 1570-5-119 -2.75 1822.8-1810
May 1868.8-53.0 -8.0 1868.8-1849
May 1868.8-53.0 -8.0 -8.0 Sales: 1,620 (1,723) lots of 10 tonnes, incorrational Cocoa Organisation (U.S. cents per pound). Oaily price March 12, 158.53 (158.30). Indicator prices March 13, 15-day average 159.47 (158.75): 12-day everage 159.82 (eame).

After opening unchanged to slightly higher as lorecast London colles lutures (ailed to break ratioush the recent price range as trade buying was wall metched by Commission House resistance, reported Draxel auriham Lembert. The alternoon was disappointing with minimal activity but values held alsady to finish Et to £12.5 on the day. COFFEE Close + or Business £ per tonne

Sales: 4.292 (3.283) lots of \$ tonnes. ICO Indicator prices for Msrch 12 (U.S. cents per pound]: Colombian Mild Arabicas 137.00 (esms). unwashed - Arabicas 137.00 (esms). unwashed - Arabicas 135.00 (esms). Robustas ICA 1988 135.50 (esmo) other Mild Arabicas 131.67 (132.17). Composite daily average 123.68 (128.40).

GRAINS

TATHW

LONDON FUTURES (GAFTA)—Old crops opened on a weak nore 15p down on wheat and 10p down on barloy. Arrong shipper selling pushed values down another 25p before good tade buying and short-covering etadled the market. Impetuo is the later stages of the atternoon session with continued tredo buying. Values thus closed 15p-25p up on wheat end So-25g up on barley. Naw crops olso finished on a firm nota 10p-30p up, heving opened 15p down in sympathy with old crops, reports Acli.

Hsr., 95.25 +0.25 95.50 ilay 28.60 +0.15 94.90 icut 82.30 +0.20 85.75 Nov., 95.35 +0.20 89.00 Jan., 89.05 +0.18 92.65 Ausmass done—Wheat: March 95.95-95.75, May 95.60-98.10. Sept. 95.25-91.80. Nov. 95.25-95.05, Jan. 93.95-95.55. Seles: 255. Barley: Merch 92.95-92.55. May 94.85-94.50, Sept. 92.95-92.55. May 94.85-94.50, Sept. 92.45-92.40, Sept. 228.

HGCA—Location sx-farm spot prices. Other milling wheat: Barks and Oxon 100.60. Feed barley: Berks and Oxon 92.40.

The UK monetary coefficient for the week beginning March 19 (based on-

week begining March 13 (based on HGCA calculations) is expected to remein unchanged.

IMPORTED—Wheet: CWRS No. 1
13½ per cent unquoted U.S. Oark Northern Spring No. 2 14 per cent midApril/mid-May 83.50, May 83, June
81.50 transhipment East Coast. U.S. April/mid-nay 63.50, May 83. June 81.50 transhipment East Coest. U.S. Hard Winter 13½ per cent March 88,50 transhipment East Coest. EEC unquoted. Meize: U.S. Fiench March 109,80, April 110 50 transhipment East Coest. South African Yellow April 71.50. Barley: English Feed (ob April-June 88.00 East Coest. South African Yellow April 71.50. Barley: English Feed (ob April-June 88.00 East Coest. EEC IMPORT LEVIES—Tho Ioligowing levies and Premiums are effective for March 14 in purier of current levy plus April, May end June premiums (with previous in orgades) all in units of account per tonne. Common wheat 54.21. nil, nil, 5.631. Ourous wheat 131.52. 0.82. 0.82. 0.82. 131.52. 0.82. 0.82. 131.52. 0.82. 0.82. 131.52. 0.82. 0.82. 131.52. 0.83. (est nil) 0.45, 0.45, 0.45, 0.45 (86.61, 0.61, 0.61, 0.61). Bartey! 80.58, rest nil (36.31, rest nil). Maize (other than hybrid for seeding)

78.82, 0.48, 0.46, 0.46 (79.43, rest nil). Suckwheet: 4.72, rest nil (4.72, rest nil). Millet: 79.81, rest nil (79.81, rest nil). Grain sorghum: 82.85, 2.04, 2.04, 3.04 (82.95, 3.04, 3.04, 3.04). Flour levies: Wheat or mixed wheat and tye Rour: 129.82 (129.82) Rye apur: 133.07 (133.03).

MARK LANE—The market was quiet, lacking inspiration. Hominel values! Milling Wheat delivered London: April/May/June 103.50. Feed Wheat delivated East Anglis: April/May/June 101.00. Feed Barley delivered East Anglis: April/May/June 98.00. Hour: 129.82 (129.82) Ryo Spur: 133.67

SUGHTLY STEADIER spening on the London physical market. Foir Interest thirdshout the day, closing uncertain at the higher level. Lewis and Peat reported the IAalaysian. godown price was 2457. (249) cents a kilo (buyer, Aprilt.

No. 1 R.S.S.	Testerday's Close	Close	Done Done
April		37.00-57.10	
May	52.40-59.60	57.90-57.95	68.20-59.00
Cor- Dec	64.10-64.15	62.90.82.95	02.50-81.55 64.45-68.00
Jan-Va	85.10-58.15	67.00-87.16	
Out-Der		52.05-69.10° 71.10-71.15°	72.25-72.10
and 6 (	: 283 (506) S) at 5 ton cal cloain	nas.	
MELS:	Spot 57. 155.75): Ma	75p !56.	5): April

SOYABEAN MEAL The London market opened elightly essier and drifted lutther on trade selling during the morning Session repaired T G. Roddick, During the olternoon orthes steeded. A firmat underton wes evident and the market closed with losses of 500 to 10p.

. 124.80-14.5 — O. 2. 124.50-125.50 .125.50-25.4 — O. 2. 125.50-124.50 .125.80-27.0 — O. L. 127.20-126.40 .120.80-27.0 — O. 05 125.80-26.5 — 0.55 120.50-125-00 125.00-27.5 — 0.5 127.00-28.0, ..... Ssies: 86 (104) lots of 100 tonnes. SUGAR

· LONDON OAILY PRICE (raw super): £103.00 (same) a tonno cil lor March-April shipmont. White super deily price was fixed at £102.00 r£104.00) price was fixed at \$102.00 re104.00)
Opening itsdee were slightly below kerb levels but the vplume of business was very light. Soptreed trade short-cevering developed which exposed a lack of selfing interest and prices quickly general earns 100 points. Leter, the recovery was assisted by improving New York quotations and the markot closed steady at the high points of the day, reports C. Czernikow. Sugar Yesterday's Previous Business Comm. Close Close Done,

May ... 108.5-08.50 107.15-07.20 08.55-37.00

Ang ... 112.50-12.50 111.00-11.10 12.50-10.50

Oct. ... 115.50-15.50 115.75-15.80 16.50-15.50

Dec ... 118.30-18.48 116.95-16.75-18.40-18.75

May ... 125.10-25.20 121.15-21.25 22.55-21.00

May ... 125.10-25.20 125.55-23.50 25.10-25.25

Aug ... 127.25-28.00 125.10-18.50 27.00

MEAT/VEGETABLES MEAT COMMISSION — Average latetock prices at representative merkets on March 13. G.B. cattle 72,080 per kg.Lw. (+0.02). U.K. sheep 151.2p per kg.est d.c.w. (-0.8). G.B. prige 80.7p per kg.Lw. (+0.1). England and

PRICE CHANGES in tpnnss unless otherwise stated.

ago Free Mkt les) 61.455/75 -10 \$1,550/50 Cash W.bar., £952 5 mth ..... £972. +24.5 £947 | 24.5\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}\2\)\ £2,820.69 81,78 + 0.07 1.92 £164.6 Pletin'mtr'y oz £154.5 Free mkt......£182.75 Quicksilver......\$235:40 Silver troy oz ... 342.35p 3 months....\$55.85p + 4.05 £209.5 + 2.5 \$210/20 - 7.55 \$55.5p -7.65 S 97.5p 

conut (Phil):91,000s Copra Philip.... \$580s Soyabean (U.S.) \$307k arley Futures £94.9 French No & Am' £109.5 No. 1 Red 9pg. 2 No. 2 Other commodities | -1.779 | -1.0 | £1.757 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.759 | -1.5 | £1.757 | -1.5 | £1.757 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -1.5 | £1.758 | -

Nominel. † New crep. ‡ Unquoted.
p April-May. q May-Juna. r May. s JunaJuly. r April-Juna. v March-April. w April. x Por ron. z Indicator. § Buyer.

Wales: Cattlo numbers up 23.2 oar cant. evorago orica 71.97p (+0.02). Sheag numbolo down 8.2 per cant. avorago prica 152.2p (-0.2), Pia numbers down 9.9 por cent, avarago prico 60.3p (+0.3). Scotland: Cattla numbers up 2.9 per cent, average price 72.4p 1+0.03). Shoap numbers up 11.3 per cent, everage prica 15.2p (-5.1). Pia numbers up 36.2 por cent, everage prica 51.0p (-2.5).

SMITHFIELD—Penca per pound. Beef: Scotch killed eides 54.0 to 59.0, Eire hindquarters 65.0 to 68.0, lorequarters 40.0 to 43.0. 40.0 to 43.0.

Veal: English late 62.0 to 78.0; Outch hinds and onde 95.0 to 95.0.

Lamb: English small 58.0 to 64.0. medium 59.0 to 62.0, heavy 50.0 to 60.0; Scotch medium 56.0 to 62.0, heavy 52.0 to 60.0; Imported Irozen—NZ PL New Season 48.0 to 49.0, PM New Season 48.0 to 49.0. PM New Season 48.0 to 49.0.

Pork; English 100.120 lbs 36.0 to 43.5, English 120-160 lbs 35.0 to 42.0.

COVENT GARTIEN—Prices in Sterling per peckage except where otherwise cuvent GARDEN—Prices in sterling per package except where otherwise stated. Imported produce: Oranges—Spania: Novels 3,30-4.00, Bloods 3,30-3,00; Istaell: Shamouti 4,40-5.40; Cyprus: 3,30-4.30; Moroccen: Hamilia, 3,80., Ortaniques — Jemeicen: 46/126

3.60; (stae): Samout -4.40-3.0; (cyprus: 3.30-4.30; Moroccen: Hamilins 3.80., Ortaniques — Jemeicen: 46/126 6.30-9.50. Wilkings—Spenie: 4.00-4.50; Camona — Itelien: 120's 4.40-4.50; Cyprus: Trays 3.00-3.60, cartone 726/180's 4.00-5.00; Spenie: Trays 30/40/45 1.80-1.90; Jeffs 125 4.90; Grapefruit—Cyprus: 7.50-3.80; Israeli: Jaffs 27/88 3.45-4.25. Apples—French: Golden Ocheious (40 lbs) 138/175's 3.30-4.50, (20 lbs) 72's 2.10-2.20, 84'o 1.70-1.90; Granny Smith (40 lbs) 138/163 4.50-6.00, (20 lbs) 72's 2.90-3.00, 84's 2.40-2.50 (jumble peck) per pound 0.08-0.10, Stark Crimson (40 lbs) 138/163 4.00-5 60, (20 lbs) 84's 1.80-2.20, 72's 2.40-2.50, (jumble peck) per pound 0.07-0.03; Starking Ociticaus (40 lbs) 150/175's 3.60-5.00; Hungerlen: Starking Delicious 40 lbs 6.20; South African: Dum's c/s 49 lbs 7.50. Peers—Fer pound, (talen: Peeescressene 0.13; South African: Williems Bon Christien 6.00, Beurre 800c 5.00, Beurre Hardy

AMERICAN MARKETS

NEW YORK, March 13. July 197.50-198 50, Sapt. 190 00, Oct. 190.00-197.60, 182.651, July 185.15, Sept. 192.50-193.00, March 192.50-193.00, March 195.00-197.00, 192.50-193.50, Sapt. 190 00, Oct. 192.30-183.10, Jon. 192.50-193.00, March 195.00-197.00, Soyebean Oil—March 254.4528 40 (26.64), May 26.60-26.85 (26.80), July 197.50-193.00, March 195.00-197.00, 192.50-193.00, 192.50-193.00, 192.50-193.00, 192.50-193.00, 192.50-193.00, 192.50-193.00, 192.50-193.00, 19 - 151.65. Sales 402.

Copper—Merch 87.20 (85.10), April 187.65 (85.85), Mey 88.40, July 88.80, Sept. 89.10, Dec. 99.60, Jan. 89.70, March 89.90, May 90.10, July 90.30, Sept. 99.50, Dec. 99.80, Jan. 99.90, Potatoes (round whites)—Nov. 60.9-11.0, (61.5), Merch 63.269 o (89.0), April n.l. Mey 82.7-83.4. Sales 99.

Lerd—Chicago (obis 26.00 (asmo)) New York prime steem 27.50 nom. \$\$\frac{13.15}{25.00}\$ (25.95), July 23.70, March 24.70, March 24.70, July 23.75, March 24.70, March 24.70, March 24.70, March 24.70, July 23.75, March 24.70, March 24.70, March 24.70, March 24.70, July 23.75, March 34.5, March 35.0, March 36.0, March 37.5, March 37.5, March 37.5, March 37.5, March 36.0, March 37.5, March

261-2.
Silver-Merch 71B.0 nom. (712.01.
April 720.5-721.0 (714.51. May 725.5,
June 731.5-733.0, Aug. 741.5-742.0, Oct.
751.0, Occ. 760.5. Feb. 759.5, April 759.0, June 788.5, Aug. 798.5, Oct.
B08.5, Dec. 818.5 nom. Feb. 828.5.
April 838.5, June 848.5, Aug. 888.5,
Oct. 868.5.
£Soyabeans-Merch 727-7:9 (7313). Oct. 868.S. \$50yabeans—Merch 727-729 (731%), May 7437-741 (747%), July 751%-750. Aug. 745-744%, Sept. 712, Nov. 769%-796%, Jen. 704, March 714%, #86yabean Meel—March 191.00 (191.10), May 195.20-195.00 (196.40).

Monday's closing prices NEW YORK, Merch 12. May 62.50-62.55 63.25), July 64.35-64.50 (65.10), Oct. 64.70-84.85, Occ. 64.80-64.85, March Suger—No. 11: May 2.60 (2.62-8.64). July 8.92 (9.941, Sept. 9.11, Oct. 9.23, Jan. 3.48, March 9.86, May 10.04, July 10.28. TIn-715.00-745.00 nom. (713.00-735.00 nom.). Spot 715.00-745.00 saked (713.00-735.00).

New York prime eream not available 1-7.50 truded].

WilhiNPEG, March 12. §Rye—May 105.90 (107.50). July 108.60 (106.00 sked). Oct. 104.90 bid. 0ec. 104.30 bid. §Barloy—March 91.10 (91.50 bid). May 80.90 (21.00-81.10). July 80.60, Oct. 82.90 bid. Dac. 82.70 bid. §0ats—March 90.70 bid (80.20 bid). May 80.20 bid (79.20). July 78.50, Oct. 81.80 bid. Occ. 91.00 oeked. §Platseed—May 340.00 bid (343.90 bid). July 32.60 bid 1336.20). Oct. 326.60, New. 321.00 oeked. \$6.319.00. §What—SCWMS 13.5 per com goteln content oil \$7.12 kmrence 197.75 CHICAGO, March 12. Lard-Chicago logas 25.00 (25.50).

#### **EUROPEAN MARKETS**

these columns is being extended to include Fretich suger, cocae, cottes, soyebean meal and wool merket closing prices. More U.S. futures markets will also be covered including ailver. Live cattle, hogs, egga, pork bellios and pigwood from Chicago and orange julce and cortoes liom New York.

Agril S107, resr unquorad. Sorghuffe.
Agentina/U S — Agril S110, April/June; S109, May/June S109.
Soyabeons: U.S. Two Yallow Gullprits March S301. Agril S302, 75, MeyS202, 50, June/July S204, Aug. S302,
Sepr. S201, 37, Ocr. S-S1, Nov. S280,
Des. S283, 30, Jun. S286, 50, Fob.S290, 50, March S291, 50, Brazil Yellow
FAQ unquored Argentina March
S24, 50 paid May S293, June/July
S244 sellers.
Soyamael: 44 per cont protein. U.S.
Agril Sepr. S238, 50, Nov./March S238,
Agril Gellets Aft, S229, March S239, 50,
April/May S241, Agril/Sept. S244,
Nov./March S24+50.

INDICES FINANCIAL TIMES

Mar. 12 Mar. 9 M'nth ago Year 20 270.45 278.67 265.22 236.75 (Beee: July 1, 1952=100) MOODY'S

Mar. 12 Mar. 9 M'nth ago Yezrazo 1056.2 1067.3 1034.0 904.1 (Oscember 31, 1931 = 100)

8.30. Bananas—Jamaican: Per 26 lbs
4.50-4.60: Pineappias—South Aircan:
10/11's 4.00-4.40: Ivory Coast: each
0.50-0.90. Grapes—Sputh Aircan:
Cartons: Ben Hennah S.30. Alphones
5.50. Weltham Crpss 4.80. Strawbarries—Per B oz Ieraeli: 0.50-0.55;
Spenieh: 0.45-0.50. Avosados—Israeli:
3.80-4.40. Melons—Chilean: V/hite 15 kg
7.00: Peruvian: Green 12/1S 10.00;
South Aircan: 25-kg boxes white 7.50,
email boxas 3.50; Columbian: Green
4.50, yellow 4.00. Ontons—Sounish:
5.20-5.50; Mutch: 2.20: South Aircan:
3.50-4.50. Cucumbers—Canary: 10/18's
1.50-2.20: Outch: 12/16's 3.30-3.50.
Cautiflowers—French: 24's 9.50; Jersey:
9.00. Lettucs—Durch: 24's 4.20. Calery
—Spenieh: 15/36's 4.50-5.00; Florida:
36's S.25. Cabbages—Durch: Whire,

Cuban: 4.50.
English produce: Potatoes—Per 25 kg
1.60-2 20. Lettuce—Per 12 round 1.80-2.00. Mushrooms—Per pound 0.55-0.60.
Apples—Per pound Bramloy 0.05-0.12.
Cox s Orange Pippin 0.08-0.15: Soartan
0.06-0.10: Lextons 0.05-0.07. Peara—
Per Pound Conticonce 0.10-0.15. Comics
0.18-0.22. Cabbeges—Per net 4.00-4.50.
Beetroct—Por 28 lbs 0.80-0.90. Carrots

Per 28 lbs 0.80-0.90. Carrots Bestrock—Por 28 lbs 0.80-0.90. Carrots
—Par 28 lbs 0.90-1.20. Onlons—Per 28 lbs 1.20-2.40. Rhubarb—Per pound 0.18-0.19. 5wedes—Par 28 lbs 0.80-0.90. Turnips—Per 28 lbs 0.60-0.80. Parsnips—Per 28 lbs 1.00-1.20. Sprouts—Per pound 0.15-0.20. Cucumbers—Tray 12/18's 3.00-3.60. Tomatoes—Per pound 0.45-0.55.

New York.

ROTTEROAM. March 13U.S. No Two Oark Hard Winter wheat
13.5 per cent unquoted. U.S. Herd
Winter wheat ordinery unquoted. U.S.
No. Two Red Winter wheat June \$146,
July \$142, Aug. \$144. U.S. No. Two
Northan Spring wheat 14 per cent
Agril/mid May \$155, May \$153, June
\$150. \$150. Melze—U.S. No Three Corn Yellow Merch \$123.50, traded April \$124. March \$123.50, April \$123.40, May \$123. June \$122. July, Sept. \$122. Oct./Ooc. \$122.50, Rye—unquoted. Oats—U.S./Plete—April \$50, March/

FARIS. Morch 13.——
Sugar—(FFr per 100 kilo) May 903/905. July. 921/927, Aug. 943/947, Oct. 983/985. Nov. 975/982, Occ. 1015/1020, March 1052/1057, Mey 1072/1077. Satoa at call lour.

DOW JONES

apol ... 378.89.581.25 581.58 560.45 Ftur 0,385.02 586.24 581.42 345.56

Mar. Mer. Month Year 12 9 ago ago

(Avaraga 1924-25-26 = 100) REUTERS

Mar. 15 Mar. 12 M'nth agol Year ago 1539.0 1542.1 182B.B 1591.2 (Beee: Seplember 1B, 1931 = 100)

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

## Markets react sharply on heavy profit-taking sales 30-share index falls 12.7 to 506.6—Gilts widely lower

Account Dealing Dates

\*First Declara- Last Account Deallogs tions Dealings Day Feb. 26 Mar. S Mar. 9 Mar. 20 Mar. 12 Mar. 22 Mar. 23 Apr. 3 Mar. 26 Apr. 5 Apr. E Apr. 18 " New time " doulings may lake place from 9.30 am two business days

A broad reaction in equity markets yesterday followed some fairly sizeable profit-taking after the boom conditions of the past week or so, the selling co-inciding with a lull in recent institution 3 buying. After appearing set for a recovery in the carly business Gill-edged also turned easier, particularly in the after-hoors'

Initial falls among leading industrials were insignificant but the downturn quickened as selling pressure increased and the institutions became reluctant to enter into new commitments. Around midday the market began to settle, however, and here and there rallies were attempted by leading and secondary

A resumption of the downturn late in the afternoon aroused fresh concern and worried some Account bulls into closing their positions. This produced a fair amount of loose sinck and made for rather sensitive (rading condilions from about 3 pm into after-hours' business during which the ensuing falls were out of proportion to the volume of

The outcome left must constituents of the FT 30-share index day's worst with some showing particularly large fel's: the heavy-priced fleecham dropped 22 to 680p, while GKN and ICI rended around 12 days. After having been only 6.3 off at the 2 pm calculation, the index closed 12.7 lower at 506.6, thus losing same 17 per cent of

its three-week gain of 73.2.

A mood of indecision also prevailed in the fill-edged sector. Selected Jonese maturities were suddenly weekened with the comphasis on the 1994/5 area. Lossess appeared here ranging to has they were reduced to half that amount following the mildly tions were lowered sharply again after the official closes

Defensive action was taken by dealers who began to see stock late and many high-coupon stocks \$10p. settled some ! helow 4 am levels. The shorts were less affected and from showing early losses extend-

tinnal sellers in the later trading news that talks are in progress currency lower nod the premium lead to so offer for the company, a slightly diseppointing annuel

was 0.7007 (0.7037).

Activity remated brisk io the Traded Option market and although the lolal number of contracts completed fell to 2.113 from the previous day's 3,118, it still bettered last week's datly average of 1.877. Cons. Goldfield. 361p. and Grand Metropolilan, 357, were especially lively.

#### Willis Faber down

A Press suggestion that Hogg Robioson and Willis Faber will merge in the near future brought a swift denial from the latter which left the former 3 easier at 143; Willis Faber encountered further nervous offerings ahead of next Tuesday's results and last 11 for a two-day fall of the 10 235p. C. E. Heath cheapened S to 246p, while Britanoic gave up 6 to 182p; the latter's preliminary results are

due today.
The major clearing banks succumhed 10 profitaking and closed at the day's lowest levels with fails to 10p. Elsewbere, Kleinwort Benson rose 5 to 1200 in response to the favourable results and Hill Samuel Un 23 to 100p. Dullness in teaders mainly reflected the absence of fresh support. Allied cave up it to 91p and Bass ended similarly cheaper at 189p. Gongh Brothers, a good market of late, reacted 6 to 78p; the preliminary

results are due on Friday. Johnson-Richards Tiles jumped cros. 6 up at 9Sp, had gained control of the company; Armitage Shanks firmed 2 to 78p on the annuncement that its proposed merger with JRT had lapsed. Subjected to small, scrappy selling for the most af the session, leading Building Laues gave further eround in the late dealings. Blue Circle finished 6 better, but the market 110p and the new nil paid shares ranie back 5 to 23p premium. structions. Fairclough firmed 4 to 76p in response to the satisfactory annual results and, lo encouraging banking sector a thin market, Rabert M. Douglas eligible liabilities before quota-added 4 to 87p while Wilson (Cannolly) improved 6 in 160p. single haver in a nominal mer- at £101. ket lifted Cralg and Rose 100 to

per share cash offer from Merck

store leaders ran into proft taking and closed with falls ranging to 6. W. H. Smith A lost that much to 190p and Burion A relinquished 5 to 244p, while Marks and Speucer dipped 4 to 100p. A particularly firm market of lale on persistent huylog shead of the reorganisation to he implemented to Juce, MFI Furollure fell 35 to 355p on profit-taking but Home Charm rose 8 to 354p, after 356p, as buyers became interested ahead of the annual results due next mooth. Improvements of 5 and 8 respectively were seen io S. Casket, 46p, 20d James Beattle

Profit-taking was evident in the Etectrical sector, particularly in the latter part of the day. Selling following the annual of 18 to 280p tn United Scientific. Racal came on offer at 430p, down 10. On the other hand, Highland firmed 4 to 64p and H. Wigfall S to 278. Among the leaders, GEC were briskly traded before closing 7 down at \$76p.

Lack of fresh support and scattered proft-taking caused a reaction in the Engineering leaders. GKN were particularly vunerable and fell 12 to 263p, while falls of around 6 were recorded io John Brown, 476p, Tubes 38Sp. and Hawker Siddeley. 234p. Vickers gave up 5 to 185p. Secondary issues also encountered occasional profittaking, but overall presented a mixed appearance. The warning on profit margins which acompanied the interim results prompted marked dulloess in in 210p, while the statement that the annual results are unlikely cheaper at 290p. Recently firm to match those of last year also caused duliness in Ductile Steels, 4 cheaper at 110p. Moss Engineering fell 4 to 84p on news that GEf had lapsed its offer for the company. Among the hright spots Manganese Bronze firmed 5 more to 68p and Yarrnw were again supported at 365p. up 10, while British Alamialum continued to forge In Paints, the appearance of a shead with a further rise of a

Late selling left Foods displaying feirly sizeable falls. None of the trading statements announced by three major conincorporated, since lapsed on a cerns were particularly well front showing early losses extending to 1 closed with minimal falls until easing late in sympathy with the longs.

Monupolies Commission received, naving produced analysis reference, Alginate Industries profits in line with market tenelled 34Sp before settling at expectations. United Bisenits 335p for a net gain of 25 on the chairman's shout the implications warning about the implications investment with FMC Corporation which may of the road haulage dispute, while

and closed 10 cheaper at 325p. In Supermarkets, recently firm Associated Dairles eocountered profil-taking and shed 14 to 256p. hile J. Sainshury eased 6 to 292p and Tesco 2 to 64½p. Against the trend, Rubertson put on 7 to 153p on revived bid rumours.

#### Rank dip and rally

Miscell2neous Industrial leaders lurned easier yesterday when profit-taking after the recent strnog advance left double-figure falls in places. Beecham fell away to close 22 down at the day's lowest of 680p, while Glaxo, S50p, and Unllever, 630p, lost 10 aplece. Boots dipped 5 to 218p as did Bowater, to 201p, 2nd Plikington, to 345p. Already easier at 280p, Rank Organisation gave further ground on the chair-Selling following the annual man's profits warning at the meeling caused a sharp reaction annual geoeral meeting to touch balance at 278p. The revelation that the group wil forfeit £3m in revenue and profit this year as a result of the Price Commission's decision to freeze its industrial gas prices for a year prompted a fall of 3 to 73p in BOC International. Elsewhere, talk that Racal Electronics is about to place its 8.3 per cent shareholding in Extel left the latter with 2 fall of 5 to 153p, after 151p, while BTR gave up 6 to 383p in front of today's results. Despite the increased annual earnings, Johnson Group Cleaners softened a penny to 1290, afler 127p. Still drawing strength from the sale of its two

closed at the day's lowest with a Among leading Chemicals, persisperformance from Brooke Bond Initial Services firmed 6 more make an outright bld, Lonrho fall of 21 points at 79! per cent. tent offeriogs clipped 11 from left the price 14 easier at 484p. to 124p, while Gomme added 7 softened 2 to 74p in reaction to Yesterday's SE conversion factor ICI at 394p and 7 from Fisous A steady market following the 10 70p on revived bid bopes. The strong denial from the annual profits statement. J. Prestige were wested at 190p, Bibby encountered late selling up S. and Pentos gained 7 for a two-day gain of 19 to 149p on the results and capital proposals. Up 21 nn Monday

annual results. Rolls-Royce reacted 61 in 93p on Press comment casting doubts on the company's future prospects. Else-where in quietly traded Motors, Lex Service eased 21 to 92! hut, io a thin market, Plaxions firmed 7 to 160p.

A strong market of lete on North Sea oil prospects, Inter-national Thomson gave up 15 to 422p. In Paper/Printings, Otives Paper Mills geined 10 to 71p on persistent demand prompted by a Press mention, while East Lancashire Paper 8rmed 2 to 79p in response to the higher aonual

In Properties, hopes of lower interest rates failed to deter a fairly steady stream of small sellers which left the sector distinctly dull. In the leaders. Land Securities reacted 7 to 280p and MEPC eased 8 to 175p, while British Land gave up 3 to 60p. Against the trend, Scottish Metropolitan firmed 4 to 132p; the interim results are due oo

#### Oils give ground

Quieter conditions prevailed in the Oil leaders where occasional pro8t-taking teft its mark on quotations. An attempted rally in the leaders soon faltered and British Petroleum closed at the day's lowest with a fall of 10 at 1108p. Shell settled with a loss

of 4 at 696p.
Up 8 the previous day on Press speculation that Gutf Fisheries, loss-making French subsidiaries, its targest shareholder, oray

DEALING DATES First Last Last Deal- Declara- Seltle-Dealings tinn ings ment Mar. 5 May 17 May 30 Mar. 6 Mar. 19 May 31 Jne. 12 May 20 Apr. 2 Joe. 14 Jne. 26 For rate indications see and of Shore Information Service

Stocks to attract mnoey for the call iceluded ICI, James for the put, while double Finlay, Premier Consolidated, options were arranged in Huntthe call joeluded ICI. James Bnots, Status Discount, Pentos, jog Petroleom, MFI Forribre, Wm. Press, Grand Metropolitan,

**LONDON TRADED OPTIONS** 

'April

Furniture, Hawtin Ultramar, Scars. Ulmann, Lonrho. Keyser Cosalt, Burmah Oll, United Dominions Trust, Harris Lehos, Queen, P. and O. Kitcheo Deferred, Comfort Hotels, MEPC, Marks and Racal. Spencer, Lesney and Antomated Security. Shell Transport and Breotnali Beard were dealt in

## **OPTIONS**

Oct.

Kuwaiti coocern. Trusts began to look a little

ragged after the recent broad advance. Among the occasional bright spots, Camellia firmed 5 more to 375p ahead of pre-liminary results due on Friday

Shippings were oo more than eased 11 to 731p, while Lofs cheapened 2 pency to 481p following the announcement that the company has reached agree-ment with its hankers to defer two loso repayments.

Against the geoeral treod. Textiles lended e few pence firmer where altered. Scattered demand lifted Lister 3 to 63p and F. Miller 2 to 57p.

#### Gains in mines

South Africao Financials held the stage in mining markets as persistent buying from Jobannespersistent onlying from Joo annes-burg preceded 2 spate of sharply higher profit and dividend announcements from General Mining, Anglo-Vaal and Anglo American Iovestment Trust.

New highs for 1978-79, were recorded by Anglo-Vaal, a balf-point firmer at £111 and General Mining, 5 better at 475p, after 480p, while Anglo American Investment Trust 2dded 1 2t

6474. Other South African Financials other South African ranaguas to move ahasd strongly included "Ameoal," which advanced 45 more to a high of 945p—a two-day gain of 135p—UC Invest-ments, 7 up at 271p, and Middle Wits, S harder at 235p. Gold shares, on the 0ther hand, tended to drift id idle trading reflecting the uncertain trend io

the buttion price, which closed \$1.25 8rmer at \$240.125 per The Gold Mines index lost ground for the first time in five tradiog days, giving up 0.4 to 170.0. The ex-premium iodex fell 0.8 to 119.1. West Rand Consolidated moved against the

general trend, however, and advanced 21 to 174p following interest. Landon-registered issues, were mixed. Vague rumonrs of a possible renrearisation of Charter Consolidated saw the shares improve 4 more to 171p and helped Selection Trust put oo a similar ameriot to 544p, but 2 dnwnturn io sourity markets promuted nro6t-taking in Rio Tirlo-Zinc, 8 cheaner at 305p.

Burmah Oil, Sears and Hawtin. Activity in Australians was on much smaller scale than of late. but the market generally held steady. Reported American buy-ing lifted Pancontineotal 1 more to £10, while Conzinc Rio Tinto added 6 to 304p.

#### 72.64 72.85 73.00 73.10 71.50 71.15 76.89 72.68 72.79 75.05 75.09 72.01 71.67 78.25 506.6 519.3 615.4 500.3 498.8 486.2 460.4 Industrial ..... 170.0 170.4 163.9 161.7 160.0 159.0 166.3 Gold Mines Ex-S omi 119.1 119.9 115.4 115.0 114.0 113.4 115.1 Ord. Olv. Yield ....... 5.52 5.40 5.44 6.61 5.66 6.79 Earnings, Y ld 3 (full): 14.58 14.01 14.10 14.54 14.69 16.12 17.51 P/E Ratio Inet) (\*)..... 0.09 9.29 2.23 8.95 8.86 8.57 8.10 0ealings marked.... 8.961 8.950 7,303 7,300 6,729 6,483 6,623 Equity turnover £m. \_ 176.01 614.18 150.00 158.22 87.30 77.01 Equity bargains total - | 38,207 52,271 25,716 27,878 21,542 16,298 10 am 517.2. 11 am 512.5. Noon 513.0. 1 pm 513.6. 2 pm 513.0 3 pm 510.6. 2 pm 513.0 3 pm 510.6. Latest Index 07-248 9028. \*Nil-8-81. 9asis 100 Govt. Secs. 15/10/25. Fixed int. 1928. Industrial Ord. 1/7/35. Gold Mines 12/9/55. Ex 5 premium index started June, 1972. 5E Activity July-Dec. 1942. S.E. ACTIVITY HIGHS AND LOWS 1978/9 Since Compliatin High | Low , High | Low Fixed Int.... 81.27 65.77 150.4 50.53 (8/):78] 172/2/78/ (28/11/47) (3/1/76) 555.6 483.4 649.2 49.4 (14/8/78) (2/5/76) (14/8/77) (26/8/40 5-d'y Av'r'ge' Gift Edged... Industrials... Speculative. Oold Mines 306.6 124.1 448.5 48.5 (14/8/78) (29/11/78) (29/11/78) (25/10/71) Gold Mines 138,5 90,3 357,1 54,5 (Ex-5 pm)... [14]8/79] (14]4/76] (5/4/74) (25/8/75)

**NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1978/9** The following securities enoted in the Share information Service: yesterday strained new Highs and Lows for 1070-79.

NEW LOWS (1): NEW HIGHS (179) NEW HIGHS (179)
CIRPORATION LOANS 111
FOREIGN BONDS 11)
CANADIANS (2)
BEER (3)
BEER (3)
CHEMICALS (1)
IRAPERY & STORES (161
ELECTRICALS (8)
ENGINEERING (16)
FOODS (51)
HOTELS (2)
INJUSTRIALS (39)
LEISURE (2)
MITORS (41
NEWSPAPERS (1)
PAPER & PRINTING (6)
PROPERTY (111
SHIPPING (2)
SHOES (21
TEXTILES (41
TRUSTS (29) RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY 543 737 1,138

#### ACTIVE STOCKS No. of Closing Change 1978-79 1978-79

Stock	tion	marks	price (p)	oo day	high .	low
Shell Transport	25p	20	696	~ Æ.	702-	484
BP	£1	15	1,108	-10	1,120	720
GEC	25p	. 14	376	- 7	385	233
ICI	£1	14	394	-11	421	328
Burmah Oil	£1	12	102	<b>– 2</b>	105	42
Grand Met	50p	12	140	- s	145	87
GKN	£1	.12	263	-12	298	226
Beecham	25p	11	680	-22	726	581
GUS A	25p	11	376	4	380	256
Barclays Bank	£1	10	420	-10	438	. 296
EMI	50p ·	10	122	<b>–</b> :1	190	115
Marks & Spencer	25p	10	100	- 4	104	67
Midland Bank	£1	10	390	10	110	330
Peotos	10p	10	149	+ 7	149	69
RTZ	25p	10	305	- 8	. 313	164
111						

## FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

These indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries

				and	t the f	aculty	of Act	uaries		•			Ž,
	EQUITY G	ROUPS	,	Tue	s., M	arch	13, 19	979 -	Mon., Mar. 12	Fri., Mar,	Thur., Mar. 8	Wed., Mar.	Ve Ja Cepps
	& SUB-SEC	TIONS			<del></del>	Est	Gross	EsL			<del>                                     </del>	-	1
				- 4		Earnings	Div.	PE	1				1.
igl	mes in parentheses			dex -	Day's	Yield %		Ratio	Index	Index	Index	Index	Ind
	stocks per se	ction	, n	10.	Change %	(Max.)	IACT 24 33%i	(Net)	No.	No.	No.	No.	· M
	•				- 70	Ĺ	2 33761	ł	ļ	1		1 3 2 2	- :
1	CAPITAL GOODS (	1721	125	7.30	-13	15.74	5.20	8.63	260.59	257.60	249.40	246.38	290
2	Building Materials I			5.45	-11	16.35	5.58	8.39	238.05	233.47	224.80	219.78	
3	Contracting, Constru	ction (28)	390	35	-0.9	19.58	5.23	7.18	393.84	386.89	373.36	367.98	
4	Electricals (14)			1.24	-1.5	,12,63	3.10	10.87	620.39	620.04	596.05	595.39	4
5	Engineering Contrac			5.81	-0.8	17.02	S.72	7.94	399.06	393.26	383.20		
6	Mechanical Enginee			6.65	-1.0	16.87	5.67	7.89	198.68	195.15	190.82	188.25	156
g	Metals and Metal Fo			2.33	-21	16.12	8.50	8.33	175.97	175.16	169.92	166.93	160
_	CONSUMER 6000			. : !	·	l			l	l	1		-1
1	(OURABLEX53)			L65	· ~0.9	15.51	4.66	8.60	233.77	232,38	227.65	Z23.84	
2	Lt. Electronics, Radi			7.86	-1.0	12.62	3.43	11.11	311.02	310.35	303.10	296.75	
4	Household Goods (1)  Motors and Oistribut	2/	10/	7.05	+1.8	17.76	6.55	7.78	164.13	164.49	161.81	160.06	
•	CONSUMER COOL			1.40	-13	20.90	6.77	5.99	125.98	124,04	122.17	121.03	111
1	(NON-OURABLE)		247	1.60	-1.8	14.48	S.30	9.0g	246.06	243.70	235.18	231.14	19
2	Brewerles (14)	.,.,	250	8.19	-1.8	14.79	5.82	8.58	262.98	260.93	254.43	245.70	
3	Wines and Spirits 16			188	-11	13.39	4.30	10.97	350.66	348.45	337.71	326.72	
4	Entertainment, Cale			5.45	-22	14.09	6.C0	9.39	322.45	31034	309.86	307.70	
5	Food Manulacturing	(19)	220	51	-2.1	17.04	S.04	7.82	225.15	223.67	219.40	216.45	
6	Food Retailing (15)		279	9.38	-2.6	11.55	4.22		286.70	250.77	270.78	265.65	
2	Newspapers, Publish			1.53	-0.B	19.31	S.82	11.77	428,03	422.36	414.57	496.80	
3	Oackaging and Pape			1.67	-L4	17.02	7.09	7.66	150.73	148,41	146.68	145.76	
4	Stores (40)			9.87	-2,1	10.65	4.14	13.44	234.91	231.26	222,43	218.94	
5	Textiles(23)		184	1.12	-0.7·	17.58	0.27	7.36	185.37	183.35	180,09	178.11	
6	Tobaccos (3)		293	121	-1.2	19.56	7.07	S.87	294.86	292,02	272.44	267.30	23
7	Toys and Games (6)			2.23	+1.0	24.05	7.05	4.90	91.36	90.76	91.61	93.58	
2	OTHER GROUPS (9	P9]	217	7.05	-L6	14.11	S.83	19.15	220.61	218.61	214.11	210.79	
3	Chemicals (18) Pharmaceutical Pro	4 unte (7)		1.82 3.06	-24 -22	14.53 10.36	5.43	g.91	312.26	311.07	305.32	303.89	
4	Office Equipment (6			7.20	-2.1	13.73	4.34 5.52	11.69	273.96 150.37	273.40 148.68	266.47 143.19	262.17	
5	Shipping (10)			.99	-IO	14.17	7.12	0.95	431.18	427.93	425.94	138.46 419.99	
6	Miscellaneous (S8)		239	.77	-0.5	16.04	5.98	8.29	241,03	236.60	232.19	227,46	
9	INOUSTRIAL GROU	JP(494)			-16	14,78	5.39	8.95	250,29	247.61	240.52	236.79	19
1	0ils(6)		620	1.67.	-0.8	12.25	3.40	9.66	625.48	623.96	605.12	S93.12	43
9	500 SHARE INCEX		277	7.05	-1.4	14.20	5.06	9.06	283.07	278.44	270.39	266,01	12
1	FINANCIAL GROU	P(115)	195	76	-2.6	I	5.16	_	198.40	195.50	192.11	189.51	16
2	Banks(6)		226		-2.4 .	29.37	5.33	4.46	237.90	235.10	230,15	227.78	18
3.	Discount Houses (10	)	245		-0.1		7.53	_	245.66	244.53	243.70	240.12	
4	Hire Purchase (5)		189		-0.4	17.80	4.86	7.21	. 181,97	182.33	181.21	178.54	15
5	Insurance (Life) (10	)			-1.9		6.19	-	154.76	149.35	244.21	141.14	13
6 7	Insurance (Composit	e) (			-1.5 -23	74.70	6.52		144.33	141.33	135.96	133.83	13
É	Insurance Brokers (14 Merchani Banks (14	.u/	ماند ا			34,70	S.73	9.70	343.87	339.30	324.77	320.41	34
9	Property (43)	<i>,</i>	329	36	-1.4	3.25	5.54	40.07	89.60	88.50	85.77	84.54	[7
3	Miscellaneous (10)		126		-0.8	18.19	2.47 6.37	49.27 6.84	333.07 125.23	332 21 123.13	328.95	326,00	23
ĭ	investment Trusts (1	11)	234		-0.3	20.23	4.57	0.04	235.01	230.06	122.55	119.09	10
il	Mir.ing Finance (4)	TT/	730		-1.4	14,46	5.48	0.52	131.83	129.29	224.01 124.78	21930	14
i I	Overseas Traders (2)		267	40	-0.5	13.83	6.98	9.10	363.20	358,04		123.24	8
	ALL-SHARE INDEX	(750)	255		-1.4		5.11	7.10				351.56	27
, 1	WEG-SUNKE INDEX	(7.50)		20			. 5.11	- ,	258.84	256,23	249.11	245.21	20
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				. 6 "	•	. [-	FIX	ED INT		-	Tues.	Mon.,	Y
	FIXED INT	TEREST PI	RICE INDI	CES		- 1		YIELD			Mar.	Mar.	7
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#### **APPOINTMENTS**

## NatWest director—Scotland

Mr. Ivor Jones, who was appointed senior executive at the Sentish office of NATIONAL WESTMINSTER BANK in September, 1977, has been redesig-nated local director, Scottish office. His new appointment follows a recently completed review of NatWest's regional

Mr. A. D. Phillips has been appointed a director of BUNZL the has also become a objecter of Banel Pulp and Paper Sales Inc. tand subsidiariest and Inter-emulachial Gelluiose Sales Inc., prescuted companies in New

Mr. Gordon A. Anderson, a partner in Arthur Young McCleiiand Moores 80d Co., has been appointed a member of the SCOTTISH MILK MARKETING SOARD for three years.

Mr. N. R. Snell, a joint managing director of PLAXTONS (SCARBOROUGH), has resigned from the Board for personal reasons by mutual agreement.
Mr. J. D. Pepper, group Onance director, becomes joint managing director with Mr. J. R. Birley Chicago Limited. Mr. Bergland, who has been director of First Chicago Limited. Mr. Bergland, who has been with the bank for F. W. P'axton remains chairman and chief executive and Mr. W. S. Newham, a main Board director, joins Mr. Berley as joint menaging director of the coachbuilding division. reasons by mutual agreement. Mr. J. D. Pepper, group Onance

Mr. L. W. G. Priestley, a local Mr. L. W. G. Priestley, a local director of Barclays Bank, is to become secretary-general of the COMMITTEE OF LONDON to the OVERSEAS PROJECTS ELEARING BANKERS He will succeed Mr. P. J. Nicholsnn, who will be returning to the Midland Engineering Industries. Bank as a general manager on

director in charge of the com-puter 61m setting department. Zealand. The company is a subsidiary of

ING GROUP, Mr. Phillp Bowers quisoed his scat no the Board to LATIONS.

Mr. George C. Rergland, a Unilever company. senior vice-president of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF



CHICAGO, has been appointed general manager of London ranch and regional head for the

Mr. W. D. D. Allen has been managing director of GEOGGE TURTON PLATTS AND CO. on April 1 and will continue as Hewltt, who will remain chairman.

Sir Ian Maclennau has become chairmao of the zeneral advisory council of the INDEPENDENT Walker have been appointed directors of IDC CONSULTANTS, a member of the IDC Group.

Mr. Alao Offer has been appointed to the Boardof ART REPROGRAPHIC (LONDON) as director in charge of the com-

Oxley Prioting Group.

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Mr. Alan Cocking and Mr. Malcolm White have been appointed to the Board of TOTTY BUILD.

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Mr. Alan Cocking and Mr. Malcolm White have been appointed to the Board of TOTTY BUILD.

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Mr. T. J. Tinsun has been appointed sales director of EVER READY COMPANY (GREAT BRITAIN), a subsidiary of the Board of TOTTY BUILD.

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Mr. T. J. Tinsun has been appointed sales director of EVER READY COMPANY (GREAT BRITAIN), a subsidiary of the Berec Group.

Mr. Colin Bell, director of

take up other duties within the group. Mr. Keith Dickinson has been made marketing consultant, been made marketing consultant. Mr. Ken Eilred has become motor industry in the city, sales director on the Board of

Mr. Clive Last has become marketing director.

company secretary of J. MANN AND SON (Howard group) in plece of Mr. Denis R. Simpkin, whn continues as e director and

Mr. Juhn Fabritius has been appointed food division controller of the ROYAL ARSENAL CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, succeeding Mr. Les Brand, who is now the society's foods marketing

Mr. Ken Elkington, commercial director of TI TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT, bas taken over the additional responsibility of all UK sales. Mr. Jim Bentham has heen appointed to the newly created post of vehicle manufac-turer lisison manager, Mr. Mark Taylor becomes technical sales executive. Mr. John Nelson has heen made UK 6cld sales manager and Mr. Chris Linn is now sales promittion manager.

Mr. Terry O'Connell and Mr. Gerry Richings have been appointed directors of BIS APPLIED SYSTEMS.

Mr. Robin Wendt is to become chlef executive of the CHESHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL in succession to Sir John Beyuton, who is to

retire on July 31.

Mr. Murray Loake has been appointed director of communications and public affairs at LEYLAND VEHICLES. He was formerly communications execu-tive with SP lodustries (pro-viously Leyland Special Pro-

Mr. Ruger Spendley has been appointed works director of MAGOG INDUSTRIES.

Mr. Michael Speecer has been appointed sales director of TUNSTALL BYERS and Mr. Jemes Walker is to become company secretary.

Commissioner in New rubber manufacturing company and sixth largest in the world. have bead offices in Hanover.

Mr. Peler Milebell has been appointed managing director vehicle business, which has cleanged its name from Leyland is to join the group to become construction oranger-director of Mr. Colin Bell, director of Historic Vehicles to BL essex County Newspapers, has HERITAGE. He joins BL designate in place of Mr. Dick been elected deputy charman of the AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCU-the missed his scat in the Bnard to LATIONS.

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## RECENT ISSUES

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developing the transport collection, and wrote a history of the molor industry in the city.

All Mike Taylor has been appointed to the Board of CHLORIDE TRANSIPACK as marketing director.

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Sentry Assurance International Ltd. P.O. Box 326, Hamilton 5, Bermuda Managed Fund [1952/07] 2,23-4 [....] Singer & Friedlander Ldn. Agents.

Dealing to P.O. 62: 73, St. Heller, Jersey

## AUTHORISED

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| Queen St., London, EC4R 18Y. | Queen St., London, EC4R 18Y thnot Securities Ltd. (a)(c)

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Abbay Life Assurance Co. Ltd.

1-3 St. Paul's Churchyard, ECA.

1-3 St. Paul's Churchyard, ECA.

201-248 9111

Equity Acc. 35.7 37.6 + 1.1 —

Property Acc. 158.0 16.4 ——

Property Acc. 168.6 177.7 —

Selective Fund. 1190.0 16.3 + 2.0 —

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Prop. Fd. Ser. 4 157.8 145.1 —

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Key Income Fund 846 900

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Key Speak Co's Fd. 1268 734 74 1264

For Arrow Life Assurance and Providence Copital Life Assurance Barchays Life Mister. Co. Ltd. 252 Randord Rd. E7. Barchaydonds\* 1343 141.4 Engly 1343 141.4 Change 1343 141.4 Kleinwort Benson Unit Man Klemmort Bensue Unit Managers 
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Leo Accurs. | 96.0 | 1011| +0.3 | 3.92 |
Lioya's Bk. Unit Tst. Mingrs. Ltd.♥ (a)

Registrar's Dept. Goring-by-Sea,
Worthing, West Susser. | 01-523 1288 |
Balanced | 60.0 | 64.9 | -0.3 | 4.10 |
Do. (Accurn.) | 83.9 | 90.2 | -0.4 |
Wortdwide Gwth. | 60.2 | 64.7 | -0.1 | 1.80 |
Do. (Accurn.) | 76.4 | 82.1 | -0.1 | 1.80 |
Income | 63.2 | 160.2 | -0.3 | 5.87 |
Do. (Accurn.) | 130.7 | 191.5 | -0.3 | 5.87 |
Do. (Accurn.) | 130.7 | 191.5 | -0.3 | 5.87 |
Do. (Accurn.) | 77.6 | 83.4 | -0.3 | 7.61 |
Do. (Accurn.) | 77.6 | 83.4 | -0.3 | 7.61 |

cent Unit Tst. Magrs. Ltd. (a)(g)

ewry, EC2. 01-606/2167 After Cury, Fund Managers Ltd. 30, Gresham St., EC2P ZEB. 01-600 4555 After Gen. March 14 1228.7 243/244 +9.8 3.99 Art St. St. St. St. Magmat. Ltd. 423 Acc. Julis March 14 1255.5 Acc. Units March 14 1255.5 Acc. Uni

Minster Hun, Arther St., EC4, 01-623 1050
Minster Hun, Arther St., EC4, 01-623 1050
Minster Man, 12. | M0.8 | 42.8 | 5.89
Exernot Feb, 28 | 104.9 | 108.9 | 5.14
Minster Man, 12. | M0.8 | 42.8 | 5.89
Exernot Feb, 28 | 104.9 | 108.9 | 5.14
Minster Man, 12. | M0.8 | 42.8 | 5.89
MILA Unit Trust Mingmot, Ltd. | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 161.0 | 16 01-606 4803 593 - 0.1 6 27 830 - 625 521 - 02 6 25 659 + 0.1 8.18 National and Commercial National and voltage of the last of the la Rothschild Asset Man National Provident Inv. Magrs. Ltd.9

| National Westprinstery | 161 Cheapide | E24 6EU | Capital (Accum.) | 75.2 | Extra Inc. | 77.6 | Financial | 77.7 | Growth Inv. | 36.5 | Iacome | 38.5 | Portiodo Inv. Fd. | 78.2 | Universal Fd.(d) | 56.1

### OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO Rowan Unit Trust Mngt. Ltd.9 (2) Royal Tst. Cas. Fd. Mgrs. Ltd.
54, Jernyn Street, S.W.J. 01-629 8252
Capital Fd. 70.8 74.7 3.48
Income Fd. 70.8 74.7 7.56
Pricts M Feb. 28. Next dealing March 15. Save & Prosper Group 4, Great St. Helens, London EC3P 3EP 68-73 Queen St., Edinburgh EH2 4NX Dealings to: 01-554 8899 sr 031-226 7351.

Justice State | 171 |
Justice State | 171 |
Justice State | 172 | Pearl Trust Managers Ltd. (a)(g)(z)
252, High Hotson, WCLVYEB. 01-405 8441
Pearl Growth Fd. 27.0 2011 4.62
Accum Units 32.0 4.5 4.5 4.5
Pearl Int. 36.7 30.5 6.45
Pearl Int. 71 39.5 1.0 6.2 4.9
(Accum, Units) 52.5 56.5 -0.2 4.91 782 +01 819 4912 -02 924 \_150.5 · S.E. Asia .... Sector Funds Commodity \_\_\_\_ Energy Financial Secs 

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Amersham Road, High Wycombe 0494 33377
Equity Fd. 134.9 137.71 - L0 |
Property Fd. 134.8 122.0 - 0.1 |
Freed loterest F 116.5 122.0 - 0.1 |
Get. Deposit Fd. 135.1 168.5 |
Model Fd. 122.9 127.3 - 0.4 |
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60 Bartnolomew Ct., Waltham Cross, WX31971
Pertfolio Fd. Acz. 155.8 .... 154.8
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Growth & Soc. Life Ass. Soc. Lift.

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Flexible Finance 1990
Landbank Secs. 55.04

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Langham Haz, Holestrook Dr., MW4. 01-203-5211
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TSB Unit Trusts (y)

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10403 64141 (b) TSS General 51.7 721 -0.4 3.89

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10503 64141 (b) TSS Income 65.3 97.5 -0.5 71.4 (c) TSS Scottish 91.5 -0.6 71.4 (d) TSS Scottish 91.5 -0.6 71.4 (e) TSS Scottish 91.5 (e) TSS Sco 78.2 +0.11 8.19
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Crown Life Assurance contd.

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Bad. Inv. Fd. 137,5 14;
Property Fd. 136,6 17;
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Oepposit Fdt 128,9 13;
Comp. Pers Fd. 225,7 25;
EguityPens Fd. 212,9 27;
Prop. Pens. Fd. 188,3 11
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Cap, Growth Fund
Flex. Exempt Fd.

6 Everyt Prop. Fd.

6 Expt, Inv. 13. Fd.

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Froperty Fund
Gd. Deposit Fd. 0392-52155. M & G Groupy Schroder Life Group®

Merchant Investors Assurance | Merchant | Investors Assura | Leon Hee, 233 high St., Crydon, 165-2 | Property Pens. | 173 | 165-2 | 177-3 | 165-2 | 177-3 | 165-2 | 177-3 | 165-2 | 177-3 | 165-2 | 177-3 | 165-2 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | 177-3 | NEL Pensions Ltd. 973 +03 -1443 -04 -1250 -07 -1281 -03 -1971 +03 -

NPI Pensions Management Ltd. 01-623 4200 Norwich Union Insurance Group®
PO Box 4, Norwich NR1 3NG. 0603 22200
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| Property Fund. | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 138

Tyndail Assurance/Pensions

18 Caryroe Road, Bristol

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Bond March 8 173.0
Property March 8 121.0
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Provincial Life Assurance Co. Ltd. 01-247 6533 01-405 9222 Wetfare losurance Co. Ltd.V

Winslade Park, Exeter. 0392-52155 Maneymaker Fd. 106.5 ..... — For other toxis, please refer to The London & Manchester Group.

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Trades Union Unit Tst. Managers#

Transatlantic and Ben. Secs. Co.V

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0705 27733 Scottish Widows' Group PC Box 902, Edinburgh EH16 5BU 031-655 6000

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Sun Alliance House, Horsham. 0403 64141

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Windsor Life Assur. Co. Ltd.

Windsor Life Assur. Cd. Ltn.
Royal Albert Hise, Sheet SL, Windsor 680.44
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Hambros Fd. Mgrs. (C.I.) Ltd.
P.O. Bes 86, Guernsey. 0-81-26521

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Prices on March 14. Next dealing March 11.

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OFFSHORE AND OVERSEAS FUNDS

Alexander Fund 37, rue Notre-Dame 1 P.O. Eox 438, 1211 Geneve 11 (Switzerland) Lioyds Int. Growth SF3150 333.50 1 1.30 Lloyds Int. Income SF3159 333.6 5 530 Management International Ltd. M & G Group
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Britannia Tst. Mingrat., (CI) Ltd. 30, Bath St., St. Heller, Jersy. 0534 73114 

Richmond Life Ass. Ltd.

48, Altrol Street, Douglas, 1.0.M.

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Carrillan C.G. L56, 196

Price on Feb. 12, Next Dealing March 12,

Rothschild Asset Management (C-1.) Charterhouse Japket 

Delta Group Deptscher Investment-Trust
Postach 2685 Biebergsse 6-10 6000 Frankfurt
Concentra 12, 49-0.16 —
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S.A F. & C. Migmt, Ltd. Inv. Advisers 1-2 Laurence Pountary Hill, EC4R 08A | 12-7 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 | 12-8 |

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Bacarelle Rd. St. Savour, Jersey. 0534-73494

Fleming Japan Fund S.A. Free World Fund Ltd. G.T. Management Ltd. Park Hse. 16 Firsbury Circus, London EC2 Tel: 01-628 5131, TLX: 886100 Tel: d1-628 5131 T1X: 836600

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S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.
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HOTES

Prices do not include S premium, except where indicated 6, and are in pence unless otherwise indicated. Yields % (shown in last column allow for all huyang expenses a Officed prices include all naperises by 7 day's prices. C Yield based on other price of Estimated, 3 rocky's opening price. In Openium of UK tables, p Periodic premium insurance plans, s Single premium insurance in Officed price includes all naperises except agent's commission, y Otherod price includes all expenses it brough through managers. 2 Previous day's price. W Ret of tax on realised capital glains unless indicated by 6, 9 deprived in the price of the

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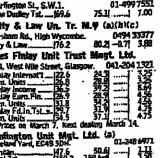
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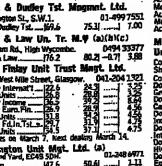
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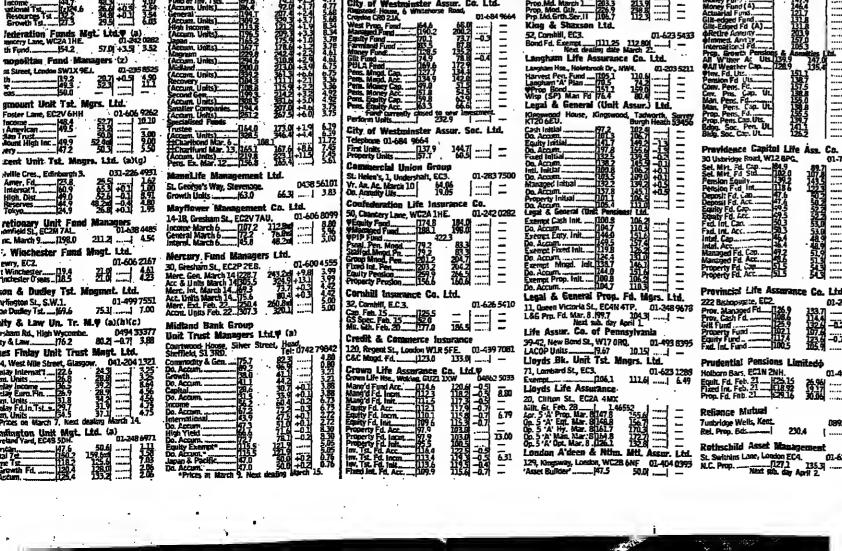
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4, West Mile Street, Glasgow. 041-204 1321
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**INFORMATION** 

BANKS & HP—Continued ENGINEERING—Continued BONDS & RAILS—Cont. CHEMICALS, PLASTICS—Cont. | Stack | Price | Fire | Net | Cw | Fr3 | PfE | 1978-79 | High Law | Stack | Price | Hosp Stage | 250 | 284 | -1 | 080c | -7.5 | 96 | 36 | Farm Feed | 3.6 | Jessel Toynbee | 72 | 03.65 | -7.5 | 96 | 36 | Farm Feed | 3.6 | Jessel Toynbee | 72 | 03.65 | -7.5 | 394 | 280 | Farm Feed | 3.6 | Jessel (Iro) 51 | 270 | -3 8.74 | -7.7 | 394 | 280 | Farm Feed | 3.6 | Jessel (Iro) 51 | 3.6 | 4.6 | -5 9 | -542 | 376 | Hochst DMS | 5.7 | 1.6 | 36 | 11% | Halsdead (I) 100 | Hisp Welch 50p | 2 | Hochst DMS | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | BRITISH FUNDS Price |+ ar | Yield | | -- | Int. | Red. Orts" (Lives up to Five Years
Tressury 30c 70tt	97u	3.09
Electric 44pc 74-79	97u	3.09
Fressury 10 pc 70tt	97u	3.09
Tressury 90c 80tt	97u	3.56
Tressury 90c 80tt	98u	9.11
Tressury 90c 80tt	98u	9.11
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Tressury 90c 80tt	98u	9.11
Tressury 90c 80tt	98u	9.11
Tressury 90c 80tt	98u	9.12
Tressury 90c 80tt	98u	9.12
Tressury 90c 1981	99u	122
Exchagur 10r 1981	91u	3.81
Tressury 90c 1981	97u	3.81
Tressury 90c 1981	97u	3.81
Tressury 90c 1981	97u	3.81
Tressury 30c 1998	96u	122
Exch. 90c 1981	96u	122
Exch. 90c 1981	96u	122
Exch. 90c 1981	96u	122
Exch. 10r 1981	103u	123
Exch. 12go 1981	103u	123
Exch. 90c 1983	124	124
Tressury 140c 82tt	103u	124
Tressury 140c 82tt	103u	124
Tressury 140c 82tt	103u	124
Tressury 140c 1985	105u	11.75
Tressury 140c 1985	105u	12.05
Tressury 110c 1992	12.05	
Funding 12gc 79.3tt	103u	12.35
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Tressury 12gc "Shorts" (Lives up to Five Years) **AMERICANS** E Cross Cw Grs DRAPERY AND STORES Hire Purchase, etc. Amber Day 10p		
Aquascrbirm 5p.
Do. 'A' 5p.
Auförtronic 10p
In 12x75p? 13p.
Balter's Strs. 10p
Barber, Sters 10p
Barber, Sters 10p
Berting 5p.
Bilder 6 Ch. 20p.
Borton 6 Ch. 20p.
Berting 6 Ch. 20p.
Berting 7 Ch. 20p.
Bertin 6 Ch. 20p.
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Do. 'A' NV 50p.
Do. 'A' NV 50p.
Cantars' 'A' 20p. Brockhouse
Broth Cast. Sol.
Brows Eng. 10p
Groke 1001
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Brown & Tarres
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Concern 106s £1
Brown & Tarres
Concern 106s £1
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Morland.
Sanderman.
Scott & New 20p.
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Ang. Am. Asphalt
Aresson (A) 10n.
Associ. Commo 'A
Ass. Surayers 10p
Austin F (Ley) 10p
Austin F (Ley) 10p
BBA Group
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Baird (Wm.) £1
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Barrow Rd. K10c
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Barlow Rd. Stor UVET FITTEE

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Treasury 9pc 9441...

Treasury 12pc 95 ...

Gas 3pc 90/95 ...

Exch. 101-pc 1995 ...

Treasury 12-pc 95 ...

Treasury 12-pc 95 ...

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Treasury 18-pc 95 ...

Treasury 18-pc 97 ...

Redeemption 3pc 1985-96

Treasury 18-pc 97 ...

Redeemption 3pc 1985-96

Treasury 18-pc 97 ...

Treasury 18-pc 19711.

Treasury 8-pc 197111. Goldberg A
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GL Universal
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Do. 'A' HV
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Do. 12pc Car. Pri.
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Milicitael (J.)
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HSN News 10p.
HSN News 10p.
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Long (J.)
Polly Peck 5p.
Long (J.)
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Birmham 94pc 79-81.
G. 1,C. 121-pc 52.....
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Herts, 54pc 78-80...
Liverpool 93pc 80-82...
Liverpool 93pc 80-84...
Do, 51-pc 18-84...
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Ramar Test; 5p
Ramers 10p
Raybeck 10p
Readicut 5p
Reed Austin 'A'
Rivin (IDES) 10p
Resojil 5p
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Dic 554P 127g
Sarmel (H) 'A'
Sell nourt 5p
Sharms (S) 10n
Sharms (S) 10n +4, 5.62 11.71 -1-2 10.61 11.89 12.71 -- 7.53 11.57 10.33 11.57 10.33 11.57 6.77 10.14 7.79 11.00 9.30 11.79 -14 2.88 +14 5.54 11.09 9.56 11.63 12.34 11.58 | The content of the BANKS AND HIRE PURCHASE COMMONWEALTH & AFRICAN LOANS

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9619 92 N.Z. 51pc 81.82 95 650 11.66

9619 92 N.Z. 5pc 76-80 95 6.33 11.87

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96 75 Do. 6pc 78-81 85 85 85 85 | Amarshalis (Hfr.) | Amar Acan 10-pc 19-99. | 12-20 | 12-20 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13-00 | 13 FOREIGN BONDS & RAILS
978-79 | Stock | Price | + or | Div. 3 | Red. |
1 | - | Grees | Yield |
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18 | 70 | 5pc Prel ... | 40 | - | - |
19 | Chilean Mixed .... | 98 | ... | | | | | | | | | | | | | FINANCIAL TIMES
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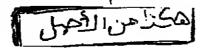
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Hartwells
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PROPERTY—Continued

INVESTMENT TRUSTS-Cont.

FINANCE, 

Aberram R0, 30 | 122 Anoto Am. In. R1 | 636 Gold Flets, P. 2126 | 67 Gr'etmes, 45 50c | 160 Huisett's Cpn. R1 | 120 OK Bazzaars SOC | 380 Fee Treeform 1/50c | 185 S.A. Brews, 20c | 74 Tiger Oats R1 | 570 Unisec | 67

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38

## FINANCIALTIMES

Wednesday March 14 1979



## Money supply growth Petrol up 2-3p slows after gilt sales

BY PETER RIDDELL, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

of gilt-edged stock.

But the slowdown may have for tax payments, which tend been aomewhat less than City to raise the published figure. analysts were expecting, for bank lending to the private sector appears to have been buoyant, partly because of the effects of the lorry drivers' liabilities but not sterling M3. strikes and the bad winter In addition, the note circulation

Thus the underlying expanaion of the money supply may well have remained above the upper end of the Government'a target range, though by a smaller margin than in mid-

This is tentatively suggested hy banking figures for mid-February, published yesterday by the Bank of England. cent in month. On the

of the main components of the cent over the first three months money supply, fell by just over of the new target period to and 0.9 per cent to £45.56bn in the October. Last month the underfive weeks to February 21.

which includes cash and bank cent for the 12 months to mid- gested by the clearers.

money supply slackened during accounts. This is partly will be rev February after very large sales because of seasonal factors, oo April 3. such as a reduction in deposits

> There also appears to have been quite substantial lending by the banks to the discount houses, which affects eligible ted, although the fall in UK private sector sterling deposits on money supply seems to have with the clearers was surpriscome from bank lending since with the clearers was surprisingly small.

This makes it difficult to estimate sterling M3, but a riae of approaching I per cent in the month to mid-February looks likely, compared with a 2.6 per cent increase in the previous

On that assumption, the annual Eligible liabilities. a major rate of growth of the money source of deposit funds and one supply would be roughly 15 per lying rale of expansion was 164 But that is not a good guide per cent. This compares with

THE RATE of growth of the current and seven-day deposit October. although that target partly will be reviewed in the Budget

These figuree suggest that the authorities are likely to be very cautious about responding to any market pressures for a further reduction in interest rates after the ooe-point cut to 13 per cent in minimum lending rate earlier this month. The emphasis anyway is now on atable rates.

. The main upward pressure the heavy gilt sales more than covered any public - aector borrowing and inflows of foreign currency were not on a large scale in the period.

The London Clearing Banks announced yesterday that their sterling advances rose by £334m in the month to mid February. This was rather larger than the underlying increase—possibly of up to £200m-after seasonal other factors were excluded:

The rise in lending for the whole banking system may to the growth of sterling M3, a target increase of g to 12 per have been larger than sug-

# next month

BY SUE CAMERON

MOST BIG oil companies plan to increase prices of all their products by between lp and 41p a gallon next month. Petrol would become 2p to 3p dearer. on average.

The rises would be the second within three months. Most companies introduced increases of the same order at the end of January or beginning

Shell, Mobil. Total and Conoco have notified the Price Commission of proposed price increases. British Petroleum is expected to do the same in a few days. They

that the main reason the forthcoming in Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries' crude oil prices. OPEC prices are to rise hy

per cent on April 1 as part of the overall 14.5 per cent increase planned for this year. The April 1 rise will take Arabian light marker crude from its present \$13.335 a harrel to \$13.842 a barrel. . Two more increases are planned for July and October.

Some companies hope that

they will also be able to recover part of the increased costs they have bad to pay as a result of the Iranian oil crisis.

Shell said yesterday that it had not foreseen the surging coste that have taken place sioce January." The balt on franjan oil exports had put pres-sure on North Sea oil prices. Shell takes roughly half its oil from the North Sea.

Shell, which bas 6,400 petrol stations in the UK, is thought to be planning increases of between 1p and 2p a gallon on all products. That would probably mean an extra 3p a gallon on petrol at the pumps.

Conoco is understood to be planning price increases similar to those of Shell. Mobil proposes to put just over 2p a gallon on all products.

Total, a subsidiary of Compagnic Française des Petroles, which used to rely on Iran for 9 per cent of its oil, plans to increase the prices of its oil products by nearly 41p a gallon.

Esso plans no further price rises. BP has started limiting its petrol deliveries to the levels

strongly in the second half of 1978, with trading profits np by a sixth in dollar terms, and it is now reaching the end of a major investment programme which will have added about a fifth to its capacity. And in Spain, the group has heavily cut back a business which lost

capacity should start tn sbow through in 1980, and United Biscuits plans to use its strong balance sheet to make further food acquisitions in the U.S. At home, it sees frozen foods (with sales of over £40m this year) and fast foods as important sources of long-term growth. sbare price: at 80p the yield is a make more than about £35m prewell covered 5.6 per cent.

Brooke Bond Liebig's pro6ts

Weather

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Cloudy with rain.

Scattered showers

UK TODAY

WINTRY SHOWERS and cold

Loudon, S.E., E. Anglia

Cent. S.: W. Midlands.

Sunny intervals Showers

E. Midlands, E., Cent. N., N.E.

Channel Is., S.W., Wales

THE LEX COLUMN

## A changing mix at United Biscuits

last few days the equity market was due for a abake out, but the 21 per cent fall in the FT 30share index was uncomfortably sharp for some of the bulls. Gilts, too, were showing quite sizeable falls after hours last night. But sterling continues to push ahead on a tradeweighted basis.

#### United Biscuits

A 10.8 per cent profits rise to £42.2m pre-tax has left its corporate objectives in 1975. The pre-interest return on capital employed has slipped to a bit under 20 per cent, and profit margins have also fallen a little. In addition, the road haulage disputa has upset the group's earlier hopes of a faster rate of profits growth in 1979. It says that interim profits are unlikely to match last year's level, and makes no forecasts for the second half.

Yet overall profits abould still show some progress this year, and a number of substantial investments will be reaching the pay-off stage thereafter. Branded biscuits in the UK so far compare badly with the bumper opening months of 1978, but United Biscuits claims a rather bigger market share and senses a new buoyancy in demand. In 1978 as a whole, its volume fell by about 1 per cent. In addition the crisps and snacks business seems to be

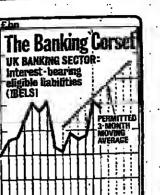
maintaining the gains seen in 1878, and losses on cakes bave been cut sharply. In the U.S., Keebler recovered

the best part of £1m last year. The return on Keebler's new

**Brooke Bond Liebig** 

are falling — but there is a higher quality blend. Overseas trading profits have dropped from £18.3m to £10.3m after

Index fell 12.7 to 506.6



six months, hut profits in the UK have picked up from £4.5m to £6.3m. After a higher contribution from largely reflecting the change in status of Brooke Bond India, and a lower interest charge, following the improvement in UK liquidity thanks to the tea price slump, pre-tax profits are down just under a quarter to £15.8m, excluding gains on property disposals.

The improvement in quality of profits should continue in the second six months, when the benefits of BBL's expensive but successful marketing pusb in the UK tea market should show through more strongly. The group has managed to restore its one-time market share which was hit so badly by the price gyrations, and in fact first half UK tea volume was up 30 per cent on the depressed level of a year earlier. The meat side has also made progress from a

low hase. Overseas it does not look as though the plantation interests will do any better in the second six months, and there are also problems in Pakistan because of price controls and strikes. while the cheese and spice businesses in the US have been hit by 6erce competition. Still. the Australian acquisition Bushells will chip in for the first time and will help to improve the overall balance of the group.

Excluding property profits (which were £3.1m last year) it tax this time, against £40.8m. But assuming the dividend goes the overseas and banking sectors up a tenth the yield at 484p is and has not contributed a comfortable 10.6 per cent.

Swiss franc bonds

proved irresistible to foreign investors, the Swiss bond market, with its rather lower yield etructure, has been falling out of bed. Large liquidity at the beginning of the year tempted new borrowers to force coupons down aggressively and encouraged a stream of re-financings. As the Swiss franc's scope for further appreciation seemed to he more limited than usual, the borrowers were having it both ways.

Already last month indigention was beginning to set in.
One domestic bond was undersubscribed and the new Swiss Government 22 per cent issue, floated at the beginning of March, was barely covered by subscriptions a most unusual event. The National Bank aupported Government issues in the secondary market for a few days, but since it pulled out prices have fallen, sharply, lower. Yields on foreign bonds have risen by up to 60 basis points, a considerable deterior. ation on an original yield of 31 per cent or so. The selling became particularly heavy after the announcement of a 1.1 per cent incraase in retail prices in Fehruary—the sort of rise that In Switzerland is associated with 12 months, not one.

The market is afraid that if the franc merely holds steady, rising import costs will make it impossible to keep Swiss infla tion at the levels that both Swiss and international investors have grown used to. Given the international competition—from Deutsche Mark bonds, let alone competition—from gilts—the interest rate structure looks inappropriately low unless the franc is about to appreciate, Last month's unseemly rush to borrow in Zurich may have speeded up the killing of the goose, but some of the bon rowers, ICI for example, are sitting on 31 per cent, 15-year eggs.

3, 51

3,77

AGE CHANGES TO ST.

#### Banking figures

After the surge in gilt-edged sales the size of the drop in the banking sector's eligible liabilities in the February banking months la a little disappointinfg, and it may be that sterling M3 will show a small rise. This is not a serious problem at present, but it does raise t question of how much of the recent gilts buying bas been by monetary control. The Bank of England's views on this, and on the likelihood of au acceleratlon in loan demand, may At the same time as yields determine the timing of the next of 14 per cent and upwards on gilt-edged tap stock.

#### have to be cut BY EAMONN FINGLETON **BUILDING SOCIETY receipts** mortgages is brighter than it

were better than expected last month so that mortgage lending may not have to be

Net reccipts in February were £231m, according to Building Societies Association figures. The lotal was £58m down on January, and the lowest for six months, hnt much higer than expected.

There could be a further improvement in March. Mr. Norman Griggs, sceretary general of the Association, said yesterday. The latest figures were "heartening." In February £695m bad heen promised to home buyers, almost exactly the same as in January.

regarded as a mortgage famine, Barring a financial bullding society interest rates seem likely to remain at their present level in the short term. Hopefully, falling interest rates in the economy will work to the advantage of the societies and allow them to slep up their lending to home buyers."

Similar optimism came yesterday from the Ahhey National, the second biggest "The ontlook for was a month ago. We are confident enough to keep up are targetted lending pro-

a cniback. The current level of lending will not produce as many mortgages as we provided a year ago, but if Interest rates generally continne to drop we bope to increase the volume of mort-

gramme wbereas a month ago

we were thinking in terms of

gages later this year." Overall, societies took in £1.335bn from savers last month while paying out £1.104bn in withdrawals. In addition to the net receipts of £231m, societies' funds were hoosted by £12m interest credited to sarcrs' accounts and £264m of repayments.

The movement's liquidity fell to 17.3 per cent on an unadjusted basis last month, the lowest figure for almost two years, which compares with 17.6 per cent in January. But on a scasonally adjusted hasis, reflecting mainly the drain on Ilquidity caused hy tax payments carly in the year, liquidity rose from per cent to 18.5 per between January and February.

## Home loans may not Government acts over civil service strikes

BY PHILIP BASSETT, LABOUR STAFF

made its first important stand against civil service strike action lation for the Scottish courts. At the same time, Ministers to a month after the strike.

announced tomorrow. Charges against a number of eople awaiting trial in Scotland, mainly for motoring offences and petty crime, have already been dropped because of a strike by about 500 clerical

workers. Lawyers, including Lord Emslle, Lord President of the Scottish Court of Session, have criticised the strike and warned that the Scottish legal system was in danger of breakdown. Mr. Bruce Millan, Scottlsh

yesterday that an emergency Bill would be introduced tomorrow. The legislation will have three main effects: The 110-day bar between charges being brought and a

case being heard will be ax-

tended for the duration of the

been heard during the actionby announcing emergency legis-including civil claims for damages can be heard for up appealed to the unions to call • Judges will be empowered to

off their strike campaign, but authorise anyone to perform further escalation will be work during the action which work during the action which would otherwise have been done by a clerk- of court, eberiff clerk or a court officer. Mr. Millan said that none of

the measures would ensure the return of the clerical workers but there would be assurances that the public and litigants' interests would not be lost. Mr. Millan, Mr. Albert Booth, Employment Secretary, and Mr. Charles Morris, Civil Service Minister, earlier met officials from the two unlons taking

Society of Civil and Public Serwould recomeed to the Cablnet on pay today. that a civil service settlement based on the agreed findings of a comparability study should be

THE GOVERNMENT yesterday • Time limits will be extended, paid within 12 months, it was so that cases which should have made clear at the meeting that authorisation negotiations with Civil Service Department officials had not yet

The selective strikes have been aimed at key Government computer operations and have seriously dislocated revenue collection and payments.

A further 10 centres for strike action will be announced. though the unions have not yet to disrupt social security and unemployment benefit payments. A move to extend the action to these areas was defeated yesterday in the CPSA executive.

The Society said it was "utterly disgraceful" that the Government should rush through Mr. Bruce Millan, Scottlsh action, the Clvll and Public Government should rush through Secretary, told the Commons Services' Association and the emergency legislation which care talled civil liberties when the Cabinet had not authorised nego Though Lord Peart, the Lord tiations. Union representatives Privy Seal, nearly two weeks will meet Civil Service Departago assured the unions that he ment officials for further talks

Legislation planned to ease court disruption Page 15

## Minister refuses inquiry into steelworks closure

Dennis' Turuer.

BY CHRISTIAN TYLER, LABOUR EDITOR

Any move on the executive THE GOVERNMENT has rejected a trade union request for immediate action could be for a public inquiry into the voted down by the South Yorkproposed closure next year of shire members and their South Bilston steelworks, in Stafford- Wales allies. A notice of closure from the

Mr. Eric Varley. Industry BSC will, the corporation hopes. Secretary, was writing yester-day to the biggest steel union. talking about severance pay the Iron and Steel Trades Con- despite the efforts of their action federation, to say it must argue the case with the British Steel

His decision is likely to test that it was now the union's responsibility to make a deciliston workers, whose local sion, nut the workers'. "How the strength of feeling of the Bilston workers, whose local leaders have all along insisted that the men will fight for their BSC is expected to give

formal notice of Bilston's closure when it meets the TUC steel committee on Friday. encouraging news from the EEC after a visit to Brussels by Mr. Bill Sirs, union general accre-Immediately afterwards, the tary. national executive of the union, which represents 1,800 of the aak Mr. Varley to override the BSC's decision in the light of 2,300 workers at the plant, will an Aston University report be deciding how to react. which said that the Corporation

Although the union last year threatened a national strike might save £45.5m over five over what it said was an years by closing Bilston, but attempt to close the plant prematurely, it may now wait £35m sce how ita membera

There could be a conflict of interest on the executive, since to go to arbitration after its some members believe that Bils- failure to agree with the Iroo ton is being kept going at the and Steel Trades Confederation expeose of Sheffield plants in on a pay and productivity offer the same division. This is denied hy Bilston workers.

## **BL** puts Prestcold up for sale

BY HAZEL DUFFY, INDUSTRIAL CORRESPONDENT

be the largest commercial refrigeration group in Europe, was put up for sale officially yesterday by BL, its parent company.

The decision by BL increases uncertainty about the future of Prestcold's Scottish factory, which employs 900 and is sald by Prestcold to need an injection of at least £8m if it is to committee and its chairman Mr. be put back on a commercial

footing. Last night Mr. Turner said The sale of Prestcold was foreshadowed nearly four months ago when BL'a SP industries, many times do they want the Products, the sixth higgest workforce to tell them their engineering group in Britain, feelings about it?" He said the was broken up. was broken up.
The profitable companies went into Leyland Vehicles. plant was expecting some

leaving Prestcold and Aveling Barford, the construction equip-Local authority leaders will reviews.

that the report of the review team "has recognised that the background As with Aveling Barford, ment Agency rejected a request salesman-Page 8

ment group, subject of major A statement from BL said

automotive industry does not necessarily constitute the ideal for Prestcold's

a month ago, BL says it is look-ing for buyers for whom the report on the plant which was ing for buyers for whom the purchase of Prestcold will have 'industrial logic and serve the best interests of Prestcold's employees and cuatomers."

Prestcold's financial situation bas deteriorated considerably in the past year. In 1877 it made a profit be-

fore interest and tax of £2.5m on sales totalling £81m. In 1878 it is believed only to bave broken even. Margins have been under

pressure as a rasult of worldwide competition in refrigation and air-conditioning products. But the group's factory at Hillingdon, Glasgow, making a range of small compressors for domestic refrigerators, has been the prime sufferer. is believed to have lost

about £500,000 a year for two years. The Scottish division suffered a 14-week strika last The future of Hillingdon bas been under review, aside from that of the group as a whole.

At the beginning of this month the Scottish Develop-

PRESTCOLD. WHICH claims to which was put up for sale nearly to inject money into the factory, jointly financed by Prestcold and the agency.
Discussions are being held

with the Department of Industry and the Scottish Office, at the request of the Government. to explore possible alternatives Prestcold's deputy chairman Mr. Denis Field, has received

N.W., Lakes, Is. of Man, S.W. Scotland, Glasgow, Argyli, N. Ireland Inquiries from British and international companies interested in Sunny intervals. Showers. With the decision to put it up Borders, Edinburgh, Dundce, for alle officially, these inquiries will be explored further. The group's asset value Aberdeen, Moray Firth. Cent. Highlands, N.W. Scotland Bright, sunny with showers. Is believed to be about £25m including the Scottish factory. Rest of Britain Showers and suppy intervals. BL seemed to fear that the Outlook: More wintry hids might not he high enough when it included in its state-

cannot at this stage be discounted. Prestcold, which came into BL as part of the old Pressed Steel Fisher group, claims to have 40 per cent of the UK commercial refrigeration market. Lord Stokes to he BL top

ment yesterday "the possibility of Prestcold remaining in BL

the Negev Desert, and as much process in the months after

the signing of the Camp David accords last September, and for

# Glanvil

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## **SNP** puts on pressure

BY RICHARD EVANS, LOBBY EDITOR

stepped up pressure on the tics will be, or how fiercely they Government last night to hold a Commons vote un Scottisb devolution within a forlnight or face the prospect of the Nationalists seeking an early

general election. The threat was issued by Mr. Donald Stewart, SNP leader. after a 40-minute meeting with the Prime Minister at the Commons, but it remained uxclear tomorrow

THE SCOTTISH National Party quite what the Nationalists tacwill harry the Government.

that the closure would cost £35m in redundancy pay, supplementary benefits and re-

training.

The BliC yesterday agreed

of 8 per cent, plus 1 per cent

for extra holidays.

Significantly, there was no agreed positions, will swallow talk of the Nationalists tabling her well-known misgivings and an immediate ntolion of no confidence in the Government and it seems unlikely that they will be given any supply day debat-Arab countries will react strongly against Mr. Sadat for ing time in the near luture.
The Cabinet will discuss tacreaching the basis of a settlement with Israel which in their tics on devolution at its meeting inpining does not begin to resolve the Palestinian issue or touch

Continued from Page 1

## Israeli Cabinet approval needed

resolved. It is believed that both on the question of occupied ing for \$4bn to build bases in sides may have. In effect, agreed Syrian territory at all. to postpone decisions on them to

There is even now no guarantee that Israel, which in the Sadat last night, as Mr. Carter's past has not been slow 10 aircraft was preparing to leave. reinterpret or seek further amendments to previously is harmony within the Egyptian clincb a treaty.

Equally it is certain that other

between Mr. Muatapha Khalil, Egypt's Prime Minister, and Mr. Sadat last night, as Mr. Carter's might also indicate that not all

The vigorous verbal exchanges as \$2bn a year in military supadministration. U.S. negotiations with Israel

had proceded from late intn Monday eight at Foreign Ministerial level, focusing mostly on longer-term military aid to Israel as well as on U.S. financing of relocation of Israel bases in Sinai. Israel is understond to be ask-

At the very least Mr. Carter has stopped what he saw as the deterioration of the peace

that he will derive personal and perhaps public satisfaction. The honeymoon may not ba any looger-lived than that which followed Camp David. Certainly there is no sign of elation yet from the normally voluble Mr.

المكتاحن الأحمل